

DEAL PRO CAPITAL CORPORATION
(A Capital Pool Company)
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD FROM JUNE 11, 2021 (DATE OF INCORPORATION)
TO
DECEMBER 31, 2021

**DEAL PRO CAPITAL CORPORATION
(A CAPITAL POOL COMPANY)**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Deal Pro Capital Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Deal Pro Capital Corporation (the "Corporation"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021 and the statements of loss and comprehensive loss, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the period from June 11, 2021 (date of incorporation) to December 31, 2021, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at December 31, 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the period from June 11, 2021 (date of incorporation) to December 31, 2021 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Corporation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Corporation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Corporation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Corporation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Grand Lui.

RSM Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants
April 27, 2022
Toronto, Ontario

DEAL PRO CAPITAL CORPORATION
(A CAPITAL POOL COMPANY)
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(All Amounts are in Canadian Dollars)

As at December 31, 2021

	Notes	\$
ASSETS		
CURRENT		
Cash	5	370,736
TOTAL ASSETS		370,736
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		16,993
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CAPITAL STOCK		
Issued and Outstanding – 8,207,001 Common shares	6	405,188
Warrants		13,222
Contributed Surplus		47,901
Accumulated Deficit		(112,568)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		370,736

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

(signed) "Harold Wolkin"

Harold Wolkin
Director

(signed) "Norman Levine"

Norman Levine
Director

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements

DEAL PRO CAPITAL CORPORATION
(A CAPITAL POOL COMPANY)
STATEMENT OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(All Amounts are in Canadian Dollars)

For the Period from June 11, 2021 (Date of Incorporation) to December 31, 2021

EXPENSES

Regulatory and listing costs	\$ 20,532
Professional fees	44,135
Share-based compensation	47,901

NET LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	112,568
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NET LOSS PER SHARE – Basic and diluted	\$ 0.02
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WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING – Basic and diluted	6,183,810
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See the accompanying notes to the financial statements

DEAL PRO CAPITAL CORPORATION
(A CAPITAL POOL COMPANY)
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(All Amounts are in Canadian Dollars)

For the Period from June 11, 2021 (Date of Incorporation) to December 31, 2021

	Number of Common Shares	Amount of Common Shares	Warrants	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Deficit	Shareholders' Equity
Balance, June 11, 2021	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	47,901	-	47,901
Private placement for cash	5,700,001	285,000		-	-	285,000
Issuance of common shares for cash	2,507,000	120,188	13,222	-	-	133,410
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(112,568)	(112,568)
Balance, December 31, 2021	8,207,001	\$ 405,188	\$ 13,222	\$ 47,901	\$ (112,568)	\$ 353,743

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements

DEAL PRO CAPITAL CORPORATION
(A CAPITAL POOL COMPANY)
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW
(All Amounts are in Canadian Dollars)

For the Period from June 11, 2021 (Date of Incorporation) to December 31, 2021

OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net loss for the period	\$ (112,568)
Items not affecting cash:	
Share-based compensation	47,901
Change in non-cash working capital:	
Increase in accounts payable	16,993
	<u>(47,674)</u>

FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Issuance of common shares	<u>418,410</u>
Change in cash	370,736
Opening cash	<u>-</u>
Closing cash	<u>\$ 370,736</u>

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements

DEAL PRO CAPITAL CORPORATION
(A CAPITAL POOL COMPANY)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021
(All Amounts are in Canadian Dollars)

1. Nature of Organization

Description of the Business

Deal Pro Capital Corporation (the "Company") was incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* (Ontario) on June 11, 2021 ("Date of Incorporation"). The Company is classified as a Capital Pool Company as defined in Policy 2.4 of the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange"). On October 27, 2021, the Company announced it had completed its Initial Public Offering and that it was now defined as a Capital Pool Corporation trading under the symbol DPCC.P. The principal business of the Company will be to identify and evaluate assets or businesses with a view to potentially acquire them or an interest therein. The purpose of such an acquisition is to satisfy the related conditions of a "Qualifying Transaction" ("QT") under the Exchange rules.

The address of the Company's registered office is Suite 2100, 40 King Street, Toronto, Ontario, M5H 3C2.

The financial statements of the Company for the period from June 11, 2021 (date of incorporation) to December 31, 2021 were authorized for issuance in accordance with a resolution of the directors on April 27, 2022.

The Company has not commenced operations and has no assets other than cash. The Company's continuing operations are dependent upon its ability to identify, evaluate and negotiate an acquisition, business, or an interest therein. Such an acquisition or business will be subject to the approval of the Exchange, and in the case of a non-arm's length transaction, of the majority of the Company's minority shareholders.

2. Basis of Presentation

The Company applies International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the IFRS Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Cash

Cash consists of deposits with maturities of three months or less. Cash subject to restrictions that prevent its use for current purposes is included in restricted cash.

Income Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income except to the extent it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current Income Tax

Current tax expense is based on the results for the period as adjusted for items that are not taxable or not deductible. Current tax is calculated using tax rates and laws that were enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. Provisions are established where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred Tax

Deferred taxes are the taxes expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets in the statement of financial position and their corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and their corresponding tax bases. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

DEAL PRO CAPITAL CORPORATION
(A CAPITAL POOL COMPANY)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021
(All Amounts are in Canadian Dollars)

Provisions for taxes are made using the best estimate of the amount expected to be paid based on a qualitative assessment of all relevant factors. The Company reviews the adequacy of these provisions at the end of the reporting period. However, it is possible that at some future date an additional liability could result from audits by taxing authorities. Where the final outcome of these tax-related matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will affect the tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Earnings (Loss) Per Share

The Company presents basic earnings (loss) per share for its common shares, calculated by dividing the earnings (loss) attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted loss per share does not adjust the loss attributable to common shareholders on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding when the effect is anti-dilutive.

Financial instruments

The following table shows the classification of the Company's financial instruments under IFRS 9:

Financial assets	
Cash	Amortized cost
Financial liabilities	
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost

The Company classifies its financial assets in one of the following categories: (1) at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), (2) at amortised cost or (3) at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"). The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired, the business model in which they are managed and their cash flow characteristics. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Financial assets and liabilities carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the statements of profit or loss. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities held at FVTPL are included in the statements of profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Amortized cost

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently carried at amortized cost less any impairment. They are classified as current or non-current based on their maturity date.

Financial assets at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value, with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income. There is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the de-recognition of the investment.

Impairment of financial assets at amortized cost

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost. At each reporting date, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If at the reporting date, the financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the twelve month expected credit losses. The Company recognizes in the statements of profit or loss, as an impairment gain or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized.

DEAL PRO CAPITAL CORPORATION
(A CAPITAL POOL COMPANY)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021
(All Amounts are in Canadian Dollars)

Derecognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire, or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all of the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when the terms of the liability are modified such that the terms and / or cash flows of the modified instrument are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

Gains and losses on derecognition are generally recognized in profit or loss.

Fair value hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of the financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1 – Applies to assets or liabilities for which there are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Applies to assets or liabilities for which there are inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or indirectly such as quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions.

Level 3 – Applies to assets or liabilities for which there are unobservable market data.

The carrying value of cash, trade payables and accrued liabilities approximate their fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments or their ability of prompt liquidation.

Share-based Payments

Stock options issued by the Company are accounted for in accordance with the fair value based method. The fair value of options issued to directors, officers, employees of and consultants to the Company is charged to operations on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of each tranche (graded vesting) with the offsetting amount recorded to contributed surplus. The historical forfeiture rate is also factored into the calculations. When options are exercised, the amount received, together with the amount previously recorded in contributed surplus are added to capital stock. The fair value of warrants issued to agents in conjunction with a public offering is charged to share issue costs with an offsetting amount recorded to contributed surplus. Fair value is measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued but have future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements, except as follows:

IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements

In January 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements to clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current should be based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period and is unaffected by expectations about whether or not an entity will exercise their right to defer settlement of a liability. The amendments further clarify that settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022 and must be applied retrospectively. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of these amendments on its financial statements and will apply the amendments from the effective date.

4. Summary of Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and judgments are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

Significant judgements made in preparation of these financial statements include:

The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of options in order to calculate share-based compensation expense and the fair value of agent options. The Black-Scholes model involves six key inputs to determine fair value of an option: risk-free interest rate, exercise price, market price at date of issue, expected dividend yield, expected life, and expected volatility. Certain of the inputs are estimates that involve considerable judgment and are or could be affected by significant factors that are out of the Company's control. The Company is also required to estimate the future forfeiture rate of options based on historical information in its calculation of share-based compensation expense.

5. Cash

The Company has \$370,736 held in trust with its lawyers. As a Capital Pool Company, the proceeds raised from the issuance of common shares including the funds held in trust, may only be used to identify and evaluate assets or businesses for future investments, with the exception that not more than \$3,000 per month may be used to cover administrative and general expenditures of the Company. These restrictions apply until completion of a Qualifying Transaction by the Company as defined under Policy 2.4 of the Exchange.

6. Capital Stock

Common Shares

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares and unlimited number of preferred shares (issuable in series) and to determine the designation, rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions attached to the shares of each series. On June 25, 2021, the directors and officers of the Company subscribed for 5,700,001 common shares at a price of \$0.05 per common share for gross proceeds of \$285,000.

All 5,700,001 issued and outstanding common shares of the Company, and all common shares acquired on exercise of stock options granted to directors and officers prior to the receipt of a Final Exchange Bulletin on completion of a Qualifying Transaction, will be held in escrow pursuant to the requirements of the Exchange. Shares will be released from escrow as follows:

- 25% on receipt of the Final Exchange Bulletin,
- 25% on the 6-month anniversary of the Final Exchange Bulletin,
- 25% on the 12-month anniversary of the Final Exchange Bulletin,
- 25% on the 18-month anniversary of the Final Exchange Bulletin,

On October 22, 2021, the Company completed its Initial Public Offering ("IPO") of 2,507,000 common shares at \$0.10 per share (\$250,700). The Company paid a commission of 10% of gross proceeds to the Agent, and granted the Agent warrants to acquire 10% of the common shares issued in the offering exercisable for a period ending twenty-four months from the date the Company's common shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange, exercisable at \$0.10 per share. The Company also paid a corporate finance fee upon the closing of the offering and reimbursed the Agent for legal fees and other reasonable expenses incurred pursuant to the IPO. The Company incurred share issuance costs related to the IPO of \$70,290 which was netted against share capital and \$47,000 of deferred costs related to the IPO.

DEAL PRO CAPITAL CORPORATION
(A CAPITAL POOL COMPANY)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021
(All Amounts are in Canadian Dollars)

The grant date fair value of the Agent warrants was estimated at \$13,222 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: share price of \$0.10; expected volatility of 100% based on the average volatility of comparable companies; risk-free interest rate of 1.45%; expected dividend yield of 0%; and an expected life of 2 years.

Stock Options

The Company has established a stock option plan for its directors, officers and consultants under which the Company may grant options from time to time to acquire a maximum of 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares. The exercise price of each option granted under the plan shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

Options may be granted for a maximum term of ten years from the date of the grant. They are non-transferable and expire within 90 days of termination of employment or holding office as director or officer of the Company and, in the case of death, expire one year thereafter.

Upon death, the options may be exercised by legal representation or designated beneficiaries of the holder of the option. Any shares issued upon exercise of the options prior to the Company entering into a QT will be subject to escrow restrictions. Unless otherwise stated, the options fully vest when granted.

On June 25, 2021, the Company granted 570,000 options to its officers and directors. The options were valued using the Black-Scholes model and the expense was charged to the statement of loss and comprehensive loss during the period ended December 31, 2021.

On October 22, 2021, the Company granted 250,700 options to its officers and directors. The options were issued with a strike price of \$0.10 per share and were valued using the Black-Scholes model. The expense was charged to the statement of loss and comprehensive loss during the period ended December 31, 2021.

At December 31, 2021, the following stock options were outstanding:

Number of Options	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Expected Volatility ^(a)	Risk-Free Interest Rate	Expected Dividend Yield	Expected Life
570,000	\$0.05	June 25, 2031	100%	1.45%	0%	10 years
250,700	\$0.10	October 22, 2031	100%	1.45%	0%	10 years

(a) Expected volatility is based on the average volatility of comparable companies

The following table reflects the continuity of stock options:

	Stock Options	
	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, June 11, 2021	-	\$ -
Granted	820,700	0.07
Exercised	-	-
Outstanding, December 31, 2021	820,700	\$ 0.07
Number exercisable, December 31, 2021	-	

Until the Company completes a QT, the 820,700 stock options will not be exercisable.

DEAL PRO CAPITAL CORPORATION
(A CAPITAL POOL COMPANY)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021
(All Amounts are in Canadian Dollars)

7. Capital Risk Management

The Company manages its capital stock as capital. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue to operate and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the costs of capital at an acceptable risk.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new common shares, issue new debt, acquire or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash.

In order to facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Company may prepare expenditure budgets that are updated as necessary depending on various factors, including successful capital deployment and general industry conditions.

In order to maximize ongoing efforts, the Company does not pay out dividends.

The Company expects its current capital resources will be sufficient to carry its operations. The Company is not subject to any externally or internally imposed capital requirements as at December 31, 2021.

The Company's capital under management as at December 31, 2021 is \$405,188.

8. Transactions with Related Parties

Related parties include the Board of Directors, close family members and enterprises which are controlled by these individuals as well as persons performing similar functions. During the period ended December 31, 2021, 820,700 stock options were granted to directors and officers which were valued at \$47,901 (Note 6). There was no further compensation to key management personnel.

9. Income Taxes

- (a) The items causing the Company's effective income tax rate to differ from the combined Canadian federal and provincial statutory rate of 26.5%, for the period June 11, 2021 to December 31, 2021, are as follows:

	2021
	\$
Loss before income taxes	<u>112,568</u>
Expected income tax recovery	29,800
Adjustments to benefit resulting from:	
Share-based compensation	(12,700)
Change in unrecognized deductible temporary differences	<u>(17,100)</u>
Deferred income tax recovery	<u>-</u>

- (b) The Company does not have any tax benefits from non-capital loss carry-forwards to date.
- (c) Unrecognized deferred tax assets

Deferred income tax assets have not been recognized in respect of the following deductible temporary differences:

	2021
	\$
Non-capital loss carry-forwards	<u>17,100</u>
Total	<u>17,100</u>

Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Company can use the benefits.