

HANSA RESOURCES LIMITED

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

This discussion and analysis of financial position and results of operation is prepared as at August 18, 2022 and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 of Hansa Resources Limited ("Hansa" or "the Company"). The following disclosure and associated consolidated financial statements are presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Except as otherwise disclosed, all dollar figures included therein and in the following management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") are quoted in Canadian dollars.

Forward Looking Statements

This MD&A contains certain statements that may constitute "forward-looking statements". Forward-looking statements include but are not limited to, statements regarding future anticipated exploration programs and the timing thereof, and business and financing plans. Although the Company believes that such statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as: believe, expect, anticipate, intend, estimate, postulate and similar expressions, or which by their nature refer to future events. The Company cautions investors that any forward-looking statements by the Company are not guarantees of future performance, and that actual results may differ materially from those in forward looking statements as a result of various factors.

Historical results of operations and trends that may be inferred from this MD&A may not necessarily indicate future results from operations. In particular, the current state of the global securities markets may cause significant reductions in the price of the Company's securities and render it difficult or impossible for the Company to raise the funds necessary to continue operations.

All of the Company's public disclosure filings, including its most recent management information circular, material change reports, press releases and other information, may be accessed via www.sedar.com and readers are urged to review these materials.

COVID-19

On March 11, 2020 the World Health Organization declared COVID-19 a global pandemic. In order to combat the spread of COVID-19 governments worldwide have enacted emergency measures including travel restrictions, quarantine periods, social distancing and business and organization closures. These measures have caused material disruptions to business, governments and other organizations resulting in an economic slowdown and increased volatility in national and global equity and commodity markets. The duration and impact of COVID-19 is unknown at this time and it is not possible to reliably estimate the impact that the length and severity of these developments will have on the financial results and condition of the Company in future period.

Company Overview

The Company is a reporting issuer in British Columbia and Alberta and trades on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSXV") under the symbol "HRL". The Company is a junior resource company engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of unproven mineral interests. The Company's principal office is located at #1305 - 1090 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia.

Since 2012 the Company has been conducting prospect generation activities. In early fiscal 2017 the Company finalized the acquisition of the Zhumba gold prospect (the "Zhumba Property"), which consisted of two claims located in the Kokepektinsky and Ulansky districts in eastern Kazakhstan. On June 23, 2017 the Company completed the farm-out of its 90% interest in the Zhumba Property to Kazzinc Limited ("Kazzinc"). The Company also received a right to 1.9% net smelter return royalty (the "Royalty") on the 90% interest from production at the Zhumba Property.

The Royalty is not registered on the Zhumba Property and is a contractual right with Kazzinc, valid only while Kazzinc owns the Zhumba Property.

PROPOSED TRANSACTION

On July 8, 2021 the Company entered into a letter agreement with private parties (the “Tribeca Group”) at arms-length to the Company setting out the principal terms to a reorganization and acquisition of Tribeca Resources Ltd. (“Tribeca”), a Canadian private company. On June 29, 2022 the Company and Tribeca Group entered into a share exchange agreement (the “Share Exchange Agreement”). Under terms of the Share Exchange Agreement:

- (i) the Company will consolidate its issued and outstanding common shares on a basis of one post-consolidated share for every five pre-consolidated shares;
- (ii) the Company will issue 37,907,190 post-consolidated shares to acquire 100% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Tribeca; and
- (iii) the Company will issue 300,000 post-consolidated shares in connection with the transaction.

Upon closing (the “Closing”) of the proposed transactions under the Share Exchange Agreement the former shareholders of Tribeca will own approximately 72.47% of the common shares of the Company. For accounting purposes, the acquisition of Tribeca will be treated as a reverse takeover with the equity accounts being presented as a continuation of Tribeca and, accordingly the shareholders’ equity of the Company will be eliminated. Closing of the proposed transactions under the Share Exchange Agreement will be subject to receipt of regulatory approvals and other conditions precedent.

Tribeca and the Tribeca Group has completed a reorganization to organize and consolidate the ownership interests in 41 mining claims and two exploration licenses (the “La Higuera IOCG Property”) located in the Coquimbo Region of northern Chile.

About Tribeca

Tribeca was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia for the purposes of completing the reorganization and the proposed transactions under the Tribeca LOI. Tribeca’s sole property is the La Higuera IOCG Property, located in the Coquimbo Region, Chile and its principal business focus is the exploration and development of the copper dominant mineral prospects.

La Higuera IOCG Property

The La Higuera IOCG Property consists of 41 mining and two exploration licences for 4,074 hectares, located in the Coquimbo Region of northern Chile, 40km north of the city of La Serena. A total of 3,125 hectares are owned 100% by Tribeca, with the remainder the subject of two separate purchase option agreements.

The La Higuera IOCG Property is located towards the southern end of the Chilean Coastal Iron-Oxide Copper- Gold (“IOCG”) Belt, one of the four major IOCG belts globally, and which hosts exploration by numerous junior to mid-tier copper explorers, developers and miners. Chile is the world’s largest copper producer, having produced 5.7 million metric tons of copper in 2020.

The Property is hosted within Jurassic to Cretaceous age intrusive and volcanic rocks that form part of the Coastal Cordillera. The Property is located within and adjacent to the Atacama Fault System, a long-lived system of faults that extends for approximately 1,000 km in northern Chile and is associated with the major copper-gold deposits of the Coastal IOCG Belt. Prominent examples of these deposits include the Candelaria, Mantos Blancos, Dominga and Santo Domingo deposits. As well as copper and gold, the development plans for the Dominga and Santo Domingo deposits also include production of iron ± cobalt.

The broader La Higuera district has a rich history of small-scale 19th century mining, with high grade copper and gold ores mined from underground workings and either smelted locally or exported to smelters abroad. The historic La Higuera mining center, which is surrounded by the Properties continues to support sporadic small scale open-pit mining.

Modern exploration efforts on the Property were completed between 2000 and 2013 by Latin American Copper (“LAC”), Peregrine Minerals (“Peregrine”) and Azul Ventures (“Azul”). Two key IOCG systems were discovered on the Property through 6,823m of drilling when i) in 2000 LAC targeted down-dip and strike extensions to near surface mineralization at the Chirposo prospect and intersected 82m @ 0.35% Cu and 19.2% Fe from 64m (CAB0006) under shallow gravel cover in 2000, and ii) in 2005 when Peregrine intersected 285m @ 0.40% Cu, 0.08 g/t Au and 23.5% Fe from 100m (LH-RC-07) within a 12-hole program at the Gaby Prospect.

Limited diamond drilling was further undertaken by Peregrine in 2008 at the Chirposo prospect and several regional targets, confirming the geometry of mineralization at Chirposo when intersecting 54m @ 0.38% Cu, 0.09 g/t Au and 14.8% Fe from 122m, 300m along strike from hole CAB0006.

Both the Chirposo and Gaby targets, as well as much of the surrounding licences, were covered with ground magnetic surveying (at 50-100m line spacing) and 100m pole-dipole Induced Polarization (“IP”) surveying at 400m line spacing by Peregrine and Azul, providing additional coincident magnetic-IP-chargeability drill targets, with several under interpreted thin gravel cover (<30m thickness).

Mineralization from the Chirposo and Gaby targets appears broadly similar and comprises a pyrite-chalcopyrite assemblage with associated quartz-magnetite-epidote alteration, overprinting intense amphibole-albite-magnetite-pyrite alteration. Mineralization may be present as veins, disseminated, or more rarely within thin breccia zones.

In 2006 Peregrine completed a short program of metallurgical test work on two iron-rich (between 40-48% Fe) composites of drill core from the Gaby target, to investigate the potential to recover copper, gold, iron and cobalt. The copper head grades of the composites were 0.75% Cu and 0.1% Cu. The work indicated a copper and gold recovery of 85% and 65%, respectively, at a K80 of 139µm, with recoveries improving to 90% and 75% at a K80 of 87µm. Magnetic separation test work on the rougher copper tailing at the fine grind produced a 69.4% Fe concentrate. In addition, a pyrite concentrate was floated from the rougher copper tailing, which had a 0.4% Co content with 50% recovery.

The La Higuera IOCG Property is considered by Tribeca to be prospective for the discovery and development of copper-gold (±iron ± cobalt) deposits of the IOCG style.

Tribeca recently received notice from the Chilean Environmental Assessment Service (SEA - Servicio de Evaluación Ambiental) that it is not required to submit an environmental impact assessment to the Environmental Impact Evaluation System (SEIA - Sistema de Evaluación de Impacto Ambiental) to undertake an initial drill program as described in the Technical Report, with preparation authorized for up to 20 drill platforms on the property. Discussions are underway with land owners for access agreements.

Property Ownership

Ownership of the La Higuera IOCG Property was consolidated by Tribeca over the period 2017 to 2020 by two outright acquisitions for 100% ownership, and two 100% purchase option agreements, as follows:

- (i) Caballo Blanco: 100% ownership of the Caballo Blanco licences from a private Chilean entity in 2015, for a payment of US \$43,750 and a 1% NSR royalty.
- (ii) Gaby-Totito: purchase option for 100% of the Gaby-Totito licences in 2019 for consideration of a US \$100,000 upfront payment, staged exploration levy payments (5% of exploration expenditures during the option period up to a cumulative total of US \$500,000) and a US \$2,000,000 payment to exercise the option.
- (iii) Don Baucha: purchase option for 100% of the Don Baucha licences in 2019 for consideration of US \$225,000 over three years which has now been fully paid and the option exercised.
- (iv) Benja & Blanco: 100% ownership of the Benja & Blanco licences from a TSXV listed entity in 2020 in return for a 1% NSR royalty.

The only outstanding acquisition payments on the La Higuera IOCG Property is the US \$2,000,000 payment required by March 2024 to exercise the Gaby-Totito option. There are contingent payments on the Gaby-Totito property whereby annual Exploration Levy payments equal to 5% of expenditure incurred by Bluerock on the Gaby-Totito Property during the option period are made to the underlying Gaby-Totito property owner, capped at US \$500,000.

The Resulting Issuer

The Resulting Issuer will continue conducting the business of Tribeca, with a focus on mineral exploration activities on the La Higuera IOCG Property.

Directors, Management and Insiders

Upon completion of the proposed transactions under the Tribeca LOI, it is expected that the management of the Resulting Issuer will consist of Paul Gow as the CEO and Thomas Schmidt as President, with further appointments to be made. It is anticipated that the board of directors of the Resulting Issuer will initially consist of Robert G. Atkinson, Paul Gow and Thomas Schmidt as well as a nominee of Hansa, and a nominee of Tribeca. The remaining current directors and officers of Hansa will resign upon Closing.

The following individuals are expected to be directors or senior officers of the Resulting Issuer:

Dr. Paul Gow - Chief Executive Officer and Director

Dr. Paul Gow, co-founder of Tribeca, is an industry-renowned geologist and manager whose career has spanned academia, mineral exploration, project evaluation and feasibility studies. He has global expertise with iron-oxide-copper-gold deposits, having led exploration and development programs in many of the world's major iron-oxide-copper-gold provinces. These include the Gawler craton, the Carajas district and the Mount Isa-Cloncurry belt. Dr. Gow was formerly the general manager of Xstrata's/Glencore's Frieda River copper-gold project and the director of Brazil exploration at Xstrata Copper, based in Belo Horizonte/Carajas. For the past 18 months, he has been acting group leader, total deposit knowledge, at the Sustainable Minerals Institute of the University of Queensland, Australia.

Thomas Schmidt - President and Director

Thomas Schmidt, a co-founder of Tribeca, is an M&A (mergers and acquisitions) and finance professional with wide-ranging experience executing copper transactions across Latin America, including with Xstrata's/Glencore's Latin American copper business based in Santiago. Mr. Schmidt originally joined Xstrata in London in 2003 as a member of the corporate development team (from JP Morgan, where he was an investment banking associate). Prior to co-founding Tribeca, he gained investing experience during a spell with Barclays Natural Resource Investments in Doha, Qatar. Formerly, he was general manager of finance at Xstrata/Glencore, where he was responsible for the Collahuasi and Antamina joint ventures in Chile and Peru, respectively.

Robert G. Atkinson - Director

Mr. Atkinson currently serves as a director of Hansa, and he has served as a director and audit committee member of the Company since 1999. He is the former president and chief executive officer of Loewen Ondaatje McCutcheon & Co. Ltd., a Canadian investment dealer, and a co-founder of Artemis Gold Inc. He has served as a director of several other public companies, including as vice-chairman of Atlantic Gold until its sale in 2019. Mr. Atkinson holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree from the University of British Columbia.

Selected Financial Data

The following selected financial information is derived from the audited annual consolidated financial statements of the Company.

	Years Ended June 30,		
	2022	2021	2020
	\$	\$	\$
Operations:			
Revenues	Nil	Nil	Nil
Expenses	(133,147)	(82,274)	(159,694)
Other items	19,891	11,113	26,433
Net loss	(113,256)	(71,161)	(133,261)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
Dividends per share	Nil	Nil	Nil

	Years Ended June 30,		
	2022 \$	2021 \$	2020 \$
Balance Sheet:			
Working capital	668,788	782,044	418,642
Total assets	688,897	787,723	490,654
Total long-term liabilities	Nil	Nil	Nil

The following selected financial information is derived from the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company.

	Fiscal 2022				Fiscal 2021			
	Jun. 30 2022 \$	Mar. 31 2022 \$	Dec. 31 2021 \$	Sep. 30 2021 \$	Jun. 30 2021 \$	Mar. 31 2021 \$	Dec. 31 2020 \$	Sep. 30 2020 \$
Operations:								
Revenues	Nil							
Expenses	(42,635)	(16,991)	(7,809)	(65,712)	(21,451)	(16,313)	(32,234)	(12,276)
Other items	14,198	(4,860)	(1,198)	11,751	(4,888)	40,483	(16,571)	(7,911)
Net (loss) income	(28,437)	(21,851)	(9,007)	(53,961)	(26,339)	24,170	(48,805)	(20,187)
Basic and diluted income (loss) per share	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	0.00	(0.00)	(0.00)
Dividends per share	Nil							
Balance Sheet:								
Working capital	668,788	697,225	719,076	728,083	782,044	808,383	784,213	833,018
Total assets	688,897	699,628	721,846	744,989	787,723	810,338	854,859	908,256
Total long-term liabilities	Nil							

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended June 30, 2022 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2022

During the three months ended June 30, 2022 (“Q4”) the Company reported a net loss of \$28,437 compared to a net loss of \$21,851 during the three months ended March 31, 2022 (“Q3”). The \$6,586 increase in loss is primarily attributed to:

- (i) an increase in legal expenses of \$26,107, from \$10,037 recorded in Q3 to \$36,114 recorded in Q4 for ongoing services pertaining to the proposed transactions under the Tribeca LOI; and
- (ii) partially offset by a \$17,883 increase in foreign exchange gain from a loss of \$5,688 recorded in Q3 compared to a foreign exchange gain of \$12,195 in Q4.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2022 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2021

During the three months ended June 30, 2022 (“Q4/2022”) the Company reported a net loss of \$28,437 compared to a net loss of \$26,339 during the three months ended June 30, 2021 (“Q4/2021”). The \$2,098 increase in loss is mainly attributed to:

- (i) an increase in legal expenses of \$19,165, from \$16,949 recorded during Q4/2021 to \$36,114 recorded during Q4/2022 for ongoing services pertaining to the proposed transactions under the Tribeca LOI; and
- (ii) partially offset by a \$17,987 increase in foreign exchange gain from a loss of \$5,792 recorded during Q4/2021 compared to a foreign exchange gain of \$12,195 during Q4/2022.

Year Ended June 30, 2022 (“fiscal 2022”) Compared to Year Ended June 30, 2021 (“fiscal 2021”)

During fiscal 2022 the Company reported a net loss of \$113,256, compared to a net loss of \$71,161 during fiscal 2021, an increase in loss of \$42,095. The increase in loss was mainly attributed to a \$42,095 increase in general and administrative expenses, from \$82,274 during fiscal 2021 to \$133,147 during fiscal 2022 and the recognition in fiscal 2021 of a recovery of \$44,612 on the settlement of the remaining US \$50,000 obligation on the Zhumba Property by payment of US \$15,000. These amounts were partially offset by a \$52,278 fluctuation in foreign exchange, from a

loss of \$36,851 during fiscal 2021 compared to a gain of \$15,427 during fiscal 2022. The significant fluctuations in general and administrative expenses are as follows:

- (i) legal expenses of \$90,914 were incurred during fiscal 2022 for services pertaining to the proposed transactions under the Tribeca LOI, compared to legal fees of \$30,161 during fiscal 2021; and
- (ii) a \$6,679 decrease in transfer agent fees from \$8,583 during fiscal 2021 to \$3,341 during fiscal 2022.

Financings Activities

No equity financings were conducted by the Company during fiscal 2022.

During fiscal 2021 the Company completed a private placement of 12,500,000 units at \$0.035 per unit for proceeds of \$437,500.

Financial Condition / Capital Resources

As at June 30, 2022 the Company had working capital of \$668,788. The Company has negotiated the Share Exchange Agreement. See also “Proposed Transaction”. The Company expects that upon Closing, the Resulting Issuer will require additional funding to meet anticipated levels of corporate administration and budgeted exploration activities and make remaining options payments on the La Higuera IOCG Property. The ability of the Company or Resulting Issuer to complete the necessary funding is dependent upon many external factors and may be difficult to impossible to secure or raise when required. There can be no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future. See also “COVID-19”.

Contractual Commitments

See “Proposed Transaction”.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Proposed Transactions

See “Proposed Transaction”. The Company has no other proposed transactions.

Changes in Accounting Principles

A detailed summary of the Company’s significant accounting policies is included in Note 3 to the June 30, 2022 audited annual consolidated financial statements.

Related Party Disclosures

A number of key management personnel, or their related parties, hold positions in other entities that result in them having control or significant influence over the financial or operating policies of those entities. Certain of these entities transacted with the Company during the reporting period. The Company has determined that key management personnel consists of members of the Company’s Board of Directors and Executive Officers.

- (a) Effective October 1, 2019 the Company’s officers and its directors agreed to voluntarily suspend compensation.
- (b) During fiscal 2022 the Company incurred a total of \$14,650 (2021 - \$16,300) with Chase Management Ltd. (“Chase”), a private corporation owned by Mr. DeMare, for accounting and administrative services provided by Chase personnel, excluding Mr. DeMare, and \$4,020 (2021 - \$4,020) for rent. As at June 30, 2022 \$nil (2021 - \$2,335) remained unpaid.

Outstanding Share Data

The Company's authorized share capital is unlimited common shares without par value and unlimited preferred shares without par value. As at August 18, 2022, there were 69,913,317 outstanding common shares, 6,250,000 warrants outstanding at an exercise price of \$0.05 per common share and 4,000,000 share options outstanding with an exercise price of \$0.05 per common share.