

INTERNATIONAL PARKSIDE PRODUCTS INC.
FORM 51-102F1
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2020
(and containing information as of November 24, 2020)

DATED: November 24, 2020

The following Management Discussion and Analysis of International Parkside Products Inc. (the “Company”), prepared as of November 24, 2020, should be read together with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2020 and related notes attached thereto (the “Financial Statements”) which have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and Interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (“IFRIC”). The Company’s management is responsible for presentation and preparation of the consolidated financial statements and the Management’s Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”). The MD&A has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of securities regulators, including National Instrument 51-102 of the Canadian Securities Administrators.

All amounts are stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

The Company was incorporated on May 18, 1983, pursuant to the Company Act of British Columbia, and made its transition application pursuant to the new British Columbia Business Corporations Act.

Additional information related to the Company is available for view on the Company’s website at www.lenspen.com and on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Description of business

The Company, through its wholly owned subsidiaries, Parkside Optical Inc. (“Parkside Optical”) and EIC Energy Interface Inc. (“EIC”), is in the business of producing and marketing innovative optical, screen cleaning and eyeglass cleaning products using the Company’s patented carbon black technology and the new light carbon formula for international distribution.

Parkside Optical manufactures and distributes to wholesale distributors the following optical lens cleaning devices: LensPen, PEEPS, DigiKlear, Mini-Pro, Mini-Pro II, MicroPro, Smartphone camera cleaner, Laptop Pro, ScreenKlean, FilterKlear, DSLR Pro Kit, SensorKlear, SensorKlear Loupe Kit, SmartKlear, HunterPro Kits, Outdoor Pro Kits, FogKlear, Photo Pro Kits, Hurricane blower and Microfiber cloth.

Since the first shipment of LensPen in August 1993, the Company has expanded sales of these products to over 80 distributors in over 85 countries and is continuously seeking to add new distributors and items to its range of cleaning devices.

The Company is a reporting issuer in the Provinces of British Columbia and Alberta, and trades on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol IPD. The Company’s head office is located at #210 – 13480 Crestwood Place, Richmond, BC, V6V 2K1.

Performance summary

The following is a summary of significant events and transactions that occurred during the year ended July 31, 2020:

The Company experienced a decrease in revenue - \$3,666,569 during the year (\$4,845,708 for 2019).

This translates into a revenue decrease of \$1,179,139. The Company sells its products globally in U.S. dollars but reports in Canadian dollars, causing distortions in year to year comparisons.

During the year, the Company exhibited at the InterDrone show in Las Vegas seeking new customers in the drone imaging and surveillance market, and exhibited at the International Association of Chiefs of Police Show in Chicago. The Company is currently developing new OEM and department leads from that show.

Throughout the year, the Company experienced improving performance from its eyewear and IT products distributor as they saw orders increase from American sellers. The Company also launched a new product TouchKlean, a device for cleaning the navigation screens on automobiles and trucks and expects substantial growth in this market.

The Company exhibited at the Global AR/VR Summit in Vancouver, and the LensPen for AR/VR became the largest selling LensPen SKU in the company's online store.

On November 1, Vitec Imaging opened its exclusive distribution of LensPen products in the photo market with the largest single release order in the history of the Company and continues to reorder. VP Sales Ryan Keating attended the Vienna Photo Show in November 2019 in support of Austrian distributor Escher and afterward visited Vitec Imaging headquarters in Bassano del Grappa Italy for face to face discussions on strategy and tactics for Amazon, Best Buy and other major U.S. photo retailers.

In January 2020 Keating attended SHOT Show in Las Vegas, and is developing a number of strong new leads from this show in the law enforcement and sport optics markets and also met with many existing partners at SHOT and is expecting increased orders from Aviation Specialties Unlimited, Leupold, Trijicon and Sig Sauer.

Although Nikon USA has announced that they are leaving the rifle scope market, their business is expected to double or triple in calendar 2020 as they devote more resources to their binocular, rangefinder and photo markets.

The third and fourth quarters were one of the most difficult and unusual experiences in the 29-year history of the Company. The combination of the global pandemic and the fact that our factory was not in operation for both the Lunar New Year holiday and the pandemic in China for over half the quarter made production capacity and timing extremely difficult. The performance of our team in China and planning and coordination in Canada coupled with the patience and understanding of our customers got us successfully through.

A combination of cost controls and sales incentives achieved a successful period under the circumstances. We achieved a cash positive quarter and were able to supply our customers order needs while keeping all our staff.

Selected annual information

The following table provides a brief summary of the Company's financial operations. For detailed information, refer to the Financial Statements.

	Year Ended July 31, 2020	Year Ended July 31, 2019	Year Ended July 31, 2018
Total sales revenues	3,666,569	4,845,708	6,879,982
Net earnings (loss) for the year before taxes	15,655	(213,129)	261,308
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share	(0.00)	(0.01)	0.01
Total assets	1,930,753	2,210,104	2,662,526
Total long-term liabilities	91,307	69,000	96,000
Cash dividends	nil	nil	158,927

Results of operations

Significant revenues generated and expenses incurred during the year ended July 31, 2020 are as follows:

Sales revenue of \$3,666,569 (2019 - \$4,845,708) Sales are made in US dollars but reported in CDN dollars causing distortions in period to period comparisons.

Cost of goods sold of \$2,294,974 (63%) (2019 - \$3,398,881) (70%) Cost of goods has decreased due to increased profit margins.

Accounting and audit fees of \$40,427 (2019 - \$45,610) Audit fees have remained stable.

Commissions of \$9,637 (2019 - \$21,186) The majority of commissions were paid to Wong Hou Yee for his work in securing the Asia contracts.

Consulting fees of \$168,238 (2019 - \$172,660) Consulting fluctuates period to period.

Interest expense of \$42,701 (2019 - \$99,566) Interest includes the loans to the Company and has decreased since repaying a part of the loans.

Legal fees of \$30,655 (2019 - \$42,722) Legal fees are largely comprised of costs for patents and trademarks and corporate filings.

Management fees of \$144,000 (2019 - \$144,000) Management fees were paid to the President, Mr. Murray Keating.

Marketing costs of \$64,840 (2019 - \$56,249) Marketing costs are primarily comprised of promotional strategies and new initiatives.

Office and administration of \$136,473 (2019 - \$133,024) The main cost areas were postage and courier, office supplies, telephone and internet costs, and insurance.

Rent of \$nil (2019 - \$84,389) Under IFRS 16, the Company now recognizes the lease for office premises as a right-of-use asset and lease liability which eliminates the rent expense going forward. The actual

amount paid to the landlord during this period was approximately \$48,000. See note 10 in the financials.

Salaries of \$663,463 (2019 - \$648,832) Salaries contain gross wages and bonuses paid to Directors, Officers, and employees.

Trade shows of \$45,311 (2019 - \$122,978) The Company continues to attend various International trade shows. These shows are a valuable tool to find new distributors and assist existing distributors. Due to Covid-19 trade shows were cancelled during the third and fourth quarters therefore decreasing expenditures.

Transfer agent and regulatory fees of \$9,831 (2019 - \$19,101) Regulatory fees fluctuate.

Travel and promotion costs of \$85,338 (2019 - \$123,817) Travel and promotion consists of visiting and supporting the larger customers and decreased due to travel restrictions resulting from Covid-19.

Summary of quarterly results

Three Months Ended	July 31, 2020	April 30, 2020	January 31, 2020	October 31, 2019
Total assets	1,930,753	1,981,514	2,272,394	2,736,333
Working capital	389,510	594,181	610,035	527,462
Shareholders' equity	816,065	1,049,644	1,058,280	989,576
Sales revenues	660,415	759,544	1,299,033	947,577
Net earnings (loss)	(174,341)	7,238	174,310	8,448
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share	(0.00)	0.00	0.01	0.00
Three Months Ended	July 31, 2019	April 30, 2019	January 31, 2019	October 31, 2018
Total assets	2,210,104	2,574,522	3,854,490	3,145,627
Working capital	603,147	763,772	879,785	742,575
Shareholders' equity	1,042,743	1,203,877	1,325,399	1,204,691
Sales revenues	714,202	660,382	2,116,108	1,355,016
Net earnings (loss)	(91,255)	(116,681)	140,175	(93,368)
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share	(0.01)	(0.01)	0.01	0.00

The quarterly variations in revenue result largely from the cyclical nature of the Company's order pattern.

Liquidity

The Company is self-financed through its generation of positive cash flows.

	July 31 2020	April 30 2020	January 31 2020	October 31 2019
Working capital	389,510	594,181	610,035	527,462
Deficit	(4,606,009)	(4,449,326)	(4,456,564)	(4,630,874)

Net cash provided by operating activities for the year ended July 31, 2020 consists primarily of the operating activities and changes in non-cash working capital.

Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities during the year was \$410,052 compared to (\$182,646) during 2019.

Net cash provided by investing activities was \$31,238 during the year and \$33,345 in 2019.

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities was (\$108,143) during the year and \$400,000 in 2019.

Significant accounting policies

Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the audited consolidated financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation and judgment uncertainty that management has made at the end of the reporting period, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to:

Property and equipment comprise a large component of the Company's assets and as such, the amortization of these assets has a significant effect on the Company's financial statements. Management estimates the useful lives, amortization rates and the residual values of assets based on their experience with the use of such assets. These estimates are reviewed on at least an annual basis.

In determining whether any impairment losses have been incurred, management assesses the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use for non-financial assets. These determinations and their individual assumptions require that management decide based on the best available information at the end of each reporting period.

Management is required to assess the functional currency of each entity of the Company. In concluding that the Canadian dollar is the functional currency of the parent and the US dollar is the functional currency of its subsidiary, management considered the currency that mainly influences the cost of providing goods and services in each jurisdiction in which the Company operates. The determination of deferred tax assets and liabilities is inherently complex and requires making certain estimates and assumptions about future events. While income tax filings are subject to audits and reassessments, the Company has adequately provided for all income tax obligations. However, changes in facts and circumstances as a result of income tax audits, reassessments, jurisprudence and any new legislation may result in an increase or decrease in the provision for income taxes.

Stock-based compensation are subject to estimation of the value of the award at the date of grant using pricing models such as the Black-Scholes option valuation model. The option valuation model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. Because the Company's stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options and because the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the calculated fair value, such value is subject to measurement uncertainty.

The valuation of non-cash transactions is based on the value of the goods or services received. When this cannot be determined, it is based on the fair value of the non-cash consideration. When non-cash transactions are entered into with employees and those providing similar services, the non-cash transactions are measured at the fair value of the consideration given up using market prices.

Use of estimates and judgments

The application of the Company's accounting policy for intangible assets expenditures requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, which may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Estimates and assumptions may change if new information becomes available. If, after expenditures are capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditures is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written off in profit or loss in the period the new information becomes available.

Following initial recognition, the Company carries the value of intangible assets at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recorded on a straight-line basis based upon management's estimate of the useful life and residual value. The estimates are reviewed at least annually and are updated if expectations change as a result of technical obsolescence or legal and other limits to use. A change in the useful life or residual value will impact the reported carrying value of the intangible assets resulting in a change in related amortization expense.

Outstanding share data

Authorized – Unlimited common shares without par value:

Issued and fully paid	Common shares	Amount \$	Preferred shares	Amount \$	Total \$	Contributed Surplus
Balance – July 31, 2018	15,892,670	5,315,805	91,111	41,000	5,356,805	500,707
Bonus shares issued (c)	615,384	80,000	-	-	80,000	-
Stock based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	17,611
Balance – July 31, 2019	16,508,054	5,395,805	91,111	41,000	5,436,805	518,318
Reclassification on expiry of options	-	-	-	-	-	(52,658)
Stock based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	86,162
Balance – July 31, 2020	16,508,054	5,395,805	91,111	41,000	5,436,805	551,822

As at November 24, 2020, there are 16,505,054 shares outstanding.

a) During the 2007 fiscal year, the Company received regulatory approval to an agreement with Cornerstone Technologies for the issuance of 91,111 preferred shares at a price of \$0.45 per share. The preferred shares, which have now been issued, are exchangeable into common shares of the Company on a one-for-one basis.

b) The Company has established a share purchase plan whereby the board of directors may, from time to time, grant options to directors, officers, employees or consultants. Options granted must be exercised no later than five years from date of grant or such lesser period as determined by the Company's board of directors. All stock options vest immediately. The maximum number of shares that may be issued under the plan cannot exceed 10% of the Company's issued shares.

c) During the year ended July 31, 2019, the Company received proceeds of \$400,000 pursuant to promissory notes of which \$300,000 have been advanced by directors of the Company. The loans bear

interest of 10% payable monthly and are due and payable one year after issuance. The company issued 615,384 bonus shares at a fair value of \$80,000 to the lenders in consideration for the loans.

Stock options

The following incentive stock options are outstanding and exercisable as at July 31, 2020 and November 24, 2020.

	Number of Shares/Units	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
Options	1,215,000	0.10	November 22, 2024
	390,000	0.10	March 7, 2024

Related Party Transactions

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Details of the transactions between the Company and other related parties are disclosed below.

Related party transactions

Certain companies which have an officer and/or director in common or which have a partner who is an officer of the Company render services or are charged for certain services as follows:

	Nature of transactions
Ryancorp Management Ltd.	Management fees

The Company incurred the following transactions in the normal course of operations in connection with companies which have key members of management in common.

	Year ended July 31, 2020	Year ended July 31, 2019
Management fees	\$ 144,000	\$ 144,000

Compensation of key management personnel (includes management and consulting fees)

	Year ended July 31, 2020	Year ended July 31, 2019
Salaries, incentives and short-term benefits	\$ 521,178	\$ 463,316

(i) Key management personnel were not paid post-employment benefits, termination benefits or other long-term benefits during the years ended July 31, 2020 and 2019.

(ii) Included in accounts payable is \$nil (July 31, 2019 - \$625) due to officers and directors of the Company.

(iii) 615,384 bonus shares at a fair value of \$80,000 were issued to directors and key management during the year ended July 31, 2019.

Commitments

The Company entered into an office lease agreement beginning March 1, 2019 for an initial term of three years. As at July 31, 2020, the Company is committed to pay the following:

	Less than 1 year	1-5 years
Office Lease	\$ 48,642	\$ 28,375

In 2003, the Company entered into an agreement with Cornerstone Technologies (VCC) Ltd. (Cornerstone) for funding in preferred shares of Parkside Optical. Cornerstone agreed to purchase the preferred shares at a minimum price of \$0.45 per share. The preferred shares are exchangeable, at the holder's option, into common shares of the Company on a one-for-one basis. The preferred shares carry a non-cumulative 6.5% annual dividend, payable quarterly, based on the weighted average of funds invested during the quarter. Once the preferred shares have been exchanged for the common shares, all rights to receive the preferred share dividend will cease. The preferred shares and any common shares that may be issued in exchange for the preferred shares are subject to a hold period of five years, commencing from the date of investment of the preferred shares.

In 2004, the Company received \$41,000 for subscriptions for preference shares from Cornerstone.

During fiscal 2007, the Company received regulatory approval to the agreement and the preferred shares were issued. As of July 31, 2020, the Company has accrued \$13,300 dividends payable (2019 - \$13,300). This has been shown as a liability on the financial statements under accounts payable.

Financial and risk management

Cash and short-term investments are carried at fair value using a level 1 for value measurement. The fair value of the Company's accounts receivable, income taxes payable, loans payable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate carrying value, because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

Fair value estimates of financial instruments are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant information about financial markets and specific financial instruments. As these estimates are subjective in nature, involving uncertainties and matters of significant judgment, they cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions can significantly affect estimated fair values.

The Company is exposed to varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks:

Market risk

Currency risk

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk on the cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities balances denominated in US dollars. A significant proportion of the Company's transactions occur in US dollars which give rise to the risk that cash flow may be adversely impacted by

exchange rate fluctuations between US and Canadian dollars. Management maintains cash accounts denominated in US dollars to complete foreign currency transactions and considers this practice adequate to mitigate significant foreign currency fluctuations. The Company considers currency risk associated with working capital items in US dollars to be insignificant.

Interest rate risk

The Company maintains cash balances with financial institutions. The interest rate risk on these balances is not considered material.

Credit risk

The Company is exposed to a minimal amount of credit risk from its cash balances. The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by placing its cash with high credit quality financial institutions.

Concentration of credit risk with respect to accounts receivable has been limited in the past by the structure of the Company's sale contracts as typically payments are collected before shipment of the goods. However, as at July 31, 2020, the Company is exposed to credit risk on the receivables of \$768,967 from CarbonKlean (2019 - \$935,193). This balance is unsecured, and management negotiates periodic payments on these balances. This represents a significant increase in the credit risk. The Company has not experienced significant credit losses to date and the maximum amount of credit risk exposure is limited to the carrying amounts of these balances in the consolidated financial statements.

As at July 31, 2020, the Company had one customer that accounted for more than 10% of total accounts receivable as follows: 85%. (2019 - one customer as follows: 80%)

Liquidity risk

The Company is not exposed to a significant amount of liquidity risk. As at the year ended July 31, 2020, the Company had positive working capital of \$389,510 (July 31, 2019 - \$603,147). The accounts payable and accrued liabilities balance is expected to be covered through the collection of accounts receivable balances and from current cash balances. The Company is not reliant on external financing.

Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern; and to have sufficient capital to be able to fund the operation of the Company for the benefit of its shareholders. Management considers capital to be assets less liabilities. As at the year ended July 31, 2020, the Company had capital of \$816,065 (July 31, 2019 - \$1,042,743). The Company is internally funded and is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Company has not established a numeric target for its capital structure and reviews its capital management methods and requirements on an ongoing basis and adjusts accordingly.

New Accounting Standards and Amendments

The following new standards and amendments have been adopted during the year ended July 31, 2020.

IFRS 16

IFRS 16 is a new standard that sets out the principles for recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of leases including guidance for both parties to a contract, the lessee and the lessor. The new standard eliminates the classification of leases as either operating or finance leases as is required by IAS 17 and instead introduces a single lessee accounting model. Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. The Company has an office lease agreement which is now recorded as a right-of-use asset and lease liability under IFRS 16. The Company, at August 1, 2019, recorded a right-of use asset of \$109,416 (net of depreciation), and a corresponding lease liability of \$109,416.

Loans payable

During the year ended July 31, 2019, the Company received proceeds of \$400,000 pursuant to promissory notes of which \$300,000 has been advanced by directors of the Company. The loans bear interest of 10% payable monthly, are unsecured, and are due and payable one year after issuance. The Company issued 615,384 bonus shares at fair value of \$80,000 to the lenders in consideration for the loans. During the year ended July 31, 2020 the Company has repaid \$100,000.

Balance, July 31, 2018	\$	-
Additions		400,000
Transaction costs		(80,000)
Accretion		<u>66,667</u>
Balance, July 31, 2019	\$	386,667
Accretion		13,333
Repayment		<u>(100,000)</u>
Balance, July 31, 2020	\$	<u>300,000</u>

Discussion of non-financial items

A resolution was approved by the directors and the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct pursuant to section 140(3) of the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia), filed on SEDAR at www.sedar.com on March 8, 2007. The Company had their Annual General Meeting on September 1, 2020 at the Company's offices located at #210 – 13480 Crestwood Place, Richmond, BC.

Approval

The Board of Directors of the Company has approved the disclosure contained in this MD&A. A copy of this MD&A will be provided to anyone who requests it. Additional information relating to the Company's operations and activities can be found by visiting the Company's website at www.lenspen.com as well as numerous news releases which are filed on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

For more information please contact Mr. Murray Keating, President, at 604-681-6472. ext. 105.

Note Regarding Forward-looking information

This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") contains certain forward-looking statements and information relating to International Parkside Products Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") that are

based on the beliefs of its management as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to the Company. When used in this document, the words “anticipate”, “believe”, “estimate”, “expect” and similar expressions, as they relate to the Company or its management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. This MD&A contains forward-looking statements relating to, among other things, regulatory compliance, and the sufficiency of current working capital. Such statements reflect the current views of the Company with respect to future events and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties, and assumptions. Many factors could cause the actual results, performance, or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance, or achievements that may be expressed or implied by such forward looking statements.