



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2017**

Introduction

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is intended to assist the reader to assess material changes in financial condition and results of operations of Ximen Mining Corp. ("the Company") as at September 30, 2017 and for the three month period then ended in comparison to the same period in 2016.

This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017 and supporting notes. These financial statements have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with IFRS and in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 ("IAS 34") – Interim Financial Reporting.

The Financial Statements, together with the MD&A, are intended to provide investors with a reasonable basis for assessing the performance and potential future performance of the Company, and are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected in future periods. The information in the MD&A may contain forward-looking statements, and the Company cautions investors that any forward looking statements by the Company are not guarantees of future performance, as they are subject to significant risks and uncertainties that may cause projected results or events to differ materially from actual results or events.

All monetary amounts are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise specified. The effective date of this MD&A is November 27, 2017. Additional information relating to the Company is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Description of Business

Ximen Mining Corp., ("the Company") is an exploration company engaged in exploration and evaluation of resources properties. In this regard, the Company's plan is to acquire properties of merit and take them through the exploration phase and hopefully through feasibility and on to construction and operations.

The Company is currently engaged in the acquisition, exploration, and evaluation of its mineral property interests located in British Columbia. The Company's shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol XIM.V, on the Frankfurt Exchange under the symbol A1W2EG, and on the US OTCQX, under the symbol XXMMF.

The head office, principal address, and registered office is located at 888 Dunsmuir Street, Suite 888, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.

Overall Performance

The level of the Company's future operations will be determined by the availability of capital resources, which will be derived from the issuance of special warrants and future financings.

- The Company has incurred recurring losses since its inception, and had an accumulated deficit of \$16,167,136 as at September 30, 2017 which has been funded primarily by the issuance of shares. The Company has no source of operating cash flows and expects to incur further losses in the exploration and development of its mineral properties. The Company's ability to continue its operations and to realize assets at their carrying values is dependent upon obtaining additional financing or maintaining continued support from its shareholders and creditors, and generating profitable operations in the future.

Shares Issued for Mineral Properties

During the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company completed the acquisition of five mineral tenure claims that include a historic past producer known as the Providence in the Greenwood, B.C Mining District . In consideration, the Company issued a total of 1,400,000 common shares, with a fair value of \$56,000 to the vendors.

Exploration Project

Brett Property, British Columbia, Canada

On December 3, 2013, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Brett Gold Project situated in the North Okanagan region of southwest British Columbia approximately 29 kilometers west of Vernon. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company may acquire a 100% undivided interest by making cash option payments totalling \$1,000,000, issuing 1,000,000 shares, and issuing additional common shares of the Company with an aggregate deemed value of \$350,000 as follows:

		Number of Shares	Cash \$
On execution of agreement	(Paid)	-	50,000
By December 18, 2013	(Paid)	-	50,000
By December 23, 2013	(Issued – fair valued at \$290,000)	1,000,000	-
By January 17, 2014	(Paid)	-	200,000
By January 05, 2015	(Paid)	-	300,000
By January 05, 2015	(Issued – fair valued at \$126,000)	700,000	-
By December 03, 2015	(Paid)	-	400,000
By December 03, 2015	(Issued – fair valued at \$166,667)	3,333,333	-
		<u>5,033,333</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>

The Company has earned a 100% undivided interest as it has complied with all the terms of the option agreement.

On January 24, 2014, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the 2% net smelter royalty (“NSR”) on the Brett Gold Project. The agreement was amended on February 14, 2017 and May 17, 2017 under the following amended terms: the issuance of \$50,000 worth of the Company’s common shares based on a ten day weighted average upon signing of the amended agreement, the issuance of \$420,000 worth of the Company’s common shares upon TSX approval of the amended agreement, the payment or issuance of \$60,000 in cash or common shares of the Company on February 18, 2018 and \$75,000 on February 18, 2019, and final cash payment of \$830,000 payable by February 20, 2020:

		Number of Shares	Cash \$
By February 20, 2014	(Issued – fair valued at \$30,000)	100,000	-
By February 20, 2015	(Issued – fair valued at \$49,077)	258,300	-
By February 20, 2016	(Issued – fair valued at \$67,739)	1,129,000	-
By February 18, 2017	(Issued – fair valued at \$56,601)	628,900	-
Upon TSX Approval	(Issued subsequent to year-end on October 17, 2017)	6,000,000	-
By February 18, 2018		-	60,000
By February 18, 2019		-	75,000
By February 20, 2020		-	830,000
		<u>8,116,200</u>	<u>965,000</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the Company paid \$Nil (2016 – \$400,000) and issued 628,900 common shares (2016 – 4,462,333 common shares) pursuant to the terms of the option agreements.

Past exploration work carried out to date on the Brett Property has confirmed the presence of a number of significant gold bearing mineralized zones associated with northerly trending altered shear/fracture zone(s). Previous work, summarized in a 43-101 report dated April 21, 2004, consisted of geochemical surveys, trenching, 10,000 meters (m) (32,900 feet) of diamond drilling, 2,800 meters (9,300 feet) of reverse circulation drilling, and 459 meters (1506 feet) of underground development.

The majority of work has been concentrated in a small area (200 m strike and 76 meters depth) of the property, along what is known as the Main Shear Zone- RW vein. One hole drilled on the property, Hole 93-19, a reverse circulation hole, returned an intersection of 16.76 m grading 35.79 gms Au/tonne (1.045 oz Au/ton) including 3.048 m grading 57.88 grams Au/tonne (1.69 oz Au/ton) and 4.57 m grading 107.88 gms Au/tonne (3.15 oz Au/ton) within the Main Shear Zone.

In 1996 (291 tonne) bulk sample, from the RW vein and Main Shear Zone, was shipped to Trail and returned an average grade 27.74 gms Au/tonne and 63.7 gms Ag /tonne. Work was stopped in late 1996 and the property was tied up in litigation for several years.

To date, the Main Shear Zone has been traced for a strike length of over 1,300 meters and down dip to a depth of 150 meters (possibly as deep as 500 meters, based on a single hole drilled on the neighboring property) and is wide open in all directions. In addition to the Main Shear Zone, the local geology and geochemistry indicates excellent exploration potential for developing other mineralized zones. Gold mineralization on the property appears to be a strongly related to the intersections between flat lying inter unit polymictic tuffaceous horizons and the northerly trending altered shear/fracture zone(s).

Highlights of the Brett project prior to Ximen's involvement

- The property has seen high grade gold production from bulk sampling, with 96% recovery.
- 43-101 completed by Shaun Dykes late 2004
- No work has been conducted on the area of main shear from late 2004 till spring 2014 Ximen enters
- 100's of meters of underground workings on the property.
- Proximity to several mill. Since custom milling opportunities exist in the district, the property does not necessarily need to support a stand-alone mine/mill operation to be viable. Even a small or modest tonnage of high-grade ore could potentially be profitable to extract.
- The property hosts epithermal style gold mineralization containing coarse gold and has excellent potential of hosting an economically viable gold deposit.
- Excellent infrastructure and access along well maintained paved and gravel roads.

Based on the review of all available data, combined with information gained from a property inspection, the Brett property hosts epithermal style gold mineralization containing coarse gold and has potential of hosting a gold deposit.

During the summer of 2014, the Ximen completed historic data compilation program and a field exploration program consisting of geochemical sampling, mapping, compilation reports, and geophysical survey to establish drill targets for a fall drill program. Then in September commenced a diamond drill program focused on new opportunities outside of the main shear where all the previous drilling was focused, results from the 13 holes completed were released in 2015.

Ximen's 43-101 prepared by Marek Mroczek, P.Eng completed in April 2017 made the following recommendations. In addition to field work it is recommended:

- Upgrade the roads to make better access to the exploration area
- Conduct the adit rehabilitation for access to drill exploration and underground drillholes
- Drill three to six drillholes on each target with drillhole directions perpendicular to the strike direction of the target
- When logging the core, record any fault as interval data and not just as point data
- Establish an on site station with hard copies of maps, plans and drillhole data to facilitate their access during the field work Ximen Mining Corporation, NI 43-101 Technical Report, The Brett Gold Project. 76
- Explore any outcropping mineralization on surface and alteration structure
- Use a handheld XRF machine analyser to obtain preliminary Au, Ag, Mo results and thus follow up drilling if so warranted
- Obtain laser topographic scanning (Lidar) map for the topographic surface. A Lidar scanned map provides the best approximation of true ground conditions
- Drill several twin holes with high gold intersection to prove historical gold assay values To improve the quality of the data it is recommended:
- Resurvey all drillhole collars and shear zones occurring on surface by hiring qualified surveyor and produce a report from the surveying
- Update the header table in the database by adding a field with drillhole type. there are two different drillhole types: reverse circulation drilling and diamond drilling
- Conduct a detailed audit of drillhole database for all entries
- Expand the database by logging more geotechnical rock features such as type of discontinuity, spacing of discontinuities, conditions of discontinuities, groundwater conditions, hardness, roughness, and fracture infilling
- Collect every 20th sample pulp and send to another external laboratory to check assay analyses in order to determine laboratory precision
- Conduct manually geological interpretation of the structural-geological setting and geometry of the gold mineralization on the set of crosssections
- Prepare print outs and store written company exploration QAQC procedure on site so everyone of the team members produce work results in the same manner.

The Brett Gold Project is located 30 kilometres west of Vernon, in southern B.C. The Ximen Mining Corporation acquired the property late in 2013, in a staged purchase agreement from Running Fox Resource Corp. There has been considerable previous work on the Brett property, primarily from the early 1980's through to 2004. The previous work comprised over 15,000 metres of diamond drilling which has resulted in several areas of known epithermal gold mineralization on the Brett property. Additional adjoining claims, including the former Gold Star property to the west were acquired by Ximen Mining Corp. in 2014. The Brett property lies within the steep, fault-bounded contact between the Jurassic Okanagan batholith to the east and Eocene volcanic rocks to the west. Epithermal gold mineralization on the Brett property is hosted within the Eocene volcanics, The Eocene volcanics represent a sequence of basaltic flows and interlayered tuffs. Mineralization, and related alteration, is controlled by northwest and north-trending, steeply west dipping structures and by more permeable (volcanic breccia or tuffaceous) units within the Eocene stratigraphy. The Brett Gold Project is an exploration project with an historical gold resource estimate. The historic exploration data from drilling and field work was compiled into a digital computer format. In the field considerable ground-truthing was done to accurately locate and verify historic data. Exploration work by Ximen in 2014 included ground magnetics/VLF-EM, soil geochemistry, biogeochemistry, rock sampling, geological mapping, induced polarization and diamond drilling. The ground magnetic/VLF-EM survey encompassed the main areas of known mineralization on the property. Magnetic signatures were shown to be an effective method of identifying areas of alteration within the Eocene volcanics. The Main Zone, where most of the previous exploration work has been focussed and where high grade epithermal gold mineralization is known, was defined as a modest northwest-trending magnetic low anomaly. A larger magnetic low anomaly occurs west of the Main Zone (the Border Zone), and is open to the west beyond the limits of the survey. The overwhelming feature detected by the magnetic/VLF-EM survey was a large, strong magnetic low anomaly in the northeast quadrant of the grid. The northeast mag-low anomaly measures 1.1 x 1.1 km in size, encompasses strongly altered rocks at the Gossan Zone, and remains open to the north and east beyond the limits of the survey. An induced polarization survey was also completed over the mag-low anomaly. A 1 km long, strong north south trending IP chargeability anomaly was defined at the Gossan Zone. The chargeability anomaly remains open to the south beyond the limits of the survey. A second, sub parallel, chargeability anomaly was also detected, which by the southernmost line of the survey, has merged with the main anomaly to create a chargeability feature that exceeds 1 km in width. Ximen Mining Corporation, NI 43-101 Technical Report, The Brett Gold Project. 2 Soil geochemical surveys were completed in 2 separate areas, one encompassing the East Zone and the second to the west of the Main/RW zone at the newly discovered Border Zone. At the Border Zone, a moderate to strong multi-element, Au-Ag-As-Hg-Mo-Sb-Se-Te-Tl soil

anomaly was defined over an area of approximately 250 m north-south by 100-200 m east west. The anomaly, remains open to the north, south and west, beyond the limits of the survey. A less well defined Au-Ag-Hg-SbTl soil anomaly occurs at the East Zone, with maximum gold values of 290 ppb and 243 ppb Au. This anomaly is effectively controlled by topography and defines the surface expression of a relatively flatlying tuffaceous horizon as it wraps around the steep south facing slope, between two prominent gullies. Ximen Mining Corp completed a drilling program in 2014 totalling 2,977 metres. Thirteen drillholes were drilled to test geological, geochemical and geophysical targets. All of the holes were drilled to test new targets that were untested, or only minimally tested, by historic work on the property. Widespread alteration was identified in several areas. Some core samples from the drilling program revealed high gold intersections. Two new high-grade gold-bearing zones were identified, with results including 34.18 g/t Au over 0.9 m from one zone and 16.7 g/t Au over 1.5 m from the second. Significant intervals of bulk tonnage gold mineralization were also intercepted, including 1.77 g/t Au over 31m, 1.88 g/t Au over 16.55m and 0.82 g/t Au over 33m. In 2016, Ximen Mining Corp. drilled sixteen drillholes totaling 2363.86 m on specific targets which resulted from geological interpretation conducted on crosssections. Some core samples from the drilling program revealed high gold intersections. The drillhole 16-1 intercepted an interval with 18.95 g/t Au over 1m, drillhole 16-2 intercepted an interval with 3.13 g/t Au over 1.1 m, drillhole 16-11 intercepted 13.35 g/t Au over 0.58 m and drillhole 16-17 intercepted 5.7 g/t Au over 0.5 m.

Gold Drop Property, British Columbia, Canada

On November 27, 2013, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Gold Drop Property located about 9 kilometers northeast from Greenwood, British Columbia, in the Greenwood Gold Mining district. Under the terms of the option agreement, the Company may acquire a 100% undivided interest by making cash option payments totalling \$170,000, and issuing an aggregate of 750,000 common shares as follows:

		Number of Shares	Cash \$
On November 27, 2013	(Paid)	-	25,000
On February 23, 2014	(Issued – fair valued at \$49,500, and paid)	150,000	15,000
By February 24, 2015	(Issued – fair valued at \$120,000, and paid)	250,000	60,000
By February 24, 2016	(Issued – fair valued at \$168,000, and paid)	350,000	70,000
		750,000	170,000

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the Company earned a 100% undivided interest by making the final cash payment of \$70,000, therefore, complying with all the terms of the option agreement.

On June 21, 2016, the Company entered into an option agreement with GGX Gold Corp. (*formerly Revolver Resources Inc.*) (“GGX”) to sell its 100% in the Gold Drop Property. Upon the signing of the Agreement, and to earn an undivided 100% interest in the property, GGX is required to make cash option payments totalling \$400,000, issue 1,000,000 common shares, issue additional common shares with a fair value of \$450,000, and incur exploration expenditures on the property as follows:

Cash Payments:

- \$50,000 on execution of the agreement (received);
- \$50,000 within five business day following the approval by TSX Venture (received); and
- \$100,000 on or before July 26, 2017 (received). July 26, 2018 and July 26, 2019.

Shares Payment:

- 1,000,000 common shares within five business day following the approval by TSX Venture (received); and
- Additional common shares with a fair value of \$150,000 per year on or before July 26, 2017 (received), July 26, 2018, and July 26, 2019.

Exploration Expenditures:

- A minimum of \$1,000,000 on the property on or before July 26, 2019, but not less than \$150,000 on the property on or before July 26, 2017, July 26, 2018, and July 26, 2019.

The Company will retain a 2.5% net smelter return royalty (the “NSR Royalty”) which GGX may buy down 1% of the NSR Royalty by paying \$1,000,000 to the Company. Upon the completion of the sale of the Property, the Company will have a right for nine months thereafter to elect to form a joint venture with GGX by paying to GGX the amount of money equal to 30% of the total amount expended on the Property by GGX. If the Company exercises this joint-venture right, the Company and GGX will enter into a joint venture for the exploration and development of the Property.

During the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company was the operator for the Gold Drop Property and the optionee advance for exploration on the property for \$150,000.

In January 2014 a 43-101 report on the Gold Drop property by Linda Carron on behalf of Ximen

- The property covers geologically prospective ground in the well-mineralized Greenwood District, and hosts 8 or more known low-sulfide, gold-bearing veins or vein systems, including the North Star, Gold Drop, Amandy, Lakeview and Moonlight occurrences
- The property has seen high grade gold production as recent as the 1980's
- 100's of meters of underground workings on the property
- Since custom milling opportunities exist in the district, the Gold Drop property does not necessarily need to support a stand-alone mine/mill operation to be viable.
- Potential also exists on the claims for low-grade, bulk-tonnage gold mineralization related to broad fracture or stock work zones. Ximen has acquired the property on the basis of both its exploration and mining potential.
- There has been intermittent small-scale historic production from the property at the Gold Drop, North Star and Amandy mines. Historical production totals 7572 tonnes at an average grade of 5.2 g/t Au and 93.4 g/t Ag. The average mined grade is significantly affected by a large volume of very low grade material that was removed from the North Star mine in 1934-35. Omitting production from these years, the average grade for the remaining 2,505 tonnes mined from the property is 13.1 g/t Au and 133.7 g/t Ag.
- Excellent infrastructure and access

In February 2014, Ximen received an approved Notice of Work permit from the Ministry of Energy and Mines for Phase 1 exploration work on the Gold Drop property. The approved work permit is a multi-year permit, valid until Dec 1, 2018, which enables the company to establish up to 20 drill sites and up to 25 excavator trenches on the property. The primary purpose of the work permit is to allow the Company to identify areas for bulk sampling. The land package that has been assembled is approximately 5 km by 5 km and is comprised of 15 claims and 2 crown grants that cover an area of approximately 1500 hectares.

In the summer of 2014, the Company carried out extensive work consisting of partially brushing out 10km of existing roads for 4x4 access, examining numerous historical shallow pits, adits, including mine workings with 200 foot shafts and historical minor diamond drilling. Over one kilometre of veins were mechanized/excavator trenched.

There are at least six parallel veins semi-exposed on surface and underground, they average in excess of 300 metres (1000 feet) on strike not including unknown faulted and buried ones.

In the summer of 2015 the company conducted a work program of mapping and sampling, and in September received analytical results for 2015 rock samples from its high grade Gold Drop Project, located near Greenwood, SE British Columbia. The Company collected samples in the eastern region of the Project, mainly from trenches previously excavated by the Company. These trenches were excavated in the area of the gold and silver bearing Gold Drop and North Star vein system and their respective underground workings (British Columbia Energy and Mines MINEFILE Mineral Occurrence Nos. 082ESE152 and 082ESE153). The highlight was a sample from a block of quartz – galena vein material, excavated from one trench near the Upper North Star Adit, which returned 159 grams per tonne gold and 744 grams per tonne silver (news release dated September 18, 2015).

The full text of all news releases , accompanying assay tables, and other technical information are available on the Company's website at ximenminingcorp.com and sedar.com

In May 2017, Ximen's Joint Venture partner GGX Gold Corp. undertook a comprehensive exploration program on Ximen's Gold Drop Property located in the Greenwood Mining Division, British Columbia Canada. The exploration program consisted of trenching, surface sampling and 27 holes of diamond drilling. During May 2017, GGX Gold collected multiple rock samples at the Gold Drop Southwest zone. GGX located the C.O.D. vein and historical C.O.D. shaft and other historical trenches and pits in this area during May. Rock samples were collected during the program at the C.O.D. vein at and close to the C.O.D. shaft; and from quartz veins northeast and northwest of the C.O.D. shaft. Of the 20 rock samples collected the company seven of these samples exceeded one gram per tonne gold with one sample from newly exposed quartz assaying 14.10 g/t gold and one from the COD vein assaying 19.95 g/t gold. An excavator trenching program unearthed over 80 metres of vein on both sides of the COD shaft.

In July 2017, GGX Gold commenced a Phase 1 drill program targeting the COD vein in the Gold Drop Southwest zone as a result of 200 metres of trenching exposing over 160 metres of vein. GGX drilled 15 holes targeting the vein from five drill pads at various locations along the long trench.

The Joint Venture received a second batch of channel sample analytical results from the current trenching and sampling program of the COD vein in the Gold Drop Southwest zone. The vein has been channel sampled at 1.5-metre intervals across an average sample width of one metre. 52 samples returned anomalous to high-grade values for gold ranging from 0.2 gram per tonne to 43.2 grams per tonne gold.

In August 2017, GGX Gold completed the first phase of drilling equalling 15 drill holes totalling 762 metres and commenced its second phase drill program which consisted of 12 additional drill holes. Seven of the first nine drills intersected significant gold including a .73 metre intersection in COD17-9 assaying 7.37 g/t gold and 55 g/t silver and a further .35 metre intersection assaying 14.85 g/t gold and 164g/t silver. Of significant interest hole COD17-9 returned an intersection of 16.03 metres assaying 4.59 g/t gold and 38.64 g/t ag including 5.97 metres assaying 10.96 g/t au and 89.86 g/t ag. True widths cannot be accurately determined. Phase 11 drilling returned results including 10.8 g/t au over .3 metres and 3.17 g/t au over .47 metres. Further surface grab sampling results late in the exploration program yielded sample assay results including 297g/t au and 1290g/t ag.

Treasure Mountain, British Columbia, Canada

In March 2014, the Company entered into an option agreement whereby the Company acquired a 100% interest in the Treasure Mountain property located 30 kilometres east of Hope, British Columbia by making cash payments as follows: \$75,000 cash upon signing of the agreement (paid) and \$50,000 cash due 90 days after the signing of the agreement (paid).

In 2014, the Company also acquired a 100% interest in three surrounding mineral claims for cash payments of \$70,000 (paid).

On December 7, 2016, the Company acquired a mineral tenure claim north of Treasure Mountain Property for cash payment of \$15,000 (paid) from a director of the Company. The agreement is subject to a 2% net smelter return royalty ("NSR") payable to the vendor.

On November 30, 2016, the Company entered into an option agreement with New Destiny Mining Corp ("New Destiny") to sell its 100% interest in all mineral claims which comprise the Treasure Mountain Property. Upon signing of the Agreement, and to earn an undivided 100% interest in the property, New Destiny is required to make cash and or issue common shares totalling \$400,000, issue an aggregate of 500,000 common shares, and incur exploration expenditures on the property as follows:

Cash and Share Payments:

- \$25,000 in cash on the date of execution of the agreement (received);
- \$50,000 cash and issue shares equal to \$50,000 (received 250,000 subsequent to the period) within five days of closing;
- \$75,000 in cash or shares (minimum \$10,000 in cash) on or before November 9, 2018;
- \$75,000 in cash or shares (minimum \$10,000 in cash) on or before November 9, 2019;
- \$75,000 in cash or shares (minimum \$10,000 in cash) on or before November 9, 2020 and
- \$100,000 in cash or shares (minimum \$10,000 in cash) on or before November 9, 2021.

Exploration Expenditures:

- \$100,000 on exploration work on or before November 9, 2018
- \$150,000 on exploration work on or before November 9, 2019
- \$250,000 on exploration work on or before November 9, 2020; and
- \$250,000 on exploration work on or before November 9, 2021.

The Company will retain a 2.5% net smelter return royalty (the “NSR Royalty”) which New Destiny may buy down 1% of the NSR Royalty by paying \$1,000,000 to the Company. Upon the completion of the sale of the Property, the Company will have a right for nine months thereafter to elect to form a joint venture with New Destiny by paying to New Destiny the amount of money equal to 30% of the total amount expended on the Property by New Destiny. If the Company exercises this joint-venture right, the Company and New Destiny will enter into a joint venture for the exploration and development of the Property.

On November 9, 2007, the transaction has been approved by TSX Venture.

The Treasure Mtn. Silver Project covers geologically prospective ground in the Similkameen and / or New Westminster Mining Divisions. The Project is adjacent to Nicola Mining Inc.’s Treasure Mountain property, site of the historic Treasure Mountain Silver-Lead-Zinc Mine (polymetallic veins). The Project also occurs within the Intermontane Tectonic Belt, which hosts numerous porphyry copper deposits. The Project covers an area of approximately 9500 hectares and hosts seven gold, silver, lead, zinc and / or copper occurrences in various regions as reported in the B.C. Ministry of Energy and Mines MINFILE database. These include gold-quartz vein, polymetallic vein and porphyry type occurrences. Some of these mineral occurrences have associated historic underground workings.

In October 2015, the Company conducted a program of prospecting as well as soil and till sampling in the northeast region of the Project (news release dated October 21, 2015). The 2015 soil and till geochemical survey was conducted in the northeast region of the property, north of Railroad Creek and west of Tulameen River / Vuich Creek. The Superior (Lucky Todd) copper - gold occurrence is reported in this area (B.C.MINFILE No. 092HSE240). At this occurrence gold and copper mineralization were reported in a quartz porphyry dyke with a 5 foot sample reported to assay 0.02 ounce gold (1913 Annual Report of Minister of Mines). In 2012 Canadian International Minerals Inc. reported adits in this target area and copper mineralization in the adjacent rock dumps and outcrop. A few dump grab samples were reported to exceed 1% copper while also assaying 76 and 69 g/t silver. Ximen has not verified these results.

In May 2016 the Company announced the analytical results for the program conducted in October of 2015. A total of 325 soil samples were collected during the survey. The samples were collected along 9 east-west traverses, spaced at approximately 100 meters. The samples were spaced at approximate 25 meter intervals along the traverses. A total of 17 till samples were collected using an overburden drill adjacent to roads in this area. The depths of these samples were 1.5 - 8.5 meters. The soil and till samples were submitted to ALS Global. The samples were sieved to minus 180 micron. The sieved portions were analyzed for copper, lead, zinc, arsenic and silver by Four Acid - Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic Emission Spectroscopy (ICP-AES).

The soil samples averaged 29 ppm Cu. Two main zones of copper soil anomalies were identified where samples exceeding 50 ppm Cu were more frequent. One zone is a topographic high in the northern half of the grid where Canadian International Minerals reported copper mineralization and historic workings. This zone is approximately north-south trending, being distinct on 3 of the 4 northern traverses and 125 to 175 meters wide on these traverses. The samples in this zone included analytical highs of 155 and 730 ppm Cu. Some samples within this zone were also anomalous for lead (up to 378 ppm Pb) and zinc (391 ppm Zn).

The second zone of copper soil anomalies is in the southeast region of the grid approximately 100 - 500 meters west of Vuich Creek. Within this zone are single samples and clusters of samples exceeding 50 ppm Cu, including analytical high values of 102, 112 and 188 ppm Cu. The 17 till samples averaged 39 ppm Cu with three scattered samples exceeding 50 ppm Cu (high value of 55 ppm Cu).

In August 2016, the Company has entered into an exclusivity agreement with New Destiny Mining Corp. (TSXV: NED) whereby New Destiny will have up to forty five days to conduct due diligence on certain of Ximen's mineral claims commonly known as the Treasure Mountain Silver Project in Similkameen and/or New Westminster mining divisions, with a view to negotiating the terms of a letter of intent and, if applicable, a definitive agreement in order to complete the acquisition of certain of Ximen's mineral claims. Since that time the exclusivity agreement has been extended.

The full text of all news releases, accompanying assay tables, and other technical information are available on the Company's website at ximenminingcorp.com and sedar.com

Bouleau, British Columbia, Canada

On July 15, 2014, the Company entered into a property option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Bouleau Property which is adjacent to the Company's Brett property located near Vernon, British Columbia. Under the terms of the option agreement, the Company may acquire a 100% undivided interest by making cash option payments totalling US\$250,000, and issuing additional common shares of the Company with an aggregate deemed value of \$300,000 as follows:

		Number of Shares	Cash US\$
On September 05, 2014	(Paid)	-	100,000
On September 05, 2014	(Issued – fair valued at \$102,174)	217,391	-
By March 05, 2015	(Paid)	-	50,000
By March 05, 2015	(Issued – fair valued at \$67,211)	480,077	-
By September 30, 2015	(Paid)	-	50,000
By September 30, 2015	(Issued– fair valued at \$46,260)	1,321,700	-
By March 05, 2016	(Paid)	-	50,000
By March 05, 2016	(Issued – fair valued at \$72,545)	1,209,091	-
By September 05, 2016	(Issued – fair valued at \$82,944)	535,125	-
		3,763,384	US\$250,000

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the Company earned a 100% undivided interest by making the final share issuance payment, therefore, complying with all the terms of the option agreement.

Dentonia, South, British Columbia, Canada

On August 29, 2014, the Company entered into a property option agreement whereby the Company acquired a 100% interest in the Dentonia South Property, located 10 miles south of Greenwood, British Columbia, by issuing 150,000 common shares (issued – fair valued at \$51,000).

Providence Property, British Columbia, Canada

On April 18, 2017, the Company completed a purchase and sale agreement with arm’s length vendors. Pursuant to the agreement, the vendors agreed to sell and the Company agreed to purchase two mineral tenure claims adjacent to the Company’s Gold Drop Property situated near Greenwood, B.C, in consideration the Company agreed to issue an aggregate of 1,000,000 common shares (issued) to such vendors.

On July 17, 2017, the Company completed a purchase and sale agreement with arm’s length vendor. Pursuant to the agreement, the vendor agreed to sell and the Company agreed to purchase three mineral tenure claims adjacent to the Company’s Gold Drop Property situated near Greenwood, B.C, in consideration the Company agreed to issue an aggregate of 400,000 common shares (issued) to such vendor.

Marketable Securities

During the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company owns 1,750,000 common shares and has been classified as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, with changes in fair value based on market prices and the difference of \$56,375 between the fair value of the common shares at September 30, 2017 and the fair value of the shares on the date of receipt was recognized as a gain in the year.

Results of Operations

Net Gain/Loss and Operating Expenses

During the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company recorded a loss of \$120,475 or 0.00 basic and diluted loss per share, compared to \$496,561 or \$0.01 basic and diluted loss per share for the same period last year. The decrease is due to the mineral exploration recovery of \$400,000 during the period.

<u><i>For The Three Months Period Ended September 30,</i></u>	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Financial results:		
Net loss for the period	(120,475)	(496,561)
Basic and diluted gain per share	(0.00)	(0.01)
Balance sheet date		
Cash and cash equivalent	123,292	28,923
Total assets	418,470	528,281
Shareholders’ equity (deficiency)	144,599	(1,126,419)

Expenses for the period ended September 30, 2017 decreased by \$518,831 compared to the same period in 2016.

General Administrative Expenses

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Audit and Legal	7,000	11,281
Advertising, Investor Relations and Promotion	17,083	24,666
Bank Charges and Interest	29	746
Consulting	22,750	7,500
Depreciation	1,540	3,058
Exploration	288,292	820,837
Management	70,000	45,000
Office and Administration	38,976	38,512
Regulatory Fees and Transfer Agent	2,201	5,245
Travel and Accommodations	6,949	16,806
	<u>(454,820)</u>	<u>(973,651)</u>

Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
<u>Brent Property</u>		
Assay		7,603
Drilling		500,139
Geological	300	103,049
Geophysical		58,145
Equipment, Travel and Other	1,079	9,207
	<u>1,379</u>	<u>678,143</u>
<u>Gold Drop</u>		
Acquisition and staking costs	5,710	
Drilling	131,232	69,755
Geological	34,200	
Field personnel	20,100	
Equipment, Travel and Other	36,936	110
	<u>228,178</u>	<u>69,865</u>
<u>Treasure Mountain</u>		
Assay	2,735	-
Geological	-	4,725
Equipment, Travel and Other	-	3,889
	<u>2,735</u>	<u>8,614</u>
Bouleau Property-Acquisition	-	64,215
Providence Property-Acquisition	56,000	
Total Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures	<u>288,292</u>	<u>820,837</u>

- Advertising, investor relations and promotion \$17,083 (2016-\$24,666). Amounts included in advertising, investor relation and promotion are monthly investor relations fees, print and internet advertising costs, web site updates, marketing, investment and geological conference attendance fees.
- Consulting fees of \$22,750 (2016 - \$7,500), paid to companies for strategic, administrative services, project evaluation and future acquisition. Consulting fees have increased due to more business activity.
- Management comprised of \$70,000 (2016-\$45,000) of consulting fees, pursuant to the Management Consulting Agreement with the company controlled by the President and CEO of the company to perform management services for \$15,000 per month. See “Commitment” for further discussion.
- The Company incurred office and administrative expenses of \$38,976 (2016 - \$38,512). The office and administration included accounting, administration, rent, telephone, printing storage, secretarial and foreign exchange. The office and administrative expenses increased due to the increase in administrative, accounting and secretarial fees.
- Regulatory and transfer agent fees of \$2,201 (2016 - \$5,245) consisted of fees paid to regulatory bodies in Canada in connection with routine filings and filing fees for private placement.
- Travel and accommodations expenses of \$6,949 (2016-\$16,806). Management traveled to visit the Company’s properties in BC Canada and attending various geological conferences and meetings.
- The Company incurred \$288,292 (2016 - \$820,837) of exploration expenditures on the company’s Canadian BC Projects. Details of Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures see above.

Other Expenses

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Accretion on Convertible Debentures	-	(7,910)
Interest on Convertible Debentures	-	(25,000)
Mineral Exploration Property Recovery	400,000	400,000
Loss on Sale of Marketable Securities	(9,280)	-
Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Marketable Securities	(56,375)	110,000
	334,345	477,090

- Interest on Debentures of \$Nil(2016 - \$25,000), the Company is incurring interest of 10% per annum on \$1,000,000 in debentures.
- Mineral Exploration Property Recovery of \$400,000 (2016-\$400,000), payment received on a properties optioned. (See Note 5 on the Financial Statements).
- The Company recorded an unrealized loss of \$56,375 on 1,750,000 common shares owned in GGX Gold Corp. (see Note 6 of the Financial Statements)

Summary of Quarterly Reports

Results for the eight most recent quarters ending with the last quarter for the period ended June 30, 2017:

	September 30, 2017 \$	Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 \$	March 31, 2017 \$	December 31, 2016 \$
Revenue	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Net income (loss)	(120,475)	(434,580)	(486,225)	(671,750)
Basic and diluted per shares	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)

	September 30, 2016 \$	Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 \$	March 31, 2016 \$	December 31, 2015 \$
Revenue	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Net income (loss)	(496,591)	46,988	(189,644)	(935,455)
Basic and diluted per shares	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.03)

Over the last eight quarters, the Company has been exploring projects in Canada and the majority of the loss each quarter relates to the expenditures incurred in maintaining the operations of the Company and general and administrative expenses. The other main contributor to the losses is non-cash stock based compensation incurred on the grant of stock options done periodically over the last eight quarters.

Mineral exploration is typically a seasonal business, and accordingly, the Company's operating expenses and cash requirements will fluctuate depending upon the season and the level of activity. The Company's primary source of funding is through the issuance of share capital. When the capital markets are depressed, the Company's activity level normally declines accordingly. As capital markets strengthen and the Company is able to secure equity financing with favorable terms, the Company's activity levels and the size and scope of planned exploration projects will typically increase.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At September 30, 2017, the Company had cash of \$202,846 and working capital of \$154,274. All cash is deposited in interest accruing accounts.

	September 30, 2017 \$	June 30, 2017 \$
Current assets	345,110	454,768
Reclamation Bond	44,000	44,000
Property and Equipment	29,260	10,800
Total Assets	418,470	509,568
Current Liabilities	273,871	300,494
Total Liabilities	373,871	300,494
Shareholders' Equity (Deficiency)	144,599	209,074
Working Capital	71,239	154,274

The Company does not generate sufficient cash flow from operations to fund its exploration activities, its acquisitions and its administration costs. The Company is reliant on equity financing to provide the necessary cash to continue its operations.

	September 30, 2017 \$	September 30, 2016 \$
Cash used in operating activities	(157,774)	(607,767)
Cash provided by investing activities	78,220	-
Cash provided by financing activities	-	560,396
Change in cash	(79,554)	(47,371)

Transactions with Related Parties

At the Report Date, key management consists of Chris Anderson (CEO, President and a Director of the Company), Zeny Manalo (CFO of the Company) Lorne Mann, Scott Kent, Wesley Warthe-Anderson, Shervin Kent and Roy Davis (Directors of the Company). The amounts paid by the Company for the services provided by related parties have been determined by negotiation among the parties and, in certain cases, are covered by signed agreements. These transactions were in the normal course of operations. Details of transactions between the Company and related parties, in addition to those transactions disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, are described below.

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

All related party transactions were in the ordinary course of business and were measured at their exchange amount.

	September 30, 2017 \$	September 30, 2016 \$
Management Fees	70,000	45,000
Office Administration and Support Fees	14,400	11,000
	<u>76,000</u>	<u>56,000</u>

During the period ended September 30, 2016, the Company incurred \$70,000 (2015 – \$45,000) in management fees, and reimbursements of travel and other expenses to a director and officer (and a company controlled by the director) of the Company.

Commitment

On December 1, 2013, the Company entered into a three-year agreement with an officer and a director for consulting services for consideration of \$10,000 per month, plus reimbursement of all traveling and direct expenses. The rate will increase to \$15,000 per month if the Company reaches a market capitalization of \$10,000,000. In addition, the agreement stipulates payment of an annual bonus for the second and third year, such amount to be determined by the board of directors, but not to be less than \$25,000.

Contingency

In September 2017, a petition was filed against the Company and each of its directors (other than Roy Davis). The group of petitioners includes several of the same dissident shareholders who challenged, unsuccessfully, the proceedings at the company's annual general meeting held earlier this year. The outcome of the lawsuit is uncertain, and management is of the opinion that the claim has no merit.

Subsequent Event

Private Placement

The Company is announced it has arranged a non-brokered private placement of five million flow through units at a price of \$0.05 cents per unit for gross proceeds of \$250,000. Each Flow-Through Unit consists of one common share that qualifies as a “flow-through share” as defined in subsection 66(15) of the Income Tax Act and one [non-]transferable common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant will entitle the holder to purchase, for a period of 60 months from the date of issue, one additional non-flow-through common share of the Issuer at an exercise price of Cdn\$0.05 per share. The term of the warrants may be accelerated in the event that the issuer's shares trade at or above a price of \$0.10 cents per share for a period of 10 consecutive days. In such case of accelerated warrants, the issuer may give notice, in writing or by way of news release, to the subscribers that the warrants will expire 30 days from the date of providing such notice.

Off Balance Sheet Agreements

The Company has not entered into any material off-balance sheet arrangements such as guarantee contracts, contingent interests in assets transferred to unconsolidated entities, derivative instrument obligations, or with respect to any obligations under a variable interest entity arrangement.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The details of Ximen’s accounting policies are presented in Note 2 of the financial statements ended June 30, 2017. These policies are considered by management to be essential to understanding the processes and reasoning that go into the preparation of the Company’s financial statements and the uncertainties that could have a bearing on its financial results.

Changes in Accounting Policies

In preparing these interim financial statements as at September 30, 2016, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Company’s accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Risk and Uncertainties

There are no significant changes relating to the risk factors since the filing of the annual MD&A of June 30, 2017.

Capital Risk Management

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration, and development of resource properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company’s management to sustain future development of the business.

The Company manages its share capital as capital, which as at September 30, 2017, was \$16,167,136 (June 30, 2017 – \$16,111,136). Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements. There were no changes in the Company’s approach to capital management during the period ended September 30, 2017.

Management Financial Risks

The fair value of the Company's loan receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, convertible debentures, and amounts due to related parties approximate their carrying value, which is the amount recorded on the consolidated statement of financial position. The Company's other financial instruments, cash and marketable securities under the fair value hierarchy is recorded at fair value based on level one quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

a) *Credit Risk*

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. Management believes that its credit risk is not significant.

b) *Liquidity Risk*

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at June 30, 2017, the Company had a cash balance of \$123,292 to settle current liabilities of \$273,871. All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms. Management expects to fund those liabilities through the issuance of capital stock and loans from related parties over the coming year.

c) *Interest Rate Risk*

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's loans receivable and amounts due to related parties are non-interest bearing. Interest on the Company's debentures payable are based on fixed rates, and as such, the Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

d) *Foreign Currency Risk*

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations related to cash and cash equivalents and accounts payable and accrued liabilities that are denominated in U.S. Dollars. The Company's financial instruments denoted in U.S. Dollars are insignificant and any fluctuation in foreign currency exchange rates would have an insignificant impact on net loss for the year.

e) *Price Risk*

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

Forward-Looking Information

This MD&A, which contains certain forward-looking statements, are intended to provide readers with a reasonable basis for assessing the financial performance of the Company. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, are forward-looking statements. The words “believe”, “expect”, “anticipate”, “contemplate”, “target”, “plan”, “intends”, “continue”, “budget”, “estimate”, “may”, “will”, “schedule” and similar expressions identify forward looking statements. Forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon a number of estimates and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by the Company, are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies.

Management’s Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In connection with National Instrument (“NI”) 52-109 (Certification of Disclosure in Issuer’s Annual and Interim Filings) adopted in December 2008 by each of the securities commissions across Canada, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company will file a Venture Issuer Basic Certificate with respect to the financial information contained in the unaudited interim financial statements and the audited annual financial statements and respective accompanying Management’s Discussion and Analysis.

The Venture Issuer Basic Certification does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting, as defined in NI 52-109.

Additional Information in relation to the Company

Additional information relating to the Company is available:

- (a) On SEDAR at www.sedar.com
- (b) On the Company’s website at www.ximenminingcorp.com
- (c) In the Company’s annual audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Outstanding Shares

	Number	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
Common Shares (November 27, 2017)	93,616,439	n/a	n/a
Stock Options	1,750,000	0.12	April 29, 2020
Stock Options	1,000,000	0.05	February 2, 2021
Stock Options	700,000	0.15	October 5, 2021
Stock Options	1,200,000	0.12	November 22, 2021
Stock Options	1,000,000	0.10	February 16, 2019
Stock Options	1,500,000	0.09	March 20, 2019
Warrants	1,150,000	0.25	April 20, 2020
Warrants	4,260,000	0.10	August 15, 2021
Warrants	4,620,200	0.20	October 24, 2021
Warrants	81,340	0.05	December 7, 2018
Warrants	1,000,000	0.10	December 30, 2021
Warrants	17,390,629	0.05	January 4, 2019
Warrants	4,700,000	0.075	April 11, 2022
Warrants	5,435,000	0.075	April 13, 2022
Warrants	1,000,000	0.075	April 20, 2022
Agent's Warrant	115,000	0.075	April 13, 2022

Other Requirements

Additional disclosure of the Company's technical reports, material change reports, news release and other information can be obtained on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.