

**MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.**

**Interim Financial Statements  
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)**

**For the three months ended August 31, 2025  
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

**Contact Information:**

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Contact Person: Mr. Douglas L. Mason**

# **MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.**

**Dated October 23, 2025**

## **Management's Comments on Unaudited Interim Financial Statements**

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of Magnum Goldcorp Inc. for the three months ended August 31, 2025 and 2024 have been prepared by management, reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 released by the Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company discloses that its auditors have not reviewed the unaudited interim financial statements for the three-month period ended August 31, 2025.

**MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.**  
Interim Statements of Financial Position  
As at August 31, 2025 and May 31, 2025  
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	August 31, 2025	May 31, 2025
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current</b>		
Cash	\$ 30,960	\$ 150,331
Accounts receivable	2,505	5,707
Prepaid expenses	2,771	4,229
	<u>36,236</u>	<u>160,267</u>
<b>Exploration and evaluation assets</b> (Note 4)	1	1
<b>Reclamation deposits</b> (Note 4)	<u>30,792</u>	<u>30,792</u>
	<u>\$ 67,029</u>	<u>\$ 191,060</u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 5)	\$ 57,207	\$ 98,624
Loans payable (Note 8)	21,500	67,700
	<u>78,707</u>	<u>166,324</u>
<b>Asset retirement obligation</b> (Note 4)	<u>54,000</u>	<u>54,000</u>
	<u>132,707</u>	<u>220,324</u>
<b>Shareholders' equity (deficiency)</b>		
Capital stock (Note 6)	5,551,684	5,551,684
Reserves (Note 7)	130,817	130,817
Deficit	<u>(5,748,179)</u>	<u>(5,711,765)</u>
	<u>(65,678)</u>	<u>(29,264)</u>
	<u>\$ 67,029</u>	<u>\$ 191,060</u>

Going concern (Note 1)  
Subsequent event (Note 13)

**On behalf of the Board:**

“Douglas L. Mason” Director                      “Daniel B. Evans” Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.****Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss**

Three months ended August 31, 2025 and 2024

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	August 31, 2025	August 31, 2024
<b>EXPENSES</b>		
Consulting fees (Note 5)	\$ 2,250	\$ 750
Directors' fees (Note 5)	1,500	2,000
Interest (Note 8)	711	122
Investor relations	880	-
Office and miscellaneous	1,239	1,004
Professional fees	19,538	8,250
Regulatory and transfer agent fees	9,182	2,089
	<u>(35,300)</u>	<u>(14,215)</u>
<b>OTHER ITEMS</b>		
Interest income	80	153
Exploration and evaluation expenditures on impaired assets (Note 4)	<u>(1,194)</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Loss and comprehensive loss for the period</b>	<b>\$ (36,414)</b>	<b>\$ (14,062)</b>
<b>Basic and diluted loss per common share</b>	<b>\$ (0.00)</b>	<b>\$ (0.00)</b>
<b>Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (basic and diluted)</b>	<b>9,010,511</b>	<b>4,819,229</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.****Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Deficiency)**

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Number of Common Shares	Amount	Share-based Payment Reserve	Deficit	Total
Authorized Capital: Unlimited number of common shares without par value					
<b>Balance, May 31, 2024</b>	<b>4,827,469</b>	<b>\$ 5,318,873</b>	<b>\$ 130,817</b>	<b>\$ (1,988,695)</b>	<b>\$ 3,460,995</b>
Loss for the period	-	-	-	(14,062)	(14,062)
<b>Balance, August 31, 2024</b>	<b>4,827,469</b>	<b>5,318,873</b>	<b>130,817</b>	<b>(2,002,757)</b>	<b>3,446,933</b>
Private placement	3,000,000	150,000	-	-	150,000
Shares for debt (Notes 5 and 6)	1,183,042	82,811	-	-	82,811
Loss for the period	-	-	-	(3,709,008)	(3,709,008)
<b>Balance, May 31, 2025</b>	<b>9,010,511</b>	<b>5,551,684</b>	<b>130,817</b>	<b>(5,711,765)</b>	<b>(29,264)</b>
Loss for the period	-	-	-	(36,414)	(36,414)
<b>Balance, August 31, 2025</b>	<b>9,010,511</b>	<b>\$ 5,551,684</b>	<b>\$ 130,817</b>	<b>\$ (5,748,179)</b>	<b>\$ (65,678)</b>

On May 20, 2025, the Company's common shares were consolidated on a basis of one (1) post-consolidated common share for every two (2) pre-consolidated common shares. The number of shares, options and warrants presented have been adjusted to reflect the impact of this share consolidation.

On November 15, 2024, the Company's common shares were consolidated on a basis of one (1) post-consolidated common share for every four (4) pre-consolidated common shares. The number of shares, options and warrants presented have been adjusted to reflect the impact of this share consolidation.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.**  
Interim Statements of Cash Flows  
Years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024  
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	August 31, 2025	August 31, 2024
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Loss for the period	\$ (36,414)	\$ (14,062)
Changes in non-cash working capital items		
Accounts receivable	3,202	538
Prepaid expenses	1,458	1,400
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(41,417)	5,956
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(73,171)	(6,168)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Exploration and evaluation assets expenditures	-	4,995
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities	-	4,995
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Loan proceeds	-	2,000
Loan repayments	(46,200)	-
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	(46,200)	2,000
<b>Change in cash during the period</b>	<b>(119,371)</b>	<b>827</b>
<b>Cash, beginning of year</b>	<b>150,331</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>Cash, end of period</b>	<b>\$ (30,960)</b>	<b>\$ (843)</b>
<b>Supplemental disclosures:</b>		
Cash paid for the year for interest	\$ 2,071	\$ -
Cash paid for the year for income taxes	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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## 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

### Nature of operations

Magnum Goldcorp Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated under the Alberta Business Corporations Act on April 4, 2011 and, effective July 25, 2014, continued into the Province of British Columbia under the provisions of the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia).

The Company is engaged in the acquisition and exploration of mineral resource properties.

### Going concern

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assume that the Company will be able to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business.

Management believes the Company will be successful at securing additional funding so that its capital resources will be sufficient to carry its operations through the next twelve months and intends to continue the programs on its exploration and evaluation assets. However, there are several conditions that cast significant doubt on the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern, including that the Company has incurred significant operating losses in the period ended August 31, 2025 - \$36,414 (August 31, 2024 - \$14,062) and operating losses for the year ended May 31, 2025 was \$3,723,070. The Company is unable to self-finance operations in the long term, had a working capital deficit of \$42,471 (May 31, 2025 - \$6,057), has a deficit of \$5,748,179 (May 31, 2025 - \$5,711,765), has limited resources, no source of operating cash flows and no assurances that sufficient funding will be available to conduct further exploration and development of its exploration and evaluation assets. These factors indicate the existence of material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

The application of the going concern concept is dependent upon the Company’s ability to generate future profitable operations and receive continued financial support from its creditors and shareholders. Management is actively engaged in the review and due diligence on new projects, is seeking to raise the necessary capital to meet its funding requirements and has undertaken available cost cutting measures. There can be no assurance that the management’s plan will be successful. If the going concern assumption were not appropriate for these financial statements, then adjustments would be necessary to the carrying value of assets and liabilities, the reported expenses and the statement of financial position classifications used. Such adjustments could be material.

The business of mining and exploration involves a high degree of risk and there can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in profitable mining operations. The Company has no source of revenue and has significant cash requirements to meet its administrative overhead and maintain its mineral interests. The recoverability of amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on several factors. These include the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development of these properties, and future profitable production or proceeds from disposition of exploration and evaluation assets.

## **MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.**

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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### **2. BASIS OF PREPARATION**

#### **Statement of compliance**

These interim financial statements, including comparatives, are unaudited and have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IFRS Accounting Standards”) and in accordance with International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 34, Interim Financial Reporting.

The policies applied in these financial statements are based on IFRS issued and effective as of August 31, 2025. The Board of Directors approved the financial statements for issue on October 23, 2025.

#### **Basis of measurement**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments measured at fair value. These financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

#### **Functional and presentation currency**

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company’s functional currency. All financial information is expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated and have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

#### **Use of estimates and judgements**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the reporting date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management’s best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from these estimates.

The Company has no significant accounting estimate.

#### **Significant accounting judgements:**

Significant accounting judgments that management has made in the process of applying accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements include, but are not limited to, the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern and the assessment of any indicators of impairment of the carrying value of the Company’s exploration and evaluation assets.

## MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a list of material accounting policies used by the Company.

#### (a) Financial instruments

The following table shows the classification and measurement under IFRS 9:

Financial assets/liabilities	Classification and measurement
Cash	Amortized cost
Reclamation deposits	Amortized cost
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost
Loans payable	Amortized cost

#### (b) Exploration and evaluation assets

The Company is in the exploration stage with respect to its investment in exploration and evaluation assets and accordingly follows the practice of capitalizing all costs upon obtaining the legal right to explore relating to the acquisition of, exploration for and evaluation of mineral claims and crediting all proceeds received against the cost of the related claims. Such costs include, but are not exclusive to, geological studies, geophysical studies, and exploratory drilling and sampling. The aggregate costs related to abandoned mineral claims are charged to operations at the time of any abandonment, or when it has been determined that there is evidence of an impairment. An impairment charge relating to an exploration and evaluation asset is subsequently reversed when new exploration results or actual or potential proceeds on sale or farmout of the property result in a revised estimate of the recoverable amount, but only to the extent that this does not exceed the original carrying value of the property that would have resulted if no impairment had been recognized.

The recoverability of amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain financing to complete development of the properties, and on future production or proceeds of disposition.

The Company recognizes costs recovered in excess of the carrying amount of exploration and evaluation assets in income.

The Company recognizes mining exploration tax credits when it is received given the unpredictability of the collection.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified to mining property and development assets. At such time as commercial production commences, these costs are reclassified as mining assets and will be charged to operations on a unit-of-production method based on proven and probable reserves.

All capitalized exploration and evaluation expenditures are monitored for indications of impairment at each reporting date. Where a potential impairment is identified, assessments are performed for each area of interest. To the extent that exploration expenditure is not expected to be recovered, it is charged to profit or loss.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify the title to exploration and evaluation assets in which it has an interest in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

## MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Impairment

At each reporting date, the carrying amounts of the Company's assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment, if any. Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Fair value is determined as the amount that would be obtained from the sale of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

#### (d) Share capital

Common shares are classified as equity. Transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of common shares and share options are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

##### Valuation of equity units issued in private placements:

The Company has adopted the residual value method with respect to the measurement of shares and warrants issued as private placement units. The residual value method first allocates value to common shares issued in the private placements at their fair value, as determined by the trading price on the announcement date. The balance, if any, is allocated to the warrants. Any fair value attributed to the warrants is recorded in reserves. When warrants are not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognized in reserves is transferred to retained earnings.

##### Flow-through shares:

The Company will from time to time, issue flow-through common shares to finance a significant portion of its exploration program. Pursuant to the terms of the flow-through share agreements, these shares transfer the tax deductibility of qualifying resource expenditures to investors. On issuance, the Company bifurcates the flow-through shares into i) a flow-through share premium, equal to the estimated premium, if any, investors pay for the flow-through feature, which is recognized as a liability, and ii) share capital.

Upon expenditures being incurred, the Company derecognizes the liability and recognizes a deferred tax liability for the amount of tax reduction renounced to the shareholders. The premium is recognized as other income and the related deferred tax is recognized as a tax provision.

Proceeds received from the issuance of flow-through shares are restricted to be used only for Canadian resource property exploration and expenditures within a two-year period. The Company may also be subject to a Part XII.6 tax on flow-through proceeds renounced under the Look-back Rule, in accordance with the Government of Canada flow-through regulations. When applicable, this tax is accrued as an expense until paid.

## MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (e) Share based payment transactions

The Company's stock option plan allows employees and consultants to acquire shares of the Company. The fair value of options granted is recognized as an employee or consultant expense with a corresponding increase in shareholders' equity. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes (direct employee) or provides services similar to those performed by a direct employee. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received or at the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received.

The fair value of options granted is measured at grant date, and each tranche is recognized using the graded vesting method over the period during which the options vest. The fair value of the options granted is measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The fair value of the options is charged either to operations or exploration and evaluation assets, with the offset credit to share-based payment reserve over the vesting period. If and when the stock options are exercised, the applicable amounts from share-based payment reserve are transferred to capital stock. When vested options are forfeited or are not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognized in share-based payment reserve is transferred to retained earnings (deficit).

#### (f) Loss per share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted loss per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if potentially dilutive securities were exercised or converted to common shares.

The dilutive effect on loss per share is calculated presuming the exercise of outstanding options, warrants and similar instruments. It assumes that the proceeds from the exercise of outstanding options, warrants and similar instruments would be used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the period. However, the calculation of diluted loss per share excludes the effects of various conversions and exercises of options and warrants that would be anti-dilutive. For the years presented, this calculation proved to be anti-dilutive.

#### (g) Income taxes

Income tax on the profit or loss for the years presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized as equity.

Deferred tax is provided for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. To the extent that the Company does not consider it probable that a deferred tax asset will be recovered, it will not be recognized.

## MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Restoration and rehabilitation provision

An obligation to incur restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs arises when environmental disturbance is caused by the exploration, development or ongoing production of an exploration and evaluation asset interest. Such costs arising from the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work, discounted to their net present value, are provided for and capitalized at the start of each project to the carrying amount of the asset, as soon as the obligation to incur such costs arises. Pre-tax discount rates that reflect the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value. These costs are charged against profit or loss over the economic life of the related asset, through amortization using either the unit-of-production or the straight-line method. The related liability is adjusted for each period for the unwinding of the discount rate, changes to the current market-based discount rate, and amount or timing of the underlying cash flows needed to settle the obligation. Costs for restoration of subsequent site damage which is created on an ongoing basis during production are provided for at their net present values and charged against profits as extraction progresses.

#### (i) New accounting standards and amendments adopted

Effective June 1, 2024, the Company adopted the following new and amended standards:

##### *Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments to IAS 1)*

The amendments to IAS1 provide a more general approach to the classification of liabilities based on the contractual arrangements in place at the reporting date.

There were no significant impact on the financial statements upon adoption.

#### (j) Accounting standards and amendments not yet effective

The following accounting standards and amendments are effective for future periods:

##### *Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (IFRS 18)*

IFRS 18 introduces three sets of new requirements to give investors more transparent and comparable information about companies' financial performance for better investment decisions.

1. Three defined categories for income and expenses—operating, investing and financing—to improve the structure of the income statement, and require all companies to provide new defined subtotals, including operating profit.
2. Requirement for companies to disclose explanations of management-defined performance measures (MPMs) that are related to the income statement.
3. Enhanced guidance on how to organize information and whether to provide it in the primary financial statements or in the notes.

This new standard is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. The Company will be evaluating the impact on the future financial statements.

## **MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.**

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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### **4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS**

The investment in and expenditures on mineral properties comprise a significant portion of the Company's assets. Realization of the Company's investment in these assets is dependent upon the confirmation of legal ownership, the attainment of successful production from the properties or from the proceeds of their disposal.

Resource exploration and development is highly speculative and involves inherent risks. While the rewards if an ore body is discovered can be substantial, few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. There can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in the discovery of economically viable quantities of ore.

#### **Environmental**

The Company is subject to the laws and regulations relating to environmental matters in all jurisdictions in which it operates, including provisions relating to property reclamation, discharge of hazardous material and other matters. The Company may also be held liable should environmental problems be discovered that were caused by former owners and operators of its properties and properties in which it has previously had an interest. The Company conducts its mineral exploration activities in compliance with applicable environmental protection legislation. Environmental legislation is becoming increasingly stringent and costs and expenses of regulatory compliance are increasing. The impact of new and future environmental legislation on the Company's operations may cause additional expenses and restrictions. If the restrictions adversely affect the scope of the exploration and the development of a mineral property, the potential for production on the property may be diminished or negated.

As at August 31, 2025, the Company estimated that the fair value of the asset retirement obligation was \$54,000 (May 31, 2025 - \$54,000). The fair value of the liability was determined to be equal to the estimated remediation costs. The Company is still in the early stages of developing a remediation plan, which will then require approval from the relevant governmental authorities. Due to the early stages of the remediation plan, the Company is unable to predict with any precision the timing of the cash flow related to the reclamation activities. The Company anticipates the reclamation activities and related costs to occur beyond 12 months from the reporting date.

#### **Title to mineral properties**

Title to mineral properties involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many mineral properties. The Company has investigated title to all of its mineral properties and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all of its properties are in good standing. However, such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfer and title may be affected by undetected defects.

The Company has entered into agreements to acquire, explore and develop certain mineral properties located in various regions of Canada. Numerous aboriginal groups are claiming inextinguishable aboriginal title to the lands and resources in these regions, which may include one or more of the mineral claims beneficially owned by the Company. The extent to which any successful aboriginal claim would materially affect the ability of the Company to exploit its mineral properties is not determinable at this time.

#### **Reclamation deposits**

As at August 31, 2025, the Company has refundable deposits of \$30,792 (May 31, 2025 - \$30,792) with the British Columbia Ministry of Mines relating to the Company's "LH Property".

## MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued)

The Company's continuity of exploration and evaluation assets are as follows:

	LH Property
<b>Balance, May 31, 2024</b>	<b>3,577,702</b>
Changes during the year:	
Deferred costs:	
Storage	4,756
Impairment	(3,582,457)
<b>Balance, August 31, 2025 and May 31, 2025</b>	<b>\$ 1</b>

#### *LH Property*

On March 1, 2016, the Company acquired 100% of the LH Property, consisting of 19 contiguous crown-granted claims and 7 mineral claims, located near Silverton, British Columbia, on the east side of Slocan Lake. There are two net smelter return ("NSR") royalties connected with the LH Property. The first is a 1% NSR royalty on the 19 crown-granted claims, wherein once royalties of \$350,000 have been paid, the NSR royalty will reduce to 0.5%. The second is a 1% NSR royalty on four of the LH Property mineral claims wherein once royalties of \$500,000 have been paid, the NSR royalty will reduce to 0.5%.

During the year ended May 31, 2025, the Company impaired the property resulting in an impairment of \$3,582,457 as the Company had no immediate plans for any significant exploration activities on the property.

### 5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As at August 31, 2025, accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$3,354 (May 31, 2025 - \$25,051) were owing to officers and directors, companies controlled by directors, or companies having certain common directors.

The Company paid or accrued the following amounts to officers and directors, companies controlled by directors, or companies having certain common directors:

	August 31, 2025	August 31, 2024
Directors' fees	\$ 1,500	\$ 2000

Key management compensation include the following:

	August 31, 2025	August 31, 2024
Directors' fees	\$ 1,500	\$ 2000

The Company reimbursed Waterfront Communications Inc. (a company with a director in common) on a cost basis, and expense reimbursement in the amount of \$3,681 (August 31, 2024 -\$974).

## MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

On April 25, 2025, the Company settled with certain related parties in the aggregate amount of \$71,471 in debts through the issuance of 714,707 common shares of the Company.

These transactions were in the normal course of operations and were measured at the exchange value, which represented the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the parties. Amounts due to (from) related parties are unsecured and have no stated terms of repayment and/or interest unless otherwise stated.

### 6. CAPITAL STOCK

#### Authorized share capital

Unlimited common shares with no par value

#### Issued share capital

During the period ended August 31, 2025, the Company proceeded with the following share transactions:

No share transactions have occurred.

During the year ended May 31, 2025, the Company proceeded with the following share transactions:

On May 30, 2025, the Company closed a private placement raising a total of \$150,000 through the issuance of 3,000,000 units at \$0.05 per unit. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant, with each warrant entitling the holder to purchase an additional common share for a period of 2 years at an exercise price of \$0.20. No finders' fees were paid in connection with the private placement. \$nil was allocated to warrants.

On April 23, 2025, the Company settled with certain creditors in the aggregate amount of \$118,301 in debts through the issuance of 1,183,042 common shares of the Company valued at \$82,811 resulting in a gain of \$35,490 on settlement.

### 7. STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

#### Stock Options

The Company has a rolling stock option plan, whereby it is allowed to issue options of up to 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding common shares at any given time. Under the plan, options can be granted for a maximum term of ten years and vesting of stock options is at the discretion of the Board of Directors at the time options are granted.

Stock option transactions are summarized as follows:

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
<b>Balance, May 31, 2024</b>	<b>400,000</b>	<b>\$ 0.40</b>
Expired	-	\$ -
<b>Balance, May 31, 2025</b>	<b>400,000</b>	<b>\$ 0.40</b>
Expired	-	\$ -
<b>Balance August 31, 2025</b>	<b>400,000</b>	<b>\$ 0.40</b>

**MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.**

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

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**7. STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS (Continued)**

The following incentive stock options were outstanding and exercisable at August 31, 2025 and May 31, 2025:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of Options August 31, 2025	Number of Options May 31, 2025
April 7, 2027	\$ 0.40	400,000	400,000
<b>Outstanding and Exercisable</b>		<b>400,000</b>	<b>400,000</b>
Weighted average remaining contractual life		1.60 years	1.85 years

**Warrants**

Warrant transactions are summarized as follows:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
<b>Balance, May 31, 2024</b>	<b>2,157,500</b>	<b>\$ 0.72</b>
Issued	3,000,000	\$ 0.20
<b>Balance, May 31, 2025</b>	<b>5,157,500</b>	<b>\$ 0.43</b>
Expired	250,000	\$ 0.40
<b>Balance August 31, 2025</b>	<b>4,907,500</b>	<b>\$ 0.43</b>

The following warrants were exercisable and outstanding at August 31, 2025:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of Options August 31, 2025	Number of Options May 31, 2025
June 13, 2025	\$ 0.40	-	250,000
October 7, 2026	\$ 0.80	1,532,500	1,532,500
May 3, 2027	\$ 0.80	375,000	375,000
May 30, 2027	\$ 0.20	3,000,000	3,000,000
<b>Outstanding and Exercisable</b>		<b>4,907,500</b>	<b>5,157,500</b>
Weighted average remaining contractual life		1.54 years	1.71 years

## MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

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### 8. LOANS PAYABLE

#### Loans fully repaid:

The Company entered into a loan agreement in May 2024 with an arm's length party, pursuant to which the Company received \$3,000 for working capital purposes. In July and September 2024, the Company entered into two other loan agreements with the same arm's length party, pursuant to which the Company received \$4,750 in total for working capital purposes. The loans are for a term of 1 year with interest at a rate of 1% per month (12% per annum). During the year ended May 31, 2025, the Company paid back all the loan advances and interest was fully repaid.

The Company entered into a loan agreement dated October 16, 2024, pursuant to which the Company received \$15,000 for working capital purposes. The loan was provided by a company where a certain director is the director of the lending company. Loan advances are for a term of 1 year with interest at a rate of 1% per month (12% per annum). During the year ended May 31, 2025, \$15,000 was advanced under the loan agreement and was fully repaid. Interest of \$621 was paid during the period. The loan amount of \$Nil (May 31, 2025 - \$Nil) and interest amount of \$Nil (May 31, 2025 - \$621) remain outstanding.

The Company entered into a loan agreement dated October 17, 2024, pursuant to which the lender agreed to loan the Company up to \$50,000 for working capital purposes. The loan was provided by an arm's length party and the loan advances are payable on demand with interest at a rate of 1% per month (12% per annum). During the year ended May 31, 2025, \$46,200 under the loan agreement was advanced. During the period, the loan amount of \$46,200 and interest of \$1,136 was repaid. The loan amount of \$Nil (May 31, 2025 - \$46,200) and interest amount of \$Nil (May 31, 2025 - \$1,136) remain outstanding.

#### Loans outstanding:

The Company entered into a loan agreement dated October 21, 2024, pursuant to which the lender agreed to loan the Company up to \$25,000 for working capital purposes. The loan was provided by an arm's length party and the loan advances are payable on demand with interest at a rate of 1% per month (12% per annum). During the year ended May 31, 2025, \$14,000 under the loan agreement was advanced. The loan amount of \$14,000 (May 31, 2025 - \$14,000) and interest amount of \$423 (May 31, 2025 - \$737) remain outstanding.

The Company entered into a loan agreement dated February 10, 2025, pursuant to which the lender agreed to loan the Company up to \$25,000 for working capital purposes. The loan was provided by a certain director. Loan advances are payable on demand with interest at a rate of 1% per month (12% per annum). During the year ended May 31, 2025, \$7,500 under the loan agreement was advanced. The loan amount of \$7,500 (May 31, 2025 - \$7,500) and interest amount of \$501 (May 31, 2025 - \$274) remain outstanding.

## MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.

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### 8. INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense differs from the amount that would be computed by applying the Canadian statutory income tax rate of 27% to income before income taxes (2024 - 27%).

	May 31, 2025
Loss before tax	\$ (3,3723,070)
Statutory income tax rate	27%
Expected income tax recovery	\$ (1,005,229)
Permanent differences	35
Change in tax benefits not recognized	1,005,194
	\$ -

The Company recognizes tax benefits on losses or other deductible amounts generated when the probable criteria for the recognition of deferred tax assets has been met.

The Company's unrecognized deductible temporary differences consist of the following amounts for the years ended May 31:

	May 31, 2025	Expiry
Non-capital losses	\$ 2,691,000	2033-2045
Share issue costs	9,000	2026
Exploration and evaluation assets	2,601,000	None
Unrecognized deductible temporary differences	\$ 5,301,000	

The following is the analysis of recognized deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets for the years ended May 31:

	May 31, 2025
<u>Deferred tax liabilities</u>	
Exploration and evaluation assets	\$ -
<u>Deferred tax assets</u>	
Non-capital losses	-
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	\$ -

## **MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.**

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### **10. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The Company manages its common shares, warrants and stock options as capital. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to maintain a flexible capital structure that optimizes the costs of capital at an acceptable level of risk.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, issue new debt, acquire or dispose of assets.

In order to facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Company prepares expenditure budgets that are updated as necessary depending on various factors, including successful capital deployment and general industry conditions. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

The Company's investment policy is to invest its short-term excess cash in highly liquid short-term interest-bearing investments with maturities of 365 days or less from the original date of acquisition, selected with regards to the expected timing of expenditures from continuing operations.

There have been no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the period ended August 31, 2025. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

### **11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

#### **Fair Value**

The carrying values of cash, reclamation deposits, loans payable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

The Company's risk exposure and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below.

#### **Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a counterpart to a financial instrument fails to meet its payment obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and reclamation deposits. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to cash and reclamation deposits is remote as it maintains accounts with highly rated financial institutions. Overall, the Company is not subject to significant credit risk.

#### **Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in satisfying financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipated investing and financing activities. As at August 31, 2025, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$42,471. The Company will need to raise additional money through share issuance.

# MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

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## 11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### Liquidity risk (Continued)

The amounts listed below are the remaining contractual maturities for financial liabilities held by the Company:

	0 to 90 days	91 to 365 days	Total
<b>Balance, August 31, 2025</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 57,207	\$ -	\$ 57,207
Loans payable	\$ 21,500	\$ -	\$ 21,500
<b>Balance, May 31, 2025</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 98,624	\$ -	\$ 98,624
Loans payable	\$ 67,700	\$ -	\$ 67,700

### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk.

(i) Interest rate risk

To the extent that changes in prevailing market rates differ from the interest rate on the Company's monetary assets and liabilities, the Company is exposed to interest rate price risk. The Company's cash consists of cash held in bank accounts and a reclamation deposit of \$30,792 (May 31, 2025 - \$30,792) at the prime rate minus 2.95% (May 31, 2025 - 2.95%) held as per instructions on the Safekeeping Agreement from the Ministry of Energy and Mines. Due to the short-term nature of the Company's financial instruments, fluctuations in market rates do not have a significant impact on estimated fair values.

For the balance of the cash, any fluctuations in the interest rate would lead to an immaterial change in the profit or loss.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

The Company is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

(iii) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk. The Company is not exposed to significant other price risk.

## **MAGNUM GOLDCORP INC.**

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### **12. COMMITMENTS**

The Company has previously entered into two 5-year term renewable agreements with companies controlled by two directors for the provision of consulting services at a cost of \$2,500 per month (\$30,000 per annum) for each of the two agreements. Beginning January 1, 2020 through May 31, 2024, and for the 2 months of April and May 2025, the payments under the two above-mentioned agreements were voluntarily reduced to \$nil per month and were not paid or accrued. If either of such agreements are terminated without cause or if there is a change in control of the Company, the Company is required to pay an amount equal to three times the annual fee payable under the agreements. These agreements will be voluntarily voided subject to closing of a transaction as noted in Note 13.

### **13. SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

On June 19, 2025, the Company entered into a Letter of Intent (“LOI”) with Atlantico Energy Metals Inc. (“Atlantico”) to acquire all of the outstanding shares of Atlantico (the “Transaction”). The Transaction is subject to TSX Venture Exchange (the “TSXV”) approval pursuant to TSXV Policy 5.2 – Changes of Business and Reverse Takeovers and will be considered a Reverse Takeover under TSXV policies.

Pursuant to the terms of the LOI, the Company will acquire all of the outstanding shares in the capital of Atlantico (the “Atlantico Shares”) which are issued and outstanding immediately prior to the closing of the Transaction (the “Closing”) in consideration for units of the Company (each a “Consideration Unit”) at a deemed price equal to the greater of \$0.10 per Consideration Unit and the minimum price permitted by the TSXV. Each Consideration Unit will consist of one common share in the capital of the Company and one transferrable warrant (each a “Warrant”). Each Warrant will entitle the holder to acquire an additional Share (a “Warrant Share”) at a price of \$0.20 for a period of 24 months from the date of Closing (the “Closing Date”).

Prior to Closing, Atlantico intends to complete a private placement to raise gross proceeds of up to \$1,380,000 (the “Offering”) by issuing up to 13,780,000 Atlantico Shares (the “Atlantico Financing Shares”) at a price of \$0.10 per Atlantico Financing Share. The proceeds of the Offering will be used for the Transaction expenses, exploration expenses, for investor relations and marketing expenses and for general and administrative expenses before and after the Transaction. The Atlantico Financing may be closed in one or more tranches and the Atlantico Financing Shares will be exchanged for Consideration Units in the Transaction. Finder’s fees may be paid in connection with the Atlantico Financing and in connection with the Transaction.

Completion of the Transaction remains subject to a number of conditions including without limitation entry into a definitive transaction agreement, completion of the parties’ respective due diligence, receipt of all necessary approvals from the shareholders of the parties and all applicable stock exchanges and regulatory authorities, and such other conditions as are customary in transactions of this nature.

Atlantico is a British Columbia incorporated company which has entered into an option agreement with arm’s length third party (the “Optionor”) to acquire a 100% interest in the Novo Cruzeiro Lithium Project (the “Project”) located in Brazil. In order to exercise the option and to acquire a 100% interest in the Project, Atlantico has issued 15,000,000 common shares to the Optionor and must pay a total of \$200,000 in cash to the Optionor prior to October 29, 2025 (paid), and an additional \$150,000 in cash prior to March 3, 2026. The Project is an early-stage lithium exploration project located in the East Brazilian Pegmatite Belt, near the town of Novo Cruzeiro, in northeastern Minas Gerais, Brazil. The Project comprises 15 contiguous exploration permits. Atlantico has also acquired a 100% interest in the Juazeiro Lithium Project on October 15, 2025, comprised of 17 mineral tenements totaling 29,479.17 hectares located in Petrolina, Brazil for \$1,150,000 payable by the issuance of 11,500,000 Atlantico shares at a deemed price of \$0.10 per share.