

**DUNNEDIN VENTURES INC.**  
**MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

For the Nine Months Ended June 30, 2018

**DUNNEDIN VENTURES INC.  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

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**MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING**

This Management's Discussion and Analysis for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 is prepared by management and is current to August 29, 2018 for Dunnedin Ventures Inc. (the "Company" or "Dunnedin").

The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and related notes for the nine months ended June 30, which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

All dollar amounts referred to in this MD&A are expressed in Canadian dollars except where indicated otherwise.

**FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENT**

Certain statements in this report may constitute forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties. A number of important factors could cause actual outcomes and results to differ materially from those expressed in these forward-looking statements. Consequently, readers should not place any undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements, which are not historical facts, reflect our views at the date of this MD&A with respect to future events and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions.

**HIGHLIGHTS AND RECENT DEVELOPMENTS**

On November 20, 2017, the Company appointed Claudia Tornquist, MEng, MBA, as the new President. Ms. Tornquist, a senior-level executive, initially joined Dunnedin as an advisor in 2015 and was appointed to the board of directors in 2016. The company also announced the appointment of Jeff Ward, PGeo, as Vice President of Exploration, Andrew Berry as Vice President, Operations, and Emily McNie as Project Geologist. Mr. Ward, Mr. Berry and Ms. McNie have over 50 years of collective experience in Nunavut and a successful record of diamond exploration and discovery.

On November 27, 2017, Dunnedin announced the Management Team for the Solstice Gold Corp. ("Solstice") spinout and provided an update on gold results for the Kahuna project. Exploration highlights included:

- New geological mapping and sampling (0.5 to 1.5 kilometre line spacing) confirmed folded iron formation and over 200 kilometres of gold belts in a similar geological and structural setting to Meliadine
- Rock sampling in 2017 in the Westeros area identified extensive anomalous gold in bedrock of up to 8.8 g/t gold and in angular float up to 34.9 g/t gold.
- Anomalous gold has also been returned from several other areas of the property, which have been only sparsely sampled to date
- Seven regional target areas have been identified and prospecting of one target area in the north identified anomalous gold (up to 0.48 g/t Au) and associated anomalous modified and pristine gold grain counts in till of up to 22 grains (11 modified and 11 pristine).

On January 31, 2018, the Company completed its previously announced plan of arrangement ("Arrangement"), involving the spinout of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary Solstice. Solstice is now a reporting issuer and began to trade on the TSX Venture Exchange using the symbol "SGC". As per the terms of the Arrangement, one common share of Solstice was distributed for every three common shares of the Company outstanding as of July 17, 2017. Stock option and share purchase warrant holders, as on that date, also received one stock option and one share purchase warrant of Solstice for every three options and three share purchase warrants of Dunnedin, respectively. In addition, the Company completed a reorganization of its share capital such that all existing common shares of the Company were reclassified as "Class B Common Shares".

On January 31, 2018, the Company granted 2,240,000 stock options to its directors, officers, consultants with an exercise price of \$0.24 expiring in 5 years, of which 2,150,000 vested immediately, while a quarter of the remaining 90,000 vest every 3 months, fully vesting 12 months after the grant date.

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On February 22, 2018, the Company announced that it had identified a cluster of new, potentially diamond-bearing kimberlite targets in the south-central portion of its 100% owned Kahuna Diamond Property, Nunavut.

On March 27, 2018, the Company reported its drill plans and the commencement of its 2018 exploration program. Drilling will utilize a Rotary Air Blast ("RAB") rig to economically test pipe-like signatures and investigate sections along high-grade kimberlite dikes.

On April 5, 2018, the Company announced that it would expand its 2018 exploration program and undertake a C\$1,500,000 million private placement to fund this additional work. Advisors, management and close associates participated for approximately C\$1,000,000 of the placement.

On April 18, 2018, the Company announced that it closed an over-subscribed non-brokered private placement of non flow-through (each, a "NFT Unit") and flow-through (each, a "FT Unit") units for gross proceeds of \$1,702,500 (the "Offering"). The Company issued 5,341,667 NFT Units at a price of \$0.30 per share and 250,000 FT Units at a price of \$0.40 per share through the Offering. Each NFT Unit consists of one common share and one-half-of-one share purchase warrant entitling the holder to acquire an additional common share at a price of \$0.35 for a period of twenty-four months. Each FT Unit consists of one common share and one-half-of-one share purchase warrant entitling the holder to acquire an additional common share at a price of \$0.47 for a period of twenty-four months. The share purchase warrants issued as part of the FT Units and the NFT Units are subject to accelerated expiry in the event the closing price of the common shares of the Company on the TSX Venture Exchange is \$0.65 or greater for twenty consecutive trading days.

On May 10, 2018, the Company provided an update on its ongoing 2018 drill program at its 100% owned Kahuna project, Nunavut. The Company drill-tested five of approximately 40 targets (13%). Of the five targets drilled, two yielded significant extensions to the known diamond-bearing PST and KD-24 kimberlite dikes. Kimberlitic material from the 2018 winter RAB drilling was shipped to CF Mineral Research Ltd. for diamond recovery.

On June 20, 2018 the Company announced resumption of drilling activity on the Kahuna Project. The 2018 summer RAB drilling program would test targets in June and July 2018, mainly located on the northern half of the property and not drilled during the first phase of drilling in April 2018.

On July 11, Dunnedin announced the Company's first diamond recovery results from kimberlites drilled in April. Results for 127.74 kilograms from the newly-identified extension to diamond-bearing kimberlite KD-24 included 338 diamonds larger than the 0.106 mm sieve size, including four commercial-sized diamonds larger than 0.85 mm. The five largest diamonds included clear and colourless variants of octahedra totaling 0.072 carats. The Company also completed a Very Low Frequency (VLF) ground electromagnetic survey over KD-24 and other priority targets during the summer program.

On July 19 the Company provided an update on the summer drilling program, reported the discovery of a new kimberlite pipe (KH10-11) and the drill-testing of two additional historic pipes (KD900 and KD230). Highlights include:

- 17 targets were successfully drill tested, three of which were kimberlite pipes
- New KH10-11 pipe was drilled to 112 metres (open at depth) and KD900 drilled to 114 metres vertically
- A total of 1,081 metres of RAB drilling was completed in 20 holes
- A total of 254.5 metres of kimberlite was intersected, yielding approximately 3.5 tonnes of material
- 800 kilograms of glacial till collected from the drill will be processed for DIMs to enhance existing till results
- Approximately one tonne of representative kimberlite from all three pipes was shipped and prioritised for diamond recovery at CF Mineral Research Ltd.

The Company noted that numerous priority targets associated with DIMs remain untested. Many of these are situated under shallow lakes or deeper glacial sediment. These will be tested with core drilling when field conditions permit.

The Company received \$275,500 on exercise of common share purchase warrants subsequent to June 30, 2018.

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## **OVERVIEW**

The Company was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia on January 12, 1987.

On March 15, 2010, the Company completed its Change of Business transaction ("COB") in connection with an agreement with International Tower Hill Mines Limited ("ITH") forming a joint venture involving ITH's China copper/gold project located in the state of Alaska. On March 16, 2010, the Company's common shares commenced trading as a mining issuer on Tier 2 of the TSX-V under the trading symbol OCP.

On August 2, 2013, the Company changed its name to Dunnedin Ventures Inc. and the TSX-V symbol to DVI. The Company's activities consist of the exploration and development of diamond, precious and base metal projects throughout the Americas. Its primary focus is the Kahuna Diamonds Property in Nunavut, Canada.

On June 8, 2017, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary - Dunnedin Gold Inc.- was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act of the Province of British Columbia and changed its name on September 18, 2017 to Solstice Gold Corp.. The gold rights to the Kahuna Diamond Property were spun out into Solstice pursuant to the Arrangement, under the Business Corporations Act. (See "Solstice Spin-Out" section).

## **MINERAL PROPERTIES**

### **1. KAHUNA PROPERTY**

#### **Project Background**

On November 4, 2014, the Company signed an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Kahuna Diamond project located in Nunavut, Canada by making cumulative exploration expenditures on the project totaling \$5,000,000, issuing 11,000,000 common shares, and paying \$700,000 over four years. On April 30, 2017, the Company entered into a Letter Agreement where it accelerated its option agreement by paying the remaining cash and shares required under the agreement and on January 31, 2018 the Company acquired a 100% undivided interest in the Kahuna project. The project is subject to a four percent gross overriding royalty on diamond production and a four percent net smelter royalty on other minerals. The Company has the option to purchase half of the respective royalties for \$2 million per one percent. The payments and royalties are to the benefit of the property vendors which are split fifty percent each.

Kahuna is a 166,463 hectare (1,664 square kilometres) advanced-stage, diamond project discovered in 2001, located near Rankin Inlet, Nunavut. Historical exploration expenditures completed on or around the property are estimated at \$30,000,000. Eight significantly diamondiferous kimberlite dikes have been discovered to date, with Kahuna, PST and Notch being the most advanced prospects to date.

Historical bulk sampling and drilling on Kahuna, PST and Notch has returned high macrodiamond counts including diamonds over one carat in size. The largest diamond recovered was a 5.43 carat stone from the Kahuna dike that is interpreted to be a fragment from a reconstructed 13.42 carat stone that was broken during sample preparation. The majority of diamonds are reported as clear and colourless to white, with a significant population of octahedral stones, however coloured stones have also been reported. The dikes occur within an extensive network of largely untested geophysical targets, which in places are overlain by a dense distribution of diamond indicator minerals.

#### *Kahuna Kimberlite*

The Kahuna kimberlite is interpreted as a 5.5 km long, 2 m to 4 m wide, sub-vertical dike defined by drilling, surface bulk sampling and geophysics. It has been intersected by 34 drill holes, totalling 2,506 m. The Kahuna kimberlite outcrops and has been intersected in drill core over depths ranging from 13 m to 127 m vertically from surface. Based on these parameters, and incorporating geophysical data and surface kimberlite exposures, APEX Geoscience Ltd ("APEX") created a

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3D geological model for the purpose of an Inferred Resource Estimate in 2015. APEX modelled the Kahuna kimberlite along a 4.7 km strike length with a maximum vertical extent of 207 m below surface, and width ranging from 0.5 m to 6 m, averaging approximately 3.2 m.

*Notch Kimberlite*

The Notch kimberlite is located 12 km southwest of the Kahuna kimberlite. Notch is interpreted as a 3 km long, 0.5 to 2.5 m wide, sub-vertical dike defined by drilling, surface bulk sampling and geophysics. The Notch kimberlite outcrops and has been intersected by 10 diamond drill holes totalling 706 m. Kimberlite has been intersected in drill core over depths ranging from 5 m to 70 m vertically from surface. Based on these parameters, APEX created a 3D geological model for the purpose of an Inferred Resource Estimate in 2015. Notch was modelled along a 2.5 km strike length with a maximum vertical extent of 140 m below surface, and a width ranging from 0.5 m to 2.5 m; averaging approximately 1.5 m.

*PST Kimberlite*

PST is a near vertical high grade kimberlite dike that is exposed at surface. It has been drilled along approximately 350 m of strike length and to a maximum depth of approximately 50 m. PST remains open along strike and at depth. It extends north under thin till cover, however diamondiferous kimberlite drilled 1.2 km away directly along strike and coincident magnetic and resistivity signatures suggest potential continuity or adjacent zones extend along strike up to 2.5 km. There has been insufficient exposure and drilling to define width, more work is required.

**2015 Progress and Results**

In January 2015, Dunnedin released a maiden Inferred Resource estimate for the Kahuna Diamond Project. The estimate was prepared by APEX on the Kahuna and Notch kimberlites and is based on data from drill programs and the 2006 – 2008 bulk sampling completed by the past operator.

Highlights include:

- A combined Inferred Mineral Resource of 4,018,000 carats of macrodiamonds at a 0.85 mm (+1 DTC sieve size) lower diamond cut-off, with an average grade of 1.01 carats per tonne (cpt), derived from 3,987,000 tonnes of kimberlite (the "Resource")
- The kimberlites in the Resource are exposed at surface and based on APEX geological modelling, remain open to extension along strike and at depth. Indicator mineral trains and geophysics suggest the Kahuna and Notch kimberlites have the potential to extend along strike beyond areas included in the Resource Estimate into areas of thin sediment cover. Kimberlite has been intercepted in drilling along these potential extensions; however, drill spacing was insufficient for inclusion in the Resource
- Only two of eight significantly diamondiferous kimberlites (Kahuna and Notch) have sufficient drilling, bulk sampling and density definition work to be included in the Inferred Mineral Resource at this time
- Other diamondiferous kimberlites include the PST, Killiq, KD-13, KD-14, KD-16 and KD-18 and 07-KD-24. The latter is notable for high diamond content, having historically recovered 305 diamonds including 7 macrodiamonds (+0.85 mm) from a 2.2 kg drill core sample

Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate for the Kahuna and Notch Kimberlites (APEX, 2015)

Classification	Kimberlite	Density (t/m <sup>3</sup> )	Volume (m <sup>3</sup> )	Tonnes	Average Grade cpt (+0.85 mm cut-off)	Average Grade cpt (+1.18 mm cut-off)	Total Carats (+0.85 mm cut-off)	Total Carats (+1.18 mm cut-off)
Inferred	Kahuna	1.99	1,541,000	3,066,000	1.04	0.80	3,189,000	2,453,000
	Notch	2.12	434,000	921,000	0.90	0.83	829,000	765,000

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Classification	Kimberlite	Density (t/m3)	Volume (m3)	Tonnes	Average Grade cpt (+0.85 mm cut-off)	Average Grade cpt (+1.18 mm cut-off)	Total Carats (+0.85 mm cut-off)	Total Carats (+1.18 mm cut-off)
	Total	2.02	1,975,000	3,987,000	1.01	0.81	4,018,000	3,218,000

*\*Note: Technical Report and Maiden Mineral Resource Estimate for the Kahuna Diamond Project, Nunavut, Canada" prepared by APEX Geoscience Ltd., Kristopher J. Raffle, B.Sc., P. Geo. and Andrew J. Turner, B.Sc., P. Geol. March 11, 2015 The reader is cautioned that Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability, and might never be converted into Reserves. Figures may not sum due to rounding. Decimal figures do not indicate added level of precision. cpt = carats-per-tonne*

The potential diamond valuation, mining characteristics or economic model for the Kahuna and Notch kimberlites have not yet been determined. The Company cautions that the Inferred Resource cannot be used to construct an economic model of the project prior to assembling a package of diamonds for valuation. However, a 2008 evaluation of Kahuna diamond characteristics by Mineral Services Canada ("MSC") describes the Kahuna diamond population as having encouraging value characteristics, with a high abundance of colourless and near colourless varieties with octahedral shapes being the dominant morphology. The Notch kimberlite and other diamondiferous kimberlites within the project display similar diamond characteristics to Kahuna.

In March 2015, Dunnedin announced a Target for Further Exploration ("TFFE") that provides additional potential tonnages and contained carats that are not yet included in the Resource. The TFFE is based on projection of the diamondiferous kimberlites below the depths currently modelled and included in the Resource, and it provides reasonable guidance for additional potential tonnage and diamond grades at Kahuna and Notch to depths of 300 – 600m. Calculations for a conceptual target indicate there is potential for an additional 4,090,000 to 15,880,000 carats of diamonds within the Kahuna and Notch dikes, as presented in the table below. The potential quantity and grade of any TFFE is conceptual in nature, there is insufficient exploration to define a Mineral Resource and it is uncertain if further exploration will result in the TFFE being delineated as a Mineral Resource.

Target for Further Exploration ("TFFE") for the Kahuna and Notch Kimberlites (APEX, 2015)

	Low Range				High Range			
	Depth Range	Tonnage	Grade	Total Carats	Depth Range	Tonnage	Grade	Total Carats
Kahuna	140-300	3,740,000	0.80	2,990,000	140-600	10,760,000	1.10	11,830,000
Notch	110-300	1,570,000	0.70	1,100,000	110-600	4,050,000	1.00	4,050,000
Total		5,310,000	0.77*	4,090,000*		14,800,000	1.07*	15,880,000*

*\*Note: Technical Report and Maiden Mineral Resource Estimate for the Kahuna Diamond Project, Nunavut, Canada" prepared by APEX Geoscience Ltd., Kristopher J. Raffle, B.Sc., P. Geo. and Andrew J. Turner, B.Sc., P. Geol. March 11, 2015. Bulk sampling has established that Kahuna has a recovered grade of 1.04 cpt and Notch has a recovered grade of 0.90 cpt (at a +0.85 mm lower cut-off) as previously disclosed in the Inferred Resource. As such, the "Low Range" reduces diamond grades by about 23% and the "High Range" increases diamond grades by about 5% for Kahuna and 10% for Notch. Note the tonnes and carats have been rounded to the nearest 10,000 and may not add due to rounding.*

In July and August 2015, geological teams collected more than four tonnes of kimberlite from Kahuna, Notch and PST and other targets from which diamonds were recovered for initial study and characterization. In addition to the kimberlite samples, the Company also collected 118 till samples. The Kahuna, Notch and PST kimberlites were also mapped and sites for further bulk sampling identified.

In November 2015, Dunnedin announced the first diamond results from the Company's 2015 summer field program. A 0.82 tonne sample of the PST kimberlite yielded 96 macrodiamonds (+0.85 mm) totalling 5.34 carats, for a sample grade of 6.50

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cpt. The sample grade was higher than the historically reported result of 2.18 cpt, and recovered diamonds included an octahedral crystal weighing 0.77 carats and a polycrystalline diamond weighing 2.22 carats. A preliminary examination of the diamonds suggested approximately 50 to 60 percent were clear and colourless. Results are provided in the table below.

Sample	Weight in Dry Tonnes	Total Number of Diamonds Recovered (+0.425 mm)	Total Carat Weight (+0.85 mm)	Endecott Sieve Size (mm)								Sample Grade (cpt)	Largest Diamonds (carats)
				0.425	0.60	0.85	1.18	1.70	2.36	3.35	4.75		
PST 1	0.82	526	5.34	305	125	58	23	12	1	1	1	6.50	2.22, 0.77, 0.17

In December 2015, the Company entered into an agreement with Kel-ex Development ("Kel-ex"), a private company controlled by Dr. Charles (Chuck) Fipke, an advisor to the Company, whereby Kel-ex will provide equity financing equal to one-third of the Company's diamond processing and other laboratory costs incurred through a laboratory controlled by Dr. Fipke. Dr. Fipke has also agreed to provide certain professional and technical advisory services to the Company, in exchange the Company has granted a right-of-first-refusal to Kel-ex on the sale of its interests in the Kahuna diamond project.

**2016 Progress and Results**

In March 2016, Dunnedin reported that approximately 40% of the 2.4 tonne Notch kimberlite sample collected during the 2015 field program had been processed. 278 diamonds (+0.425 mm) including 36 commercial-sized stones (+0.85 mm) were recovered. Results are provided in the table below.

Sample	Weight in Dry Tonnes	Total Number of Diamonds Recovered (+0.425 mm)	Total Carat Weight (+0.85 mm)	Endecott Sieve Size (mm)								Largest Diamonds (carats)
				0.425	0.60	0.85	1.18	1.70	2.36	3.35	4.75	
Notch 1	1.02	278	0.66	175	67	26	8	2	0	0	0	0.10, 0.08, 0.05

In July 2016, the Company reported results from the 2015 till sampling program that included:

- High Diamond Indicator Minerals ("DIMs") counts were confirmed in tills immediately down-ice from all tested diamond-bearing dikes including Kahuna, Notch and PST, confirming that diamond-bearing kimberlites are readily detectable using Dunnedin's till sampling protocols
- Potential diamond-bearing kimberlite pipe targets were identified in three new locations where DIMs in tills are directly down-ice from circular magnetic responses and resistivity lows
- Identification of apparent strike-length extensions to drilled diamond-bearing dikes, including Kahuna, Notch, PST and 07KD-24
- All 118 of the Company's till samples contained Kimberlite Indicator Minerals ("KIMs"), with 78 containing DIMs

In August 2016, the Company collected 1,111 till samples across the Kahuna property. This program was designed to expand upon historic KIM and new DIM trains, and to identify additional associated targets on the property.

In September 2016, Dunnedin reported the second tranche of diamond recovery results from the Notch kimberlite sample taken in 2015. The 1.30 tonne sample of Notch ("Notch 2") returned 49 commercial-sized stones (+0.85 mm) totalling 1.29 carats, for a sample grade of 0.99 carats per tonne. The largest recovered diamond was a 0.23 carat clear and colourless octahedral stone. Results for the two Notch mini-bulk samples are provided in the table below.

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Sample	Weight in Dry Tonnes	Total Number of Diamonds Recovered (+0.425 mm)	Total Carat Weight (+0.85 mm)	Endecott Sieve Size (mm)							Sample Grade (cpt)	Largest Diamonds (carats)
				0.425	0.60	0.85	1.18	1.70	2.36			
Notch 1	1.02	278	0.66	175	67	26	8	2	0	0.65	0.10, 0.08, 0.05	
<b>Notch 2</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>1.29</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0.99</b>	<b>0.23, 0.17, 0.09</b>	

In October 2016, the Company identified gold grains and reported gold-in-till results from samples collected on the Kahuna project as part of the 2015 diamond exploration program. The discovery of gold was not unexpected as gold was reported from historic exploration. The project is located immediately adjacent to one of a largest high-grade development stage gold projects in Canada, Agnico Eagle's Meliadine project.

Highlights of gold results reported in 2016 include:

- Gold results in tills, bedrock and historical drill core defined multiple targets across the property
- Gold was found through neutron activation analysis of heavy mineral concentrates in 84 of 129 (65%) till samples collected by Dunnedin
- Mineral concentrates that returned gold values were confirmed to contain coarse gold grains. Grains had fragile textures suggesting local bedrock sources.
- Metasediment belts similar to those hosting gold at Meliadine, occur along strike, have been regionally folded and also host gold
- 97 mineralized historical grab samples returning between 0.05 g/t and 2.52 g/t gold were collected across four metasediment and structural zones

In December 2016, Dunnedin announced the purchase of a comprehensive proprietary data set consisting of historic diamond and gold exploration results from the Kahuna project. The data set compiles approximately \$25 million of historical spending in the project area undertaken by multiple exploration groups. Included were gold-in-till results from the Kahuna property and also more than 10,000 microprobe analyzed kimberlite indicator mineral results ("KIMs"), various geophysical survey results covering several hundred square kilometres, multi-element geochemistry from diamond and gold exploration, and drill logs from past diamond and gold exploration.

**2017 Progress and Results**

In January 2017, Dunnedin reported additional diamond recoveries from the Notch kimberlite. A third, 43.78 kg sample of Notch ("Notch 3") returned 4 commercial-sized stones (+0.85 mm) totalling 0.43 carats, for a sample grade of 9.72 carats per tonne. The largest recovered diamond was a 0.16 carat clear and colourless elongated octahedron. Results are provided in the table below along with Dunnedin's previous results.

Sample	Weight in Dry Tonnes	Total Number of Diamonds Recovered (+0.425 mm)	Total Carat Weight (+0.85 mm)	Endecott Sieve Size (mm)							Sample Grade (cpt)	Largest Diamonds (carats)
				0.425	0.60	0.85	1.18	1.70	2.36			
Notch 1	1.02	278	0.66	175	67	26	8	2	0	0.65	0.10, 0.08, 0.05	
Notch 2	1.30	318	1.29	179	90	33	11	3	2	0.99	0.23, 0.17, 0.09	

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<b>Notch 3</b>	<b>0.04</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>0.43</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>9.72</b>	<b>0.16, 0.08, 0.01</b>
TOTAL	2.36	605	2.38	359	157	61	19	7	2	1.01	-

In February 2017, the Company reported the first diamond recovery results from the Kahuna kimberlite. The 144.44 kg sample of Kahuna returned 13 commercial-sized stones (+0.85 mm) totalling 0.334 carats, for a sample grade of 2.32 carats per tonne. The largest recovered diamond was a 0.12 carat clear and colourless twinned octahedral stone. Results are provided in the table below.

Sample	Weight in Dry Tonnes	Total Number of Diamonds Recovered (+0.425 mm)	Total Carat Weight (+0.85 mm)	Endecott Sieve Size (mm)						Sample Grade (cpt)	Largest Diamonds (carats)
				0.425	0.60	0.85	1.18	1.70			
Kahuna	0.144	87	0.33	57	17	10	1	2	2.35	0.12, 0.09, 0.03	

In January 2017, the Company reported the identification of a large gold-bearing greenstone belt. High gold-in-till counts including pristine gold grains suggesting local bedrock sources of gold were present on the Kahuna project, along a sampled length of over 40 km and immediately adjacent to Agnico Eagle's Meliadine gold project.

A summary of gold-in-till results included:

- Gold and geological data was acquired through a purchase announced on December 2016
- Results were from 347 till samples. Gold noted in 316 of 347 (91%) samples
- Results were from a reconnaissance scale till sampling program that was conducted with average sample spacing of over 1 km, designed to test a broad area for gold
- Average of 7.8 gold grains per sample, with a maximum value of 83 grains
- Pristine gold grains observed in 114 of 347 samples, with a maximum value of 21 pristine grains, suggesting proximal bedrock sources to 33% of samples
- Spatial association between gold concentration in till samples and proximity to fold hinges as delineated through geophysics

In May 2017, the Company announced exploration plans to define gold drill targets across its newly named "Kannuqa gold belt", an approximately 300 square kilometre folded greenstone belt related to widespread gold-in-tills, gold-in-bedrock, and gold in drill core.

In June 2017, Dunnedin reported the identification of additional kimberlite pipe targets having down-ice till chemistry and DIM's matching known diamond-bearing kimberlites on the Kahuna project. A property-wide diamond exploration program concurrent with a gold exploration program was undertaken between June and September of 2017 and the Company collected 3,478 till samples from across the property. The diamond exploration component of the 2017 field program focused on priority areas where Dunnedin's previous till sampling programs returned high-quality DIMs that correlate to a number of geophysical targets consistent with kimberlite pipes.

Dunnedin reported in July 2017 the final diamond recovery results from the PST kimberlite. A total of 8.17 carats of commercial-sized diamonds (+0.85 mm) were recovered from 2.03 tonnes of PST, for a final aggregate sample grade of 4.02 carats per tonne. Results are provided in the table below.

Sample	Weight in Dry	Total Number	Total Carat	Endecott Sieve Size (mm)								Sample	Largest
				0.425	0.60	0.85	1.18	1.70	2.36	3.35	4.75		

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	Tonnes	of Diamonds Recovered (+0.425 mm)	Weight (+0.85 mm)									Grade (cpt)	Diamonds (carats)
PST 1	0.82	526	5.34	305	125	58	23	12	1	1	1	6.50	2.22, 0.77, 0.17
PST 2	1.21	733	2.83	388	218	80	39	6	2	0	0	2.35	0.26, 0.18, 0.15
TOTAL	2.03	1,259	8.17	693	343	138	62	18	3	1	1	4.02	–

In August and September 2017, the Company provided an update on diamond exploration and permitting progress that included priority areas of interest for upcoming programs, processing of the 2016 till samples was near completion, and that the Kahuna project had been expanded to 1,664 km<sup>2</sup> in size through staking. The new claims are prospective for both gold and diamonds.

**Solstice Spin-Out**

On July 20, 2017, Dunnedin released details of a proposed transaction (originally announced on November 23, 2016) to spinout a company called Solstice Gold Corp. that would independently explore the Kahuna property for gold, while Dunnedin focused on diamond exploration. The spinout took place through a plan of arrangement (the "Arrangement") in British Columbia and was completed as of January 31, 2018. Solstice is a reporting issuer that is trading on the TSX Venture Exchange. The date of record for the spinout was set at July 17, 2017, after which shares of Dunnedin were trading ex-dividend. Under the terms of the Arrangement, one common share of Solstice was distributed for every three common shares of Dunnedin outstanding as of July 17, 2017. The Arrangement was approved by the shareholders of the Company, and the Supreme Court of British Columbia, on December 22, 2017.

Solstice is a gold-focused exploration company which holds 100% title on 66 full claims, 50% title on 12 common claims and certain other rights covering gold-prospective land on the Kahuna property, all with no underlying option or earn-in payments. The new Solstice Kahuna Gold property comprises mainly the western side of the expanded Kahuna claim block, covering 806 square kilometres, and adjacent to claims controlled by Agnico Eagle Mines Ltd. further west.

Solstice and Dunnedin will retain primary rights for gold and diamonds respectively on titled mineral tenure, and exclusive secondary rights on each other's tenure and jointly held lands. Secondary rights give the holder the right to propose exploration programs on the property related to their mineral rights. Such programs are granted at the discretion of the primary rights holder. Each party has the exclusive right to exchange claims on their respective titled mineral tenure.

**2. TRAPPER PROPERTY, BRITISH COLUMBIA**

On November 29, 2010, the Company entered into an option agreement (the "Option"), with Constantine Metal Resources Ltd. ("CMR") to acquire a 70% interest in CMR's Trapper Gold Project. On June 28, 2013, the Option was terminated and, upon termination, CMR assigned its underlying agreement with the property owner, whereby the Company acquired 100% of the Trapper property for assignment consideration consisting of:

- i. Upon completion of the consolidation of the Company's shares, such number of shares as is equivalent to fifteen percent (15%) of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company (issued 1,250,844 common shares valued at \$125,084);
- ii. 250,000 shares upon the Company entering into a joint venture in respect of exploration of the property;

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- iii. 250,000 shares on or before August 2, 2014 (issued);
- iv. 1,000,000 shares upon completion of a National Instrument 43-101 compliant resource estimate on the property, indicating not less than 1,000,000 ounces of gold equivalent; and
- v. 2,000,000 shares upon completion of a positive feasibility study on the property.

The project is subject to a 2.5% net smelter return royalty ("NSR") to the property vendor and a 0.5% NSR to CMR. The Company has the option to repurchase 1% of the NSR from the property vendor for \$500,000 and, if it exercises this option, CMR has a right to acquire an additional 0.5% NSR against payment of \$250,000. The parties also have a right of first refusal to purchase the remaining 1.5% NSR from the property vendor.

The Trapper Gold Project, with a 3,756 hectare land area, is located in the Atlin Mining Division of northern British Columbia, Canada.

The Trapper property is interpreted to overlie a porphyry complex having a surface geochemical, geophysical and regional alteration signature of over 15 square kilometres. Gold mineralized feldspar porphyry dikes have been drilled along the southern margin of the main porphyry target. The dikes occur within the gold-rich carbonate altered halo to the porphyry centre. Multiple occurrences of gold and copper mineralized porphyry and porphyry-associated alteration and mineralization have been identified across more than half of the Trapper property.

A total of 8,581 metres of diamond drilling was completed in 42 drill holes across an eight square km area, defining an extensive mineralized system that is open to expansion and prospective for gold, copper and other base metal mineralization. Highlighted results are provided in the table below.

Highlighted drill results from Dunnedin's 2011 drill program at the Trapper property

Drill Hole	From (m)	To (m)	Width* (m)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	
TG-11-001	37.50	38.52	1.02	2.04	20.1	0.80	0.34	
TG-11-004	105.41	117.00	11.59	1.18	3.0	0.06	0.11	
TG-11-005	36.15	38.08	1.93	4.23	20.6	0.50	0.22	
TG-11-006	27.74	37.86	10.12	1.09	2.8	0.07	0.05	
TG-11-011		106.89	141.00	<b>34.11</b>	<b>1.71</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>1.01</b>	<b>0.25</b>
	including	106.89	107.30	<b>0.41</b>	<b>92.80</b>	<b>18.8</b>	<b>0.13</b>	<b>0.12</b>
	including	114.65	118.04	3.39	3.90	27.0	9.11	0.91
TG-11-013	250.03	255.03	5.00	1.39	8.5	0.39	0.31	
TG-11-014	196.35	206.35	10.00	1.08	5.3	0.24	0.26	
TG-11-018	88.00	93.00	5.00	1.78	19.7	0.70	0.58	
TG-11-020	5.00	7.50	2.50	4.13	16.8	0.41	0.47	
TG-11-038		122.50	137.50	<b>15.00</b>	<b>1.68</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>0.07</b>
	including	132.50	136.73	4.23	5.08	4.4	0.05	0.13
	and including	136.11	136.73	0.62	21.80	11.9	0.15	0.36
TG-11-039		67.50	97.50	<b>30.00</b>	<b>1.01</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>0.13</b>
	including	70.00	72.50	2.50	2.19	2.7	0.06	0.30
	including	77.50	80.00	2.50	2.98	4.0	0.04	0.09
	including	82.66	85.00	2.34	2.64	2.5	0.00	0.35
TG-11-040		132.50	160.00	<b>27.50</b>	<b>1.19</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>0.01</b>	<b>0.07</b>
		137.50	140.00	2.50	11.15	5.7	0.03	0.17

Two copper porphyry centres have been mapped on the project and present targets for copper-focused exploration. Grab samples returning up to 0.57% copper in bedrock and 2.5% copper in float have been collected from these targets including both bornite-chalcopyrite copper sulphide mineralization, and azurite-malachite copper oxide mineralization.

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The Company conducted an impairment assessment of the carrying value of the Trapper Property. As a result, the Company wrote off the capitalized costs of \$7,790 during the three months ended December 31, 2017 (2017 - \$3,578).

**SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION**

	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015
Revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net loss for the year	\$ (975,418)	\$ (1,357,962)	\$ (2,021,667)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (0.013)	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.06)
Total assets	\$ 11,079,928	\$ 3,011,209	\$ 1,055,245
Total liabilities	\$ 1,941,716	\$ 648,961	\$ 416,589
Cash dividends declared	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

The Company has no revenue to report as of yet. The significant increase in the Company's assets (by \$8,068,719, as compared to the year ended September 2016) comes from increased financing and investing activities due to the growth in operations.

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

For the three months ended June 30, 2018 (Q3 2018)

The net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was \$400,435 (Q3 2017 net loss - \$195,883). The main contributing factors were:

- Management fees were \$146,650 (Q3 2017 - \$26,250). The increase was due to the hiring of additional senior management.
- Professional fees were \$67,129 (Q3 2017 - \$18,884). The increase was due to the activities in connection with the spin-out of Solstice
- Stock based compensation was \$6,660 (Q3 2017 - \$Nil). The increase was due to the stock options that were granted.
- Travel and Investor Relations \$107,218 (Q3 2017 - \$47,739), the increase was due to increased awareness of the Company's projects and corporate spin off.

For the nine months ended June 30, 2018 (Q3 2018 YTD)

The net income for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 was \$5,607,072 (Q3 2017 YTD net loss - \$798,467). The main contributing factors were:

- Consulting fees were \$106,351 (Q3 2017 YTD - \$94,728). The increase was due to activities in connection with the Arrangement as well as increased project activity.
- Management fees were \$297,900 (Q3 2017 YTD - \$101,250). The increase was due to the hiring of additional senior management.
- Professional fees were \$179,197 (Q3 2017 YTD - \$52,329). The increase was due to the activities in connection with spin-out of subsidiary.
- Stock based compensation of \$460,408 (Q3 2017 - \$300,421). The increase was due to the stock options that were granted.
- Expense recovery of \$96,703 (Q3 2017 - \$nil). The recovery was generated as a result of the Arrangement.

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- Gain on the Arrangement of \$6,891,909 (Q3 2017 - \$nil), resulting from the difference between the net book value of the transferred assets to Solstice and the consideration received in return (see Note 5 of financial statements).

**SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS**

Summary of quarterly results for recent eight quarters:

Three Months Ended	Revenue (\$)	Net income (loss) \$	Loss per share <sup>1</sup>
June 30, 2018	-	(400,435)	(0.004)
March 31, 2018	-	6,257,128	0.060
December 31, 2017	-	(563,094)	(0.005)
September 30, 2017	-	(176,951)	(0.002)
June 30, 2017	-	(195,883)	(0.002)
March 31, 2017	-	(407,428)	(0.005)
December 31, 2016	-	(195,156)	(0.003)
September 30, 2016	-	(993,499)	(0.020)

<sup>1</sup> Numbers have been rounded to the next decimal for presentation purposes.

**LIQUIDITY**

At June 30, 2018, the Company has not achieved profitable operations, has accumulated losses of \$41,500,476 since its inception, and expects to incur further losses in the pursuit and/or development of its business.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2018, the Company's operating activities consumed cash of \$2,753,097 as compared to \$418,987 in the same period of the previous year.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2018, \$1,525,656 was spent on fixed assets and mineral property acquisition and exploration compared to \$1,347,237 in the same period of the previous year.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2018, \$790,642 was raised due to financing activities compared to \$1,397,441 in the same period of the previous year.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern in the long term is dependent upon its ability to generate future profitable operations and/or to obtain the necessary financing to meet its obligations and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations when they come due. The Company is a junior exploration company without operating revenues and therefore, the Company must utilize its current cash reserves, funds obtained from the exercise of warrants and stock options and other financing transactions to maintain the Company's capacity to meet working capital requirements and ongoing exploration program, or to fund any further development activities.

The Company's primary source of financing is by means of share issuances, the exercise of options and/or warrants, debt or other sources. There can be no certainty of the Company's ability to raise additional financing through these means. (See subsequent events).

To the date of this MD&A, the cash resources of the Company are held with one major Canadian chartered bank. The Company continues to have no long-term debt and its credit and interest risk is minimal.

**CAPITAL RESOURCES**

The Company's objective, when managing capital, is to ensure sufficient resources are available to meet day to day operating requirements and to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for

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shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. The Company has no debt and is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. In the management of capital, the Company includes the components of shareholders' equity, as well as cash and cash equivalents.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such, the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional funds as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

The Company has policies and procedures in place for expenditure authorization limits and capital expenditure authorization. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the size of the Company, is reasonable. The Company's officers and senior management take full responsibility for managing the Company's capital and do so through quarterly meetings and regular review of financial information. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing this process.

The Company is not subject to any capital requirements imposed by a regulator.

**OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

**TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES**

The Company's transactions with related parties during the nine months ended June 30, 2018 consist of the Chief Executive Officer, President, Chief Financial Officer and directors and the following companies controlled by common directors and/or officers.

<b>Related Party</b>	<b>Nature of Transactions</b>
Coast Mountain Geological Ltd.	Geological consulting
Chris Taylor Geological Ltd.	Management fees and geological consulting
Claudia Tornquist	Management fees
Nicmar Capital Corp.	Management fees

Accrued and paid amounts to key management personnel, officers and companies controlled by directors and officers:

	Nine Months Ended	
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Geological fees capitalized to exploration and evaluation assets <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 29,250	\$ 110,900
Management and directors' compensation <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 293,750	\$ 101,250
Consulting fees	\$ 1,170	\$ -
Marketing and shareholder information	\$ -	\$ 10,875
Property investigation	\$ -	\$ 5,500
Share-based compensation	\$ 175,818	\$ 124,355

<sup>(1)</sup> Geological fees were primarily paid to companies controlled by two directors as well as a company controlled by the Chief Executive Officer.

<sup>(2)</sup> Management and directors' compensation include salaries and compensation to the Company's CEO, President and CFO.

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As at June 30, 2018, \$22,808 (September 30, 2017 – \$446,077) was payable to these companies without terms of interest or repayment.

As at June 30, 2018, \$18,879 (September 30, 2017 - \$18,879) had been advanced to a company with common directors as a security deposit.

**PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS**

There are no proposed transactions that should be disclosed.

**RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

Resource exploration and development is a speculative business, characterized by a number of significant risks including, among other things, unprofitable efforts resulting not only from the failure to discover mineral deposits but also from finding mineral deposits which, though present, are insufficient in quantity and quality to return a profit from production. The marketability of minerals acquired or discovered by the Company may be affected by numerous factors which are beyond the control of the Company and which cannot be accurately predicted, such as market fluctuations of metal prices, the proximity and capacity of milling facilities, mineral markets, processing reagents and equipment, and such other factors as government regulations, including regulations relating to royalties, allowable production, importing and exporting of minerals, and environment protection, the combination of which factors may result in the Company not receiving an adequate return on investment capital.

**FINANCIAL AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS**

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, reclamation bonds, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, and reclamation bonds are designated as "loans and receivables". Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are designated as "other financial liabilities".

The carrying value of the Company's amounts receivable, reclamation bonds, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short terms to maturity.

The Company examines the various financial instrument risks to which it is exposed and assesses any impact and likelihood of those risks. The Company's risk exposures and their corresponding impact on the Company's consolidated financial instruments are summarized below.

**Liquidity risk** is the risk that the Company cannot meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as they come due. As at June 30, 2018, the Company had cash and cash equivalents balance of \$563,584 (September 30, 2017 - \$4,046,976) to settle current liabilities of \$850,491 (September 30, 2017 - \$1,781,710).

The Company intends to finance future requirements from its existing cash reserves together with share issuances, the exercise of options and/or warrants, debt or other sources. There can be no certainty of the Company's ability to raise additional financing through these means.

**Credit risk** is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to meet their payment obligations, thus this risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents. As at June 30, 2018, the Company had a receivable balance of \$1,062,583 (September 30, 2017 - \$72,811), the majority of this amount is due from Solstice. Most of this receivable has been collected subsequent to quarter end. The remaining amount relates to GST receivable from the Federal Government of Canada; as such the Company believes that its current risk of default of receiving the payment is minimal.

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**Interest rate risk** is the risk that the fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. As at June 30, 2018, the Company does not have any interest-bearing loans or liabilities outstanding. All receivable and payable balances are current and as such, are not subject to interest.

**Currency risk** relates to the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign currency. As at June 30, 2018, the Company had US\$10,928 or C\$14,390 in equivalent (September 30, 2017 – US\$8,512 or C\$10,623 in equivalent).

**CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

As at the date of this MD&A, there were no legal proceedings to which the Company is a party, nor to which their property is subject, nor to the best of the knowledge of management, are such legal proceedings contemplated.

**OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA**

The authorized capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares and an unlimited number of preferred shares. No preferred shares have been issued to date.

	<b>Number of Shares</b>	<b>Exercise Price</b>	<b>Expiry Date</b>
Issued and Outstanding Common Shares	113,533,680		
Warrants	1,953,754	\$0.10	Sep/2/2018
	140,000	\$0.15	Dec/30/2019
	8,294,500	\$0.23	Jul/17/2019
	662,500	\$0.27	Jul/17/2019
	1,118,180	\$0.17	Jul/17/2019
	2,806,973	\$0.35	Apr/18/2020
	137,000	\$0.47	Apr/18/2020
Options	150,000	\$0.13	Dec/7/2018
	1,300,000	\$0.07	Nov/12/2019
	525,000	\$0.07	May/7/2020
	200,000	\$0.10	Aug/4/2021
	3,500,000	\$0.13	Sep/6/2021
	150,000	\$0.13	Oct/4/2021
	1,260,000	\$0.14	Jan/18/2022
	2,240,000	\$0.24	Jan/31/2023
<b>Fully Diluted Balance, August 29, 2018</b>	<b>137,971,587</b>		

**SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On August 14, 2018 the Company announced that it has closed a non-brokered private placement of non flow-through units and flow-through shares for gross proceeds of \$1,802,500. The Company has issued 5,080,000 NFT Units at a price of \$0.20 per unit and 3,419,565 FT Shares at a price of \$0.23 per share through the Offering. Each NFT Unit consists of one common share and one-half-of-one common share purchase warrant entitling the holder to acquire an additional common share at a price of \$0.28 for a period of twenty-four months. The common share purchase warrants issued as part of the NFT Units are subject to accelerated expiry in the event the common shares of the Company trade on the TSX Venture Exchange at a volume weighted average price (VWAP) of \$0.45 or more for twenty consecutive trading days.

In connection with the closing of the placement the Company paid finders' fees of \$80,490 and issued 367,761 common share purchase warrants exercisable to acquire common shares of the Company.

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**APPROVAL**

The Board of Directors of the Company has approved the disclosure contained in this MD&A.

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Additional information relating to the Company can be found on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com)