



Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended May 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of
iMetal Resources Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of iMetal Resources Inc. (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at May 31, 2025 and 2024, and the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at May 31, 2025 and 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audit is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 of the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that at May 31, 2025, the Company has a working capital deficiency of \$1,512,515, incurred losses since inception and at May 31, 2025 has an accumulated deficit of \$50,126,905. As stated in Note 1, these events and conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year ended. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matter to be communicated in our auditor's report.

Assessment of Impairment Indicators of Exploration and Evaluation Assets ("E&E Assets")

As described in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, the carrying amount of the Company's E&E Assets was \$6,542,639 as of May 31, 2025. As more fully described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, management assesses E&E Assets for indicators of impairment at each reporting period.



The principal considerations for our determination that the assessment of impairment indicators of the E&E Assets is a key audit matter are that there was judgment made by management when assessing whether there were indicators of impairment for the E&E Assets, specifically relating to the assets' carrying amount which is impacted by the Company's intent and ability to continue to explore and evaluate these assets. This in turn led to a high degree of auditor judgment, subjectivity, and effort in performing procedures to evaluate audit evidence relating to the judgments made by management in their assessment of indicators of impairment that could give rise to the requirement to prepare an estimate of the recoverable amount of the E&E Asset.

Addressing the matter involved performing procedures and evaluating audit evidence in connection with forming our overall opinion on the consolidated financial statements. Our audit procedures included, among others:

- Evaluating management's assessment of impairment indicators
- Evaluating the intent for the E&E Assets through discussion and communication with management.
- Reviewing the Company's recent expenditure activity and expenditure budgets for future periods.
- Assessing compliance with agreements including reviewing option agreements.
- Obtaining, on a test basis, confirmation of title to ensure mineral rights underlying the E&E Assets are in good standing.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report includes Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

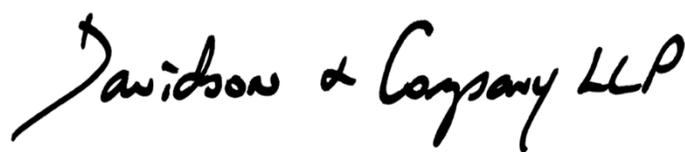
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year ended and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Peter Maloff.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Davidson & Company LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Vancouver, Canada

Chartered Professional Accountants

September 25, 2025

iMetal Resources Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Financial Position
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Notes	May 31, 2025	May 31, 2024
ASSETS			
Current			
Cash		\$ 157,878	\$ 12,369
Amounts receivable		5,277	8,630
Prepays		73,980	64,449
		237,135	85,448
Non-current			
Exploration and evaluation assets	3	6,542,639	5,705,729
Equipment	4	2,906	4,150
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 6,782,680	\$ 5,795,327
LIABILITIES			
Current			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 1,380,957	\$ 434,277
Due to related parties	5	368,693	163,010
Flow-through premium liability	7	-	81,537
Total liabilities		1,749,650	678,824
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Capital stock	6	50,056,909	49,454,484
Share subscription received in advance	6	266,880	-
Reserves	6	4,836,146	4,675,092
Deficit		(50,126,905)	(49,013,073)
Total shareholders' equity		5,033,030	5,116,503
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		\$ 6,782,680	\$ 5,795,327

Nature of operations and going concern – Note 1
Subsequent events – Note 13

These consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on September 25, 2025. They were signed on the Company's behalf by:

"Scott Davis"

Director

"Saf Dhillon"

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

iMetal Resources Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss
For the Years Ended May 31,
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Notes	2025	2024
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Consulting	5	\$ 598,669	\$ 324,152
Depreciation	4	1,244	1,778
Interest expense		49,241	16,654
Rent		18,000	18,000
Marketing		196,512	351,705
Office and administration		45,202	98,006
Property investigation		20,720	8,440
Professional fees	5	47,986	92,855
Share-based payments	5&6	139,054	22,946
Transfer agent and listing fees		51,728	73,549
Travel and promotion		27,013	109,834
Loss from operations		(1,195,369)	(1,117,919)
OTHER ITEMS			
Write-down exploration and evaluation asset		-	(1,189,513)
Amortization of flow-through premium liability	7	81,537	43,262
		81,537	(1,146,251)
Loss and comprehensive loss for the year		\$ (1,113,832)	\$ (2,264,170)
Loss per common share – basic and diluted		\$ (0.15)	\$ (0.43)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic and diluted		7,590,434	5,329,490

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

iMetal Resources Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
For the Years Ended May 31,
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Note	2025	2024
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss for the year		\$ (1,113,832)	\$ (2,264,170)
Items not affecting cash:			
Depreciation	4	1,244	1,778
Share-based payments	6	139,054	22,946
Amortization of FT premium liability	7	(81,537)	(43,262)
Write-down exploration and evaluation asset		-	1,189,513
Changes in non-cash working capital items:			
Amounts receivable		3,353	88,222
Prepays		(9,531)	79,311
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		248,581	(31,944)
Due to related parties	5	205,683	131,539
Net cash used in operating activities		(606,985)	(826,067)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Exploration and evaluation assets		(138,811)	(393,623)
Net cash used in investing activities		(138,811)	(393,623)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from share issuance	6	670,003	364,000
Share issue costs	6	(45,578)	(25,480)
Subscriptions received in advance	6	266,880	-
Net cash provided by financing activities		891,305	338,520
Change in cash for the year		145,509	(881,170)
Cash, beginning of the year		12,369	893,539
Cash, end of the year		\$ 157,878	\$ 12,369

Supplemental cash flow Information (Note 11)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

iMetal Resources Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Capital Stock		Subscriptions received in advance	Reserves	Deficit	Total
	Number of shares*	Amount				
Balance – May 31, 2023	5,087,960	\$ 49,133,964	-	\$ 4,634,146	\$ (46,748,903)	\$ 7,019,207
Shares issued for private placement	520,000	364,000	-	-	-	364,000
Finder's warrants	-	-	-	18,000	-	18,000
Share issuance costs	-	(43,480)	-	-	-	(43,480)
Share-based payments	-	-	-	22,946	-	22,946
Loss and comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(2,264,170)	(2,264,170)
Balance – May 31, 2024	5,607,960	\$ 49,454,484	-	\$ 4,675,092	\$ (49,013,073)	\$ 5,116,503
Shares issued for private placement	4,466,686	670,003	-	-	-	670,003
Finder's warrants	-	-	-	22,000	-	22,000
Share issuance costs	-	(67,578)	-	-	-	(67,578)
Subscriptions received in advance	-	-	266,880	-	-	266,880
Share-based payments	-	-	-	139,054	-	139,054
Loss and comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(1,113,832)	(1,113,832)
Balance – May 31, 2025	10,074,646	\$ 50,056,909	\$ 266,880	\$ 4,836,146	\$ (50,126,905)	\$ 5,033,030

*On March 1, 2024, the Company completed a share consolidation of all issued and outstanding common shares on a ten-for-one basis.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

The Company is engaged in the exploration and evaluation of mineral properties in Ontario and Quebec, Canada and has not yet determined whether these properties contain National Instrument 43-101 compliant ore reserves that are economically recoverable. The exploration programs undertaken and proposed constitute an exploratory search and the evaluation of historic resources. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in its search and evaluation. The business of exploring for minerals and mining involves a high degree of risk. Few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. Major expenses may be required to establish ore reserves, to develop metallurgical processes and to construct mining and processing facilities at a particular site. It is impossible to ensure that the current exploration and evaluation programs planned by the Company will result in a profitable commercial mining operation. The amounts shown as exploration and evaluation assets represent net costs to date, less amounts written-off, and do not necessarily represent present or future values. The recovery of the amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the exploration and evaluation of such a property or properties and ultimately upon future profitable production from a property or properties or the realisation of proceeds from the disposition thereof. At May 31, 2025, the Company has a working capital deficiency of \$1,512,515 (May 31, 2024 – \$593,376), incurred losses since inception and at May 31, 2025 has an accumulated deficit of \$50,126,905 (May 31, 2024 - \$49,013,073).

The Company requires additional funds to continue operations, to explore its mineral properties and to maintain its property interests. Management is actively seeking additional financing and, while it has successfully done this in the past, there is no assurance that it will continue to be able to do so in the future. These matters raise significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These consolidated financial statements do not include adjustments that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

On March 1, 2024, all issued and outstanding common shares of the Company were consolidated on a 10:1 basis. All references to share and per share amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the share consolidation.

The head office, principal address, registered address and records office of the Company are located at 550, 800 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 2V6. The Company's shares are traded on the Tier 2 of the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol "IMR.V" and on the OTCQB under the symbol "IMRFF" as well as on Frankfurt Exchange under the symbol "A7V".

2. Material Accounting Policy Information

Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended May 31, 2025 have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). The material accounting policies applied in these consolidated financial statements are based on the IFRS issued and outstanding as of May 31, 2025.

Basis of Presentation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical basis except for items at fair value and have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except cash flow information. These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

Basis of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of iMetal Resources Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary Risorse Dei Minerali Naturali S.R.L. ("RMN"), a company incorporated in the province of Grosseto, Italy.

Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. Differences may be material.

Fair value of stock options and warrants

The fair value of stock options and brokers' warrants issued are subject to the limitation of the Black-Scholes option pricing model that incorporates market data and involves uncertainty in estimates used by management in the assumptions. Because the Black-Scholes option pricing model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the volatility of share prices, changes in subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate.

Recovery of deferred tax assets

Judgment on estimates is required in determining whether deferred tax assets are recognized in the statement of financial position. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from unutilized tax losses, require management to assess the likelihood that the Company will generate taxable earnings in future periods, in order to utilize recognized deferred tax assets. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecast cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Company to realize the net deferred tax assets recorded at the date of the statement of financial position could be impacted.

Additionally, future changes in tax laws in the jurisdictions in which the Company operates could limit the ability of the Company to obtain tax deductions in future periods. The Company has not recorded any deferred tax assets.

Critical judgments in applying accounting policies:

The following are critical judgments that management has made in the process of applying accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

- the determination that the Company will continue as a going concern for the next year;
- the determination that there have been no events or changes in circumstances that indicate the carrying amount of exploration and evaluation assets may not be recoverable.

Foreign Currency Translation

The Company and its subsidiary's functional and reporting currency is the Canadian dollar.

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Revenues and expenses are translated at the exchange rates approximating those in effect on the date of the transactions. Exchange gains and losses arising on translation are included in the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss.

Financial Instruments

Classification

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), at fair value through other comprehensive (loss) income ("FVTOCI") or at amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of debt instruments is driven by the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Equity instruments that are held for trading are classified as FVTPL. For other equity instruments, on the day of acquisition the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate them as at FVTOCI. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or the Company has opted to measure them at FVTPL.

The Company's financial assets comprise of cash and amounts receivable, which are all measured at amortized cost.

Measurement

Financial assets at FVTOCI

Elected investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently they are measured at fair value, with gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income (loss).

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value plus or minus transaction costs, respectively, and subsequently carried at amortized cost less any impairment.

Financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Financial assets and liabilities carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the statements of loss and comprehensive loss. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities held at FVTPL are included in the statements of loss and comprehensive loss in the period in which they arise. Where management has opted to recognize a financial liability at FVTPL, any changes associated with the Company's own credit risk will be recognized in other comprehensive income (loss).

Impairment of financial assets at amortized cost

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost.

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

At each reporting date, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If at the reporting date, the financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the twelve month expected credit losses. The Company shall recognize in the statements of loss and comprehensive loss, as an impairment gain or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized.

Derecognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire, or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all of the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity. Gains and losses on derecognition are generally recognized in the statements of loss and comprehensive loss. However, gains and losses on derecognition of financial assets classified as FVTOCI remain within accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities only when its obligations under the financial liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired. Generally, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in the statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

Exploration and Evaluation Assets and Expenditures

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements and non-compliance with regulatory requirements.

Currently, all mineral properties of the Company are at the exploration stage. Pre-exploration costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The Company records its interests in mineral properties at cost. Exploration expenditures relating to these interests are capitalized until the properties to which they relate are placed into production, sold or abandoned. These expenditures will be amortized over the estimated useful life of the related property using the unit-of-production basis following commencement of production, or written-off if the mineral properties are sold or abandoned. General exploration expenditures are expensed as incurred. The amounts shown for mineral properties represent costs to date, and do not necessarily represent future values as they are entirely dependent upon the economic recovery of current and future reserves.

The Company reviews capitalized costs on its mineral properties on a periodic basis and will recognize impairment in value based upon current exploration or production results, if any, and upon management's assessment of the future probability of profitable revenues from the property or from sale of the property. Management's assessment of the property's estimated current fair market value is also based upon management's review of other property transactions that have occurred in the same geographic area as its properties.

The Company does not accrue the estimated future costs of maintaining its mineral properties in good standing.

Exploration costs renounced due to flow-through share subscription agreements remain capitalized, however, for corporate income tax purposes; the Company has no right to claim these costs as tax deductible expenses.

Equipment

Equipment is recorded at cost, including betterment and renewals subsequent to acquisition, less accumulated depreciation. When equipment is sold or abandoned, the recorded costs and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gains or losses are included in the determination of net earnings. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as an expense as incurred.

Vehicle depreciation is calculated on the declining balance method at the rate of 30% per annum.

Leases

The Company assesses if a contract is or contains a lease at inception of the contract. Control is considered to exist if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset during the term of the lease. When a lease is identified, a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability are recognized, except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets. For these leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis. Right-of-use assets are recognized at cost, which is comprised of the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs and decommissioning and restoration costs, less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease or the Company's incremental borrowing rate, if the rate implicit in the lease cannot be determined.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents is comprised of cash at banks and on hand, short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. At May 31, 2025 and 2024 the Company did not have any cash equivalents.

Share Capital

Common shares issued for non-monetary consideration are recorded at their fair market value based upon the trading price of the Company's shares on the TSX Venture Exchange on the date of share issuance.

Flow-through shares are common shares which are issued under an agreement that, as provided for in the Canadian Income Tax Act, the Company transfers to the purchaser of the shares the tax benefits of the exploration expenditures that are financed by the proceeds of the share issue.

Share-based Payments

Obligations for issuance of common shares to directors, officers and consultants under the Company's share-based compensation plan are accrued over the vesting period using fair values. Fair values are determined at issuance using the Black Scholes option-pricing model and are recognized as share-based compensation with a corresponding credit to reserves. Consideration paid on the exercise of stock options is credited to share capital and the fair value of the options is reclassified from reserves to share capital. In the event that stock options, and agents' options and warrants, are not exercised, the fair value of those options and warrants are not removed from the reserves.

Stock options granted to non-employees are measured at the fair value of goods or services rendered or at the fair value of the instruments issued, if it is determined that the fair value of the goods or services received cannot be reliably measured. The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognized for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted shall be based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest. Warrants issued to brokers are measured at their fair value on the vesting date and are recognized as a deduction from equity and credited to reserves. The fair value of stock options and warrants issued to brokers are estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Any

iMetal Resources Inc.
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Year Ended May 31, 2025
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

consideration received on the exercise of stock options and/or warrants, together with the related portion of reserves, is credited to share capital.

Warrants issued in equity financing transactions

The Company engages in equity financing transactions to obtain the funds necessary to continue operations and explore its exploration and evaluation assets. These equity financing transactions may involve the issuance of common shares or units. Each unit comprises a certain number of common shares and a certain number of share purchase warrants ("Warrants"). Depending on the terms and conditions of each equity financing agreement, the Warrants are exercisable into additional common shares at a price prior to expiry as stipulated by the agreement. Warrants that are part of units are valued based on the residual value method. Warrants that are issued as payment for agency fees or other transactions costs are accounted for as share-based payments.

Income Taxes

Income tax on the profit or loss for the periods presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity. Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

The Company accounts for and measures deferred income tax assets and liabilities in accordance with the liability method under which deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future income tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be settled.

Earnings (Loss) per Share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share data for its common shares, calculated by dividing the loss attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The dilutive effect on earnings per share is calculated presuming the exercise of outstanding options, warrants and similar instruments. It assumes that the proceeds of such exercise would be used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the year. However, the calculation of diluted loss per share excludes the effects of various conversions and exercise of options and warrants that would be anti-dilutive.

Flow-Through Financing

The Company has adopted a policy whereby the premium paid for flow-through shares in excess of the market value of the shares without the flow-through features at the time of issue is initially recorded as a flow-through tax liability. Upon renouncement by the Company of the tax benefits associated with the related expenditures, a deferred tax liability is recognized and the flow-through tax liability is derecognized and recorded as other income in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss. To the extent that suitable deferred tax assets are available, the Company will reduce the deferred tax liability and record a deferred tax recovery.

Restoration and Environmental Obligations

An obligation to incur restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs arises when environmental disturbance is caused by the exploration, development or ongoing production of a mineral property interest. Such costs arising from the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work, discounted to their net present value, are provided for and capitalized at the start of each project to the carrying amount of the asset, as soon as the obligation to incur such costs arises. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value. These costs are charged against profit or loss over the economic life of the related asset, through amortization using either the unit-of-production or the straight-line method. The related liability is adjusted for each period for the unwinding of the discount rate and for changes to the current market-based discount rate, amount or timing of the underlying cash flows needed to settle the obligation. Costs for restoration of subsequent site damage which is created

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on an ongoing basis during production are provided for at their net present values and charged against profit or loss as extraction progresses. The Company has no material restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs as the disturbance to date is minimal.

New accounting standards and policies

The following amendments of accounting standards are issued but not yet effective for the Company's annual period beginning June 1, 2025:

On April 9, 2024, the IASB issued a new standard – IFRS 18, “Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements” with a focus on updates to the statement of profit or loss. The key new concepts introduced in IFRS 18 relate to:

- the structure of the statement of profit or loss;
- required disclosures in the financial statements for certain profit or loss performance measures that are reported outside an entity's financial statements (that is, management-defined performance measures); and
- enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and notes in general.

IFRS 18 will replace IAS 1; many of the other existing principles in IAS 1 are retained, with limited changes. IFRS 18 will apply for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027 and also applies to comparative information. Adoption of IFRS 18 will not impact the recognition or measurement of items in the financial statements, but it might change what an entity reports as its 'operating profit or loss'.

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3. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

	Gowganda West	Ghost Mountain	Kerrs Gold	Mosher Lake	Carheil	Other Properties	Total
Balance – May 31, 2023	\$ 3,941,810	\$ 235,134	\$ 1,141,809	\$ 278,875	\$ 660,930	\$ 23,298	\$ 6,281,856
Acquisition costs:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Exploration costs:							
Assays, staking and mapping	100,686	1,348	19,238	-	36,137	12,364	169,773
Consulting	45,679	1,123	22,093	-	114,837	1,440	185,172
Claims leases and permits	2,450	-	1,320	-	3,956	-	7,726
Drilling	(73,163)	-	-	-	302,323	-	229,160
Equipment rental and field work	-	-	-	-	5,964	-	5,964
Office, miscellaneous and travel	1,831	-	5,053	-	8,707	-	15,591
Write-off	-	-	(1,189,513)	-	-	-	(1,189,513)
	77,483	2,471	(1,141,809)	-	471,924	13,804	(576,127)
Balance – May 31, 2024	\$ 4,019,293	\$ 237,605	\$ -	\$ 278,875	\$ 1,132,854	\$ 37,102	\$ 5,705,729
Acquisition costs:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Exploration costs:							
Consulting	24,688	-	-	-	13,232	-	37,920
Claims, leases and permits	1,690	-	-	-	3,500	-	5,190
Drilling	-	-	-	-	781,143	-	781,143
Equipment rental and field work	-	-	-	-	11,094	-	11,094
Office, miscellaneous and travel	-	-	-	-	63	-	63
Rent	1,500	-	-	-	-	-	1,500
	27,878	-	-	-	809,032	-	830,385
Balance – May 31, 2025	\$ 4,047,171	\$ 237,605	\$ -	\$ 278,875	\$ 1,941,886	\$ 37,102	\$ 6,542,639

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Ontario, Canada

a) Gowganda West Property

During the year ended May 31, 2017, the Company entered into an option agreement for mineral properties in Gowganda, Ontario. The option agreement included cash payments totalling \$200,000 and share issuances totalling 8,000 common shares.

During the year ended May 31, 2021, each of the four underlying property vendors agreed to modify the existing NSR agreements to the new terms in exchange for a cash payment of \$5,000 (paid) and the issuance of 3,000 common shares (issued) of the Company. The amended residual Net Smelter Return (NSR) royalties to the underlying property vendors include:

- Gowganda West NSR remains at 3% with the Company now holding the option to buy back 50% reducing the NSR to 1.5% at any time up to production for \$1,000,000;
- Mosher Lake NSR remains at 2% with the Company now holding the option to buy back 50% reducing the NSR to 1.0% at any time up to production for \$1,000,000;
- Ghost Mountain NSR remains at 3% with the Company now holding the option to buy back 50% reducing the NSR to 1.5% at any time up to production for \$1,000,000.

As a result, the Company acquired the 100% ownership of the Gowganda West Property as per the amended option agreement stated above.

b) Ghost Mountain Property

During the year ended May 31, 2017, the Company entered into an option agreement for mineral properties in Kirkland Lake, Ontario. The option agreement includes cash payments totalling \$50,000 and share issuances totaling 6,000 which have been completed in full.

c) Mosher Lake Property

During the year ended May 31, 2021, the Company acquired the 100% ownership of the Mosher Lake Property as per the amended option agreement mentioned in Note 3 *Gowganda West Property*.

d) Kerrs Gold Property

On January 24, 2022, the Company entered into a purchase option agreement (the "Option Agreement") with Gravel Ridge Resources Ltd. and 1544230 Ontario Inc. (collectively, the "Vendors") pursuant to which it would be granted the right to acquire the Kerrs Gold Deposit ("Deposit").

To acquire the Deposit, the Company was required to issue 350,000 common shares (the "Consideration Shares") and complete a series of four cash payments totaling \$210,000 to the Vendors. The transaction details as below:

Due date	Cash	Common shares
Upon receipt of the TSXV's approval on April 1, 2022	\$60,000 (Paid)	350,000 (issued)
On April 1, 2023	\$50,000 (Paid)	-
On April 1, 2024*	\$40,000	-
On April 1, 2025	\$60,000	-

*On March 12, 2024, the Company announced the termination of its option on the Kerrs Gold property.

Following completion of the above cash payments and share issuances, the Company acquired the Deposit and granted to the Vendors a three percent royalty (the "Royalty") on net smelter returns from the Deposit. The Company may acquire 2% of the Royalty from the Vendors at any time by completing a one-time cash payment of \$2,000,000. On September 28, 2022, the Company further completed and expanded its existing option agreement with Gravel Ridge Resources Ltd. and 1544230 Ontario Inc. (collectively, the "Vendors") to expand the scope of the Kerrs Gold Deposit by acquiring an additional 137 hectares of the Property. As a result of the extension of acquisition, the

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Company issued the Vendors a further 20,000 common shares at a fair market value of \$16,000 and reimbursed the Vendor for the expenses of \$48,130 associated with maintaining the additional area. The Company also incurred acquisition cost of \$400 related to an application for a claim extension for the Kerrs Gold Property.

During the year ended May 31, 2024, the Company terminated its option on the Kerrs Gold Property. Accordingly, the Company recorded a write-down of exploration and evaluation assets of \$1,189,513.

Quebec, Canada

a) Carheil Property

During the year ended May 31, 2016, the Company acquired mineral properties in Quebec from Skyworld Holdings Limited ("Skyworld"). The terms of the acquisition include:

- Skyworld would receive \$15,000 upon signing of a definitive agreement (paid);
- Skyworld would receive \$10,000 each year for five years for a total of \$50,000 starting in the year following the year of the initial \$15,000 payment and the signing of the definitive agreement (paid in full);
- The Company would issue 1,600 shares to Skyworld upon the closing of the transaction (issued at a value of \$20,000);
- The Company would issue 2,000 additional shares per year for three years for a total of 6,000 shares, starting in the year following the year after the closing of the transaction (issued in full at a value of \$75,000); and
- Finder's fees were paid by issuing 760 shares valued at \$9,500 to an arm's length third party in connection with this transaction.

During the year ended May 31, 2018, the Company renewed the 54 claims to August 2020 and during the year ended May 31, 2019, the Company renewed the 54 claims to August 2023. During the year ended May 31, 2024 the Company further renewed these 54 claims to August 2027.

4. Equipment

	Vehicle \$
Cost:	
Balance at May 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023	29,046
Accumulated depreciation:	
Balance at May 31, 2023	(23,118)
Depreciation	(1,778)
Balance at May 31, 2024	(24,896)
Depreciation	(1,244)
Balance at May 31, 2025	(26,140)
Carrying amount:	
May 31, 2024	4,150
May 31, 2025	2,906

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5. Related Party Transactions

Key management personnel

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors and corporate officers and/or companies controlled by those individuals. The aggregate value of compensation with key management for the year ended May 31, 2025 was \$555,429 (2024 - \$426,645) and was comprised of the following:

		Year ended May 31, 2025		Year ended May 31, 2024
Management and consulting fees	\$	377,285	\$	266,152
Exploration and evaluation expenditures		21,995		134,053
Property investigation fees		20,720		8,440
Share-based compensation		117,429		-
Rent		18,000		18,000
Total remuneration	\$	555,429	\$	426,645

As at May 31, 2025, the Company owed \$368,693 (2024 - \$163,010) to related parties.

6. Shareholders' Equity

a) Share capital

Authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

As at May 31, 2025, the Company had 10,074,646 shares issued and outstanding.

Share subscription received in advance

- During the year ended May 31, 2025, the Company received \$266,880 in share subscriptions, related to the Company's upcoming private placement as outlined in Note 14. The common shares were issued subsequent to the year ended May 31, 2025.

During the year ended May 31, 2025:

- On December 20, 2024, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement by issuing 4,466,686 Units at \$0.15 per Unit for a gross proceed of \$670,003. Each Unit consists of one common share and one transferable share purchase warrant. Each warrant allows the holder to purchase one additional share at \$0.20 for two years from the closing date. The Company incurred total finders' fees of \$21,578 and issued 143,850 finders' warrants with a fair value of \$22,000 upon closing. The finders' warrants are non-transferrable and have the same terms and conditions as the share purchase warrants.

During the year ended May 31, 2024:

- On December 13, 2023, the Company completed a non-brokered flow-through private placement by issuing 520,000 Quebec flow-through common shares at \$0.70 per share for a gross proceed of \$364,000. The Company incurred finders' fees of \$25,480 and issued 36,400 share purchase warrants with a fair value of \$18,000 upon closing to an arm's length third party who introduced the subscriber to the Company. Each warrant is exercisable to acquire a common share of the Company at a price of \$0.70 until December 13,

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2025. All securities issued in connection with this private placement are subject to restrictions on resale until March 14, 2024 in accordance with applicable securities laws.

- On March 1, 2024, the Company consolidated its common shares based on one post-consolidation common share for each ten pre-consolidated common shares.

b) Share purchase options

The Company has a stock option plan in place under which it is authorized to grant options to executive officers and directors, officers, employees, and consultants enabling them to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company. Under the plan, the option price of any common share in respect of which an option may be granted under the stock option plan shall be fixed by the Board of Directors but shall be not less than the minimum price permitted by the Exchange.

During the year ended May 31, 2025, the Company granted 700,000 stock options (2024 – 21,000) at a weighted average exercise price of \$0.21 (2024 - \$1.60) per share. Share-based payments relating to options vested during the year ended May 31, 2025, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model was \$139,054 (2024 - \$22,946) which was recorded as reserves on the statements of financial position and as share-based compensation expense on the statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

The continuity of share purchase options is as follows:

	Outstanding Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$
Balance, May 31, 2023	348,900	3.07
Granted	21,000	1.60
Expired	(70,200)	1.93
Balance, May 31, 2024	299,700	3.23
Granted	700,000	0.21
Balance, May 31, 2025	999,700	1.12

At May 31, 2025, the following incentive stock options were outstanding to directors, officers and consultants:

Number of Options Outstanding	Exercise Price \$	Weighted Average remaining in years	Expiry Date	Number of Options Exercisable
38,700	7.00	0.47	November 18, 2025	38,700
190,000	3.30	1.85	April 8, 2027	190,000
50,000	0.75	2.33	September 28, 2027	50,000
21,000	1.60	0.59	December 31, 2025	21,000
700,000	0.21	4.69	February 5, 2030	700,000
999,700				999,700

The weighted average remaining life of the options at May 31, 2025 is 3.78 years (2024 – 2.67 years).

The following weighted average assumptions were used for the Black-Scholes valuation of stock options granted during the year ended May 31, 2025:

	Year ended May 31, 2025	Year ended May 31, 2024
Risk-free interest rate	2.26%	2.13%
Expected life of options	5 years	2.5 years
Expected annualized volatility	161.34%	127.60%
Expected dividend rate	-	-
Fair value per option	\$0.20	\$1.20

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c) Warrants

The continuity of share purchase warrants for the year ended May 31, 2025 is as follows:

	Outstanding Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$
Balance, May 31, 2023	2,120,839	2.31
Granted – warrants	36,400	0.70
Expired – warrants	(1,575,289)	2.00
Balance, May 31, 2024	581,950	3.05
Granted – warrants	4,610,536	0.20
Expired – warrants	(545,550)	3.21
Balance, May 31, 2025	4,646,936	0.20

At May 31, 2025, the following warrants were outstanding:

Number of Warrants	Weighted Average remaining in years	Exercise Price (\$)	Expiry Date
36,400	0.54	0.70	December 13, 2025
4,466,686	1.56	0.20	December 20, 2026
143,850	1.56	0.20	December 20, 2026
4,646,936			

The weighted average remaining life of the warrants at May 31, 2025 is 1.55 years (2024 – 0.88 years).

The following weighted average assumptions were used for the Black-Scholes valuation of finders' warrants granted during the year ended May 31, 2025:

	Year ended May 31, 2025	Year ended May 31, 2024
Risk-free interest rate	3.98%	3.51%
Expected life of warrants	2	2
Expected annualized volatility	153.99%	140.98%
Expected dividend rate	-	-
Fair value per warrant	0.16	0.48

7. Flow through Share Premium Liability

Flow-through share premium liabilities include the liability portion of the flow-through shares issued. The following is a continuity schedule of the liability portion of the flow-through shares issuance.

Balance at May 31, 2022	\$	187,291
Premium liability incurred on flow-through shares		224,625
Amortization of flow-through liability		(287,117)
Balance at May 31, 2023	\$	124,799
Amortization of flow-through liability		(43,262)
Balance at May 31, 2024	\$	81,537
Amortization of flow-through liability		(81,537)
Balance at May 31, 2025		-

8. Segmented Information

The Company currently conducts all of its operations in Canada in one business segment being the acquisition and exploration of resource properties.

9. Capital Management

The Company defines its capital as all components of shareholders' equity. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern.

To maintain its capital structure, the Company is dependent on equity funding and when necessary, raises capital through the issuance of equity instruments, primarily comprised of common shares. The Company manages its capital structure and adjusts it in light of economic conditions. The Company, upon approval from its Board of Directors, will make changes to its capital structure as deemed appropriate under the specific circumstances.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements or debt covenants and does not presently utilize any quantitative measures to monitor its capital. There were no changes to the Company's approach to managing capital during the period.

10. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Factors

Financial instruments

Financial instruments must be classified at one of three levels within a fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate their values. The three levels of the hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted price in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and due to related parties. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values due to their short term to maturity.

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. To the extent that the Company does not believe it has sufficient liquidity to meet obligations, it will consider securing additional equity funding, or engage in negotiations to extend terms with creditors. The Company manages liquidity risk through the management of its capital structure (see Note 9).

Foreign Exchange Risk

The Company raises its capital in Canadian dollars. The Company holds its cash mainly in Canadian dollars. The Company minimizes its exposure to foreign currency risk by minimizing the amount of funds in currencies other than the Canadian dollar. The Company does not undertake currency hedging activities. The Company continuously monitors its exposure to foreign exchange risk to determine if any mitigation strategies warrant consideration.

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Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk associated with the counterparty's inability to fulfil its payment obligations. The Company is exposed to credit risk from cash. Management has assessed the credit risk to be minimal as cash is held with a reputable Canadian financial institution.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The risk that the Company will realize such a loss is limited because the Company has no interest-bearing financial instruments.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rates, commodity prices, and interest rates will affect the Company's net income or the value of financial instruments. These risks are generally outside the control of the Company. The objectives of the Company are to mitigate market risk exposure within acceptable limits, while maximizing returns. The Company has no significant exposure to market risk.

11. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	Year ended May 31, 2025	Year ended May 31, 2024
	\$	\$
Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:		
Finders' warrants issued in private placement	22,000	18,000
Accounts payable included in exploration and evaluation assets	1,011,415	313,316

12. Income Tax

A reconciliation of income taxes at statutory rates with the reported taxes is as follows:

	2025	2024
Loss for the year	\$ (1,113,832)	\$ (2,264,170)
Expected income tax (recovery)	(301,000)	(611,000)
Change in statutory, foreign tax, foreign exchange rates and other	-	-
Permanent differences	18,000	2,000
Impact of flow through share	210,000	149,000
Share issue costs	(12,000)	(7,000)
Adjustment to prior years provision versus statutory tax returns	(33,000)	(262,000)
Change in unrecognized deductible temporary differences	118,000	729,000
Income tax expense (recovery)	\$ -	\$ -

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The significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets that have not been included on the consolidated statements of financial position are as follows:

	2025	2024
Deferred tax assets (liabilities)		
Non-capital losses available for future periods	\$ 6,024,000	\$ 5,721,000
Exploration and evaluation assets	1,813,000	1,986,000
Property and equipment	84,000	84,000
Allowable capital losses	16,000	16,000
Share issue costs	32,000	44,000
	7,969,000	7,851,000
Unrecognized deferred tax assets	(7,969,000)	(7,851,000)
	\$ -	\$ -

The significant components of the Company's temporary differences, unused tax credits and unused tax losses that have not been included on the consolidated statements of financial position are as follows:

	2025	Expiry Date Range	2024	Expiry Date Range
Temporary Differences				
Exploration and evaluation assets	\$6,634,000	No expiry date	\$7,274,000	No expiry date
Investment tax credit	30,000	2030 to 2033	30,000	2030 to 2033
Property and equipment	312,000	No expiry date	312,000	No expiry date
Share issue costs	119,000	2046 to 2049	162,000	2045 to 2048
Allowable capital losses	60,000	No expiry date	60,000	No expiry date
Non-capital losses available for future periods	22,312,000	2027 to 2045	21,190,000	2027 to 2044

13. Subsequent Event

On July 15, 2025, the Company closed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement by issuing 15,350,800 Units at \$0.10 per Unit for a gross proceed of \$1,535,080. Each Unit consists of one common share and one transferable share purchase warrant. Each warrant allows the holder to purchase one additional share at \$0.20 for two years from the closing date. The Company incurred total finders' fees of \$74,836 and issued 748,356 finders' warrants upon closing.

On July 16, 2025, the Company granted 1,500,000 incentive stock options and 1,000,000 restricted share units to certain directors, officers and consultants of the Company. The incentive stock options vest immediately and are exercisable at a price of \$0.14 until July 16, 2030.

On August 29, 2025, the Company closed its non-brokered private placement by issuing 10,720,999 Units at \$0.105 per Unit for a gross proceed of \$1,125,705. Each Unit consists of one common share and one transferable share purchase warrant. Each warrant allows the holder to purchase one additional share at \$0.20 for two years from the closing date. The Company incurred total finders' fees of \$53,606 and issued 550,436 finders' warrants upon closing.

On September 4, 2025, the Company granted 1,000,000 incentive stock options to certain directors, officers and consultants of the Company. The incentive stock options vest immediately and are exercisable at a price of \$0.22 until September 4, 2030.