

A copy of this preliminary short form base shelf prospectus has been filed with the securities regulatory authorities in each of the provinces and territories of Canada but has not yet become final for the purpose of the sale of securities. Information contained in this preliminary short form base shelf prospectus may not be complete and may have to be amended. The securities may not be sold until a receipt for the final short form base shelf prospectus is obtained from the securities regulatory authorities.

This preliminary short form prospectus is a base shelf prospectus. This preliminary short form base shelf prospectus has been filed under legislation in each of the provinces and territories of Canada that permits certain information about these securities to be determined after this short form base shelf prospectus has become final and that permits the omission from this short form base shelf prospectus of that information. The legislation requires the delivery to purchasers of a prospectus supplement containing the omitted information within a specified period of time after agreeing to purchase any of these securities.

No securities regulatory authority has expressed an opinion about these securities and it is an offence to claim otherwise. This preliminary short form base shelf prospectus constitutes a public offering of these securities only in those jurisdictions where they may be lawfully offered for sale and therein only by persons permitted to sell such securities.

Information contained herein is subject to completion or amendment. This preliminary short form base shelf prospectus shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of securities in any state in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such state.

Information has been incorporated by reference in this preliminary short form base shelf prospectus from documents filed with the securities commissions or similar authorities in Canada. Copies of the documents incorporated herein by reference may be obtained on request without charge from the Corporate Secretary of Rakovina Therapeutics Inc. at 2201 – 8 Smithe Mews, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6B 0A5, telephone: (403) 6131-1453 and are also available electronically at www.sedar.com.

PRELIMINARY SHORT FORM BASE SHELF PROSPECTUS

New Issue

December 31, 2021

RAKOVINA THERAPEUTICS INC.



C\$50,000,000

Common Shares

Warrants

Subscription Receipts

Units

Debt Securities

Share Purchase Contracts

This preliminary short form base shelf prospectus (“**prospectus**”) relates to the offering for sale from time to time, during the 25-month period that this prospectus, including any amendments hereto, remains effective, of the securities of Rakovina Therapeutics Inc. (the “**Company**”, “**Rakovina**”, “**we**” or “**our**”) listed above in one or more series or issuances, with a total offering price of such securities, in the aggregate, of up to C\$50,000,000. The securities may be offered separately or together, in amounts, at prices and on terms to be determined based on market conditions at the time of the sale and set forth in an accompanying prospectus supplement.

In addition, the securities may be offered and issued in consideration for the acquisition of other businesses, assets or securities by the Company or a subsidiary of the Company. The consideration for any such acquisition may consist of any of the securities separately, a combination of securities or any combination of, among other things, securities, cash and the assumption of liabilities.

The common shares of the Company (the “**Common Shares**”) are listed and posted for trading on the TSX Venture Exchange (the “**TSX-V**”) under the symbol “**RKV**”. On December 30, 2021, being the last complete trading day prior to the date hereof, the closing price of the Common Shares on the TSX-V was \$0.20. Unless otherwise specified in an applicable prospectus supplement, debt securities, subscription receipts, units, warrants and share purchase contracts will not be listed on any securities or stock exchange or on any automated dealer quotation system. **There is currently no market through which our securities, other than our Common Shares, may be sold and purchasers may not be able to resell such securities purchased under this prospectus. This may affect the pricing of our securities, other than our Common Shares, in the secondary market, the transparency and availability of trading prices, the liquidity of our securities and the extent of issuer regulation. See “Risk Factors”.**

Acquiring our securities may subject you to tax consequences in Canada. This prospectus or any applicable prospectus supplement may not describe these tax consequences fully. You should read the tax discussion in any applicable prospectus supplement with respect to any particular offering and consult your own tax advisor with respect to your own particular circumstances.

No underwriter has been involved in the preparation of this prospectus or performed any review of the contents of this prospectus.

This prospectus constitutes a public offering of the securities only in those jurisdictions where they may be lawfully offered for sale and only by persons permitted to sell the securities in such jurisdiction. All applicable information permitted under securities legislation to be omitted from this prospectus that has been so omitted will be contained in one or more prospectus supplements that will be delivered to purchasers together with this prospectus. Each prospectus supplement will be incorporated by reference into this prospectus for the purposes of securities legislation as of the date of the prospectus supplement and only for the purposes of the distribution of the securities to which the prospectus supplement pertains. You should read this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement carefully before you invest in any securities issued pursuant to this prospectus.

Our securities may be sold pursuant to this prospectus through underwriters or dealers or directly or through agents designated from time to time at amounts and prices and other terms determined by us. In connection with any underwritten offering of securities, excluding an “at-the-market distribution” as defined in National Instrument 44-102 - *Shelf Distributions* (an “**ATM Distribution**”), the underwriters may over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market price of the securities offered. Such transactions, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time. No underwriter of an ATM Distribution, and no person or company acting jointly or in concert with an underwriter, may, in connection with the distribution, enter into any transaction that is intended to stabilize or maintain the market price of the securities or securities of the same class as the securities distributed under the ATM Distribution prospectus, including selling an aggregate number or principal amount of securities that would result in the underwriter creating an over-allocation position in the securities. See “*Plan of Distribution*”.

A prospectus supplement will set out the names of any underwriters, dealers or agents involved in the sale of our securities, the amounts, if any, to be purchased by underwriters, the plan of distribution for such securities, including the net proceeds we expect to receive from the sale of such securities, if any, the amounts and prices at which such securities are sold and the compensation of such underwriters, dealers or agents.

Investment in the securities being offered is highly speculative and involves significant risks that you should consider before purchasing such securities. You should carefully review the risks outlined in this prospectus (including any prospectus supplement) and in the documents incorporated by reference as well as the information under the heading “*Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements*” and consider such risks and information in connection with an investment in the securities. See “*Risk Factors*”.

Dr. Dennis Brown, a director of the Company, resides outside of Canada and has appointed Blakes Vancouver Services Inc., c/o Blake, Cassels & Graydon LLP, 595 Burrard Street, P.O. Box 49314, Suite 2600, Three Bentall Centre, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V7X 1L3 as the agent for service of process in Canada. Purchasers are advised that it may not be possible for investors to enforce judgments obtained in Canada against any person or company that is incorporated, continued or otherwise organized under the laws of a foreign jurisdiction or resides outside of Canada, even if the party has appointed an agent for service of process. See “*Agent for Service of Process*”.

The specific terms of the securities with respect to a particular offering will be set out in one or more prospectus supplements and may include, where applicable: (i) in the case of Common Shares, the number of Common Shares offered, the offering price and any other specific terms; (ii) in the case of warrants, the offering price, the designation, number and terms of the Common Shares or debt securities issuable upon exercise of the warrants, any procedures that will result in the adjustment of these numbers, the exercise price, dates and periods of exercise, the currency in which the warrants are issued and any other specific terms; (iii) in the case of subscription receipts, the number of subscription receipts being offered, the offering price, the procedures for the exchange of the subscription receipts for Common Shares, debt securities or warrants, as the case may be, and any other specific terms; (iv) in the case of debt securities, the specific designation, the aggregate principal amount, the currency or the currency unit for the debt securities being offered, the maturity, the interest provisions, the authorized denominations, the offering price, the covenants, the events of default, any terms for redemption or retraction, any exchange or conversion terms, whether the debt securities are secured, affiliate-guaranteed, senior or subordinated and any other terms specific to the debt securities being offered; (v) in the case of units, the designation, number and terms of the Common Shares, warrants, subscription receipts, share purchase contracts or debt securities comprising the units; and (vi) in the case of share purchase contracts, whether the share purchase contracts obligate the holder to purchase or sell or both purchase and sell Common Shares, whether the share purchase contracts are to be prepaid or not or paid in instalments, any conditions upon which the purchase or sale will be contingent and the consequences if such conditions are not satisfied, whether the share purchase contracts are to be settled by delivery, any provisions relating to the settlement of the share purchase contracts, the date or dates on which the sale or purchase must be made and whether the share purchase contracts will be issued in fully registered or global form. Where required by statute, regulation or policy, and where securities are offered in currencies other than Canadian dollars, appropriate disclosure of foreign exchange rates applicable to the securities will be included in the prospectus supplement describing the securities.

Investors should rely only on the information contained in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement. We have not authorized anyone to provide investors with different information. Information contained on our website shall not be deemed to be a part of this prospectus (including any applicable prospectus supplement) or incorporated by reference herein and should not be relied upon by prospective investors for the purpose of determining whether to invest in the securities. We will not make an offer of these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. Investors should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the face page of this prospectus, the date of any applicable prospectus supplement or the date of any documents incorporated by reference herein.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement and on the other information included in the registration statement of which this prospectus will form a part. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different or additional information. If anyone provides you with different or additional information, you should not rely on it. We are not making an offer to sell or seeking an offer to buy the securities offered pursuant to this prospectus in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information contained in this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement is accurate only as of the date on the front of such document and that information contained in any document incorporated by reference is accurate only as of the date of that document, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or any applicable prospectus supplement or of any sale of our securities pursuant thereto. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since those dates.

Market data and certain industry forecasts used in this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement, and the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement, were obtained from market research, publicly available information and industry publications. We believe that these sources are generally reliable, but the accuracy and completeness of this information is not guaranteed. We have not independently verified such information, and we do not make any representation as to the accuracy of such information.

In this prospectus and in any prospectus supplement, unless the context otherwise requires, references to “we”, “us”, “our” or similar terms, as well as references to “Rakovina” or the “Company”, refer to Rakovina Therapeutics Inc. together, where context requires, with our subsidiaries.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The Company cautions readers regarding forward-looking statements found in this prospectus (including the documents incorporated by reference herein) and in any other statement made by, or on the behalf of the Company.

Except for statements of historical fact, information contained in this prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference herein, constitutes “forward-looking information” and “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of applicable securities laws. Such forward-looking information and forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

- the initiation, timing, cost, progress and success of our research and development programs;
- our ability to safely dose and re-dose, formulate and develop drug candidates;
- our ability and our partners’ and potential future partners’ ability to advance product candidates into, and successfully complete, clinical trials;
- the expected therapeutic benefits, effectiveness and safety of our product candidates, including our belief that our approach may reduce the risk, time and cost of developing therapeutics by avoiding some of the uncertainty associated with certain research and pre-clinical stages of drug development;
- our ability to obtain marketing approval for any of our products;
- our ability to obtain funding for our operations, including funding for research and commercial activities;
- our ability to achieve profitability;
- our ability to establish and maintain relationships with collaborators with acceptable development, regulatory and commercialization expertise and the benefits to be derived from such collaborative efforts;
- our ability to enter into agreements or partnerships with pharmaceutical or biotechnology companies that have sales and marketing capabilities, which will enable us to increase our returns from our product candidates or to further accelerate development of our product candidates;
- the manufacturing capacity of third-party manufacturers for our product candidates;
- the implementation of our business model and strategic plans;
- our ability to protect our intellectual property and operate our business without infringing upon the intellectual property rights of others;
- our expectations regarding federal, provincial and foreign regulatory requirements;

- the timing of, and our ability and our collaborator's ability, and the costs of obtaining and maintaining, regulatory approvals in the United States, Canada and other jurisdictions for our product candidates;
- the rate and degree of market acceptance and clinical utility of our future products, if any;
- our expectations regarding market risk, including interest rate changes and foreign currency fluctuations;
- our ability to engage and retain the consultants or employees required to grow our business;
- the compensation that is expected to be paid to consultants or employees of the Company;
- our future financial performance and projected expenditures;
- developments relating to our competitors and our industry, including the success of competing therapies that are or become available;
- our expectations regarding the kt-2000 series, kt-3000 series and kt-4000 series candidates;
- the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's operations;
- our expectations regarding the size and growth of the cancer therapeutics and PARP-inhibitor markets; and
- estimates of our expenses, future revenue, capital requirements and our needs for additional financing.

Forward-looking information and forward-looking statements are often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "seek", "anticipate", "plan", "continue", "planned", "expect", "project", "predict", "potential", "targeting", "intends", "believe", and similar expressions, or describes a "goal", or variation of such words and phrases or states that certain actions, events or results "may", "should", "could", "would", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved.

Forward-looking statements and forward-looking information are not guarantees of future performance and are based upon a number of estimates and assumptions of management at the date the statements are made, including among other things:

- obtaining positive results of non-clinical research and human clinical trials;
- obtaining regulatory approvals;
- assumptions regarding general business and economic conditions;
- assumptions regarding the cost and timing of any preclinical research study or human clinical trials;
- the COVID-19 pandemic not having a material impact on our operations;
- that the Company's current positive relationships with third parties will be maintained;
- the availability of financing on reasonable terms;
- the Company's ability to attract and retain skilled consultants;
- assumptions regarding market competition;
- the products and technology offered by the Company's competitors; and
- the Company's ability to protect patents and proprietary rights.

Many of these assumptions are inherently subject to significant business, social, economic, political, regulatory, competitive and other risks and uncertainties, contingencies, and other factors that are not within the control of the Company and could cause actual performance, achievements, actions, events, results or conditions to be materially different from those projected in the forward-looking statements and forward-looking information.

Such forward-looking statements and forward-looking information involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking information, including, without limitation, the following:

- the Company has never generated revenue from product sales;
- the Company will require substantial additional financing, which may not be available on acceptable terms, or at all;
- if the Company is unable to advance its current or future product candidates through clinical trials, obtain marketing approval and ultimately commercialize any product candidates it develops, or experiences significant delays in doing so, its business will be materially harmed;

- the Company's preclinical programs may experience delays or may never advance to clinical trials, which would adversely affect its ability to obtain regulatory approvals or commercialize these programs on a timely basis or at all, which would have an adverse effect on its business;
- if the Company is ultimately unable to obtain regulatory approval for its product candidates, its business will be substantially harmed;
- the Company may experience delays in completing, or ultimately be unable to complete, the development and commercialization of our current and future product candidates;
- the results of preclinical studies and early-stage clinical trials may not be predictive of future results;
- the Company faces risks related to health epidemics and other outbreaks, which could significantly disrupt its operations and/or business;
- if the Company encounters difficulties enrolling patients in its clinical trials, its clinical development activities could be delayed or otherwise be adversely affected;
- the Company's current or future product candidates may cause undesirable side effects or have other properties when used alone or in combination with other approved products or investigational new drugs that could halt their clinical development, prevent their marketing approval, limit their commercial potential or result in significant negative consequences;
- the marketing approval process is expensive, time-consuming and uncertain and may prevent the Company or its potential future collaboration partners from obtaining approvals for the commercialization of any product candidate it develops;
- if the Company receives marketing approval of a product candidate, it will be subject to ongoing regulatory obligations and continued regulatory review, which may result in significant additional expense and it may be subject to penalties if it fails to comply with regulatory requirements or experience unanticipated problems with its products, if approved;
- even if a current or future product candidate receives marketing approval, it may fail to achieve the degree of market acceptance by physicians, patients, third-party payors and others in the medical community necessary for commercial success;
- the market opportunities for any current or future product candidate the Company develops, if and when approved, may be limited to those patients who are ineligible for established therapies or for whom prior therapies have failed, and may be small;
- the Company may develop its product candidates in combination with other therapies, which exposes it to additional risks;
- we face significant competition and if our competitors develop and market products that are more effective, safer or less expensive than the product candidates we develop, our commercial opportunities will be negatively impacted;
- even if we are able to commercialize any product candidates, such products may become subject to unfavorable pricing regulations or third-party coverage and reimbursement policies, which would harm our business;
- we may not be successful in our efforts to identify or discover other product candidates and may fail to capitalize on programs or product candidates that may present a greater commercial opportunity or for which there is a greater likelihood of success;
- we may seek Breakthrough Therapy Designation by the FDA for a product candidate that we develop, and we may be unsuccessful;
- we may seek Fast Track Designation by the FDA for a product candidate that we develop, and we may be unsuccessful;
- we may seek Orphan Drug Designation for product candidates we develop, and we may be unsuccessful or may be unable to maintain the benefits associated with Orphan Drug Designation, including the potential for market exclusivity;
- we are subject to certain, Canadian, U.S. and international anti-corruption, anti-money laundering, export control, sanctions, and other Trade Laws (as defined below) and regulations, and can face serious consequences for violations;
- if we fail to comply with environmental, health and safety laws and regulations, we could become subject to fines or penalties or incur costs that could have a material adverse effect on the success of our business;

- we may seek to establish additional collaborations, and, if we are not able to establish them on commercially reasonable terms, we may have to alter our development and commercialization plans;
- our future collaborators may control aspects of our clinical trials, which could result in delays or other obstacles in the commercialization of the product candidates we develop;
- if conflicts arise between us and our collaborators or strategic partners, these parties may act in a manner adverse to us and could limit our ability to implement our strategies;
- reliance on third parties to conduct our planned clinical trials for our product candidates we develop;
- intellectual property is critical to our business and our success, in part, depends on our ability to maintain, protect, and expand our portfolio of intellectual property rights;
- our ability to obtain and maintain sufficiently broad patent protection;
- the intellectual property landscape in the field of oncology therapeutics is crowded, and third parties may initiate legal proceedings alleging that we are infringing, misappropriating, or otherwise violating their intellectual property rights, the outcome of which would be uncertain and could have a material adverse effect on the success of our business;
- our development and commercialization rights to our current and future product candidates and technology may be subject, in part, to the terms and conditions of licenses granted to us by others;
- we are highly dependent on our key personnel, and if we are not successful in attracting, motivating and retaining highly qualified personnel, we may not be able to successfully implement our business strategy;
- our employees, independent contractors, vendors, principal investigators, CROs and consultants may engage in misconduct or other improper activities, including non-compliance with regulatory standards and requirements and insider trading;
- global financial conditions;
- the price of our common stock has experienced volatility and may be subject to fluctuation in the future based on market conditions;
- our shareholders may experience significant dilution from future sales of our securities;
- we will have broad discretion over the use of the net proceeds of an offering of our securities and we may not use these proceeds in a manner desired by our shareholders;
- we may be subject to securities litigation, which is expensive and could divert management attention;
- we have never paid dividends on our common shares, and do not anticipate paying dividends in the foreseeable future;
- there is no assurance of a sufficient liquid trading market for the Company's Common Shares in the future;
- there is currently no market through which our securities, other than our Common Shares, may be sold;
- the debt securities will be unsecured and will rank equally in right of payment with all of our future unsecured debt;
- if equity research analysts do not publish research or reports about our business, or if they issue unfavorable commentary or downgrade our common shares, the price of our common shares could decline; and
- sales by existing shareholders can reduce share prices.

This list is not exhaustive of the factors that may affect any of our forward-looking statements. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events, results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements and forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause actions, events, results, performance or achievements not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements or information will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements.

Forward-looking statements are statements about the future and are inherently uncertain, and our actual achievements or other future events or conditions may differ materially from those reflected in the forward-looking statements due to a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors, including, without limitation, those referred to in this prospectus under the heading "*Risk Factors*" and in the Company's 2020 AIF (as defined below). Accordingly, readers and investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The Company does not intend to update forward-looking statements, except as required by law.

CURRENCY AND EXCHANGE RATE INFORMATION

In this prospectus and any prospectus supplement, unless otherwise indicated, all dollar amounts and references to “C\$” or “\$” are to Canadian dollars.

The following table sets forth (a) the rate of exchange for the Canadian dollar, expressed in U.S. dollars, in effect at the end of the periods indicated; (b) the average exchange rates for the Canadian dollar, expressed in U.S. dollars, during such periods; and (c) the high and low exchange rates for the Canadian dollar, expressed in U.S. dollars, during such periods, each based on the daily average exchange rate as reported by the Bank of Canada for conversion of Canadian dollars into U.S. dollars:

	C\$ to US\$					
	Nine Months Ended September 30		Six Months Ended December 31		Year Ended June 30	
	2021	2020	2020	2019	2020	2019
Period End	0.7849	0.7497	0.7854	0.7699	0.7338	0.7641
Average	0.7994	0.7391	0.7592	0.7575	0.7453	0.7556
High	0.8306	0.7710	0.7863	0.7699	0.7710	0.7811
Low	0.7778	0.6898	0.7344	0.7495	0.6898	0.7330

The daily average exchange rate on December 30, 2021, as reported by the Bank of Canada for the conversion of Canadian dollars into United States dollars was C\$1.00 equals US\$0.7827.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Information has been incorporated by reference in this prospectus from documents filed with the securities commissions or similar authorities in Canada.

Copies of the documents incorporated herein by reference may be obtained on request without charge from the Corporate Secretary of the Company at 2201 – 8 Smithe Mews, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6B 0A5, telephone: (403) 613-1453 and are also available electronically under the Company’s profile on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. The Company’s filings through SEDAR are not incorporated by reference in the prospectus except as specifically set out herein.

The following documents, filed with the securities commissions in each of the provinces and territories of Canada are specifically incorporated by reference into, and form an integral part of, this prospectus:

- annual information form for the year ended June 30, 2020, dated June 30, 2021 (the “**2020 AIF**”);
- audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2020, together with the notes thereto and the report of the independent auditors thereon;
- management’s discussion and analysis of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2020 (the “**Annual MD&A**”);
- the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the three and six months ended December 31, 2020, and as at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, together with the notes thereto;
- management’s discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the three and six months ended December 31, 2020 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 (the “**Interim MD&A**”);
- material change report filed on September 4, 2020 announcing the definitive agreement dated August 28, 2020 with NewGen Therapeutics, Inc.;
- material change report filed on March 31, 2021 announcing the closing of the Company’s qualifying transaction (the “**Qualifying Transaction**”);
- material change report filed on April 8, 2021 announcing the appointment of Julie M. Cherrington to the Company’s board of directors;

- management information circular of the Company dated June 4, 2021 prepared for the purposes of the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Company held on June 29, 2021; and
- material change report filed on November 24, 2021 announcing the resignation of Julie M. Cherrington from the board of directors of the Company.

Any documents of the type described in Section 11.1 of Form 44-101F1 – Short Form Prospectus filed by the Company with a securities commission or similar authority in any province or territory of Canada subsequent to the date of this prospectus and prior to the expiry of this prospectus, or the completion of the issuance of securities pursuant hereto, will be deemed to be incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

A prospectus supplement containing the specific terms of any offering of our securities will be delivered to purchasers of our securities together with this prospectus and will be deemed to be incorporated by reference in this prospectus as of the date of the prospectus supplement and only for the purposes of the offering of our securities to which that prospectus supplement pertains.

Any statement contained in this prospectus or in a document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference in this prospectus will be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus to the extent that a statement contained herein, in any prospectus supplement hereto or in any other subsequently filed document that also is or is deemed to be incorporated by reference herein modifies or supersedes such statement. The modifying or superseding statement need not state that it has modified or superseded a prior statement or include any other information set forth in the document that it modifies or supersedes. The making of a modifying or superseding statement is not to be deemed an admission for any purposes that the modified or superseded statement, when made, constituted a misrepresentation, an untrue statement of a material fact or an omission to state a material fact that is required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances in which it was made. Any statement so modified or superseded will not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this prospectus.

Any template version of any “marketing materials” (as such term is defined in NI 44-101 *Short Form Prospectus Distributions*) filed after the date of a prospectus supplement and before the termination of the distribution of the securities offered pursuant to such prospectus supplement (together with this prospectus) is deemed to be incorporated by reference in such prospectus supplement.

Upon our filing of a new annual information form and the related annual financial statements and management’s discussion and analysis with applicable securities regulatory authorities during the currency of this prospectus, the previous annual information form, the previous annual financial statements and management’s discussion and analysis and all interim financial statements, supplemental information, material change reports and information circulars filed prior to the commencement of our financial year in which the new annual information form is filed will be deemed no longer to be incorporated into this prospectus for purposes of future offers and sales of our securities under this prospectus. Upon interim consolidated financial statements and the accompanying management’s discussion and analysis being filed by us with the applicable securities regulatory authorities during the duration of this prospectus, all interim consolidated financial statements and the accompanying management’s discussion and analysis filed prior to the new interim consolidated financial statements shall be deemed no longer to be incorporated into this prospectus for purposes of future offers and sales of securities under this prospectus.

References to our website in any documents that are incorporated by reference into this prospectus do not incorporate by reference the information on such website into this prospectus, and we disclaim any such incorporation by reference.

THE COMPANY

The following description of the Company is, in some instances, derived from selected information about us contained in the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus. This description does not contain all of the information about us and our properties and business that you should consider before investing in any securities. You should carefully read the entire prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement, including the section entitled “Risk Factors”, as well as the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement, before making an investment decision.

Name, Address and Incorporation

The Company was incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia) on May 6, 2019 under the name “Vincero Capital Corp.” Prior to completing the Qualifying Transaction on March 25, 2021, the Company listed its shares on the TSX-V as a capital pool company (“**CPC**”) (as defined in the TSX-V Policy 2.4 – *Capital Pool Companies*) on February 7, 2020. As a capital pool company, the Company had no assets other than cash and did not carry on any operations.

On March 25, 2021, the Company announced that, pursuant to a business combination agreement dated August 28, 2020, as amended from time to time (the “**Business Combination Agreement**”), between the Company and NewGen Therapeutics, Inc. (“**NewGen**”), the Company had completed the Qualifying Transaction. The Qualifying Transaction was effected by way of a “three-cornered” amalgamation, in which: (a) a subsidiary of NewGen (“**Subco**”) was to amalgamate with a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (“**Vincero Subco**”) to form an amalgamated company (“**Amalco**”); (b) all issued and outstanding shares of the Subco were exchanged for shares of the Company on a 1:1 basis; (c) all issued and outstanding warrants of the Subco were replaced by warrants of the Company on the same terms; and (d) Amalco became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company under the name “Rakovina Research Ltd.”. The Qualifying Transaction was a reverse-takeover of the Company and upon completion thereof, the Company changed its name to “Rakovina Therapeutics Inc.”. On April 1, 2021 following the completion of the Qualifying Transaction, the Common Shares resumed trading on the TSX-V under the symbol “RKV”. The Company’s first financial year-end subsequent to the completion of the Qualifying Transaction is December 31, 2021. A Notice of Change in Corporate Structure was filed by the Company on March 31, 2021. For more information on the Qualifying Transaction, please refer to the filing statement of the Company dated March 17, 2021 available under the Company’s profile at www.sedar.com.

Following completion of the Qualifying Transaction, the Company continued to conduct the biotechnology business previously conducted by Subco until March 23, 2021, when Subco and a subsidiary of the Company were amalgamated, with Amalco being the successor entity. The Company’s head office and registered and records office is located at 2201 - 8 Smithe Mews, Vancouver, British Columbia V6B 0A5.

Intercorporate Relationships

The following chart illustrates the Company's significant subsidiaries, including the jurisdiction of incorporation of each company and its properties and/or assets:



⁽¹⁾ The Company is the registered owner of 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of Rakovina Research Ltd., a corporation incorporated under the laws of British Columbia.

Business of the Company

We are a Canadian biotechnology company with a vision to transform and extend the lives of patients with cancer. Our approach centers on researching and developing new precision medicines targeting critical DNA damage response (“**DDR**”) mutations that are the hallmarks of many cancers.¹ We are principally focused on the research and development of the kt-2000 series of PARP-inhibitors, acquired pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement.

We have acquired certain rights to three classes of novel preclinical small-molecule drug candidates with established proof-of-concept data. We have acquired worldwide rights, excluding the People’s Republic of China, Hong Kong and Taiwan, to develop and commercialize the kt-2000 series under the terms of the purchase and patent assignment agreement dated March 19, 2021 between Subco and NewGen (the “**Contribution Agreement**”). We have also been granted an exclusive option to the kt-3000 and kt-4000 series under the terms of the evaluation and option agreement (the “**Evaluation and Option Agreement**”) dated October 30, 2020 between Subco and their inventor, Dr. Wang Shen, under which we will evaluate the potential commercial value of the kt-3000 and kt-4000 series drug candidates prior to negotiating terms of an exclusive worldwide license to or acquisition of the kt-3000 and kt-4000 drug candidates. We established this pipeline of assets with the goal of advancing one or more drug candidates into human clinical trials. Based on the results of future clinical trials, we hope to obtain regulatory marketing approval for new cancer therapeutics from Health Canada, the FDA and similar international regulatory agencies.

Our initial research focus seeks to address the challenge of PARP-inhibitor treatment resistance by focusing our drug development efforts across three key areas:

1. novel, next-generation PARP-inhibitor candidates with improved pharmacokinetics and biodistribution, especially to the brain;
2. novel drug candidates that synergistically target multiple DDR pathways implicated in treatment resistance; and

¹ Das, *Front. Oncol.* (2019)

3. novel drug candidates that generate tumor-specific DNA damage and also inhibit specific DDR mechanisms.

As part of this strategy, we acquired certain rights to three novel series of small-molecule drug candidates with initial proof of concept data established. We have acquired worldwide rights, excluding the Peoples Republic of China, Hong Kong and Taiwan, to develop and commercialize the kt-2000 series under the terms of the Contribution Agreement. We have also been granted an exclusive option to the kt-3000 and kt-4000 series under the terms of an Evaluation and Option Agreement with their inventor, Dr. Wang Shen. As we advance our research efforts, we will also aim to establish new understandings of DDR mechanisms that could unlock further discoveries including potential opportunities for the licensing or acquisition of additional drug candidates, leading to potential new treatment paradigms.

DDR-mutations are the hallmarks of many cancers and are involved in tumor formation and the development of treatment resistance. Our approach will be to leverage our current knowledge of DDR to initially focus on target markets where PARP-inhibitors have been approved for treatment by the FDA including, but not limited to, breast ovarian and prostate cancer. As our research and development efforts progress, we will also aim to establish new understandings of DDR mechanisms that could unlock further discoveries leading to potential new therapeutic opportunities across a range of major and rare cancers.

Breast Cancer

We are seeking to optimize our kt-2000 series PARP-inhibitors to treat DDR-mutant cancers with high risk of central nervous system metastasis. We are researching how our kt-3000 and kt-4000 series drug candidates target recurrent and treatment-resistant cancers, including triple-negative breast cancer.

Ovarian Cancer

We intend to screen our kt-2000 series PARP-inhibitors against treatment-resistant ovarian cancer phenotypes to identify unique properties that may allow treatment of tumors that have become resistant to currently available therapies. Our kt-3000 and kt-4000 series drug candidates combine two important anti-tumor mechanisms in a single molecule potentially reducing the toxicity associated with multi-drug combinations. We plan to screen the kt-3000 and kt-4000 series drug candidates against ovarian cancer subtypes that are inherently resistant or have become resistant to treatment.

Prostate Cancer

We plan to screen its kt-2000, kt-3000 and kt-4000 series PARP inhibitors against pancreatic cancer phenotypes to identify unique biomarkers in patients whose pancreatic cancer harbors specific mutations and are unlikely to respond to or have become resistant to current treatment regimens.

Further information regarding the business of the Company or its operations can be found in the 2020 AIF and the other documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus. See “*Documents Incorporated by Reference*”.

For additional information with respect to the Company’s business, operations and financial condition, refer to its Interim MD&A, 2020 AIF and Annual MD&A, available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Recent Developments

In September 2020, NewGen incorporated Subco to facilitate the Qualifying Transaction pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement.

In November 2020, Subco acquired certain rights to the kt-3000 and kt-400 series of drug candidates. These rights have subsequently been acquired by us in the Qualifying Transaction.

In December 2020, Subco entered into a collaborative research agreement dated December 23, 2020 (the “**UBC Collaborative Research Agreement**”) with the University of British Columbia (“**UBC**”) to enable the conduct of lead optimization activities in a dedicated laboratory at UBC. The rights and obligations under the UBC Collaborative Research Agreement have been assumed by us in the Qualifying Transaction.

In connection with the Business Combination Agreement, the Company incorporated Vincero Subco which amalgamated with Subco to form Amalco (the “**Amalgamation**”), pursuant to which all the outstanding shares of Vincero Subco and Subco were cancelled. The Company acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of Amalco and each holder of Subco shares acquired one Common Share for every share of Subco held prior to the Amalgamation. Additionally, every Subco common share purchase warrant was exchanged for a common share purchase warrant of the Company. The terms of payment and consideration in the Business Combination Agreement were determined pursuant to arm’s length negotiations between management of each of the Company and NewGen.

On April 5, 2021, the Company announced the appointment of Julie Cherrington, PhD to our board of directors. Dr. Cherrington is an accomplished life science executive with a record of demonstrated success in advancing drug candidates into human clinical trials and through to commercialization. She has been a key contributor to the successful development of multiple U.S. Food and Drug Administration (“**FDA**”) approved products, including the anti-cancer agents SUTENT® and PALLADIA® and the ant-viral agents VISTIDE®, VIREAD®, and HEPSERA®. On November 23, 2021, Dr. Cherrington resigned from the board of directors of the Company and transitioned to the Company’s Scientific Advisory Board due to increasing responsibilities in the United States and challenges associated with travel to Canada during the pandemic. Rakovina Therapeutics continues to benefit from Dr. Cherrington’s expertise as a member of the Company’s Scientific Advisory Board.

On April 8, 2021, the Company announced that the European and Canadian Patent Offices had granted patents entitled “Tricyclic Inhibitors of Poly(ADP-Ribose) Polymerase”. The granted patent claims cover the composition of matter and uses of drug candidates from the Company’s kt-2000 series, one of three novel series of DNA-damage response inhibitors being researched by the Company as potential targeted cancer therapies under of the UBC Collaborative Research Agreement.

On April 29, 2021, the Company announced the formation of the inaugural Scientific Advisory Board made up of experts in biology, medicinal chemistry and pharmacology. The Scientific Advisory Board will contribute to Rakovina Therapeutics’ development of new cancer treatments informed by the latest scientific research, and practical and clinical perspectives. Under the advisement of the Scientific Advisory Board, made up of world-class experts who have been directly involved in the successful development of multiple lifesaving cancer treatments, the Company aims to develop innovative therapies for a range of cancer indications. The inaugural members of the Scientific Advisory Board include Dennis Brown, PhD, Leonard Post, PhD, Neil Sankar, MD and Wang Shen, PhD. Dr. Julie Cherrington, PhD subsequently joined the Scientific Advisory Board.

On June 23, 2021, the Company presented to potential interested investors at the 2021 Emerging Growth Conference.

On September 16, 2021, the Company delivered a video presentation at the inaugural JCA-AACR Precision Medicine Conference. Data presented at the conference demonstrated that select compounds from the Company’s kt-3000 series exhibit strong inhibition of both poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase (PARP) and histone deacetylase (HDAC) in a single molecule and that activity at each target is comparable to FDA-approved single-target PARP or HDAC inhibitors.

On October 7, 2021, the Company received notice of allowance from the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO). The allowed claims cover composition of matter and uses of the Company’s kt-2000 series.

On October 12, 2021, the Company announced a summary of data delivered in a video presentation at the 2021 AACR-NCI-EORTC Virtual International Conference on Molecular Targets and Cancer Therapeutics entitled *In vitro* Activity of Novel kt-3000 Series Dual PARP-HDAC Inhibitors.

On November 11, 2021, the Company announced presentation of data related to lead optimization research related to its novel kt-3000 series drug candidates at the 6th biennial Canadian Cancer Research Conference.

On December 21, 2021, the Company announced the receipt of non-dilutive research funding from the Canadian National Research Counsel of Canada Industrial Research Assistance Program (NRC-IRAP) and MITACS to support the development of new research infrastructure for screening and optimization of potential drug candidates from the Company of novel DNA-damage response inhibitors and to expand staffing.

RISK FACTORS

*Investing in our securities is speculative and involves a high degree of risk due to the nature of our business and the present stage of its development. The following risk factors, as well as risks currently unknown to us, could materially and adversely affect our future business, operations and financial condition and could cause them to differ materially from the estimates described in forward-looking statements relating to the Company, or its business, property or financial results, each of which could cause purchasers of our securities to lose part or all of their investment. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face; risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial may also materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. You should also refer to the other information set forth or incorporated by reference in this prospectus or any applicable prospectus supplement, including our 2020 AIF, annual and interim financial statements, and the related notes, as well as our annual and interim management's discussion and analysis. **A prospective investor should carefully consider the risk factors set out below along with the other matters set out or incorporated by reference in this prospectus.***

Risks Related to Our Business

Company has never generated revenue from product sales. The Company expects to incur losses for at least the next several years and may never achieve or maintain profitability.

To date, the Company has devoted substantially all of its resources to organizing and staffing its company, business planning, raising capital, acquiring and discovering development programs, securing related intellectual property rights and conducting discovery, research and development activities for our research programs. As a result, the Company has not yet demonstrated its ability to successfully complete any clinical trials, including pivotal clinical trials, obtain marketing approvals, manufacture a commercial-scale product, or arrange for a third party to do so on our behalf, or conduct sales and marketing activities necessary for successful product commercialization. The Company expects that it will be several years, if ever, before it has a commercialized product. The Company expects to incur significant expenses and operating losses for the foreseeable future. The net losses the Company incurs may fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter. In addition, the Company anticipates that expenses associated with the PARP Inhibitor Program Technology will increase substantially if the Company:

- identifies lead candidates for advancement into preclinical and clinical development;
- undertakes pivotal preclinical toxicology studies with lead candidates;
- undertakes current Good Manufacturing Practice (“cGMP”) manufacturing of lead candidates;
- pursues the clinical development of product candidates;
- seeks regulatory approvals for any product candidates that successfully complete clinical trials;
- expands its operational, financial and management systems and increase personnel, including personnel to support its research, clinical development, manufacturing and commercialization efforts and its operations as a public company;
- maintain, expand and protect its intellectual property portfolio;
- establish a sales, marketing, medical affairs and distribution infrastructure to commercialize any products for which it may obtain marketing approval and intend to commercialize on its own or jointly; and
- acquire or in-license other product candidates and technologies.

To become and remain profitable, the Company or any potential future collaborator must develop and eventually commercialize products with significant market potential. This will require the Company to be successful in a range of challenging activities, including completing preclinical studies and clinical trials, obtaining marketing approval for

product candidates, manufacturing, marketing and selling products for which the Company may obtain marketing approval and satisfying any post-marketing requirements. The Company may never succeed in any or all of these activities and, even if it does, it may never generate revenue that is significant or large enough to achieve profitability. If the Company does achieve profitability, it may not be able to sustain or increase profitability on a quarterly or annual basis. The Company's failure to become and remain profitable would decrease its value and could impair its ability to raise capital, maintain its research and development efforts, expand its business, or continue its operations. A decline in the value of the Company also could cause an investor to lose all or part of its investment in the Company.

The Company will require substantial additional financing, which may not be available on acceptable terms, or at all. A failure to obtain this necessary capital when needed could force the Company to delay, limit, reduce or terminate our research activities, product development or commercialization efforts.

The Company's operations consume substantial amounts of cash. The Company expects to spend substantial amounts to continue the preclinical and clinical development of its current and future programs. If the Company is able to gain marketing approval for product candidates that it develops, the Company will require significant additional amounts of cash in order to launch and commercialize such product candidates to the extent that such launch and commercialization are not the responsibility a collaborator that the Company may contract with in the future. In addition, other unanticipated costs may arise. Because the design and outcome of the Company's planned and anticipated clinical trials is highly uncertain, the Company cannot reasonably estimate the actual amounts necessary to successfully complete the development and commercialization of any product candidate the Company develops.

The Company's future capital requirements depend on many factors, including:

- the scope, progress, results and costs of researching and developing the Company's product candidates and programs, and of conducting preclinical studies and clinical trials;
- the timing of, and the costs involved in, obtaining marketing approvals for the product candidates the Company develops, if clinical trials are successful;
- the establishment and success of collaborators that the Company may contract with in the future;
- the cost of commercialization activities for any product candidates the Company develops;
- the cost of manufacturing the Company's product candidates;
- the Company's ability to establish and maintain strategic collaboration, licensing or other arrangements and the financial terms of such agreements;
- the costs involved in preparing, filing, prosecuting, maintaining, expanding, defending and enforcing patent claims, including litigation costs and the outcome of such litigation;
- the timing, receipt and amount of sales of, or royalties on sales of, the Company's future products, if any;
- the emergence of competing products and other adverse market developments; and
- the requirement for, and cost of, developing complementary diagnostics and/or companion diagnostics.

The Company does not have any committed external source of funds or other support for its development efforts. Until the Company can generate sufficient product and royalty revenue to finance its cash requirements, which it may never do, the Company expects to finance its future cash needs through a combination of public or private equity offerings, debt financings, collaborations, strategic alliances, licensing arrangements and other marketing or distribution arrangements.

If the Company raises additional capital through marketing and distribution arrangements or other collaborations, strategic alliances or licensing arrangements with third parties, the Company may have to relinquish certain valuable rights to our product candidates, technologies, future revenue streams or research programs or grant licenses on terms that may not be favorable to it. If the Company raises additional capital through public or private equity offerings, the terms of these securities may include liquidation or other preferences that adversely affect our stockholders' rights. If the Company raises additional capital through debt financing, we would be subject to fixed payment obligations and may be subject to covenants limiting or restricting our ability to take specific actions, such as incurring additional

debt, making capital expenditures or declaring dividends. If the Company is unable to obtain additional funding on favorable terms when needed, it may have to delay, reduce the scope of or suspend one or more of its research and development programs or clinical trials.

If the Company is unable to advance its current or future product candidates through clinical trials, obtain marketing approval and ultimately commercialize any product candidates it develops, or experiences significant delays in doing so, its business will be materially harmed.

The Company is early in its research and development efforts. The Company's ability to generate product revenues, which it does not expect will occur for several years, if ever, will depend heavily on the success of its research activities, favorable outcomes of clinical trials and eventual commercialization of the product candidates it develops, which may never occur. The Company's current product candidates, and any future product candidates it develops, will require additional preclinical and clinical development, management of clinical, preclinical and manufacturing activities, marketing approval in the United States and other markets, demonstrating effectiveness to pricing and reimbursement authorities, obtaining sufficient manufacturing supply for both clinical development and commercial production, building of a commercial organization, and substantial investment and significant marketing efforts before it generates any revenues from product sales. The success of the Company's current and future product candidates will depend on several factors, including the following:

- optimization of product candidates suitable for advancement into clinical trials;
- successful completion of preclinical studies and clinical trials;
- sufficiency of financial and other resources to complete the necessary preclinical studies and clinical trials;
- acceptance of INDs for our planned clinical trials or future clinical trials;
- successful enrollment and completion of clinical trials;
- successful data from the Company's clinical program that supports an acceptable risk-benefit profile of its product candidates in the intended populations;
- receipt of regulatory and marketing approvals from applicable regulatory authorities;
- establishing agreements with third-party manufacturers for clinical supply for the Company's clinical trials and commercial manufacturing, if the Company's product candidate is approved;
- entry into collaborations to further the development of the Company's product candidates;
- obtaining and maintaining patent and trade secret protection or regulatory exclusivity for the Company's product candidates;
- successfully launching commercial sales of the Company's product candidates, if and when approved;
- acceptance of the product candidate's benefits and uses, if and when approved, by patients, the medical community and third-party payors;
- maintaining a continued acceptable safety profile of the product candidates following approval;
- effectively competing with other therapies; and
- enforcing and defending intellectual property rights and claims.

If the Company is not successful with respect to one or more of these factors in a timely manner or at all, it could experience significant delays or an inability to successfully commercialize the product candidates it develops, which would materially harm its business. If the Company does not receive marketing approvals any of the product candidates it develops, it may not be able to continue its operations.

Lead optimization and preclinical research is uncertain. The Company's preclinical programs may experience delays or may never advance to clinical trials, which would adversely affect its ability to obtain regulatory approvals or commercialize these programs on a timely basis or at all, which would have an adverse effect on its business.

The Company may fail to identify lead candidates suitable for advancement to clinical trials. Before the Company can commence clinical trials for a product candidate, it must complete extensive preclinical testing and studies that support its planned INDs in Canada, the United States or other jurisdictions. The Company cannot be certain of the timely completion or outcome of its preclinical testing and studies and cannot predict if Health Canada or the FDA will accept its proposed clinical programs or if the outcome of its preclinical testing and studies will ultimately support

the further development of its programs. As a result, The Company cannot be sure that it will be able to submit INDs or similar applications for its preclinical programs on the timelines it expects, if at all, and it cannot be sure that submission of INDs or similar applications will result in Health Canada, the FDA or other regulatory authorities allowing clinical trials to begin.

Conducting preclinical testing is a lengthy, time-consuming and expensive process. The length of time may vary substantially according to the type, complexity, and novelty of the program, and often can be several years or more per program. Delays associated with programs for which the Company is directly conducting preclinical testing and studies may cause it to incur additional operating expenses. Moreover, the Company may be affected by delays associated with the preclinical testing and studies of certain programs that may become the responsibility of its potential future partners over which it has no control. The commencement and rate of completion of preclinical studies and clinical trials for a product candidate may be delayed by many factors, including, for example:

- an inability to generate sufficient preclinical or other *in vivo* or *in vitro* data to support the initiation of clinical studies;
- delays in reaching a consensus with regulatory agencies on study design; and
- regulatory authorities such as Health Canada or the FDA not allowing the Company to rely on previous findings of safety and efficacy for other similar but approved products and published scientific literature.

Moreover, even if clinical trials do begin for the Company's preclinical programs, the Company's development efforts may not be successful, and clinical trials that it conducts or that third-parties conduct on its behalf may not demonstrate sufficient safety, purity and potency or efficacy to obtain the requisite regulatory approvals for any of product candidates it develops. Even if the Company obtains positive results from preclinical studies or initial clinical trials, it may not achieve the same success in future trials.

The regulatory approval processes of Health Canada, the FDA, the EMA and comparable foreign authorities are lengthy, time-consuming and inherently unpredictable, and if the Company is ultimately unable to obtain regulatory approval for its product candidates, its business will be substantially harmed.

The time required to obtain approval by Health Canada, the FDA, the EMA and comparable foreign authorities is unpredictable but typically takes many years following the commencement of clinical trials and depends upon numerous factors, including the substantial discretion of the regulatory authorities. In addition, approval policies, regulations, or the type and amount of clinical data necessary to gain approval may change during the course of a product candidate's clinical development and may vary among jurisdictions. The Company has not obtained regulatory approval for any product candidate and it is possible that none of its current or future product candidates will ever obtain regulatory approval.

Clinical product development involves a lengthy and expensive process, with uncertain outcomes. The Company may experience delays in completing, or ultimately be unable to complete, the development and commercialization of our current and future product candidates.

To obtain the requisite regulatory approvals to commercialize any of the Company's product candidates, it must demonstrate through extensive preclinical studies and clinical trials that its products are safe, potent and effective in humans. Clinical testing is expensive and can take many years to complete, and its outcome is inherently uncertain. Failure can occur at any time during the clinical trial process and the Company's future clinical trial results may not be successful.

The Company may experience delays in completing its clinical trials or preclinical studies and initiating or completing additional clinical trials. The Company may also experience numerous unforeseen events during its clinical trials that could delay or prevent its ability to receive marketing approval or commercialize the product candidates it develops, including:

- regulators or Institutional Review Boards (“IRBs”), or ethics committees may not authorize the Company or its investigators to commence a clinical trial or conduct a clinical trial at a prospective trial site;
- the Company may experience delays in reaching, or fail to reach, agreement on acceptable terms with prospective trial sites and prospective contract research organizations (“CROs”);
- the number of patients required for clinical trials may be larger than the Company anticipates;
- it may be difficult to enroll a sufficient number of patients with a predictive biomarker or enrollment in these clinical trials may be slower than the Company anticipates or participants may drop out of these clinical trials or fail to return for post-treatment follow-up at a higher rate than anticipated;
- third-party contractors may fail to comply with regulatory requirements or meet their contractual obligations in a timely manner, or at all, or may deviate from the clinical trial protocol or drop out of the trial, which may require the Company to add new clinical trial sites or investigators; and
- the supply or quality of materials for product candidates the Company develops or other materials necessary to conduct clinical trials may be insufficient or inadequate.

The Company could encounter delays if a clinical trial is suspended or terminated by the Company, by the IRBs of the institutions in which such trials are being conducted or ethics committees, by the Data Safety Monitoring Board, for such trial or by Health Canada, the FDA or other regulatory authorities. Such authorities may impose such a suspension or termination due to a number of factors, including failure to conduct the clinical trial in accordance with regulatory requirements or clinical protocols, inspection of the clinical trial operations or trial site by Health Canada, the FDA or other regulatory authorities resulting in the imposition of a clinical hold, unforeseen safety issues or adverse side effects, failure to demonstrate a benefit from using a product, changes in governmental regulations or administrative actions or lack of adequate funding to continue the clinical trial. Many of the factors that cause, or lead to, a delay in the commencement or completion of clinical trials may also ultimately lead to the denial of marketing approval of the Company’s product candidates.

If the Company experiences delays in the completion of, or termination of, any clinical trial of its product candidates, the commercial prospects of our product candidates will be harmed, and our ability to generate product revenues from any of these product candidates will be delayed. In addition, any delays in completing the Company’s clinical trials will increase its costs, slow down its product candidate development and approval process and jeopardize its ability to commence product sales and generate revenues. Significant clinical trial delays could also allow its competitors to bring products to market before it does or shorten any periods during which it has the exclusive right to commercialize its product candidates and impair its ability to commercialize its product candidates and may harm its business and results of operations.

Any of these occurrences may harm the Company’s business, financial condition and prospects significantly. In addition, many of the factors that cause, or lead to, a delay in the commencement or completion of clinical trials may also ultimately lead to the denial of regulatory approval of the Company’s product candidates or result in the development of its product candidates being stopped early.

The results of preclinical studies and early-stage clinical trials may not be predictive of future results. Initial success in the Company’s ongoing clinical trials may not be indicative of results obtained when these trials are completed or in later stage trials.

The results of preclinical studies may not be predictive of the results of clinical trials, and the results of any early-stage clinical trials commenced may not be predictive of the results of the later-stage clinical trials. In addition, initial success in clinical trials may not be indicative of results obtained when such trials are completed. There can be no assurance that any current or future clinical trials will ultimately be successful or support further clinical development of any of the Company’s product candidates. There is a high failure rate for drugs proceeding through clinical trials. A number of companies in the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries have suffered significant setbacks in clinical development even after achieving promising results in earlier studies, and any such setbacks in the Company’s clinical development could have a material adverse effect on its business and operating results.

The Company faces risks related to health epidemics and other outbreaks, which could significantly disrupt its operations and/or business.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared coronavirus (“COVID-19”) a global pandemic. This contagious disease outbreak, which has continued to spread, and any related adverse public health developments, has adversely affected workforces, economies, and financial markets globally, potentially leading to an economic downturn. It is not possible for the Company to predict the duration or magnitude of the adverse results of the outbreak and its effects on their ability to raise capital or conduct exploration activities. There are travel restrictions and health and safety concerns in all areas in which the Company operates, including British Columbia in Canada, that may prohibit or delay planned programs from proceeding. Operations will depend on obtaining necessary supplies, obtaining contractor services and safeguarding all personnel during the outbreak, which may be prohibitive or too costly. Various government wage and loan subsidies are available to qualified companies to assist them with operating costs during the pandemic. To date, the Company has not qualified for assistance, but the various programs are constantly being expanded and relaxed, which may qualify the Company for assistance.

The Company’s business could be adversely impacted by the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, or by other epidemics. A health epidemic or other outbreak, including the current COVID-19 outbreak, may materially and adversely affect the Company’s business, including its ability to conduct clinical trials and develop its current and future product candidates. Such events could materially impact our financial condition, results of operations and the Company’s ability to raise capital to support its research, development and commercialization activities.

The extent to which COVID-19 impacts the Company’s business will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of COVID-19 and actions or government mandated directives to contain COVID-19 or treat its impact, among others.

If the Company encounters difficulties enrolling patients in its clinical trials, its clinical development activities could be delayed or otherwise be adversely affected.

The timely completion of clinical trials in accordance with their protocols depends, among other things, on the Company’s ability to enroll a sufficient number of patients who remain in the trial until its conclusion. The Company may experience difficulties in patient enrollment in its clinical trials for a variety of reasons. In addition, the Company’s clinical trials will compete with other clinical trials for product candidates that are in the same therapeutic areas as our current and potential future product candidates. This competition will reduce the number and types of patients available, because some patients who might have opted to enroll in the Company’s trials may instead opt to enroll in a trial conducted by one of its competitors. Since the number of qualified clinical investigators is limited, the Company expects to conduct some of its clinical trials at the same clinical trial sites that some of its competitors use, which will reduce the number of patients who are available for its clinical trials at such sites. Moreover, because the Company’s current and potential future product candidates may represent a departure from more commonly used methods for cancer treatment, potential patients and their doctors may be inclined to use conventional therapies, such as chemotherapy, rather than enroll patients in our ongoing or any future clinical trial.

Delays in patient enrollment may result in increased costs or may affect the timing or outcome of clinical trials, which could prevent completion of these trials and adversely affect the Company’s ability to advance the development of the product candidates it develops.

The Company’s current or future product candidates may cause undesirable side effects or have other properties when used alone or in combination with other approved products or investigational new drugs that could halt their clinical development, prevent their marketing approval, limit their commercial potential or result in significant negative consequences.

Undesirable or clinically unmanageable side effects could occur and cause the Company or regulatory authorities to interrupt, delay or halt clinical trials and could result in a more restrictive label or the delay or denial of marketing approval by Health Canada, the FDA or comparable foreign regulatory authorities. Results of the Company’s trials could reveal a high and unacceptable severity and prevalence of side effects or unexpected characteristics.

If unacceptable toxicities or other undesirable side effects arise in the development of any of the Company's current or future product candidates, the Company, or its collaborators, could suspend or terminate the Company's trials, or Health Canada, the FDA or comparable foreign regulatory authorities could order the Company to cease clinical trials or deny approval of the product candidate for any or all targeted indications. Treatment-related side effects could also affect patient recruitment or the ability of enrolled subjects to complete the trial or result in potential product liability claims. Any of these occurrences may prevent the Company from achieving or maintaining market acceptance of the affected product candidate and may significantly harm the Company's business, financial condition and prospects.

Even if the Company completes the necessary preclinical studies and clinical trials, the marketing approval process is expensive, time-consuming and uncertain and may prevent the Company or its potential future collaboration partners from obtaining approvals for the commercialization of any product candidate it develops.

Any current or future product candidate the Company may develop, and the activities associated with their development and commercialization, including their design, testing, manufacture, safety, efficacy, recordkeeping, labeling, storage, approval, advertising, promotion, sale, and distribution, are subject to comprehensive regulation by Health Canada, the FDA and other regulatory authorities in the United States and by comparable authorities in other countries. Failure to obtain marketing approval for a product candidate will prevent the Company from commercializing the product candidate in a given jurisdiction. The Company has not received approval to market any product candidates from regulatory authorities in any jurisdiction and it is possible that none of the product candidates it may seek to develop in the future will ever obtain regulatory approval. The Company has no experience in filing and supporting the applications necessary to gain marketing approvals and expects to rely on third-party CROs or regulatory consultants to assist it in this process.

Even if the Company receives marketing approval of a product candidate, it will be subject to ongoing regulatory obligations and continued regulatory review, which may result in significant additional expense and it may be subject to penalties if it fails to comply with regulatory requirements or experience unanticipated problems with its products, if approved.

Any marketing approvals that the Company receives for any current or future product candidate may be subject to limitations on the approved indicated uses for which the product may be marketed or the conditions of approval, or contain requirements for potentially costly post-market testing and surveillance to monitor the safety, potency and efficacy of the product candidate. Regulatory authorities may also require a Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy as a condition of approval of any product candidate, which could include requirements for a medication guide, physician communication plans or additional elements to ensure safe use, such as restricted distribution methods, patient registries and other risk minimization tools. In addition, if Health Canada, the FDA or a comparable foreign regulatory authority approves a product candidate, the manufacturing processes, labeling, packaging, distribution, adverse event reporting, storage, advertising, promotion, import and export and record keeping for the product candidate will be subject to extensive and ongoing regulatory requirements. These requirements include submissions of safety and other post-marketing information and reports, registration, as well as continued compliance with cGMP and Good Clinical Practice ("GCP") for any clinical trials that we conduct post-approval. Later discovery of previously unknown problems with any approved product candidate, including adverse events of unanticipated severity or frequency, or with our third-party manufacturers or manufacturing processes, or failure to comply with regulatory requirements, may result in, among other things, the imposition of civil or criminal penalties.

Even if a current or future product candidate receives marketing approval, it may fail to achieve the degree of market acceptance by physicians, patients, third-party payors and others in the medical community necessary for commercial success.

If any current or future product candidate we develop receives marketing approval, whether as a single agent or in combination with other therapies, it may nonetheless fail to gain sufficient market acceptance by physicians, patients, third-party payors, and others in the medical community. For example, current approved therapies, including immunotherapies, biologics, targeted therapy, chemotherapy and radiation therapy, are well established in the medical community, and doctors may continue to rely on these therapies. If the product candidates the Company develops do

not achieve an adequate level of acceptance, it may not generate significant product revenues and it may not become profitable.

The market opportunities for any current or future product candidate the Company develops, if and when approved, may be limited to those patients who are ineligible for established therapies or for whom prior therapies have failed, and may be small.

Cancer therapies are sometimes characterized as first-line, second-line, or third-line, and approved new therapies may receive marketing approval from Health Canada, the FDA or similar international regulatory authorities initially only for third-line use. When cancer is detected early enough, first-line therapy, usually chemotherapy, hormone therapy, surgery, radiation therapy or a combination of these, is sometimes adequate to cure the cancer or prolong life without a cure. Second- and third-line therapies are administered to patients when prior therapy is not effective. The Company expects to initially seek approval of its product candidates as a therapy for patients who have received one or more prior treatments. Subsequently, for those products that prove to be sufficiently beneficial, if any, the Company would expect to seek approval potentially as a first-line therapy, but there is no guarantee that product candidates we develop, even if approved, would be approved for first-line therapy, and, prior to any such approvals, we may have to conduct additional clinical trials.

The number of patients who have the cancers the Company is targeting may turn out to be lower than expected. Additionally, the potentially addressable patient population for current programs or future product candidates may be limited, if and when approved. Even if the Company obtains significant market share for any product candidate, if and when approved, if the potential target populations are small, it may never achieve profitability without obtaining marketing approval for additional indications, including to be used as first- or second-line therapy.

The Company may develop its product candidates in combination with other therapies, which exposes it to additional risks.

The Company may develop our product candidates, in combination with one or more currently approved cancer therapies. Even if any product candidate the Company develops were to receive marketing approval or be commercialized for use in combination with other existing therapies, it would continue to be subject to the risks that Health Canada, the FDA or similar regulatory authorities outside of the United States could revoke approval of the therapy used in combination with our product candidate or that safety, efficacy, manufacturing or supply issues could arise with these existing therapies. Combination therapies are commonly used for the treatment of cancer, and the Company would be subject to similar risks if it develops any of its product candidates for use in combination with other drugs or for indications other than cancer. This could result in the Company's own products being removed from the market or being less successful commercially.

The Company may also evaluate our product candidates in combination with one or more other cancer therapies that have not yet been approved for marketing by Health Canada, the FDA or similar regulatory authorities outside of the United States. We will not be able to market and sell any product candidate we develop in combination with any such unapproved cancer therapies that do not ultimately obtain marketing approval.

If Health Canada, the FDA or similar regulatory authorities do not approve these other drugs or revoke their approval of, or if safety, efficacy, manufacturing, or supply issues arise with, the drugs we choose to evaluate in combination with our product candidates, we may be unable to obtain approval of or market any such product candidate we develop.

We face significant competition and if our competitors develop and market products that are more effective, safer or less expensive than the product candidates we develop, our commercial opportunities will be negatively impacted.

The life sciences industry is highly competitive. We are currently developing therapeutics that will compete, if approved, with other products and therapies that currently exist or are being developed.

Products we may develop in the future are also likely to face competition from other products and therapies, some of which we may not currently be aware. We have competitors both in the United States and internationally, including

major multinational pharmaceutical companies, established biotechnology companies, specialty pharmaceutical companies, universities and other research institutions. Many of our competitors have significantly greater financial, manufacturing, marketing, product development, technical and human resources than we do. Large pharmaceutical companies, in particular, have extensive experience in clinical testing, obtaining marketing approvals, recruiting patients and manufacturing pharmaceutical products. These companies also have significantly greater research and marketing capabilities than we do and may also have products that have been approved or are in late stages of development, and collaborative arrangements in our target markets with leading companies and research institutions. Established pharmaceutical companies may also invest heavily to accelerate discovery and development of novel compounds or to in-license novel compounds that could make the product candidates that we develop obsolete. Mergers and acquisitions in the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries may result in even more resources being concentrated among a smaller number of our competitors. As a result of these factors, our competitors may succeed in obtaining patent protection and/or marketing approval or discovering, developing and commercializing products in our field before we do.

There are a large number of companies developing or marketing treatments for cancer, including many major pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies. These treatments consist both of small molecule drug products, such as traditional chemotherapy and targeted therapies, immunotherapies, gene therapies and biologics. We are aware of academic laboratories and companies such as AstraZeneca, Bristol Meyers Squibb, Celgene, Ascentage, Repair Therapeutics and others that are conducting research and drug development activities that could directly compete with our product candidates.

Our commercial opportunity could be reduced or eliminated if our competitors develop and commercialize products that are safer, more effective, have fewer or less severe effects, are more convenient, have a broader label, are marketed more effectively, are reimbursed or are less expensive than any products that we may develop. Our competitors also may obtain Health Canada, FDA, EMA or other marketing approval for their products more rapidly than we may obtain approval for ours, which could result in our competitors establishing a strong market position before we are able to enter the market. Even if the product candidate we develop achieve marketing approval, they may be priced at a significant premium over competitive products if any have been approved by then, resulting in reduced competitiveness.

Smaller and other early-stage companies may also prove to be significant competitors. These third parties compete with us in recruiting and retaining qualified scientific and management personnel, establishing clinical trial sites and patient registration for clinical trials, as well as in acquiring technologies complementary to, or necessary for, our programs. In addition, the biopharmaceutical industry is characterized by rapid technological change. If we fail to stay at the forefront of technological change, we may be unable to compete effectively. Technological advances or products developed by our competitors may render our product candidates obsolete, less competitive, or not economical.

Even if we are able to commercialize any product candidates, such products may become subject to unfavorable pricing regulations or third-party coverage and reimbursement policies, which would harm our business.

The regulations that govern marketing approvals, pricing and reimbursement for new products vary widely from country to country. Some countries require approval of the sale price of a product before it can be marketed. In many countries, the pricing review period begins after marketing approval is granted. In some foreign markets, prescription pharmaceutical pricing remains subject to continuing governmental control even after initial approval is granted. As a result, we might obtain marketing approval for a product candidate in a particular country, but then be subject to price regulations that delay our commercial launch of the product candidate, possibly for lengthy time periods, and negatively impact the revenues we are able to generate from the sale of the product candidate in that country. Adverse pricing limitations may hinder our ability to recoup our investment in one or more product candidates, even if our product candidates obtain marketing approval.

Our ability to commercialize any product candidates, whether as a single agent or combination therapy, successfully also will depend in part on the extent to which coverage and reimbursement for these product candidates and related treatments will be available from government authorities, private health insurers and other organizations. Government authorities and third-party payors, such as private health insurers and health maintenance organizations, decide which

medications they will pay for and establish reimbursement levels. It is difficult to predict at this time what government authorities and third-party payors will decide with respect to coverage and reimbursement for our programs.

We may not be successful in our efforts to identify or discover other product candidates and may fail to capitalize on programs or product candidates that may present a greater commercial opportunity or for which there is a greater likelihood of success.

The success of our business depends upon our ability to identify, develop and commercialize product candidates. If we do not successfully develop and eventually commercialize products, we will face difficulty in obtaining product revenue in future periods, resulting in significant harm to our financial position and adversely affecting our share price. Research programs to identify new product candidates require substantial technical, financial and human resources, and we may fail to identify potential product candidates for numerous reasons.

Additionally, because we have limited resources, we may forego or delay pursuit of opportunities with certain programs or product candidates or for indications that later prove to have greater commercial potential.

We may seek Breakthrough Therapy Designation by the FDA for a product candidate that we develop, and we may be unsuccessful. If we are successful, the designation may not lead to a faster development or regulatory review or approval process, and it does not increase the likelihood that our product candidates will receive marketing approval.

We may seek Breakthrough Therapy Designation for any product candidate that we develop. A breakthrough therapy is defined as a drug that is intended, alone or in combination with one or more other drugs, to treat a serious or life-threatening disease or condition, and preliminary clinical evidence indicates that the drug may demonstrate substantial improvement over currently approved therapies on one or more clinically significant endpoints, such as substantial treatment effects observed early in clinical development. For drugs that have been designated as breakthrough therapies, interaction and communication between the FDA and the sponsor of the trial can help to identify the most efficient path for clinical development while minimizing the number of patients placed in ineffective control regimens. Drugs designated as breakthrough therapies by the FDA are also eligible for accelerated approval and priority review.

Designation as a breakthrough therapy is within the discretion of the FDA. Accordingly, even if we believe a product candidate we develop meets the criteria for designation as a breakthrough therapy, the FDA may disagree and instead determine not to make such designation. In any event, the receipt of Breakthrough Therapy Designation for a product candidate may not result in a faster development process, review or approval compared to drugs considered for approval under conventional FDA procedures and does not assure ultimate approval by the FDA. In addition, even if the product candidates we develop qualify as breakthrough therapies, the FDA may later decide that the drugs no longer meet the conditions for qualification and rescind the designation.

We may seek Fast Track Designation by the FDA for a product candidate that we develop, and we may be unsuccessful. If we are successful, the designation may not actually lead to a faster development or regulatory review or approval process.

We may seek Fast Track Designation for the product candidates we develop. If a product is intended for the treatment of a serious or life-threatening condition and preclinical or clinical data demonstrate the potential to address an unmet medical need for this condition, the product sponsor may apply for Fast Track Designation. The FDA has broad discretion whether or not to grant this designation, so even if we believe a particular product candidate is eligible for this designation, we cannot assure you that the FDA would decide to grant it. Even if we do receive Fast Track Designation, we may not experience a faster development process, review or approval compared to conventional FDA procedures. The FDA may rescind the Fast Track Designation if it believes that the designation is no longer supported by data from our clinical development program.

We may seek Orphan Drug Designation for product candidates we develop, and we may be unsuccessful or may be unable to maintain the benefits associated with Orphan Drug Designation, including the potential for market exclusivity.

As part of our business strategy, we may seek Orphan Drug Designation for any product candidates we develop, and we may be unsuccessful. Regulatory authorities in some jurisdictions, including Canada, the United States and Europe, may designate drugs for relatively small patient populations as orphan drugs. Under the Orphan Drug Act, the FDA may designate a drug as an orphan drug if it is a drug intended to treat a rare disease or condition, which is generally defined as a patient population of fewer than 200,000 individuals annually in the United States, or a patient population greater than 200,000 in the United States where there is no reasonable expectation that the cost of developing the drug will be recovered from sales in the United States. In the United States, Orphan Drug Designation entitles a party to financial incentives such as opportunities for grant funding towards clinical trial costs, tax advantages and user-fee waivers.

Similarly, in Europe, the European Commission grants Orphan Drug Designation after receiving the opinion of the EMA Committee for Orphan Medicinal Products on an Orphan Drug Designation application. Orphan Drug Designation is intended to promote the development of drugs that are intended for the diagnosis, prevention or treatment of life-threatening or chronically debilitating conditions affecting not more than 5 in 10,000 persons in Europe and for which no satisfactory method of diagnosis, prevention, or treatment has been authorized (or the product would be a significant benefit to those affected). Additionally, designation is granted for drugs intended for the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of a life-threatening, seriously debilitating or serious and chronic condition and when, without incentives, it is unlikely that sales of the drug in Europe would be sufficient to justify the necessary investment in developing the drug. In Europe, Orphan Drug Designation entitles a party to a number of incentives, such as protocol assistance and scientific advice specifically for designated orphan medicines, and potential fee reductions depending on the status of the sponsor.

Generally, if a drug with an Orphan Drug Designation subsequently receives the first marketing approval for the indication for which it has such designation, the drug is entitled to a period of marketing exclusivity, which precludes the EMA or the FDA from approving another marketing application for the same drug and indication for that time period, except in limited circumstances. The applicable period is seven years in the United States and ten years in Europe. The European exclusivity period can be reduced to six years if a drug no longer meets the criteria for Orphan Drug Designation or if the drug is sufficiently profitable such that market exclusivity is no longer justified.

Even if we obtain orphan drug exclusivity for a product candidate, that exclusivity may not effectively protect the product candidate from competition because different therapies can be approved for the same condition and the same therapies can be approved for different conditions but used off-label. Even after an orphan drug is approved, the FDA can subsequently approve the same drug for the same condition if the FDA concludes that the later drug is clinically superior in that it is shown to be safer, more effective or makes a major contribution to patient care. In addition, a designated orphan drug may not receive orphan drug exclusivity if it is approved for a use that is broader than the indication for which it received orphan designation. Moreover, orphan drug exclusive marketing rights in the United States may be lost if the FDA later determines that the request for designation was materially defective or if the manufacturer is unable to assure sufficient quantity of the drug to meet the needs of patients with the rare disease or condition. Orphan Drug Designation neither shortens the development time or regulatory review time of a drug nor gives the drug any advantage in the regulatory review or approval process. While we may seek Orphan Drug Designation for applicable indications for our current and any future product candidates, we may never receive such designations. Even if we do receive such designations, there is no guarantee that we will enjoy the benefits of those designations.

We are subject to certain, Canadian, U.S. and international anti-corruption, anti-money laundering, export control, sanctions, and other Trade Laws (as defined below) and regulations. We can face serious consequences for violations.

Among other matters, Canadian, U.S. and international anti-corruption, anti-money laundering, export control, sanctions, and other trade laws and regulations (collectively, “**Trade Laws**”), prohibit companies and their employees, agents, clinical research organizations, legal counsel, accountants, consultants, contractors, and other partners from authorizing, promising, offering, providing, soliciting, or receiving directly or indirectly, corrupt or improper payments or anything else of value to or from recipients in the public or private sector. Violations of Trade Laws can result in substantial criminal fines and civil penalties, imprisonment, the loss of trade privileges, debarment, tax

reassessments, breach of contract and fraud litigation, reputational harm, and other consequences. We have direct or indirect interactions with officials and employees of government agencies or government-affiliated hospitals, universities, and other organizations. We also expect our non-U.S. activities to increase in time. We plan to engage third parties for clinical trials and/or to obtain necessary permits, licenses, patent registrations, and other regulatory approvals and we can be held liable for the corrupt or other illegal activities of our personnel, agents, or partners, even if we do not explicitly authorize or have prior knowledge of such activities.

If we fail to comply with environmental, health and safety laws and regulations, we could become subject to fines or penalties or incur costs that could have a material adverse effect on the success of our business.

We are subject to numerous environmental, health and safety laws and regulations, including those governing laboratory procedures and the handling, use, storage, treatment and disposal of hazardous materials and wastes. Our operations may involve the use of hazardous and flammable materials, including chemicals and biological and radioactive materials. Our operations may also produce hazardous waste products. We generally plan to contract with third parties for the disposal of such materials and wastes. We cannot eliminate the risk of contamination or injury from such materials. In the event of contamination or injury resulting from our use of hazardous materials, we could be held liable for any resulting damages, and any liability could exceed our resources. We also could incur significant costs associated with civil or criminal fines and penalties.

Our current and future insurance policies may not provide adequate coverage against potential liabilities. We do not maintain insurance for environmental liability or toxic tort claims that may be asserted against us in connection with our storage or disposal of biological, hazardous, or radioactive materials.

We may seek to establish additional collaborations, and, if we are not able to establish them on commercially reasonable terms, we may have to alter our development and commercialization plans.

The advancement of our product candidates and development programs and the potential commercialization of our current and future product candidates will require substantial additional cash to fund expenses. For some of our programs, we may decide to collaborate with additional pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies with respect to development and potential commercialization. Any of these relationships may require us to incur non-recurring and other charges, increase our near- and long-term expenditures, issue securities that dilute our existing stockholders, or disrupt our management and business.

We may not be able to negotiate collaborations on a timely basis, on acceptable terms, or at all. If we are unable to do so, we may have to curtail the development of the product candidate for which we are seeking to collaborate, reduce or delay its development program or one or more of our other development programs, delay its potential commercialization or reduce the scope of any sales or marketing activities, or increase our expenditures and undertake development or commercialization activities at our own expense. If we elect to increase our expenditures to fund development or commercialization activities on our own, we may need to obtain additional capital, which may not be available to us on acceptable terms or at all. If we do not have sufficient funds, we may not be able to further develop our product candidates or bring them to market and generate product revenue.

Our future collaborators may control aspects of our clinical trials, which could result in delays or other obstacles in the commercialization of the product candidates we develop. If our collaborations are not successful, we may not be able to capitalize on the market potential of these product candidates.

Kanion USA Inc. (“**Kanion**”) owns rights to the kt-2000 series in the Peoples Republic of China, Hong Kong and Taiwan. We will have certain obligations to share information with Kanion and they with us. In the future, we may seek to collaborate with Kanion or seek to form other strategic alliances, joint ventures, or collaborations, or enter into additional licensing arrangements with third parties that we believe will complement or augment our research, development and commercialization efforts with respect to product candidates we develop.

Our current and potential future collaborations involving our product candidates may pose, the following risks to us:

- collaborators have significant discretion in determining the efforts and resources that they will apply to these collaborations;
- collaborators could independently develop, or develop with third parties, products that compete directly or indirectly with our products or product candidates;
- collaborators may not properly enforce, maintain or defend our intellectual property rights or may use our proprietary information in a way that gives rise to actual or threatened litigation that could jeopardize or invalidate our intellectual property or proprietary information or expose us to potential litigation, or other intellectual property proceedings;
- disputes may arise between a collaborator and us that cause the delay or termination of the research, development or commercialization of the product candidate, or that result in costly litigation or arbitration that diverts management attention and resources;
- if a present or future collaborator of ours were to be involved in a business combination, the continued pursuit and emphasis on our product development or commercialization program under such collaboration could be delayed, diminished or terminated; and
- collaboration agreements may restrict our right to independently pursue new product candidates.

As a result, if we enter into collaboration agreements and strategic partnerships or license our intellectual property, products or businesses, we may not be able to realize the benefit of such transactions if we are unable to successfully integrate them with our existing operations, which could delay our timelines or otherwise adversely affect our business. We also cannot be certain that, following a strategic transaction or license, we will achieve the revenue or specific net income that justifies such transaction. Any delays in entering into new collaborations or strategic partnership agreements related to any product candidate we develop could delay the development and commercialization of our product candidates, which would harm our business prospects, financial condition, and results of operations.

If conflicts arise between us and our collaborators or strategic partners, these parties may act in a manner adverse to us and could limit our ability to implement our strategies.

If conflicts arise between our corporate or academic collaborators or strategic partners and us, the other party may act in a manner adverse to us and could limit our ability to implement our strategies. Future collaborators or strategic partners, may develop, either alone or with others, products in related fields that are competitive with the products or potential products that are the subject of these collaborations. Competing products, either developed by the collaborators or strategic partners or to which the collaborators or strategic partners have rights, may result in the withdrawal of partner support for our product candidates. Our current or future collaborators or strategic partners may preclude us from entering into collaborations with their competitors, fail to obtain timely regulatory approvals, terminate their agreements with us prematurely, or fail to devote sufficient resources to the development and commercialization of products. Any of these developments could harm our product development efforts.

We will rely on third parties to conduct our planned clinical trials for our product candidates we develop. If these third parties do not successfully carry out their contractual duties, comply with regulatory requirements or meet expected deadlines, we may not be able to obtain marketing approval for or commercialize any product candidates we develop and our business could be substantially harmed.

We do not expect to have the ability to independently conduct clinical trials. We will rely on medical institutions, clinical investigators, contract laboratories, and other third parties, such as CROs, to conduct or otherwise support clinical trials for our product candidates. We will rely heavily on these parties for execution of clinical trials for our product candidates and control only certain aspects of their activities. Nevertheless, we are responsible for ensuring that each of our clinical trials is conducted in accordance with the applicable protocol, legal and regulatory requirements and scientific standards, and our reliance on CROs will not relieve us of our regulatory responsibilities. For any violations of laws and regulations during the conduct of our clinical trials, we could be subject to untitled and warning letters or enforcement action that may include civil penalties up to and including criminal prosecution.

We and our CROs are required to comply with regulations and requirements, including GCP, for conducting, monitoring, recording and reporting the results of clinical trials to ensure that the data and results are scientifically credible and accurate, and that the trial patients are adequately informed of the potential risks of participating in clinical trials and their rights are protected. These regulations are enforced by Health Canada, the FDA, the Competent Authorities of the Member States of the EEA and comparable foreign regulatory authorities for any drugs in clinical development. Regulatory authorities may enforce GCP requirements through periodic inspections of clinical trial sponsors, principal investigators and trial sites. If we or our CROs fail to comply with applicable GCP, the clinical data generated in our clinical trials may be deemed unreliable and Health Canada, the FDA or comparable foreign regulatory authorities may require us to perform additional clinical trials before approving our marketing applications. We cannot assure you that, upon inspection, Health Canada, the FDA will determine that any of our future clinical trials will comply with GCP. In addition, our clinical trials must be conducted with product candidates produced under cGMP regulations. Our failure or the failure of our CROs to comply with these regulations may require us to repeat clinical trials, which would delay the marketing approval process and could also subject us to enforcement action. We also are required to register certain ongoing clinical trials and provide certain information, including information relating to the trial's protocol, on a government-sponsored database, ClinicalTrials.gov, within specific timeframes. Failure to do so can result in fines, adverse publicity and civil and criminal sanctions.

If any of our relationships with these third-party CROs terminate, we may not be able to enter into arrangements with alternative CROs on commercially reasonable terms, or at all. If CROs do not successfully carry out their contractual duties or obligations or meet expected deadlines, if they need to be replaced or if the quality or accuracy of the clinical data they obtain are compromised due to the failure to adhere to our clinical protocols, regulatory requirements or for other reasons, any clinical trials such CROs are associated with may be extended, delayed or terminated, and we may not be able to obtain marketing approval for or successfully commercialize our product candidates. As a result, we believe that our financial results and the commercial prospects for our product candidates in the subject indication would be harmed, our costs could increase and our ability to generate revenue could be delayed.

Intellectual property is critical to our business and our success, in part, depends on our ability to maintain, protect, and expand our portfolio of intellectual property rights.

Biotechnology and pharmaceutical companies generally, and we in particular, compete in a crowded competitive space characterized by rapidly evolving technologies and aggressive defense of intellectual property. Our success depends in large part on our ability to obtain and maintain patent and other intellectual property protection in the United States and other countries with respect to our proprietary technology and products. We seek to protect our proprietary position by filing patent applications in the United States and abroad related to our novel technologies and drug candidates.

Our patents and patent applications are directed to our product candidates and accompanying technologies. We seek patent protection for our development programs, product candidates and related alternatives by filing and prosecuting patent applications in the U.S. and other countries as appropriate.

If we are unable to obtain and maintain patent protection for any products we develop and for our technology, or if the scope of the patent protection obtained is not sufficiently broad, our competitors could develop and commercialize products and technology similar or identical to ours, and our ability to commercialize any product candidates we may develop, and our technology may be adversely affected.

Our success depends in large part on our ability to obtain and maintain patent protection in the United States and other countries with respect to our product candidates and the accompanying technologies we develop that are important to our business. If we are unable to secure or maintain patent protection with respect to our technology and any proprietary products and technology we develop, our business, financial condition, results of operations, and prospects could be materially harmed.

Patent positions of life sciences companies can be uncertain and involve complex factual and legal questions. No consistent policy governing the scope of claims allowable in the field of drug development has emerged in the United States. The scope of patent protection in jurisdictions outside of the United States is also uncertain. Changes in either

the patent laws or their interpretation in any jurisdiction that we seek patent protection may diminish our ability to protect our inventions, maintain and enforce our intellectual property rights; and, more generally, may affect the value of our intellectual property, including the narrowing of the scope of our patents and any that we may license.

The intellectual property landscape in the field of oncology therapeutics is crowded, and third parties may initiate legal proceedings alleging that we are infringing, misappropriating, or otherwise violating their intellectual property rights, the outcome of which would be uncertain and could have a material adverse effect on the success of our business.

Due to the intense research and development undertaken by academic institutions and multiple companies, including us and our competitors, in this field, the intellectual property landscape is in flux, and it may remain uncertain for the coming years. There may be significant intellectual property-related litigation and proceedings relating to our own and other third-party intellectual property and proprietary rights in the future.

Our development and commercialization rights to our current and future product candidates and technology may be subject, in part, to the terms and conditions of licenses granted to us by others.

We expect to be reliant upon licenses to certain patent rights and proprietary technology from third parties that are important or necessary to the engineering and development of our current and future product candidates. These and other licenses may not provide exclusive rights to use such intellectual property and technology in all relevant fields of use and in all territories in which we choose to develop or commercialize our technology and products in the future. As a result, we may not be able to prevent competitors from developing and commercializing competitive products in territories included in all of our licenses.

We engage in collaborations with scientists at academic and non-profit institutions to access technologies and materials that are not otherwise available to us. The agreements that govern these collaborations may include an option to negotiate an exclusive license to the institution's rights in any inventions that are created in the course of these collaborations, but we may not be able to come to a final agreement with an institution holding rights in an invention that is relevant to the development and commercialization of our technology.

In addition, we may not have the right to control the preparation, filing, prosecution, maintenance, enforcement, and defense of patents and patent applications covering the technology that we license from third parties. Therefore, we cannot be certain that these patents and patent applications will be prepared, filed, prosecuted, maintained, enforced, and defended in a manner consistent with the best interests of our business. If our licensors fail to prosecute, maintain, enforce, and defend such patents, or lose rights to those patents or patent applications, the rights we have licensed may be reduced or eliminated, and our right to develop and commercialize any of our products that are the subject of such licensed rights could be adversely affected. Additionally, we may be required to reimburse our licensors for all of their expenses related to the prosecution, maintenance, enforcement and defense of patents and patent applications that we in-license from them.

Our licensors may have relied on third-party consultants or collaborators or on funds from third parties such that our licensors are not the sole and exclusive owners of the patents we in-licensed. If other third parties have ownership rights to our in-licensed patents, they may be able to license such patents to our competitors, and our competitors could market competing products and technology. This could have a material adverse effect on our competitive position, business, financial conditions, results of operations, and prospects.

Our licensors might conclude that we have materially breached our license agreements and might therefore terminate the license agreements, thereby removing our ability to develop and commercialize products and technology covered by these license agreements. If these in-licenses are terminated, or if the underlying patents fail to provide the intended exclusivity, competitors would have the freedom to seek regulatory approval of, and to market, products identical to ours. In addition, we may seek to obtain additional licenses from our licensors and, in connection with obtaining such licenses, we may agree to amend our existing licenses in a manner that may be more favorable to the licensors, including by agreeing to terms that could enable third parties (potentially including our competitors) to receive licenses

to a portion of the intellectual property that is subject to our existing licenses. Any of these events could have a material adverse effect on our competitive position, business, financial conditions, results of operations, and prospects.

We are highly dependent on our key personnel, and if we are not successful in attracting, motivating and retaining highly qualified personnel, we may not be able to successfully implement our business strategy.

We are highly dependent on members of our executive team. The loss of the services of any of them may adversely impact the achievement of our objectives. Any of our executive officers could leave our employment at any time, as all of our employees are “at-will” employees or consultants. We currently do not have “key person” insurance on any of our employees. The loss of the services of one or more of our current employees might impede the achievement of our research, development and commercialization objectives.

Recruiting and retaining qualified employees, consultants and advisors for our business, including scientific and technical personnel, also will be critical to our success. Competition for skilled personnel is intense and the turnover rate can be high. We may not be able to attract and retain personnel on acceptable terms given the competition among numerous pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies and academic institutions for skilled individuals. In addition, failure to succeed in preclinical studies, clinical trials or applications for marketing approval may make it more challenging to recruit and retain qualified personnel. The inability to recruit, or the loss of services of certain executives, key employees, consultants or advisors, may impede the progress of our research, development and commercialization objectives and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Our employees, independent contractors, vendors, principal investigators, CROs and consultants may engage in misconduct or other improper activities, including non-compliance with regulatory standards and requirements and insider trading.

We are exposed to the risk that our employees, independent contractors, vendors, principal investigators, CROs and consultants may engage in fraudulent conduct or other illegal activity. Misconduct by these parties could include intentional, reckless and/or negligent conduct or disclosure of unauthorized activities to us that violate the regulations of Health Canada, the FDA and comparable foreign regulatory authorities, including those laws requiring the reporting of true, complete and accurate information to such authorities; healthcare fraud and abuse laws and regulations in the United States and abroad; or laws that require the reporting of financial information or data accurately. In particular, sales, marketing and business arrangements in the healthcare industry are subject to extensive laws and regulations intended to prevent fraud, misconduct, kickbacks, self-dealing and other abusive practices. These laws and regulations may restrict or prohibit a wide range of pricing, discounting, marketing and promotion, sales commission, customer incentive programs and other business arrangements. Activities subject to these laws also involve the improper use of information obtained in the course of clinical trials or creating fraudulent data in our preclinical studies or clinical trials, which could result in regulatory sanctions and cause serious harm to our reputation. We intend to adopt, prior to the completion of this offering, a code of conduct applicable to all of our employees, but it is not always possible to identify and deter misconduct by employees and other third parties, and the precautions we take to detect and prevent this activity may not be effective in controlling unknown or unmanaged risks or losses or in protecting us from governmental investigations or other actions or lawsuits stemming from a failure to comply with these laws or regulations. Additionally, we are subject to the risk that a person could allege such fraud or other misconduct, even if none occurred. If any such actions are instituted against us, and we are not successful in defending ourselves or asserting our rights, those actions could have a significant impact on our business, including the imposition of civil, criminal and administrative penalties, damages, monetary fines, possible exclusion from participation in Medicare, Medicaid and other federal healthcare programs, contractual damages, reputational harm, diminished profits and future earnings, and curtailment of our operations, any of which could adversely affect our ability to operate our business and our results of operations.

Global Financial Conditions

Global financial conditions have in recent years been, and continue to be, subject to heightened instability and increased volatility. Numerous financial institutions have experienced losses and either gone into bankruptcy or had

to be rescued by governmental authorities. Access to public capital markets for junior companies has at times been restricted and/or cut off entirely, as credit markets froze following financial sector losses from sub-prime mortgages and the collapse of the asset-backed commercial paper market. These factors may negatively impact the ability of the Company to in the future obtain equity or debt financing on terms favourable to the Company, if at all. If these increased levels of volatility and market turmoil continue, the Company's operations and planned growth could be adversely impacted and the trading price of the Company's securities could be adversely affected.

Risks Related to the Securities of the Company

The price of our Common Shares has experienced volatility and may be subject to fluctuation in the future based on market conditions.

The market prices for the securities of biotechnology companies, including our own, have historically been highly volatile. The market has from time to time experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that are unrelated to the operating performance of any particular company. In addition, because of the nature of our business, certain factors such as our announcements, competition from new therapeutic products or technological innovations, government regulations, fluctuations in our operating results, results of clinical trials, public concern regarding the safety of drugs generally, general market conditions and developments in patent and proprietary rights can have an adverse impact on the market price of our Common Shares. Any negative change in the public's perception of our prospects could cause the price of our Common Shares to decrease dramatically. Furthermore, any negative change in the public's perception of the prospects of biotechnology companies in general or the market in general could depress our share price regardless of our results. Volatility or depression in the capital markets, particularly with respect to biotechnology stocks, could also affect our ability to raise additional capital.

Our shareholders may experience significant dilution from future sales of our securities.

We anticipate that we will need to raise additional capital in the future. The sale of additional equity, including warrants, subscription receipts or debt securities, if convertible into equity, will result in dilution to our existing shareholders. As a result, our net loss per share could increase in future periods and the market price of our Common Shares could decline. The perceived risk of dilution may negatively impact the price of our shares and may cause our shareholders to sell their shares, which would contribute to a decline in the price of our Common Shares. Moreover, the perceived risk of dilution and the resulting downward pressure on our share price could encourage investors to engage in short sales of our common shares, which could further contribute to progressive price declines in our Common Shares.

We will have broad discretion over the use of the net proceeds of an offering of our securities and we may not use these proceeds in a manner desired by our shareholders.

While detailed information regarding the use of proceeds from the sale of our securities will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement, the Company will have broad discretion over the use of the net proceeds from an offering by the Company of its securities. Because of the number and variability of factors that will determine the Company's use of such proceeds, the Company's ultimate use might vary substantially from its planned use. You may not agree with how the Company allocates or spends the proceeds from an offering of its securities. The Company may pursue acquisitions, collaborations or other opportunities that do not result in an increase in the market value of its securities, including the market value of its Common Shares, and that may increase its losses. The Company will not receive any proceeds from any sale of securities by any Selling Securityholder.

Rakovina may be subject to securities litigation, which is expensive and could divert management attention.

The market price of the Common Shares may be volatile, and in the past companies that have experienced volatility in the market price of their shares have been subject to securities class action litigation. Rakovina may be the target of this type of litigation in the future. Litigation of this type could result in substantial costs and diversion of management's attention and resources, which could adversely impact the Company's business. Any adverse determination in litigation could also subject Rakovina to significant liabilities.

Rakovina has not paid dividends and may not pay dividends in the foreseeable future.

Payment of dividends on Common Shares is within the discretion of the Rakovina board and will depend upon Rakovina's future earnings if any, its capital requirements and financial condition, and other relevant factors. Rakovina anticipates that all available funds will be invested to finance the growth of its business for the foreseeable future.

There is no assurance of a sufficient liquid trading market for the Company's Common Shares in the future.

Shareholders of the Company may be unable to sell significant quantities of Common Shares into the public trading markets without a significant reduction in the price of their Common Shares, or at all. There can be no assurance that there will be sufficient liquidity of the Company's Common Shares on the trading market, and that the Company will continue to meet the listing requirements of the TSX-V or achieve listing on any other public listing exchange.

There is currently no market through which our securities, other than our Common Shares, may be sold.

There is currently no market through which our securities, other than our Common Shares, may be sold and, unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, our preferred shares, debt securities, subscription receipts, units or warrants will not be listed on any securities or stock exchange or any automated dealer quotation system. As a consequence, purchasers may not be able to resell preferred shares, debt securities, subscription receipts, units or warrants purchased under this prospectus. This may affect the pricing of our securities, other than our Common Shares, in the secondary market, the transparency and availability of trading prices, the liquidity of these securities and the extent of issuer regulation. There can be no assurance that an active trading market for our securities, other than our Common Shares, will develop or, if developed, that any such market, including for our Common Shares, will be sustained.

The debt securities will be unsecured and will rank equally in right of payment with all of our future unsecured debt.

Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, the debt securities will be unsecured and will rank equally in right of payment with all of our other existing and future unsecured debt. The debt securities will be effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured debt to the extent of the assets securing such debt. If we are involved in any bankruptcy, dissolution, liquidation or reorganization, the secured debt holders would, to the extent of the value of the assets securing the secured debt, be paid before the holders of unsecured debt securities, including the debt securities. In that event, a holder of debt securities may not be able to recover any principal or interest due to it under the debt securities. See "Description of Debt Securities".

If equity research analysts do not publish research or reports about Rakovina's business or if they issue unfavorable commentary or downgrade the Company's Common Shares, the price of the Common Shares could decline.

The trading market for our Common Shares will rely in part on the research and reports that equity research analysts publish about the Company and the Company's business. The Company does not control these analysts. The price of our Common Shares could decline if one or more equity analysts downgrade the Common Shares or if analysts issue other unfavorable commentary or cease publishing reports about the Company and the Company's business.

Sales by existing shareholders can reduce share prices.

Sales of a substantial number of Common Shares in the public market could occur at any time. These sales, or the market perception that the holders of a large number of Common Shares intend to sell Common Shares, could reduce the market price of the Common Shares. If this occurs and continues, it could impair the Company's ability to raise additional capital through the sale of securities.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless we otherwise indicate in a prospectus supplement relating to a particular offering, we currently intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of our securities for general corporate and working capital requirements, including to fund ongoing operations and/or working capital requirements, to repay indebtedness outstanding from time to time, to complete future acquisitions or for other corporate purposes as set forth in the prospectus supplement relating to the offering of the securities.

More detailed information regarding the use of proceeds from the sale of securities, including any determinable milestones at the applicable time, will be described in a prospectus supplement. We may also, from time to time, issue securities otherwise than pursuant to a prospectus supplement to this prospectus. All expenses relating to an offering of securities and any compensation paid to underwriters, dealers or agents, as the case may be, will be paid out of the proceeds from the sale of such securities, unless otherwise stated in the applicable prospectus supplement.

CONSOLIDATED CAPITALIZATION

Since September 30, 2021, the date of our most recent financial statements, there have been no material changes in our consolidated share or debt capital, except: (i) Grant of 210,000 stock options, (ii) Issuance of 300,000 compensation warrants to Frontier Marketing Group, (iii) Issuance of 25,000 compensation warrants to Andre Piche.²

Information relating to any issuances of our Common Shares and securities exercisable for or exchangeable into Common Shares within the previous twelve-month period will be provided as required in a prospectus supplement under the heading “*Prior Sales*”.

PRIOR SALES

Information in respect of our Common Shares and securities exchangeable for or exercisable into Common Shares issued within the previous twelve month period, as well as in respect of Common Shares that we issued upon the exercise of options or share units granted under our equity incentive plans, and in respect of such equity securities exercisable or convertible into Common Shares that we granted under such equity incentive plans, will be provided as required in a prospectus supplement with respect to the issuance of securities pursuant to such prospectus supplement.

TRADING PRICE AND VOLUME

The outstanding Common Shares are listed and posted for trading on the TSX-V under the symbol “RKV”.

Trading price and volume information for the Company’s securities will be provided as required in each prospectus supplement to this prospectus.

EARNINGS COVERAGE

If we offer debt securities having a term to maturity in excess of one year under this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement, the applicable prospectus supplement will include earnings coverage ratios giving effect to the issuance of such securities.

DESCRIPTION OF SHARE CAPITAL

Our authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of Common Shares. As of the date of this prospectus, we have 69,808,000 Common Shares issued and outstanding. In addition, as of the date of this prospectus, there are 5,630,000 stock options, 21,500 agent options, 1,318,940 agent warrants, 11,414,750 purchase warrants, 325,000

² Issuance of compensation warrants to Frontier Marketing Group and Andre Piche is subject to TSX-V approval.

compensation warrants³, Nil performance share units (“PSUs”), Nil restricted share units (“RSUs”) and Nil deferred share units (“DSUs”) outstanding.

Common Shares

The shareholders of the Company are entitled to one vote for each Common Share on all matters to be voted on by the shareholders. Each Common Share is equal to every other Common Share and all Common Shares participate equally on liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our Company, whether voluntary or involuntary, or any other distribution of our assets among our shareholders for the purpose of winding up our affairs after the Company has paid out its liabilities. The shareholders are entitled to receive pro rata such dividends as may be declared by the board of directors out of funds legally available for such purpose and to receive pro rata the remaining property of the Company upon dissolution. No Common Shares have been issued subject to call or assessment. There are no preemptive or conversion rights, and no provisions for redemption, retraction, purchase or cancellation, surrender, sinking fund or purchase fund. Provisions as to the creation, modification, amendment or variation of such rights or such provisions are contained in the BCBCA and the articles of the Company.

Options

Rakovina has two stock option plans pursuant to which the board of directors may grant stock options to directors, officers, employees and consultants of Rakovina or its subsidiary: 1) an “evergreen” long term incentive plan (the “**LTI Plan**”); and 2) a “rolling” stock option plan (the “**Rolling Plan**”, and together with the LTI Plan, the “**Plans**”). Each option issued pursuant to the LTI Plan will expire and terminate no later than the fifth anniversary of the date of grant. No further options will be issued pursuant to the Rolling Plan. Options previously issued pursuant to the Rolling Plan will expire and terminate no later than the tenth anniversary of the date of grant. As of the date of this prospectus, there are 5,630,000 options outstanding with an average exercise price of \$0.20 per option.

Share Units

Under the LTI Plan, the board of directors uses PSUs, RSUs and DSUs as part of Rakovina’s overall equity compensation plan. PSUs, RSUs and DSUs represent rights, subject to the satisfaction of certain vesting conditions, to receive Common Shares, an equivalent value in cash or a combination of Common Shares and cash. As of the date of this prospectus, the maximum number of Common Shares issuable pursuant to grants under the LTI Plan is 10% of the issued and outstanding Common Shares of the Company, provided that, and subject to the maximum number of Common Shares issuable under the LTI Plan pursuant to grants that are not options may not exceed 6,955,800 Common Shares. As of the date of this prospectus, Rakovina has Nil PSUs outstanding, Nil RSUs outstanding and Nil DSUs outstanding.

Warrants

As of the date of this prospectus, there are 1,318,940 agent warrants, 11,414,750 purchase warrants and 325,000 compensation warrants⁴ outstanding.

Restrictions

The maximum number of Common Shares that may be issued under the LTI Plan and any other security-based compensation arrangements may not exceed 10% of the Common Shares issued and outstanding from time to time, provided that, and subject to the foregoing, the maximum number of Common Shares issuable under the LTI Plan pursuant to awards that are not options may not exceed the number that is equal to 10% of the number of issued and

³ Issuance of compensation warrants is subject to TSX-V approval.

⁴ Issuance of compensation warrants is subject to TSX-V approval.

outstanding Common Shares on the date that the LTI Plan becomes effective. No further grants will be made under the Rolling Plan.

The LTI Plan includes the following additional limitations on Common Shares issuable under it: (i) the maximum number of Common Shares issuable under the LTI Plan and any other security-based compensation arrangement to Insiders (as defined in the LTI Plan) at any time may not exceed in the aggregate 10% of the Common Shares issued and outstanding from time to time and (ii) the maximum number of Common Shares issued under the LTI Plan and any other security-based compensation arrangement to Insiders (as defined in the LTI Plan) within any one-year period may not exceed in the aggregate 10% of the Common Shares issued and outstanding from time to time. In addition, for so long as the Common Shares are listed on the TSX-V: (i) the aggregate number of Common Shares issuable pursuant to awards granted to any LTI Plan participant in a 12-month period must not exceed 5% of the Common Shares issued and outstanding from time to time, (ii) the aggregate number of Common Shares issuable pursuant to awards granted to any one consultant in a 12-month period must not exceed 2% of the Common Shares issued and outstanding from time to time; and (iii) the aggregate number of Common Shares issuable pursuant to awards granted to all LTI Plan participants retained to provide “Investor Relations Activities” (as defined in TSX-V Policy 1.1 – *Interpretation*) must not exceed 2% of the Common Shares issued and outstanding from time to time in a 12-month period, in each case calculated as of the date of grant to the relevant participant.

Dividend Policy

The Company has no fixed dividend policy and has neither declared nor paid dividends on its Common Shares. The Company has no present intention of paying dividends on its Common Shares, as it anticipates that all available funds will be invested to finance the growth of its business. If the Company pays a dividend on the Common Shares, holders of PSUs, RSUs and DSUs will be credited with additional PSUs, RSUs and DSUs, respectively, equal to the amount of the dividend based on the fair market value of the Common Shares at the time the dividend is paid.

Subject to the BCBCA, the actual timing, payment and amount of any dividends declared and paid by the Company will be determined by and at the sole discretion of the Company’s board of directors from time to time based upon, among other factors, the Company’s cash flow, results of operations and financial condition, the need for funds to finance ongoing operations and exploration and such other considerations as the board of directors in its discretion may consider or deem relevant.

DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES

In this section describing the debt securities, the terms “Company” and “Rakovina” refer only to Rakovina Therapeutics Inc. without its subsidiary.

The following description of the terms of debt securities sets forth certain general terms and provisions of debt securities in respect of which a prospectus supplement may be filed. The particular terms and provisions of debt securities offered by any prospectus supplement, and the extent to which the general terms and provisions described below may apply thereto, will be described in the prospectus supplement filed in respect of such debt securities. Prospective investors should rely on information in the applicable prospectus supplement if it is different from the following information.

Debt securities may be offered separately or in combination with one or more other securities of the Company. The Company may, from time to time, issue debt securities and incur additional indebtedness other than through the issue of debt securities pursuant to this prospectus.

The debt securities will be issued under one or more indentures (each, a “**Trust Indenture**”), in each case between the Company and a financial institution or trust company organized under the laws of Canada or any province thereof and authorized to carry on business as a trustee (each, a “**Trustee**”).

The following description sets forth certain general terms and provisions of the debt securities and is not intended to be complete. The particular terms and provisions of the debt securities and a description of how the general terms and

provisions described below may apply to the debt securities will be included in the applicable prospectus supplement. The following description is subject to the detailed provisions of the applicable Trust Indenture. Accordingly, reference should also be made to the applicable Trust Indenture, a copy of which will be filed by the Company with the securities commissions or similar regulatory authorities in applicable Canadian offering jurisdictions, after it has been entered into, and will be available electronically at www.sedar.com.

General

The applicable Trust Indenture will not limit the aggregate principal amount of debt securities that may be issued under such Trust Indenture and will not limit the amount of other indebtedness that the Company may incur. The applicable Trust Indenture will provide that the Company may issue debt securities from time to time in one or more series and may be denominated and payable in any currency. Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, the debt securities will be unsecured obligations of the Company.

The Company may specify a maximum aggregate principal amount for the debt securities of any series and, unless otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, a series of debt securities may be reopened for issuance of additional debt securities of such series. The applicable Trust Indenture will also permit the Company to increase the principal amount of any series of the debt securities previously issued and to issue that increased principal amount.

Any prospectus supplement for debt securities supplementing this prospectus will contain the specific terms and other information with respect to the debt securities being offered thereby, including, but not limited to, the following:

- the designation, aggregate principal amount and authorized denominations of such debt securities;
- the interest rate at which the debt securities will be issued;
- whether payment on the debt securities will be senior or subordinated to other liabilities or obligations of the Company;
- whether the payment of the debt securities will be guaranteed by any other person;
- the date or dates, or the methods by which such dates will be determined or extended, on which the Company may issue the debt securities and the date or dates, or the methods by which such dates will be determined or extended, on which the Company will pay the principal and any premium on the debt securities and the portion (if less than the principal amount) of debt securities to be payable upon a declaration of acceleration of maturity;
- whether the debt securities will bear interest, the interest rate (whether fixed or variable) or the method of determining the interest rate, the date from which interest will accrue, the dates on which the Company will pay interest and the record dates for interest payments, or the methods by which such dates will be determined or extended;
- the place or places the Company will pay principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, and the place or places where debt securities can be presented for registration of transfer or exchange;
- whether and under what circumstances the Company will be required to pay any additional amounts for withholding or deduction for Canadian taxes with respect to the debt securities, and whether and on what terms the Company will have the option to redeem the debt securities rather than pay the additional amounts;
- whether the Company will be obligated to redeem or repurchase the debt securities pursuant to any sinking or purchase fund or other provisions, or at the option of a holder, and the terms and conditions of such redemption;
- whether the Company may redeem the debt securities at its option and the terms and conditions of any such redemption;
- the denominations in which the Company will issue any registered and unregistered debt securities;
- the currency or currency units for which debt securities may be purchased and the currency or currency units in which the principal and any interest is payable (in either case, if other than Canadian dollars) or if payments on the debt securities will be made by delivery of Common Shares or other property;
- whether payments on the debt securities will be payable with reference to any index or formula;
- if applicable, the ability of the Company to satisfy all or a portion of any redemption of the debt securities, any payment of any interest on such debt securities or any repayment of the principal owing upon the maturity

of such debt securities through the issuance of securities of the Company or of any other entity, and any restriction(s) on the persons to whom such securities may be issued;

- whether the debt securities will be issued as global securities (defined below) and, if so, the identity of the depository for the global securities;
- whether the debt securities will be issued as unregistered securities (with or without coupons), registered securities or both;
- the periods within which and the terms and conditions, if any, upon which the Company may redeem the debt securities prior to maturity and the price or prices of which, and the currency or currency units in which, the debt securities are payable;
- any events of default or covenants applicable to the debt securities;
- any terms under which debt securities may be defeased, whether at or prior to maturity;
- whether the holders of any series of debt securities have special rights if specified events occur;
- any mandatory or optional redemption or sinking fund or analogous provisions;
- the terms, if any, for any conversion or exchange of the debt securities for any other securities;
- rights, if any, on a change of control;
- provisions as to modification, amendment or variation of any rights or terms attaching to the debt securities;
- the Trustee under the Trust Indenture pursuant to which the debt securities are to be issued;
- whether the Company will undertake to list the debt securities of the series on any securities exchange or automated interdealer quotation system; and
- any other terms, conditions, rights and preferences (or limitations on such rights and preferences) including covenants and events of default which apply solely to a particular series of the debt securities being offered which do not apply generally to other debt securities, or any covenants or events of default generally applicable to the debt securities which do not apply to a particular series of the debt securities.

The Company reserves the right to include in a prospectus supplement specific terms pertaining to the debt securities which are not within the options and parameters set forth in this prospectus. In addition, to the extent that any particular terms of the debt securities described in a prospectus supplement differ from any of the terms described in this prospectus, the description of such terms set forth in this prospectus shall be deemed to have been superseded by the description of such differing terms set forth in such prospectus supplement with respect to such debt securities.

Unless stated otherwise in the applicable prospectus supplement, no holder of debt securities will have the right to require the Company to repurchase the debt securities and there will be no increase in the interest rate if the Company becomes involved in a highly leveraged transaction or has a change of control.

The Company may issue debt securities bearing no interest or interest at a rate below the prevailing market rate at the time of issuance, and offer and sell these securities at a discount below their stated principal amount. The Company may also sell any of the debt securities for a foreign currency or currency unit, and payments on the debt securities may be payable in a foreign currency or currency unit. In any of these cases, the Company will describe certain Canadian federal income tax consequences and other special considerations in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, the Company may issue debt securities with terms different from those of debt securities previously issued and, without the consent of the holders thereof, reopen a previous issue of a series of debt securities and issue additional debt securities of such series.

Ranking and Other Indebtedness

Unless otherwise indicated in an applicable prospectus supplement, the debt securities will be direct unsecured obligations of the Company. The debt securities will be senior or subordinated indebtedness of the Company as described in the applicable prospectus supplement. If the debt securities are senior indebtedness, they will rank equally and ratably with all other unsecured indebtedness of the Company from time to time issued and outstanding which is not subordinated. If the debt securities are subordinated indebtedness, they will be subordinated to senior indebtedness of the Company as described in the applicable prospectus supplement, and they will rank equally and ratably with other subordinated indebtedness of the Company from time to time issued and outstanding as described in the

applicable prospectus supplement. The Company reserves the right to specify in a prospectus supplement whether a particular series of subordinated debt securities is subordinated to any other series of subordinated debt securities.

The board of directors may establish the extent and manner, if any, to which payment on or in respect of a series of debt securities will be senior or will be subordinated to the prior payment of our other liabilities and obligations and whether the payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, will be guaranteed by any other person and the nature and priority of any security.

Registration of Debt Securities

Debt Securities in Book Entry Form

Unless otherwise indicated in an applicable prospectus supplement, debt securities of any series may be issued in whole or in part in the form of one or more global securities (“**Global Securities**”) registered in the name of a designated clearing agency (a “**Depository**”) or its nominee and held by or on behalf of the Depository in accordance with the terms of the applicable Trust Indenture. The specific terms of the depository arrangement with respect to any portion of a series of debt securities to be represented by a Global Security will, to the extent not described herein, be described in the prospectus supplement relating to such series. The Company anticipates that the provisions described in this section will apply to all depository arrangements.

Upon the issuance of a Global Security, the Depository or its nominee will credit, in its book-entry and registration system, the respective principal amounts of the debt securities represented by the Global Security to the accounts of such participants that have accounts with the Depository or its nominee (“**Participants**”). Such accounts are typically designated by the underwriters, dealers or agents participating in the distribution of the debt securities or by the Company if such debt securities are offered and sold directly by the Company. Ownership of beneficial interests in a Global Security will be limited to Participants or persons that may hold beneficial interests through Participants. With respect to the interests of Participants, ownership of beneficial interests in a Global Security will be shown on, and the transfer of that ownership will be effected only through records maintained by the Depository or its nominee. With respect to the interests of persons other than Participants, ownership of beneficial interests in a Global Security will be shown on, and the transfer of that ownership will be effected only through records maintained by Participants or persons that hold through Participants.

So long as the Depository for a Global Security, or its nominee, is the registered owner of such Global Security, such Depository or such nominee, as the case may be, will be considered the sole owner or holder of the debt securities represented by such Global Security for all purposes under the applicable Trust Indenture and payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, on the debt securities represented by a Global Security will be made by the Company to the Depository or its nominee. The Company expects that the Depository or its nominee, upon receipt of any payment of principal, premium, if any, or interest, if any, will credit Participants’ accounts with payments in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in the principal amount of the Global Security as shown on the records of such Depository or its nominee. The Company also expects that payments by Participants to owners of beneficial interests in a Global Security held through such Participants will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices and will be the responsibility of such Participants.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by the Depository to direct Participants, by direct Participants to indirect Participants and by direct and indirect Participants to beneficial owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial owners of debt securities may wish to take certain steps to augment transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the debt securities, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults and proposed amendments to the Trust Indenture.

Owners of beneficial interests in a Global Security will not be entitled to have the debt securities represented by such Global Security registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of such debt securities in certificated non-book-entry form, and will not be considered the owners or holders thereof under the applicable Trust Indenture, and the ability of a holder to pledge a debt security or otherwise take action with respect

to such holder's interest in a debt security (other than through a Participant) may be limited due to the lack of a physical certificate.

No Global Security may be exchanged in whole or in part for debt securities registered, and no transfer of a Global Security in whole or in part may be registered, in the name of any person other than the Depository for such Global Security or any nominee of such Depository unless: (i) the Depository is no longer willing or able to discharge properly its responsibilities as depository and the Company is unable to locate a qualified successor; (ii) the Company at its option elects, or is required by law, to terminate the book-entry system through the Depository or the book-entry system ceases to exist; or (iii) if provided for in the Trust Indenture, after the occurrence of an event of default thereunder (provided the Trustee has not waived the event of default in accordance with the terms of the Trust Indenture), Participants acting on behalf of beneficial holders representing, in aggregate, a threshold percentage of the aggregate principal amount of the debt securities then outstanding advise the Depository in writing that the continuation of a book-entry system through the Depository is no longer in their best interest.

If one of the foregoing events occurs, such Global Security shall be exchanged for certificated non-book-entry debt securities of the same series in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of such Global Security and registered in such names and denominations as the Depository may direct.

The Company, any underwriters, dealers or agents and any Trustee identified in an accompanying prospectus supplement, as applicable, will not have any liability or responsibility for (i) records maintained by the Depository relating to beneficial ownership interests in the debt securities held by the Depository or the book-entry accounts maintained by the Depository, (ii) maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to any such beneficial ownership interests, or (iii) any advice or representation made by or with respect to the Depository and contained in this prospectus or in any prospectus supplement or Trust Indenture with respect to the rules and regulations of the Depository or at the direction of Depository Participants.

Unless otherwise stated in the applicable prospectus supplement, CDS Clearing and Depository Services Inc. or its successor will act as Depository for any debt securities represented by a Global Security.

Debt Securities in Certificated Form

A series of the debt securities may be issued in definitive form, solely as registered securities, solely as unregistered securities or as both registered securities and unregistered securities. Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, unregistered securities will have interest coupons attached.

In the event that the debt securities are issued in certificated non-book-entry form, and unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, on the debt securities (other than a Global Security) will be made at the office or agency of the Trustee or, at the option of the Company, by the Company by way of cheque mailed or delivered to the address of the person entitled at the address appearing in the security register of the Trustee or electronic funds wire or other transmission to an account of the person entitled to receive such payments. Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, payment of interest, if any, will be made to the persons in whose name the debt securities are registered at the close of business on the day or days specified by the Company.

At the option of the holder of debt securities, registered securities of any series will be exchangeable for other registered securities of the same series, of any authorized denomination and of a like aggregate principal amount and tenor. If, but only if, provided in an applicable prospectus supplement, unregistered securities (with all unmatured coupons, except as provided below, and all matured coupons in default) of any series may be exchanged for registered securities of the same series, of any authorized denominations and of a like aggregate principal amount and tenor. In such event, unregistered securities surrendered in a permitted exchange for registered securities between a regular record date or a special record date and the relevant date for payment of interest shall be surrendered without the coupon relating to such date for payment of interest, and interest will not be payable on such date for payment of interest in respect of the registered security issued in exchange for such unregistered security, but will be payable only

to the holder of such coupon when due in accordance with the terms of the Trust Indenture. Unless otherwise specified in an applicable prospectus supplement, unregistered securities will not be issued in exchange for registered securities.

The applicable prospectus supplement may indicate the places to register a transfer of the debt securities in definitive form. Except for certain restrictions to be set forth in the Trust Indenture, no service charge will be payable by the holder for any registration of transfer or exchange of the debt securities in definitive form, but the Company may, in certain instances, require a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charges payable in connection with these transactions.

DESCRIPTION OF WARRANTS

General

This section describes the general terms that will apply to any warrants for the purchase of Common Shares (the “**Equity Warrants**”), or for the purchase of debt securities (the “**Debt Warrants**”).

We may issue warrants independently or together with other securities, and warrants sold with other securities may be attached to or separate from the other securities. Warrants will be issued under one or more warrant agency agreements to be entered into by us and one or more banks or trust companies acting as warrant agent.

The Company will deliver an undertaking to the securities regulatory authority in each of the provinces and territories of Canada that it will not distribute warrants that, according to their terms as described in the applicable prospectus supplement, are “novel” specified derivatives within the meaning of Canadian securities legislation, separately to any member of the public in Canada, unless the offering is in connection with and forms part of the consideration for an acquisition or merger transaction or unless such prospectus supplement containing the specific terms of the warrants to be distributed separately is first approved by or on behalf of the securities commissions or similar regulatory authorities in each of the provinces of Canada where the warrants will be distributed.

This summary of some of the provisions of the warrants is not complete. The statements made in this prospectus relating to any warrant agreement and warrants to be issued under this prospectus are summaries of certain anticipated provisions thereof and do not purport to be complete and are subject to, and are qualified in their entirety by reference to, all provisions of the applicable warrant agreement. You should refer to the warrant indenture or warrant agency agreement relating to the specific warrants being offered for the complete terms of the warrants. A copy of any warrant indenture or warrant agency agreement relating to an offering or warrants will be filed by the Company with the securities regulatory authorities in the applicable Canadian offering jurisdictions after we have entered into it, and will be available electronically on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

The applicable prospectus supplement relating to any warrants that we offer will describe the particular terms of those warrants and include specific terms relating to the offering.

Original purchasers of warrants (if offered separately) will have a contractual right of rescission against us in respect of the exercise of such warrant. The contractual right of rescission will entitle such original purchasers to receive, upon surrender of the underlying securities acquired upon exercise of the warrant, the total of the amount paid on original purchase of the warrant and the amount paid upon exercise, in the event that this prospectus (as supplemented or amended) contains a misrepresentation, provided that: (i) the exercise takes place within 180 days of the date of the purchase of the warrant under the applicable prospectus supplement; and (ii) the right of rescission is exercised within 180 days of the date of purchase of the warrant under the applicable prospectus supplement. This contractual right of rescission will be consistent with the statutory right of rescission described under section 131 of the *Securities Act* (British Columbia), and is in addition to any other right or remedy available to original purchasers under section 131 of the *Securities Act* (British Columbia) or otherwise at law.

In an offering of warrants, or other convertible securities, original purchasers are cautioned that the statutory right of action for damages for a misrepresentation contained in the prospectus is limited, in certain provincial and territorial securities legislation, to the price at which the warrants, or other convertible securities, are offered to the public under

the prospectus offering. This means that, under the securities legislation of each of the provinces and territories of Canada, if the purchaser pays additional amounts upon conversion, exchange or exercise of such securities, those amounts may not be recoverable under the statutory right of action for damages that applies in those provinces or territories. The purchaser should refer to any applicable provisions of the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory for the particulars of these rights, or consult with a legal advisor.

Equity Warrants

The particular terms of each issue of Equity Warrants will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement. This description will include, where applicable:

- the designation and aggregate number of Equity Warrants;
- the price at which the Equity Warrants will be offered;
- the currency or currencies in which the Equity Warrants will be offered;
- the date on which the right to exercise the Equity Warrants will commence and the date on which the right will expire;
- the number of Common Shares that may be purchased upon exercise of each Equity Warrant and the price at which and currency or currencies in which the Common Shares may be purchased upon exercise of each Equity Warrant;
- the terms of any provisions allowing or providing for adjustments in (i) the number and/or class of shares that may be purchased, (ii) the exercise price per share or (iii) the expiry of the Equity Warrants;
- whether we will issue fractional shares;
- whether we have applied to list the Equity Warrants or the underlying shares on a stock exchange;
- the designation and terms of any securities with which the Equity Warrants will be offered, if any, and the number of the Equity Warrants that will be offered with each security;
- the date or dates, if any, on or after which the Equity Warrants and the related securities will be transferable separately;
- whether the Equity Warrants will be subject to redemption or call and, if so, the terms of such redemption or call provisions;
- material Canadian federal income tax consequences of owning the Equity Warrants;
- any terms, procedures and limitations relating to the transferability, exchange or exercise of the Equity Warrants; and
- any other material terms or conditions of the Equity Warrants.

Debt Warrants

The particular terms of each issue of debt warrants will be described in the related prospectus supplement. This description will include, where applicable:

- the designation and aggregate number of debt warrants;
- the price at which the debt warrants will be offered;
- the currency or currencies in which the Debt Warrants will be offered;
- the designation and terms of any securities with which the Debt Warrants are being offered, if any, and the number of the Debt Warrants that will be offered with each security;
- the date or dates, if any, on or after which the Debt Warrants and the related securities will be transferable separately;
- the principal amount and designation of debt securities that may be purchased upon exercise of each Debt Warrant and the price at which and currency or currencies in which that principal amount of debt securities may be purchased upon exercise of each Debt Warrant;
- the date on which the right to exercise the Debt Warrants will commence and the date on which the right will expire;
- the minimum or maximum amount of Debt Warrants that may be exercised at any one time;

- whether the Debt Warrants will be subject to redemption or call, and, if so, the terms of such redemption or call provisions;
- material Canadian federal income tax consequences of owning the Debt Warrants;
- whether we have applied to list the Debt Warrants or the underlying debt securities on an exchange;
- any terms, procedures and limitations relating to the transferability, exchange or exercise of the Debt Warrants; and
- any other material terms or conditions of the Debt Warrants.

Prior to the exercise of their warrants, holders of warrants will not have any of the rights of holders of the securities subject to the warrants.

DESCRIPTION OF UNITS

Rakovina may issue units, which may consist of one or more of Common Shares, warrants or any other security specified in the relevant prospectus supplement. Each unit will be issued so that the holder of the unit is also the holder of each of the securities included in the unit. In addition, the relevant prospectus supplement relating to an offering of units will describe all material terms of any units offered, including, as applicable:

- the designation and aggregate number of units being offered;
- the price at which the units will be offered;
- the designation, number and terms of the securities comprising the units and any agreement governing the units;
- the date or dates, if any, on or after which the securities comprising the units will be transferable separately;
- whether we will apply to list the units or any of the individual securities comprising the units on any exchange;
- material Canadian income tax consequences of owning the units, including, how the purchase price paid for the units will be allocated among the securities comprising the units; and
- any other material terms or conditions of the units.

DESCRIPTION OF SUBSCRIPTION RECEIPTS

We may issue subscription receipts separately or in combination with one or more other securities, which will entitle holders thereof to receive, upon satisfaction of certain release conditions (the “**Release Conditions**”) and for no additional consideration, Common Shares, warrants, debt securities or any combination thereof. Subscription receipts will be issued pursuant to one or more subscription receipt agreements (each, a “**Subscription Receipt Agreement**”), the material terms of which will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement, each to be entered into between the Company and an escrow agent (the “**Escrow Agent**”) that will be named in the relevant prospectus supplement. Each Escrow Agent will be a financial institution organized under the laws of Canada or a province thereof and authorized to carry on business as a trustee. If underwriters or agents are used in the sale of any subscription receipts, one or more of such underwriters or agents may also be a party to the Subscription Receipt Agreement governing the subscription receipts sold to or through such underwriter or agent.

The following description sets forth certain general terms and provisions of subscription receipts that may be issued hereunder and is not intended to be complete. The statements made in this prospectus relating to any Subscription Receipt Agreement and subscription receipts to be issued thereunder are summaries of certain anticipated provisions thereof and are subject to, and are qualified in their entirety by reference to, all provisions of the applicable Subscription Receipt Agreement. Prospective investors should refer to the Subscription Receipt Agreement relating to the specific subscription receipts being offered for the complete terms of the subscription receipts. We will file a copy of any Subscription Receipt Agreement relating to an offering of subscription receipts with the applicable securities regulatory authorities in Canada after it has been entered into it.

General

The prospectus supplement and the Subscription Receipt Agreement for any subscription receipts that we may offer will describe the specific terms of the subscription receipts offered. This description may include, but may not be limited to, any of the following, if applicable:

- the designation and aggregate number of subscription receipts being offered;
- the price at which the subscription receipts will be offered;
- the designation, number and terms of the Common Shares, warrants and/or debt securities to be received by the holders of subscription receipts upon satisfaction of the Release Conditions, and any procedures that will result in the adjustment of those numbers;
- the Release Conditions that must be met in order for holders of subscription receipts to receive, for no additional consideration, the Common Shares, warrants and/or debt securities;
- the procedures for the issuance and delivery of the Common Shares, warrants and/or debt securities to holders of subscription receipts upon satisfaction of the Release Conditions;
- whether any payments will be made to holders of subscription receipts upon delivery of the Common Shares, warrants and/or debt securities upon satisfaction of the Release Conditions;
- the identity of the Escrow Agent;
- the terms and conditions under which the Escrow Agent will hold all or a portion of the gross proceeds from the sale of subscription receipts, together with interest and income earned thereon (collectively, the “**Escrowed Funds**”), pending satisfaction of the Release Conditions;
- the terms and conditions pursuant to which the Escrow Agent will hold the Common Shares, warrants and/or debt securities pending satisfaction of the Release Conditions;
- the terms and conditions under which the Escrow Agent will release all or a portion of the Escrowed Funds to the Company upon satisfaction of the Release Conditions;
- if the subscription receipts are sold to or through underwriters or agents, the terms and conditions under which the Escrow Agent will release a portion of the Escrowed Funds to such underwriters or agents in payment of all or a portion of their fees or commissions in connection with the sale of the subscription receipts;
- procedures for the refund by the Escrow Agent to holders of subscription receipts of all or a portion of the subscription price of their subscription receipts, plus any pro rata entitlement to interest earned or income generated on such amount, if the Release Conditions are not satisfied;
- any contractual right of rescission to be granted to initial purchasers of subscription receipts in the event that this prospectus, the prospectus supplement under which such subscription receipts are issued or any amendment hereto or thereto contains a misrepresentation;
- any entitlement of Rakovina to purchase the subscription receipts in the open market by private agreement or otherwise;
- whether we will issue the subscription receipts as global securities and, if so, the identity of the depository for the global securities;
- whether we will issue the subscription receipts as unregistered bearer securities, as registered securities or both;
- provisions as to modification, amendment or variation of the Subscription Receipt Agreement or any rights or terms of the subscription receipts, including upon any subdivision, consolidation, reclassification or other material change of the Common Shares, warrants or other Rakovina securities, any other reorganization, amalgamation, merger or sale of all or substantially all of the Company’s assets or any distribution of property or rights to all or substantially all of the holders of Common Shares;
- whether we will apply to list the subscription receipts on any exchange;
- material Canadian federal income tax consequences of owning the subscription receipts; and
- any other material terms or conditions of the subscription receipts.

Original purchasers of subscription receipts will have a contractual right of rescission against us in respect of the conversion of the subscription receipts. The contractual right of rescission will entitle such original purchasers to receive the total of the amount paid on original purchase of the subscription receipts and the amount paid upon

conversion of the subscription receipts (if any) upon surrender of the underlying securities gained thereby, in the event that this prospectus (as supplemented or amended) contains a misrepresentation, provided that: (i) the conversion takes place within 180 days of the date of the purchase of the subscription receipts under this prospectus; and (ii) the right of rescission is exercised within 180 days of the date of purchase of the subscription receipts under this prospectus. This contractual right of rescission will be consistent with the statutory right of rescission described under section 131 of the *Securities Act* (British Columbia), and is in addition to any other right or remedy available to original purchasers under section 131 of the *Securities Act* (British Columbia) or otherwise at law.

Rights of Holders of Subscription Receipts Prior to Satisfaction of Release Conditions

The holders of subscription receipts will not be, and will not have the rights of, shareholders of Rakovina. Holders of subscription receipts are entitled only to receive Common Shares, warrants and/or debt securities on exchange of their subscription receipts, plus any cash payments, if any, all as provided for under the Subscription Receipt Agreement and only once the Release Conditions have been satisfied. If the Release Conditions are not satisfied, holders of subscription receipts shall be entitled to a refund of all or a portion of the subscription price therefor and their pro rata share of interest earned or income generated thereon, if provided for in the Subscription Receipt Agreement, all as provided in the Subscription Receipt Agreement.

Escrow

The Subscription Receipt Agreement will provide that the Escrowed Funds will be held in escrow by the Escrow Agent, and such Escrowed Funds will be released to the Company (and, if the subscription receipts are sold to or through underwriters or agents, a portion of the Escrowed Funds may be released to such underwriters or agents in payment of all or a portion of their fees in connection with the sale of the subscription receipts) at the time and under the terms specified by the Subscription Receipt Agreement. If the Release Conditions are not satisfied, holders of subscription receipts will receive a refund of all or a portion of the subscription price for their subscription receipts, plus their pro-rata entitlement to interest earned or income generated on such amount, if provided for in the Subscription Receipt Agreement, in accordance with the terms of the Subscription Receipt Agreement. Common Shares, warrants and or debt securities may be held in escrow by the Escrow Agent and will be released to the holders of subscription receipts following satisfaction of the Release Conditions at the time and under the terms specified in the Subscription Receipt Agreement.

Modifications

The Subscription Receipt Agreement will specify the terms upon which modifications and alterations to the subscription receipts issued thereunder may be made by way of a resolution of holders of subscription receipts at a meeting of such holders or consent in writing from such holders. The number of holders of subscription receipts required to pass such a resolution or execute such a written consent will be specified in the Subscription Receipt Agreement.

The Subscription Receipt Agreement will also specify that we may amend any Subscription Receipt Agreement and the subscription receipts without the consent of the holders of the subscription receipts to cure any ambiguity, to cure, correct or supplement any defective or inconsistent provision or in any other manner that will not materially and adversely affect the interests of the holders of outstanding subscription receipts or as otherwise specified in the Subscription Receipt Agreement.

DESCRIPTION OF SHARE PURCHASE CONTRACTS

We may issue share purchase contracts, representing contracts obligating holders to purchase from or sell to us, and obligating us to purchase from or sell to the holders, a specified number of Common Shares, as applicable, at a future date or dates, and including by way of instalment.

The price per Common Share and the number of Common Shares, as applicable, may be fixed at the time the share purchase contracts are issued or may be determined by reference to a specific formula or method set forth in the share

purchase contracts. We may issue share purchase contracts in accordance with applicable laws and in such amounts and in as many distinct series as we may determine.

The share purchase contracts may be issued separately or as part of units consisting of a share purchase contract and beneficial interests in debt securities, or debt obligations of third parties, including U.S. treasury securities or obligations of our subsidiaries, securing the holders' obligations to purchase the Common Shares under the share purchase contracts, which we refer to in this prospectus as share purchase units. The share purchase contracts may require the Company to make periodic payments to the holders of the share purchase units or vice versa, and these payments may be unsecured or refunded and may be paid on a current or on a deferred basis. The share purchase contracts may require holders to secure their obligations under those contracts in a specified manner.

Holders of share purchase contracts are not shareholders of Rakovina. The particular terms and provisions of share purchase contracts offered by any prospectus supplement, and the extent to which the general terms and provisions described below may apply to them, will be described in the prospectus supplement filed in respect of such share purchase contracts.

This description will include, where applicable:

- whether the share purchase contracts obligate the holder to purchase or sell, or both purchase and sell, Common Shares, as applicable, and the nature and amount of those securities, or the method of determining those amounts;
- whether the share purchase contracts are to be prepaid or paid in instalments;
- any conditions upon which the purchase or sale will be contingent and the consequences if such conditions are not satisfied;
- whether the share purchase contracts are to be settled by delivery, or by reference or linkage to the value or performance of Common Shares;
- any acceleration, cancellation, termination or other provisions relating to the settlement of the share purchase contracts;
- the date or dates on which the sale or purchase must be made, if any;
- whether the share purchase contracts will be issued in fully registered or global form;
- the material income tax consequences of owning the share purchase contracts; and
- any other material terms and conditions of the share purchase contracts including, without limitation, transferability and adjustment terms and whether the share purchase contracts will be listed on a stock exchange.

Original purchasers of share purchase contracts will be granted a contractual right of rescission against the Company in respect of the conversion, exchange or exercise of such share purchase contract. The contractual right of rescission will entitle such original purchasers to receive the total of the amount paid on original purchase of the share purchase contracts and the amount paid upon conversion, exchange or exercise of the share purchase contracts, upon surrender of the underlying securities gained thereby, in the event that this prospectus (as supplemented or amended) contains a misrepresentation, provided that: (i) the conversion, exchange or exercise takes place within 180 days of the date of the purchase of the convertible, exchangeable or exercisable security under this prospectus; and (ii) the right of rescission is exercised within 180 days of the date of the purchase of the convertible, exchangeable or exercisable security under this prospectus. This contractual right of rescission will be consistent with the statutory right of rescission described under section 131 of the *Securities Act* (British Columbia), and is in addition to any other right or remedy available to original purchasers under section 131 of the *Securities Act* (British Columbia) or otherwise at law.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We may issue our securities offered by this prospectus for cash or other consideration (i) to or through underwriters, dealers, placement agents or other intermediaries, (ii) directly to one or more purchasers or (iii) in connection with acquisitions of assets or shares or another entity or company. The consideration for an acquisition of assets or shares

of another entity or company may consist of any of the securities covered hereby separately, a combination of such securities, or any combination of, among other things, securities, cash or the assumption of liabilities.

Each prospectus supplement with respect to our securities being offered will set forth the terms of the offering, including:

- the name or names of any underwriters, dealers or other placement agents;
- the number and the purchase price of, and form of consideration for, our securities;
- any proceeds to the Company from such sale; and
- any commissions, fees, discounts and other items constituting underwriters', dealers' or agents' compensation.

Our securities may be sold, from time to time, in one or more transactions at a fixed price or prices which may be changed or at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices related to such prevailing market price or at negotiated prices, including sales in transactions that are deemed to be ATM Distributions, including sales made directly on the TSX-V or other existing trading markets for the securities. The prices at which the securities may be offered may vary as between purchasers and during the period of distribution. If, in connection with the offering of securities at a fixed price or prices, the underwriters have made a *bona fide* effort to sell all of the securities at the initial offering price fixed in the applicable prospectus supplement, the public offering price may be decreased and thereafter further changed, from time to time, to an amount not greater than the initial offering price fixed in such prospectus supplement, in which case the compensation realized by the underwriters will be decreased by the amount that the aggregate price paid by purchasers for the securities is less than the gross proceeds paid by the underwriters to the Company.

Only underwriters named in the prospectus supplement are deemed to be underwriters in connection with our securities offered by that prospectus supplement.

Under agreements which may be entered into by the Company, underwriters, dealers and agents who participate in the distribution of our securities may be entitled to indemnification by the Company against certain liabilities, including liabilities under applicable Canadian securities legislation, or to contribution with respect to payments which such underwriters, dealers or agents may be required to make in respect thereof. The underwriters, dealers and agents with whom we enter into agreements may be customers of, engage in transactions with, or perform services for, the Company in the ordinary course of business.

No underwriter or dealer involved in an ATM Distribution, no affiliate of such underwriter or dealer and no person acting jointly or in concert with such underwriter or dealer has over-allotted, or will over allot, our securities in connection with an ATM Distribution of our securities or effect any other transactions that are intended to stabilize the market price of our securities during an ATM Distribution. In connection with any offering of our securities other than in an ATM Distribution, the underwriters may over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market price of our securities offered at a level above that which might otherwise prevail in the open market. Such transactions, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

CERTAIN INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The applicable prospectus supplement may describe certain Canadian federal income tax consequences to an investor who is a non-resident of Canada or to an investor who is a resident of Canada of acquiring, owning and disposing of any of our securities offered thereunder. Investors should read the tax discussion in any prospectus supplement with respect to a particular offering and consult their own tax advisors with respect to their own particular circumstances.

AGENT FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS

Dr. Dennis Brown, director of the Company, resides outside of Canada and has appointed the following agent for service of process in Canada:

Name of Person	Name and Address of Agent
Dr. Dennis Brown	Blakes Vancouver Services Inc. Suite 2600 – 595 Burrard Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V7X 1L3

Purchasers are advised that it may not be possible for investors to enforce judgments obtained in Canada against any person or company that is incorporated, continued or otherwise organized under the laws of a foreign jurisdiction or that resides outside of Canada, even if the party has appointed an agent for service of process.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters related to our securities offered by this prospectus will be passed upon on our behalf by Blake, Cassels & Graydon LLP.

AUDITORS, TRANSFER AGENT AND REGISTRAR

The auditors of the Company are Davidson & Company LLP (“**Davidson**”), Chartered Professional Accountants, 1200-609 Granville Street, P.O. Box 10372, Pacific Centre, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V7Y 1G6. Davidson is independent of the Company within the meaning of the Chartered Professional Accountants of British Columbia Code of Professional Conduct.

The transfer agent and registrar for the Company’s Common Shares in Canada is Odyssey Trust Company, 323 – 409 Granville Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 1T2.

EXEMPTION FROM NI 44-101

Pursuant to a decision of the Autorité des marchés financiers (“**AMF**”) dated December 29, 2021, the Company was granted exemptive relief from the requirement that this prospectus as well as the documents incorporated by reference herein and any applicable prospectus supplement and the documents incorporated by reference therein to be filed in relation to an “at-the-market distribution” be filed with the AMF in the French language. This exemptive relief is granted on the condition that this prospectus, any applicable prospectus supplement (other than in relation to an “at-the-market distribution”) and the documents incorporated by reference herein and therein be filed with the AMF in the French language if the Company offers securities to Quebec purchasers in connection with an offering other than in relation to an “at-the-market distribution”.

STATUTORY RIGHTS OF WITHDRAWAL AND RESCISSION

Securities legislation in certain of the provinces and territories of Canada provides purchasers with the right to withdraw from an agreement to purchase securities and with remedies for rescission or, in some jurisdictions, revisions of the price, or damages if the prospectus, prospectus supplement, and any amendment relating to securities purchased by a purchaser are not sent or delivered to the purchaser. However, purchasers of securities distributed under an ATM Distribution by Rakovina do not have the right to withdraw from an agreement to purchase the securities and do not have remedies of rescission or, in some jurisdictions, revisions of the price, or damages for non-delivery of the prospectus, prospectus supplement, and any amendment relating to the securities purchased by such purchaser because the prospectus, prospectus supplement, and any amendment relating to the securities purchased by such purchaser will not be sent or delivered, as permitted under Part 9 of National Instrument 44-102 – *Shelf Distributions*.

Securities legislation in some provinces and territories of Canada further provides purchasers with remedies for rescission or, in some jurisdictions, revisions of the price or damages if the prospectus, prospectus supplement, and any amendment relating to securities purchased by a purchaser contains a misrepresentation. Those remedies must be exercised by the purchaser within the time limit prescribed by securities legislation. Any remedies under securities legislation that a purchaser of securities distributed under an ATM Distribution by Rakovina may have against

Rakovina or its agents for rescission or, in some jurisdictions, revisions of the price, or damages if the prospectus, prospectus supplement, and any amendment relating to securities purchased by a purchaser contain a misrepresentation will remain unaffected by the non-delivery of the prospectus referred to above. The purchaser should refer to any applicable provisions of the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory for the particulars of these rights or consult with a legal adviser.

In an offering of warrants, or other convertible, exchangeable or exercisable securities, investors are cautioned that the statutory right of action for damages under Canadian securities laws for a misrepresentation contained in the prospectus or a prospectus supplement (or any amendment thereto) is limited, in certain provincial securities legislation, to the price at which the warrants, or other convertible, exchangeable or exercisable securities are offered to the public under the prospectus offering. This means that, under the securities legislation of certain provinces and territories, if the purchaser pays additional amounts upon conversion, exchange or exercise of such securities, those amounts may not be recoverable under the statutory right of action for damages that applies in those provinces. The purchaser should refer to any applicable provisions of the securities legislation of the purchaser's province for the particulars of these rights or consult with a legal advisor.

CERTIFICATE OF THE COMPANY

Dated: December 31, 2021

This short form base shelf prospectus, together with the documents incorporated by reference, constitutes full, true and plain disclosure of all material facts relating to the securities offered by this short form base shelf prospectus as required by the securities legislation of each of the provinces and territories of Canada.

(signed) "Jeffrey Bacha"
Executive Chairman and Director

(signed) "David Hyman"
Chief Financial Officer

**On behalf of the Board of
Directors:**

(signed) "Dennis Brown"
Director

(signed) "Alfredo De Lucrezia"
Director