

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.

Financial Statements

For the year ended August 31, 2025

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Power One Resources Corp.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Power One Resources Corp. (the "Company"), which comprise the statements of financial position as at August 31, 2025 and August 31, 2024 and the statements of operations and comprehensive loss, changes in shareholders' equity (deficit) and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at August 31, 2025 and August 31, 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements which describes the material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Other than the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified

above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the other information prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Hilda Leung.

Crowe Mackay LLP

**Chartered Professional Accountants
Vancouver, Canada
December 23, 2025**

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.

Statements of Financial Position

As at August 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	2025	2024
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash	\$ 13,555	\$ 159,544
Amount receivable	16,548	18,175
Prepaid expenses	1,957	53,254
Marketable securities (Note 5)	65,350	2,850
Loan receivable	393	393
	97,803	234,216
Due from related parties (Note 8)	15,616	7,645
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 6)	-	2,479,322
	\$ 113,419	\$ 2,721,183
LIABILITIES		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Notes 8 and 10)	\$ 314,972	\$ 253,093
	314,972	253,093
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		
Share capital (Note 7)	3,561,799	3,561,799
Contributed surplus	157,500	157,500
Deficit	(3,920,852)	(1,251,209)
	(201,553)	2,468,090
	\$ 113,419	\$ 2,721,183

Going concern (Note 1)

Approved and authorized for issuance on behalf of the Board of Directors on December 23, 2025:

/s/Wazir Khan

/s/Fraser Rieche

Wazir Khan_____
Fraser Rieche

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.

Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss

For the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	2025	2024
Operating expenses		
Consulting and management fees (Note 8)	\$ 164,246	\$ 186,842
Office and miscellaneous (Note 8)	13,329	38,308
Filing fees	11,378	37,945
Professional fees (Note 8)	66,413	98,795
Shareholder communication	39,927	27,760
Transfer agent	528	6,283
Total operating expenses	295,821	395,933
Loss before other items	(295,821)	(395,933)
Other items:		
Interest income	-	224
Other income (Note 10)	-	48,316
Unrealized loss on fair value of marketable securities	(11,250)	(1,425)
Mineral property option payments received (Note 5 and 6)	123,750	-
Flow-through penalties and indemnification costs (Note 10)	(7,000)	(39,894)
Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets (Note 6)	(2,479,322)	(288,551)
Total other items	(2,373,822)	(281,330)
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the year	\$ (2,669,643)	\$ (677,263)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.02)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	33,218,597	33,218,597

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.

Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Deficit)

For the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Number of shares	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity (Deficit)
Balance, August 31, 2023	33,218,597	\$ 3,561,799	\$ 157,500	\$ (573,946)	\$ 3,145,353
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	(677,263)	(677,263)
Balance, August 31, 2024	33,218,597	3,561,799	157,500	(1,251,209)	2,468,090
Cancellation of fractional shares from the plan of arrangement	(5)	-	-	-	-
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	(2,669,643)	(2,669,643)
Balance, August 31, 2025	33,218,592	\$ 3,561,799	\$ 157,500	\$ (3,920,852)	\$ (201,553)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.
 Statements of Cash Flows
 For the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024
 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	2025	2024
Operating Activities		
Net loss for the year	\$ (2,669,643)	\$ (677,263)
Items not affecting cash		
Derecognition of flow-through premium	-	(78,283)
Unrealized loss on fair value of marketable securities	11,250	1,425
Mineral property option payments received	(123,750)	-
Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets	2,479,322	288,551
Changes in non-cash working capital items related to operations:		
Amount receivable	1,627	(17,846)
Prepaid expenses	51,297	(45,389)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	61,879	75,376
Cash used in operating activities	(188,018)	(453,429)
Investing Activities		
Exploration and evaluation assets	-	(340,397)
Loan (advanced) repaid by related party	(7,971)	50,000
Mineral property option payments received	50,000	-
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	42,029	(290,397)
Financing Activities		
Related party loan advanced or repaid	-	(96,845)
Cash used in financing activities	-	(96,845)
Change in cash during the year	(145,989)	(840,671)
Cash, beginning of year	159,544	1,000,215
Cash, end of the year	\$ 13,555	\$ 159,544
Non-cash investing and financing activities		
Exploration and evaluation assets in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ 6,190

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

1. Nature and continuance of operations

Power One Resources Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated on March 23, 2021, under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada, as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Marvel Discovery Corp. ("Marvel"). On May 13, 2021, a Plan of Arrangement (the "Plan of Arrangement") was approved by the shareholders of Marvel whereby Marvel distributed 100% of its interest in certain properties (the "Spin-out Properties") to the Company. The Company's common shares commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange on January 18, 2024, under the symbol PWRO.

The Company principal activity is the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties in Canada.

The address of the Company and the registered office is 29th Floor, 595 Burrard Street, Vancouver, British Columbia V7X 1J5. The address of the records office is 200-3310 South Service Road, Burlington, Ontario L7N 3M6.

The Company is in the business of exploring its mineral exploration assets and has not yet determined whether these properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable. At August 31, 2025, the Company was in the exploration stage and had interests in properties in Canada.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which presumes the realization of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern and the recoverability of the amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets are dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development, and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof. There is significant uncertainty regarding the outcome of these matters. The Company has sustained losses from operations and has an ongoing requirement for capital investment to explore its exploration and evaluation assets. As at August 31, 2025, the Company had working capital deficiency of \$217,169 (2024 – \$18,877) and accumulated deficit of \$3,920,852 (2024 - \$1,251,209). Based on its current plans, budgeted expenditures, and cash requirements, the Company does not have sufficient cash to finance its current plans. The Company expects that it will need to raise substantial additional capital to accomplish its business plan over the next several years. The Company expects to seek additional financing through equity financing. There can be no assurance as to the availability or terms upon which such financing might be available.

These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company's business may be affected by changes in political and market conditions, such as interest rates, availability of credit, inflation rates, tariffs, changes in laws, and national and international circumstances. Recent geopolitical events and potential economic global challenges such as the risk of higher inflation and energy crises, may create further uncertainty and risk with respect to the prospects of the Company's business.

These financial statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in business.

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

2. Basis of preparation

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, except for financial instruments classified as fair value through profit and loss, which are stated at their fair value. The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency, unless otherwise noted.

The financial statements were reviewed by the Board of Directors and approved on December 23, 2025.

3. Material accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently in the financial statements, unless otherwise indicated.

Exploration and evaluation assets

The Company is in the exploration stage in respect to its exploration and evaluation assets.

Pre-exploration costs are expensed in the year in which they are incurred.

Once the legal right to explore a property has been acquired, costs directly related to exploration and evaluation expenditures are recognized and capitalized, in addition to the acquisition costs. These direct expenditures include such costs as materials used, geological and geophysical evaluation, surveying costs, drilling costs, payments made to contractors and depreciation on property and equipment during the exploration phase. Costs not directly attributable to exploration and evaluation activities, including general administrative overhead costs, are expensed in the year in which they occur.

Where the Company has entered into option agreements for the acquisition of an interest in exploration and evaluation assets which provided for periodic payments, such amounts unpaid are not recorded as a liability when they are payable entirely at the Company's discretion. Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the exploration and evaluation assets in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. The exploration and evaluation assets may be subject to prior undetected agreements or transfers and title may be affected by such defects.

When a project is deemed to no longer have commercially viable prospects to the Company, exploration and evaluation expenditures in respect of that project are deemed to be impaired. As a result, those exploration and evaluation expenditure costs, in excess of estimated recoveries, are written-off to profit or loss.

The Company assesses exploration and evaluation assets for indications of impairment at each reporting date.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource has been determined, the property is considered to be a mine under development and is classified as "mine development cost". Exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment before the assets are transferred to development properties.

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. Material accounting policies – (cont'd)

Impairment of assets

The carrying amount of the Company's assets (which include exploration and evaluation assets) is reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

The recoverable amount of assets is the greater of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is only reversed if there is an indication that the impairment loss may no longer exist and there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, however, not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized in previous years.

Financial instruments

All financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), transaction costs.

The Company's cash and marketable securities have been designated as FVTPL and due from related parties and loan receivable at amortized cost.

The Company classifies its accounts payable and accrued liabilities as financial liabilities held at amortized cost.

Impairment of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost. At each reporting date, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses of the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If at the reporting date, the financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the twelve month expected credit losses. The Company shall recognize in profit or loss, as an impairment gain or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized.

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. Material accounting policies – (cont'd)

Provisions

Rehabilitation Provision

The Company is subject to various government laws and regulations relating to environmental disturbances caused by exploration and evaluation activities. The Company records the present value of the estimated costs of legal and constructive obligations required to restore the exploration sites in the year in which the obligation is incurred. The nature of the rehabilitation activities includes restoration, reclamation and re-vegetation of the affected exploration sites.

The rehabilitation provision generally arises when the environmental disturbance is subject to government laws and regulations. When the liability is recognized, the present value of the estimated costs is capitalized by increasing the carrying amount of the related exploration and evaluation assets. Over time, the discounted liability is increased for the changes in present value based on current market discount rates and liability specific risks.

Additional environment disturbances or changes in rehabilitation costs will be recognized as additions to the corresponding assets and rehabilitation liability in the year in which they occur.

Other Provisions

Provisions are recorded when a present legal or constructive obligation exists as a result of past events where it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

Flow-through shares

The Company will, from time to time, issue flow-through shares to finance a significant portion of its exploration program. Pursuant to the terms of the flow-through share agreements, these shares transfer the tax deductibility of qualifying resource expenditures to investors. On the issuance of a flow-through share, it is bifurcated into equity (share) and liability (flow-through) components on the issue date. The equity portion is measured at the market value and the residual is allocated as a liability. This is effectively the “premium” the investor attributes to a flow-through share versus an ordinary share. Upon qualifying expenditures being incurred, the Company derecognizes the liability and recognizes the premium as other income. The flow-through share program requires the Company to spend an amount equivalent to the proceeds of the issued flow-through common shares on Canadian qualifying exploration expenditures within the timeline specified by the Government of Canada flow-through regulations. The Company may be required to indemnify the flow-through shareholders for any tax and other costs payable by them if the required exploration expenditures are not incurred before the deadline. The Company may also be subject to a Part XII.6 tax on flow-through proceeds renounced under the Government of Canada flow-through regulations. The related interest and penalties for the Part XII.6 tax and any potential costs to indemnify the shareholders is recorded into flow-through penalties and indemnification costs on the statements of operations.

Share capital

The Company has adopted a residual value method with respect to the measurement of shares and warrants issued as private placement units. The residual value method first allocates value to the more easily measurable component based on fair value and then the residual value, if any, to the less easily measurable component. The fair value of the common shares issued in the private placements is determined to be the more easily measurable component and is valued at their fair value, as determined

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. Material accounting policies – (cont'd)

Share capital – (cont'd)

by the closing quoted price on the date of the announcement of the private placement. The balance, if any, is allocated to the attached warrants. Any fair value attributed to the warrants is recorded to contributed surplus. The value of warrants that expire or are forfeited stays in contributed surplus. If and when the expiration date of such warrants is extended or the exercise price decreases, the Company does not record a charge for the incremental increase in fair value.

Share-based payment

The Company operates a stock option plan. Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and amortized over the vesting periods. Share-based payment to non-employees are measured at the fair value of goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured. The corresponding amount is recorded to the contributed surplus. If the fair value of the goods or services received cannot be reliably measured, the fair value of options is determined using the Black-Scholes pricing model which incorporates all market vesting conditions. The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognized for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted shall be based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest. All equity-settled share-based payment is reflected in contributed surplus, until exercised. Upon exercise, shares are issued from treasury and the amount reflected in contributed surplus is credited to share capital, adjusted for any consideration paid. The value of options that expire or are forfeited stays in contributed surplus.

Recent accounting pronouncements and changes in accounting policies

At the date of the authorization of these financial statements, several new, but not effective Standards and amendments to existing Standards, and Interpretations have been published by the IASB. None of these Standards or amendments to existing Standards have been adopted early by the Company. Management anticipates that all relevant pronouncements will be adopted for the first period beginning on or after the effective date of the pronouncement. New standards, amendments and interpretations not adopted in the current year have not been disclosed as they are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

Amendments to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

The amendments clarify the classification of financial assets with environmental, social and corporate governance and similar features and addresses concerns raised regarding the settlement of liabilities through electronic payment systems. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026 with early adoption permitted. The amendments are not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

IFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements which will replace IAS 1. This standard aims to improve the consistency and clarity of financial statement presentation and disclosures by providing updated guidance on the structure and content of financial statements. IFRS 18 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, with early adoption permitted. The Company is assessing the impact on the Company's financial statements.

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Company makes estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in net loss in the year of the change, if the change affects that year only, or in the year of the change and future years, if the change affects both.

Critical judgments and estimates in applying accounting policies

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities recognized in the financial statements within the next financial year are discussed below:

Going Concern

The assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern require significant judgement. See Note 1.

Title to mineral property interests

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

Impairment of mineral properties

In accordance with the Company's accounting policy for its mineral properties, exploration and evaluation expenditures on mineral properties are capitalized. There is no certainty that the expenditures made by the Company in the exploration of its property interests will result in discoveries of commercial quantities of minerals. The Company applies judgment to determine whether indicators of impairment exist for these capitalized costs.

Management uses several criteria in making this assessment, including the period for which the Company has the right to explore, expected renewals of exploration rights, whether substantive expenditures on further exploration and evaluation of mineral properties are budgeted, and evaluation of the results of exploration and evaluation activities up to the reporting date.

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

5. Marketable Securities

Investments	Number of Units Held	Investment Cost	Fair Value at August 31, 2025	Number of units held	Investment Cost	Fair Value at August 31, 2024
	#	\$	\$	#	\$	\$
Public Company						
Marvel – shares	95,000	10,450	2,850	95,000	10,450	1,900
Marvel-warrants	-	-	-	95,000	950	950
Primary Hydrogen-shares	125,000	51,250	40,000	-	-	-
Primary Hydrogen-warrants	125,000	22,500	22,500	-	-	-
Total	345,000	84,200	65,350	190,000	11,400	2,850

Pursuant to the settlement of debt, the Company received 95,000 units of Marvel Discovery Corp. on December 12, 2022. Each unit consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.18 for a period of three years from the date of issue. On the date of issuance, the Marvel shares were valued at the market price of \$0.11 per share for a value of \$10,450 and the warrants were valued at \$950.

Pursuant to a mineral property option agreement, the Company received 125,000 units of Primary Hydrogen Corp. on June 30, 2025. Each unit consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.90 until May 21, 2028. On the date of issuance, the Primary Hydrogen shares were valued at the market price of \$0.41 per share for a value of \$51,250 and the warrants were valued at \$22,500 using volatility of 101%, interest rate of 2.66%, share price at the date of issuance of \$0.41, expected life of 2.7 years and dividend yield of 0.00%. Expected volatility was determined using entities of similar size and industry. See Note 6.

6. Exploration and evaluation assets

	Serpent River	Wicheeda	Total
August 31, 2023	\$ 2,164,322	\$ 256,964	\$ 2,421,286
Exploration expenditures	315,000	31,587	346,587
Impairment	-	(288,551)	(288,551)
August 31, 2024	2,479,322	-	2,479,322
Impairment	(2,479,322)	-	(2,479,322)
August 31, 2025	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

The following is a description of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets:

Serpent River Project (Ontario)

On May 13, 2021, the Company completed a plan of arrangement with Marvel and acquired 100% interest in ten mining claims in the Sault Ste. Marie Mining Division, Elliot Lake area, in Northern Ontario.

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

6. Exploration and evaluation assets – (cont'd)

The original agreement included a 2.0% Net Smelter Return Royalty (“NSR”) relating to the original acquisition by Marvel. The Company may at any time purchase 1.0% of the NSR for \$1.5 million.

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2025, the Company determined that due to current market conditions, that it would maintain the Serpent River property but not carry out exploration and evaluation activities until market conditions improved. As a result, impairment in the amount of \$2,479,322 was recorded in connection with the Serpent River property.

Wicheeda North Property (British Columbia)

On May 13, 2021, the Company completed a plan of arrangement with Marvel and acquired 100% interest in four mineral claims located in the Cariboo Mining Division northeast of Prince George, British Columbia. The original agreement requires a payment of 2% NSR. The Company may acquire one-half of the NSR for \$1 million within five years of the agreement date.

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024, the Company determined that due to current market conditions, that it would maintain the Wicheeda property but not carry out exploration and evaluation activities for the foreseeable future. As a result, impairment in the amount of \$288,551 was recorded in connection with the Wicheeda property.

On May 21, 2025, the Company entered into an option agreement with an unrelated public company (Optionee) pursuant to which the Optionee can acquire a 75% interest in the Wicheeda North Property. The option agreement includes receipt of cash payments of \$50,000 (received) and 1,000,000 common shares and 1,000,000 warrants of the Optionee (125,000 common shares and 125,000 common share purchase warrants received - See Note 5) over an eighteen-month period. The Optionee must incur exploration and evaluation expenditures of \$1,500,000 within eighteen months of the date of the option agreement.

7. Share capital

Authorized share capital

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

Issued share capital

On August 31, 2025, there were 33,218,597 (2024 – 33,218,597) issued and fully paid common shares.

Issuances

During the year ended August 31, 2025:

There were no share issuances during the year ended August 31, 2025.

During the year ended August 31, 2024:

There were no share issuances during the year ended August 31, 2024.

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.

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(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

7. Share capital – (cont'd)**Share purchase warrants**

The changes in warrants during the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

	August 31, 2025		August 31, 2024	
	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price
Balance, beginning of year	13,983,846	\$ 0.28	13,983,846	\$ 0.28
Balance, end of year	13,983,846	\$ 0.41	13,983,846	\$ 0.28

Details of warrants outstanding as at August 31, 2025 are as follows:

Number of warrants	Exercise price \$	Date of expiry
**1,800,000	0.10	July 26, 2026
**200,000	0.055	July 26, 2026
*1,030,000	0.50	January 18, 2026
*1,000,000	0.50	January 18, 2026
*9,158,846	0.50	January 18, 2026
795,000	0.40	December 28, 2025
13,983,846		

*During the year ended August 31, 2023, the Company extended the terms of an aggregate of 11,188,846 warrants to be exercisable at \$0.30 per warrant until 12 months following the Listing Date and at \$0.50 per warrant thereafter until 24 months following the Listing Date defined as the date on which the Company's shares begin trading on the TSX Venture Exchange. The Company's shares listed on the TSXV Venture Exchange on January 18, 2024.

**During the year ended August 31, 2024, the Company extended the expiry date of an aggregate of 2,000,000 warrants. These warrants, originally set to expire on July 26, 2024, are now exercisable until the new expiry date of July 26, 2026. Additionally, the Company repriced 200,000 of those warrants to an exercise price of \$0.055 per share, subject to an accelerated expiry such that if the closing price of the Shares on the TSXV exceeds \$0.069 per Share for 10 consecutive trading days (the "Premium Trading Days"), the exercise period of the repriced warrants will be reduced to 30 days. For more certainty, the reduced exercise period of 30 days will begin no more than 7 calendar days after the tenth Premium Trading Day.

As at August 31, 2025, the weighted average remaining life of the share purchase warrants is 0.45 years.

Stock options

On April 19, 2022, the Company adopted a stock option plan under which it is authorized to grant options to officers, directors, employees and consultants enabling them to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company. The options can be granted for a maximum of ten years and vest as determined by the Board of Directors. The exercise price of each option granted may not be less than the fair market value of the common shares.

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.

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7. Share capital – (cont'd)**Stock options – (cont'd)**

The changes in stock options during the years ended August 31, 2025, and 2024 are as follows:

	August 31, 2025		August 31, 2024	
	Number of stock options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of stock options	Weighted average exercise price
Balance, beginning of year	1,900,000	\$ 0.14	1,900,000	\$ 0.14
Balance, end of year	1,900,000	\$ 0.14	1,900,000	\$ 0.14

Details of options outstanding and exercisable as at August 31, 2025 are as follows:

Number of stock options	Exercise price	Date of expiry
	\$	
1,400,000	0.14	April 19, 2027
250,000	0.14	June 8, 2027
250,000	0.14	June 13, 2027
1,900,000		

As at August 31, 2025, the weighted average remaining life of the stock options is 1.67 years.

8. Related party transactions**Related party balances**

The following amount is included in due from related parties and accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

	August 31, 2025	August 31, 2024
<u>Due from related parties</u>		
Marvel Discovery Corp. controlled by common directors and officers	\$ 7,645	\$ 7,645
Latamark Resources Corp. controlled by common directors and officers	7,971	-
	\$ 15,616	\$ 7,645
<u>Current accounts payable and accrued liabilities</u>		
R7 Capital Ventures Ltd. controlled by the former CEO ⁽¹⁾	\$ 79,350	\$ 63,800
Brant Capital Partners Inc. controlled by the CFO	13,560	-
	\$ 92,910	\$ 63,800

⁽¹⁾Accounts payable and accrued liabilities include \$79,350 (2024 - \$63,800) due to R7 Capital Ventures Ltd (the "Lender"), a company controlled by the former CEO.

On April 1, 2023, the Company entered into a debt amendment agreement with the lender, modified by a second debt amendment agreement on October 1, 2023. The Lender has agreed to not seek repayment of the debt of \$153,000 repayable 15-months following the date the Company's common shares begin trading on the TSXV. The Company was listed on the TSXV on January 18, 2024. Accordingly, the amount has been reclassified from non-current to current during the year ended August 31, 2024. No

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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8. Related party transactions – (cont'd)***Related party balances - (cont'd)***

interest will be accrued on the debt unless it is not repaid by the April 18, 2025, in which case retroactive interest at a rate of 7.5% per annum will apply from the date of the first debt amendment agreement. During the year ended August 31, 2025, the Company settled \$5,500 (2024-\$89,200) of the debt.

The amounts due from Marvel Discovery Corp. and Latamark Resources Corp. as at August 31, 2025, and 2024 are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

Key management personnel compensation

The Company's related parties include key management personnel, which includes Officers and Directors of the Company, and companies related by way of directors or shareholders in common. During the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024, management compensation is as follows:

	For the year ended August 31, 2025	For the year ended August 31, 2024
Consulting and management fees to R7 Capital Ventures Ltd. controlled by the former CEO	\$ 101,000	\$ 120,000
Rent expenses recorded in office and miscellaneous to R7 Capital Ventures Ltd. controlled by the former CEO	12,000	12,000
Professional fees to Brant Capital Partners Inc. controlled by the CFO	24,000	21,000
Management fees to Wazir Khan, CEO	9,524	-
	\$ 146,524	\$ 153,000

9. Financial risk management

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks.

Credit Risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk by holding cash. Holding the cash in large Canadian financial institutions minimizes this risk. The Company has minimal accounts receivable exposure, and its various refundable credits are due from the Canadian government.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk relates to its ability to earn interest income on cash balances at variable rates. Currently, this risk will have an immaterial effect on operations.

Price Risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk). The Company is at risk to changes in commodity prices which may affect financing options available to the Company and the fair value of its marketable securities.

POWER ONE RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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9. Financial risk management – (cont'd)

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises through the excess of financial obligations over available financial assets due at any point in time. Cash on hand at August 31, 2025 and expected cash flows for the next 12 months are not sufficient to fund the Company's ongoing operational needs. The Company intends to continue relying on the issuance of securities to finance its future activities; however, there can be no assurance that such financing will be available on a timely basis under terms acceptable to the Company.

Capital Management

The Company is engaged in the mineral exploration field and manages related industry risk issues directly. The Company is potentially at risk for environmental issues and fluctuations in commodity based market prices associated with resource property interests. Management is of the opinion that the Company addresses environmental risk and compliance in accordance with industry standards and specific project environmental requirements. The Company includes cash and equity in the definition of capital. Equity is comprised of issued common shares, contributed surplus, and deficit.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, purchase shares for cancellation pursuant to normal course issuer bids or make special distributions to shareholders. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements and does not presently utilize any quantitative measures to monitor its capital. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year ended August 31, 2025.

Fair Value

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximates the carrying amount. Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Cash and marketable securities are measured using level 1 fair value hierarchy.

Management believes that the recorded values of all accounts payable and accrued liabilities, loan receivable, and due from related parties approximate their current fair values because of their nature and anticipated settlement dates.

10. Flow-through commitments and contingencies

Flow-through common shares require the Company to spend an amount equivalent to the proceeds of the issued flow-through common shares on Canadian qualifying exploration expenditures within a 24-month period. The Company may be required to indemnify the holders of such shares for any tax and other costs payable by them in the event the Company has not made the required exploration expenditures.

During the year ended August 31, 2022, the Company received \$209,150 from the issuance of flow-through shares. The Company renounced \$209,150 to the subscribers and had until December 31, 2023 to incur the qualifying expenditures. A flow-through premium of \$48,265 was recognized initially during the year ended August 31, 2022. During the year ended August 31, 2024, the Company recognized \$46,483 as other income as the flow-through commitment had been fully satisfied as at August 31, 2024.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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10. Flow-through Commitments and Contingencies – (cont'd)

During the year ended August 31, 2023, the Company received \$111,300 from the issuance of flow-through shares. The Company renounced \$111,300 to the subscribers and had until December 31, 2023 to incur the qualifying expenditures. A flow-through premium of \$31,800 was recognized during the year ended August 31, 2023. During the year ended August 31, 2024, the Company recognized \$1,833 as other income for the portion of the flow-through commitment fulfilled as at December 31, 2023. As at December 31, 2023, the deadline to incur the qualifying expenditures had passed and the Company did not fulfill its obligations of approximately \$105,000. An amount totaling \$69,861 was accrued in accounts payable and accrued liabilities during the year ended August 31, 2024 for the indemnification of the shareholders for taxes and penalties related to the unspent portion of the commitment and for Part XII.6 taxes and related interest and penalties owed to the Canada Revenue Agency. During the year ended August 31, 2024, flow-through premium of \$29,967 was derecognized and netted against flow-through penalties and indemnification costs.

An additional amount of \$7,000 has been accrued in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as at August 31, 2025 for the indemnification of the shareholders for taxes and penalties related to the unspent portion of the commitment and for Part XII.6 taxes and related interest and penalties owed to the Canada Revenue Agency.

11. Income taxes

Income tax expense varies from the amount that would be computed from applying the combined federal and provincial income tax rate to loss before taxes as follows:

	2025	2024
Net loss before income taxes for the year	\$ (2,669,643)	\$ (677,263)
Statutory Canadian corporate tax rate	27.00%	27.00%
Expected (recovery) at statutory rate	(720,800)	(182,900)
Permanent difference	3,400	(5,900)
Change in unrecognized deferred tax assets	717,400	188,800
Income tax recovery	\$ -	\$ -

The following is the analysis of recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities:

	2025	2024
Deferred tax liabilities		
Marketable securities	\$ (4,000)	\$ -
Deferred tax liabilities	(4,000)	-
Deferred tax assets		
Non-capital losses	4,000	-
Deferred tax assets	4,000	-
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	\$ -	\$ -

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11. Income taxes – (cont'd)

The significant components of the Company's deductible temporary differences, unused tax credits and unused tax losses that have not been included on the statements of financial position are as follows:

	Expiry	2025	2024
		\$	\$
Exploration and evaluation assets	None	2,344,000	71,000
Share issuance costs	2026	2,000	4,000
Non-capital losses	2040 - 2045	1,121,000	827,000
Marketable securities	None	-	8,000