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American Lithium Corp.

Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended February 28, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

American Lithium Corp.

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders of
American Lithium Corp.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of American Lithium Corp. which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at February 28, 2018 and 2017, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of American Lithium Corp. as at February 28, 2018 and 2017, and its financial performance and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 in the consolidated financial statements which indicates the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the ability of American Lithium Corp. to continue as a going concern.

Manning Elliott LLP

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS
Vancouver, British Columbia
June 28, 2018

American Lithium Corp.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

	February 28, 2018	February 28, 2017 (restated Note 3 (o))
	\$	\$
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash	3,934,384	856,401
Term deposit (Note 4)	28,956	-
Amounts receivable (Note 5)	12,073	48,925
Prepaid expenses and deposits	61,478	150,816
	4,036,891	1,056,142
Non-current assets		
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 6)	13,282,390	17,840,854
Reclamation deposits (Note 7)	58,176	59,173
	17,377,457	18,956,169
LIABILITIES		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8)	227,079	134,430
Due to related parties (Note 9)	98,790	67,928
	325,869	202,358
EQUITY		
Share capital (Note 11)	31,550,468	27,297,218
Subscriptions receivable	-	(43,750)
Equity reserves (Note 11)	1,522,467	2,015,117
Deficit	(16,021,347)	(10,514,774)
	17,051,588	18,753,811
	17,377,457	18,956,169

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1)

Commitments (Note 14)

Subsequent events (Note 17)

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors on June 28, 2018:

/s/ Michael Kobler
Michael Kobler, Director

/s/ Andrew Squires
Andrew Squires, Director

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

American Lithium Corp.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

	For the years ended February 28,	
	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Operating Expenses		
Consulting and management fees (Note 9)	515,777	775,940
Exploration and evaluation	311,576	1,072,671
Filing and listing fees	24,665	126,593
Foreign exchange loss	912	10,569
General and administrative	15,666	115,328
Insurance	15,120	45,220
Investor relations	7,000	38,214
Marketing and promotion	115,676	894,992
Professional fees	117,946	131,758
Registrar and transfer agent fees	23,212	31,349
Rent	9,379	123,379
Share-based payments	1,034,115	1,477,787
Travel	59,622	181,166
	(2,250,666)	(5,024,966)
Other item		
Write off of exploration and evaluation assets (Note 6)	(4,782,672)	-
Net Loss and comprehensive loss	(7,033,338)	(5,024,966)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.52)	(0.63)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic and diluted	13,473,521	7,950,337

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

American Lithium Corp.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	For the years ended February 28,	
	2018	2017
	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss for the year	(7,033,328)	(5,024,966)
Item not affecting cash:		
Share-based payments	1,034,115	1,477,787
Foreign exchange	997	-
Write off of exploration and evaluation assets	4,782,672	-
Accrued interest receivable	(206)	-
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Amounts receivable	36,852	(198,021)
Prepaid expenses and deposits	89,338	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	82,649	132,383
Due to related parties	40,862	57,928
Cash used in operating activities	(966,059)	(3,554,889)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Exploration and evaluation asset expenditures	(149,208)	(823,194)
Cash on acquisition of subsidiaries	-	39,422
Reclamation deposits	-	(49,173)
Purchase of term deposit	(28,750)	-
Cash used in investing activities	(177,958)	(832,945)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Common shares issued for cash	4,200,000	4,718,276
Share issue costs	(21,750)	(185,387)
Shares subscriptions received	43,750	-
Warrants exercised	-	505,475
Stock options exercised	-	52,500
Cash provided by financing activities	4,222,000	5,090,864
Change in cash during the year	3,077,983	703,030
Cash, beginning of year	856,401	153,371
Cash, end of year	3,934,384	856,401

Supplementary cash flow disclosures (Note 15)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

American Lithium Corp.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity For the years ended February 28, 2018 and 2017

	Number of shares	Share capital \$	Share subscription \$	Reserves			Deficit \$	Total \$
				Warrants \$	Share Options \$	Total \$		
Balance at February 29, 2016 (restated – Note 3 (o))	2,787,606	5,518,697	-	30,449	93,707	124,156	(5,489,808)	153,045
Private placement	3,907,899	4,775,770	-	-	-	-	-	4,775,770
Subscriptions receivable	-	-	(43,750)	-	-	-	-	(43,750)
Shares issue costs	-	(289,904)	-	78,747	-	78,747	-	(211,157)
Shares issued for warrants	1,413,500	505,477	-	-	-	-	-	505,477
Equity reserves on warrants	-	30,450	-	(30,450)	-	(30,450)	-	-
Shares issued for options	105,000	52,500	-	-	-	-	-	52,500
Equity reserves on options	-	44,728	-	-	(44,728)	(44,728)	-	-
Share issued for asset acquisitions	3,376,667	16,659,500	-	-	-	-	-	16,659,500
Share-based payments	-	-	-	-	1,477,786	1,477,786	-	1,477,786
Share-based payments on asset acquisitions	-	-	-	409,606	-	409,606	-	409,606
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,024,966)	(5,024,966)
Balance at February 28, 2017 (restated – Note 3 (o))	11,590,672	27,297,218	(43,750)	488,352	1,526,765	2,015,117	(10,514,774)	18,753,811
Private placement	24,000,000	4,200,000	-	-	-	-	-	4,200,000
Shares issue costs	-	(21,750)	-	-	-	-	-	(21,750)
Subscriptions received	-	-	43,750	-	-	-	-	43,750
Shares issued for asset acquisitions	140,000	75,000	-	-	-	-	-	75,000
Stock options cancelled	-	-	-	-	(1,526,765)	(1,526,765)	1,526,765	-
Share-based payments	-	-	-	-	1,034,115	1,034,115	-	1,034,115
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,033,338)	(7,033,338)
Balance at February 28, 2018	35,730,672	31,550,468	-	488,352	1,034,115	1,522,467	(16,021,347)	17,051,588

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

American Lithium Corp.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended February 28, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

American Lithium Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated in the Province of British Columbia. The Company is engaged in the business of identification, acquisition and exploration of mineral interests. The Company's head office is located at Suite 2000, 1177 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6E 2K3, Canada, and registered and records office is located at Suite 2200, 885 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, BC, V6C 3E8, Canada.

On August 28, 2017, the Company consolidated its outstanding share capital on a ten-for-one basis. On May 2, 2018, the Company implemented a share split on its outstanding share capital on a two-for-one basis. The share consolidation and share split have been applied retrospectively and as a result all shares, options, warrants, and per share amounts are stated on an adjusted basis.

At the date of the consolidated financial statements, the Company has not identified a known body of commercial grade minerals on any of its properties. The ability of the Company to realize the costs it has incurred to date on these properties is dependent upon the Company identifying a commercial mineral body, to finance its development costs and to resolve any environmental, regulatory or other constraints which may hinder the successful development of the property. To date, the Company has not earned any revenues and is considered to be in the exploration stage.

A number of alternatives are being evaluated with the objective of funding ongoing activities and obtaining additional working capital. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing and to commence profitable operations in the future and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations as they become due. In addition, management closely monitors commodity prices of precious and base metals, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company if favourable or adverse market conditions occur.

As at February 28, 2018, the Company was in the process of exploring its principal mineral properties and has not yet determined whether the properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of amounts shown for mineral properties and related deferred exploration costs is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, confirmation of the Company's interest in the underlying mineral claims, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof.

The Company incurred a loss of \$7,033,338 (2017 - \$5,024,966) for the year ended February 28, 2018. As at February 28, 2018, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$16,021,347 (2017 - \$10,514,774), which has been funded primarily by the issuance of equity. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to realize assets at their carrying values is dependent upon obtaining additional financing and generating revenues sufficient to cover its operating costs. These factors give rise to a material uncertainty which casts significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

These consolidated financial statements do not give effect to any adjustments which would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and therefore be required to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in other than the normal course of business and at amounts different from those reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

American Lithium Corp.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
For the years ended February 28, 2018 and 2017
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”).

These consolidated financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out in Note 3. All amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, profit and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and further periods if the review affects both current and future periods. Estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment are discussed in Note 3(a).

The assessment of the Company’s ability to identify potential mineral reserves and obtain financing to fund the working capital requirements involves judgment. The judgment made by management with a significant risk of material adjustment is the going concern assumption.

These consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on June 28, 2018.

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and the following subsidiaries:

Name	Jurisdiction	Parent company
1032701 B.C. Ltd.	British Columbia, Canada	American Lithium Corp.
1032701 Nevada Ltd.	Nevada, USA	1032701 B.C. Ltd.
1065604 B.C. Ltd.	British Columbia, Canada	American Lithium Corp.
1065604 Nevada Ltd.	Nevada, USA	1065604 B.C. Ltd.
1067323 B.C. Ltd.	British Columbia, Canada	American Lithium Corp.
1067323 Nevada Ltd.	Nevada, USA	1067323 B.C. Ltd.
1074654 B.C. Ltd.	British Columbia, Canada	American Lithium Corp.
1074654 Nevada Ltd.	Nevada, USA	1074654 B.C. Ltd.
Lillooet Mining Ltd.	British Columbia, Canada	American Lithium Corp.

On February 6, 2017, the Company disposed of Lillooet Mining Ltd., along with the Reliance and Ava properties (see Note 6).

All intercompany transactions, balances, revenues and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

American Lithium Corp.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended February 28, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. The more significant areas are as follows:

- the estimates and assumptions used in the share-based payments;
- the determination that the Company has no decommissioning liabilities; and
- the determination of recoverability on exploration and evaluation assets.

Critical judgments in applying accounting policies:

The following are critical judgments that management has made in the process of applying accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

- the determination that the Company will continue as a going concern for the next year; and
- the assessment of the deferred income tax assets and liabilities are probable to be recovered from future income.

b) Functional currency

The majority of transactions are in Canadian dollars and therefore the reporting and functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is the Canadian dollar.

c) Financial instruments

Financial assets

All financial assets are initially recorded at fair value and classified upon inception into one of the following four categories: held to maturity, available for sale, loans and receivables or at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

Financial assets classified as FVTPL are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized through earnings. The Company's cash and other receivables are classified as FVTPL.

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables and held to maturity assets are measured at amortized cost. Financial assets classified as available for sale are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income and loss except for losses in value that are considered other than temporary which are recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss. As of February 28, 2018, the Company does not have any financial assets classified as held to maturity and available for sale.

American Lithium Corp.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended February 28, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

c) Financial instruments (continued)

Transactions costs associated with FVTPL financial assets are expensed as incurred, while transaction costs associated with all other financial assets are included in the initial carrying amount of the asset.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are initially recorded at fair value and classified upon inception as FVTPL or other financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities classified as other financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized costs using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period. The Company's accounts payable and due to related parties are classified as other financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities classified as FVTPL include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading and recognized at fair value with changes in fair value with changes in fair value recognized in earnings unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Fair value changes on financial liabilities classified as FVTPL are recognized in earnings. The Company is not exposed to any derivative instruments and foreign exchange hedges in place at this time.

d) Exploration and evaluation assets

The cost of acquiring and maintaining the Company's interest in its exploration and evaluation assets are capitalized on a property-by-property basis pending determination of the technical feasibility and the commercial viability of the project. The capitalized costs are presented as either tangible or intangible exploration and evaluation assets according to the nature of the assets acquired. When a license is relinquished or a project is abandoned, the related costs are recognized in profit and loss immediately.

Exploration and evaluation costs are expensed as incurred. Costs directly related to the acquisition are capitalized once the legal rights to explore the exploration and evaluation assets are acquired or obtained. When the technical and commercial viability of a mineral resource has been demonstrated and a development decision has been made, the capitalized costs of the related property are first tested for impairment, then transferred to mining assets and depreciated using the units of production method on commencement of commercial production.

Management reviews the carrying value of capitalized exploration and evaluation assets at least annually. The review is based on the Company's intentions for development of an undeveloped property. If a project does not prove viable, all unrecoverable costs associated with the project net of any previous impairment provisions are written off. Subsequent recovery of the resulting carrying value depends on successful development or sale of the undeveloped property. Amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets, net of write-downs and recoveries, are not intended to represent present or future values.

American Lithium Corp.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended February 28, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

d) Exploration and evaluation assets (continued)

Title to exploration and evaluation assets involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many exploration and evaluation assets. The Company has investigated title to all of its exploration and evaluation assets and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all of its properties are in good standing.

e) Impairment

The Company's tangible and intangible assets are reviewed for indications of impairment at each statement of financial position date. If indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of an asset, or its cash-generating unit, exceeds its recoverable amount. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. Impairment losses are recognized in profit and loss for the period. Impairment losses recognized in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to cash-generating units and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit on a pro-rata basis.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is reversed if there is an indication that there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, as if no impairment loss had been recognized. An impairment loss with respect to goodwill is never reversed.

f) Decommissioning liabilities

The Company is subject to various government laws and regulations relating to environmental disturbances caused by exploration and evaluation activities and may from time to time incur decommissioning liabilities and the associated retirement costs related to site reclamation and abandonment. The fair value of the liability for a decommissioning liability is recorded when it is incurred and the corresponding increase to the asset is depreciated over the life of the asset. The liability is increased over time to reflect an accretion element considered in the initial measurement at fair value. As at February 28, 2018 and 2017, the Company had not incurred any decommissioning liabilities related to the exploration and development of its mineral properties.

American Lithium Corp.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended February 28, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

g) Provisions

Provisions are recorded when a present legal or constructive obligation exists as a result of past events where it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the statement of financial position date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows. When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount receivable can be measured reliably.

h) Share-based payments

The Company grants stock options to buy common shares of the Company to directors, officers, employees and consultants. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes, or provides services similar to those performed by an employee. The fair value of stock options is measured on the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, and is recognized over the vesting period. Consideration paid for the shares on the exercise of stock options is credited to share capital. When vested options are forfeited or are not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognized is transferred to deficit.

In situations where equity instruments are issued to non-employees and some or all of the goods or services received by the entity as consideration cannot be specifically identified, they are measured at the fair value of the share-based payment. Otherwise, share-based payments are measured at the fair value of goods or services received.

i) Share issuance costs

Professional, consulting, regulatory and other costs directly attributable to financing transactions are recorded as deferred financing costs until the financing transactions are completed, if the completion of the transaction is considered likely; otherwise they are expensed as incurred. Share issuance costs are charged to share capital when the related shares are issued. Deferred financing costs related to financing transactions that are not completed are charged to expenses.

j) Warrants issued in equity financing transactions

The Company engages in equity financing transactions to obtain the funds necessary to continue operations and explore and evaluate resource properties. These equity financing transactions may involve issuance of common shares or units. A unit comprises a certain number of common shares and a certain number of share purchase warrants. Depending on the terms and conditions of each financing agreement, the warrants are exercisable into additional common shares prior to expiry at a price stipulated by the agreement. Warrants that are part of units are assigned value based on the residual value method and included in the share warrant reserve. Warrants that are issued as payment for an agency fee or other transactions costs are accounted for as share-based payments. When warrants are cancelled or are not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognized is transferred to deficit.

American Lithium Corp.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
For the years ended February 28, 2018 and 2017
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

k) Loss per share

The Company uses the treasury stock method in computing loss per share. Under this method, basic loss per share is computed by dividing losses available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. For all periods presented the existence of warrants and options causes the calculation of fully diluted loss per share to be anti-dilutive. Accordingly, fully diluted loss per share information has not been shown.

l) Income taxes

The Company utilizes the asset and liability method of accounting for deferred taxes. Under the liability method, deferred income taxes and liabilities are recognized to reflect the expected deferred tax consequences arising from temporary differences between the carrying value and the tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted or substantively enacted tax rates expected to apply when the asset is realized or the liability settled. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis. A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against the asset can be utilized.

m) Changes in accounting standards

The Company has adopted the following accounting standards effective March 1, 2017 which had no significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

- Amendments to IAS 12, Income Taxes
- Amendments to IAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows

n) Recent accounting pronouncements

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations applicable to the Company are not yet effective for the year ended February 28, 2018 and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements:

IFRS 2 – Share Based Payments: the amendments eliminate the diversity in practice in the classification and measurement of particular share-based payment transactions which are narrow in scope and address specific areas of classification and measurement. It is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted provided it is disclosed. Management does not anticipate this standard having a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments is part of the IASB's wider project to replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model and establishes two primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortized cost and fair value. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Management does not anticipate this standard having a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

American Lithium Corp.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended February 28, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

n) Recent accounting pronouncements (continued)

IFRS 15 – Clarifications to IFRS 15 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers” issued. The amendments do not change the underlying principles of the standard, just clarify and offer additional transition relief. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Management does not anticipate this standard having a material effect on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 16 – Leases, establishes principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases, with the objective of ensuring that lessees and lessors provide relevant information that faithfully represents those transactions. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Management does not anticipate this standard having a material effect on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

IFRIC 22 – Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration: addresses how to determine the ‘date of the transaction’ when applying IAS 21. It is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 with early adoption permitted. Management does not anticipate this standard having a material effect on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

IFRIC 23 – Uncertainty Over Income Tax Treatments: clarifies how to apply the recognition and measurement requirements in IAS 12 when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. It is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 with early adoption permitted. Management does not anticipate this standard having a material effect on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

o) Change in accounting policy

Stock options and warrants

Effective December 1, 2017, the Company voluntarily changed its accounting policy for its stock options and warrants to transfer previously recognized share-based payments to deficit when the stock options and warrants are cancelled or are not exercised at the expiry date. The Company has determined that this change in accounting policy enhances the reliability of the financial statements through its equity reserve and deficit reflecting the outstanding amounts in the consolidated statements of financial position. This change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively and as a result the opening deficit and the 2017 comparative figures were restated.

As a result of the restatement the balance of Equity reserves as at February 28, 2017 and February 29, 2016 decreased by \$259,208 and the Deficit as at February 28, 2017 and February 29, 2016 decreased by \$259,208.

4. TERM DEPOSIT

The Company has a \$28,750 term deposit which earns interest at 1.35% per annum and matures on June 25, 2018. The term deposit has been assigned as security to the BMO Bank of Montreal. As at February 28, 2018, the Company accrued \$206 in interest receivable.

American Lithium Corp.
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5. AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	February 28, 2018	February 28, 2017
	\$	\$
Other receivable	3,469	-
GST receivable	8,604	48,925
	12,073	48,925

6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

	Reliance	Clayton Valley BFF	Colorado	San Emidio	Fish Lake Valley	Atlantis	Fish South	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, February 29, 2016	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Additions:								
Common shares issued	-	276,000	4,826,000	4,209,000	1,050,000	4,971,054	1,276,000	16,608,054
Warrants issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	409,606	409,606
Options payment in cash	-	129,259	-	128,880	171,639	-	233,745	663,523
Property costs incurred	-	4,388	-	8,759	118,550	27,974	-	159,671
Write-off	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
Balance, February 28, 2017	-	409,647	4,826,000	4,346,639	1,340,189	4,999,028	1,919,351	17,840,854
Additions:								
Common shares issued	-	-	-	10,500	17,000	-	47,500	75,000
Maintenance fees	-	15,886	-	-	-	-	-	15,886
Options payments in cash	-	-	-	-	133,322	-	-	133,322
Write-off	-	(425,533)	-	(4,357,139)	-	-	-	(4,782,672)
Balance, February 28, 2018	-	-	4,826,000	-	1,490,511	4,999,028	1,966,851	13,282,390

Reliance Property and the Ava Property

The Company held a 100% interest in 977.749 hectares known as the Reliance group of claims in the Lillooet Mining Division, British Columbia.

The Company held a 100% interest in 1,320.539 hectares known as the AVA Property, located at the west end of Kamloops Lake, British Columbia.

On February 6, 2017, the Company disposed of the Reliance and Ava properties for proceeds of \$1 and was released from its obligations as part of a Sale Agreement. Since the properties were written down to \$1 in prior years, no gain or loss was recorded.

American Lithium Corp.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

Clayton Valley BFF Property - Nevada, USA

On July 5, 2016, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire all of the outstanding share capital of 1074654 B.C. Ltd. ("1074654 BC"), a privately held British Columbia mineral exploration company. 1074654 BC held a right to acquire a 70% interest in a series of 77 placer claims comprising 1,540 acres, located in Esmeralda County, Nevada and known as "Clayton Valley BFF". The Company received TSX approval and closed the transaction on July 12, 2016. In consideration of all the outstanding share capital of 1074654 BC, the Company assumed 1074654 BC's obligations in respect of Clayton Valley BFF property.

Under an earn-in option agreement, the Company has the right to acquire a 70% undivided interest in the Clayton Valley BFF Property by fulfilling the commitments outlined below:

	Common Shares	Cash	Exploration Expenditures
	#	US \$	US \$
Upon closing (issued and paid)	80,000	75,000	-
On or before the first anniversary of the closing – July 5, 2017	80,000	100,000	100,000
On or before the second anniversary of the closing – July 5, 2018	80,000	100,000	300,000
On or before the third anniversary of the closing – July 5, 2019	-	-	600,000
Total	240,000	275,000	\$1,000,000

During the year ended February 28, 2017, the Company issued 80,000 common shares at a fair value of \$276,000 and paid \$96,982 (US\$75,000) to the Optionor.

During the year ended February 28, 2018, the Company decided not to proceed with the acquisition, terminated the option agreement, and wrote-off the related costs it had incurred to that point.

American Lithium Corp.

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6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

Colorado Property - Nevada, USA

On May 24, 2016, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire all the outstanding share capital of 1067323 B.C. Ltd. ("1067323 BC"), a privately-held British Columbia based mineral exploration company, by issuing 1,200,000 common shares with a fair value of \$8,340,000 (see Note 11). 1067323 BC has a wholly-owned subsidiary, 1067323 Nevada Ltd. 1067323 BC holds earn-in option agreements to acquire a 100% divided interest in the Fish Lake Valley property and the San Emidio property (described below). For accounting purposes, this transaction was considered to be outside the scope of IFRS 3 *Business Combinations* since 1067323 BC was inactive prior to the transaction and was limited to the holding of the Colorado Property and accordingly did not constitute a business. The transaction was accounted for in accordance with IFRS 2 *Share-based Payment* whereby the Company was deemed to issue shares in exchange for the net assets of 1067323 BC together with its right to earn a 100% interest in mineral claims of the Atlantis Property.

1067323 BC is a party to an earn-in option agreement with Colorado Exploration Inc. ("Optionor") to acquire a series of 193 placer and 44 lode claims, over 4,870 acres (1,971 hectares) in Fish Lake Valley, Nevada, USA (the "Colorado Property"). Under an earn-in option agreement, the Company has the right to acquire a 100% interest in the Colorado property, subject to a one percent (1.0%) net smelter returns royalty, by making a payment of CAD \$200,000 and issuing 80,000 common shares to the Optionor (issued at a fair value of \$556,000).

During the year ended February 28, 2017, the Company issued a total of 80,000 common shares at a fair value of \$556,000 to the Optionor. The payment of \$200,000 was paid prior to the acquisition of 1067323 BC. Since 1067323 B.C. Ltd. holds both Colorado and San Emidio properties, the shares issued for the acquisition were allocated between these two properties accordingly.

San Emidio Property - Nevada, USA

Pursuant to an earn-in option agreement between Lithium Corp. ("the Optionor") and 1067323 BC ("the Optionee"), the Company holds the rights to acquire the San Emidio property ("San Emidio Property"), representing a series of 28 placer claims, over 2,240 acres (907 hectares) in Nevada, USA.

According to the earn-in option agreement, the Company may acquire an initial 80% undivided interest in the San Emidio property if the following conditions are met:

	Common Shares	Cash	Exploration Expenditures
	#	US \$	US \$
Within 30 days following the effective date (issued and paid)	20,000	100,000	-
On or before the first anniversary of the closing – June 2, 2017 (issued)	20,000	-	-
On or before the second anniversary of the closing – June 2, 2018	20,000	-	200,000
On or before the third anniversary of the closing – June 2, 2019	-	-	300,000
Total	60,000	100,000	500,000

American Lithium Corp.

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6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

San Emidio Property - Nevada, USA (continued)

The Company may acquire an additional 20% of the San Emidio property by paying to the Optionor, subject to a two-and-one-half (2.5%) percent net smelter returns royalty, 50% of which may be repurchased at US\$1,000,000, an aggregate amount of US\$1,000,000 on or before the date that is 36 months after the exercise of the initial Earn-in Option.

During the year ended February 28, 2017, the Company issued 20,000 common shares at a fair value of \$139,000 and paid \$128,880 (US\$100,000) to the Optionor.

During the year ended February 28, 2018, the Company issued 20,000 common shares at a fair value of \$10,500 to the Optionor.

As at February 28, 2018 the property was dropped and written-off resulting in a write-off of \$4,357,139 being recognized.

Fish Lake Valley Project - Nevada, USA

On March 8, 2016 and amended subsequently on February 14, 2018, the Company entered into a Share Purchase Agreement to acquire 100% of 1032701 B.C. Ltd. ("1032701 BC") by issuing 800,000 common shares at a fair value of \$1,000,000 (see Note 11). 1032701 BC has a wholly-owned subsidiary, 1032701 Nevada Ltd. ("1032701 Nevada"), which holds the earn-in option as described below. For accounting purposes, this transaction was considered to be outside the scope of IFRS 3 *Business Combinations* since 1032701 BC was inactive prior to the transaction and its only asset was the Fish Lake Valley property and accordingly did not constitute a business. The transaction was accounted for in accordance with IFRS 2 *Share-based Payment* whereby the Company was deemed to issue shares in exchange for the net assets of 1032701 BC together with its right to earn a 100% interest in the mineral claims of the Fish Lake Valley Project.

The "Fish Lake Valley Project" consists of a series of 98 placer claims comprising a total of 7,840 acres in Esmerelda County, Nevada, USA. Under an earn-in option agreement, the Company has the right to acquire a 100% undivided interest in the Fish Lake Valley Project by fulfilling the commitments outlined below:

- i. Initial Earn-in option: the Company may acquire the initial 80% undivided interest in the Fish Lake Valley Project subject to the following:

	Common Shares	Cash	Exploration Expenditures
	#	US \$	US \$
Upon closing (issued and paid)	40,000	130,000	-
On or before the first anniversary of the closing – March 8, 2017 (issued, paid, and incurred)	20,000	100,000	200,000
On or before the second anniversary of the closing – March 8, 2018 (issued and paid subsequently)	180,000	100,000	-
On or before September 30, 2018	-	-	300,000
On or before the third anniversary of the closing – March 8, 2019	-	-	600,000
Total	240,000	330,000	1,100,000

American Lithium Corp.

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6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

Fish Lake Valley Project - Nevada, USA (continued)

- ii. Subsequent Earn-in option: The Company may acquire an additional 20% of the Fish Lake Valley Project by paying to the Optionor an aggregate amount of US \$1,000,000 on or before the date that is 12 months after the exercise of the initial Earn-in Option.

The Optionor retains a 2.5% net smelter royalty (NSR), one half of which can be purchased for \$1,000,000 cash.

During the year ended February 28, 2017, the Company issued 40,000 common shares at a fair value of \$50,000 and paid \$171,639 (US\$130,000) to the Optionor.

During the year ended February 28, 2018, the Company issued 20,000 common shares at a fair value of \$17,000 and paid \$133,322 (US\$100,000) to the Optionor.

Atlantis Property - Nevada, USA

On May 6, 2016, the Company entered into a Share Purchase Agreement to acquire 100% of 1065604 B.C. Ltd. ("1065604 BC") by issuing 906,666 common shares at a fair value of \$4,760,000 (see Note 11). For accounting purposes, this transaction was considered to be outside the scope of IFRS 3 *Business Combinations* since 1065604 BC was inactive prior to the transaction and was limited to the holding of the Atlantis Property and accordingly did not constitute a business. The transaction was accounted for in accordance with IFRS 2 *Share-based Payment* whereby the Company was deemed to issue shares in exchange for the net assets of 1065604 BC together with its right to earn a 80% interest in the mineral claims of the Atlantis Property.

Prior to the above noted acquisition, 1065604 BC entered into a Property Option Agreement with Nevada Sunrise Gold Corporation ("Optionor") to acquire a 80% undivided interest in the Atlantis Property. The Atlantis property consists of a series of 69 placer claims and 19 association placer claims, comprising a total of 2,882 acres, located in Esmeralda County, Nevada, USA. The required cash payments of \$164,046 (US\$48,050 and CAD\$100,000) were paid by 1065604 BC prior to the acquisition.

Under the earn-in option agreement dated March 14, 2016, 1065604 BC has the right to acquire the 80% interest by fulfilling the commitments outlined below:

	Common Shares	Cash	Exploration Expenditures
	#	\$	US \$
Upon closing (paid) – in US\$	-	48,050	-
On or before April 28, 2016 (paid) – in CAD\$	-	100,000	-
Within 60 days of closing of acquisition (issued)	50,000	-	-
On or before the first anniversary of the closing – May 11, 2017 (incurred)	-	-	100,000
On or before the second anniversary of the closing – May 11, 2018	100,000	-	250,000
On or before the third anniversary of the closing – May 11, 2019	100,000	-	650,000
Total	250,000	148,050	1,000,000

American Lithium Corp.

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6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

Atlantis Property - Nevada, USA (continued)

During the year ended February 28, 2017, the Company issued 50,000 common shares at a fair value of \$262,500 to the Optionor.

Fish South Property - Nevada, USA

On June 1, 2016, the Company, through 1032701 Nevada Ltd., finalized an option agreement with TY & Sons Explorations (Nevada), Ltd. ("the Optionor"), who has the right to acquire a 100% interest in a series of mineral claims located in Esmeralda County, Nevada, USA (the "Fish South Property"), subject to a 2.5% NSR. Under an earn-in option agreement, the Company has the right to acquire a 80% undivided interest in the Fish South property by fulfilling the commitments outlined below:

	Common Shares	Warrants	Cash
	#	#	US\$
Within 60 days of closing to the property owner (paid)	-	-	78,800
Upon closing to the Optionor (issued and paid)	140,000	60,000	100,000
Within 4 months after closing to the property owner (issued)	60,000	-	-
On or before the first anniversary of the closing to the Optionor – June 5, 2017 (issued)	100,000	-	-
On or before the second anniversary of the closing to the Optionor – June 5, 2018	100,000	-	-
Total	400,000	60,000	178,800

The Company granted 60,000 share purchase warrants entitling the Optionor to acquire 60,000 common shares at a price of \$5.50 per share for a period of three years. The fair value of the warrants was \$409,606.

During the year ended February 28, 2017, the Company issued a total of 200,000 common shares at a fair value of \$1,276,000 and paid \$233,745 (US\$178,800) to the property owner and Optionor.

During the year ended February 28, 2018, the Company issued 100,000 common shares at a fair value of \$47,500 to the Optionor.

7. RECLAMATION DEPOSITS

Reclamation deposits consist of a term deposit and bonds, recorded at cost and held as security by the Provincial Government of British Columbia and the State of Nevada respectively, with regards to certain exploration properties described in Note 6.

American Lithium Corp.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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8. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	February 28, 2018	February 28, 2017
	\$	\$
Accounts payable	158,270	92,117
Accrued liabilities	68,809	52,313
	227,079	144,430

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors and corporate officers.

	For the years ended February 28,	
Key Management Personnel	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Management and consulting fees	325,990	708,346
Share-based payments	466,080	1,087,818
	792,070	1,796,164

During the year ended February 28, 2018, the Company entered into the following transactions with key management personnel:

- Paid or accrued \$90,000 (2017 – \$270,000) to a company controlled by the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, pursuant to a Management Services Agreement entered into as of August 10, 2016 and amended on February 8, 2017 (see Note 14).
- Paid or accrued \$165,990 (2017 – \$195,016) to the Chief Executive Officer of the Company for consulting services (see Note 14).
- Accrued \$70,000 (2017 – \$Nil) to a director of the Company for consulting services (see Note 14).
- As at February 28, 2018, the Company owed \$98,790 (2017 – \$67,928) to related parties for unpaid fees.

American Lithium Corp.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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10. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the exploration of its mineral properties and to maintain a flexible capital structure for its projects for the benefit of its stakeholders, to maintain creditworthiness and to maximize returns for shareholders over the long term. The Company does not have any externally imposed capital requirements to which it is subject. As the Company is in the exploration stage, its principal source of funds is from the issuance of common shares. The Company includes the components of shareholders' equity in its management of capital.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares to raise cash and obtain bridging loans from related parties. The Company's investment policy is to invest its cash in investment instruments in financial institutions with terms to maturity selected with regards to the expected time of expenditures from continuing operations.

There were no changes in the Company's management of capital during the year ended February 28, 2018.

11. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares, without par value.

Issued

During the year ended February 28, 2018:

On March 20, 2017, the Company issued 20,000 common shares with a fair value of \$17,000 in accordance to the option agreement for Fish Lake Valley Project as described in Note 6.

On May 17, 2017, the Company issued 20,000 common shares with a fair value of \$10,500 in accordance to the option agreement for San Emidio Property as described in Note 6.

On June 7, 2017, the Company issued 100,000 common shares with a fair value of \$47,500 in accordance to the option agreement for Fish South Property as described in Note 6.

On August 28, 2017, the Company consolidated its outstanding share capital on a ten-for-one basis. This share consolidation has been applied retrospectively.

In February 2018, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 24,000,000 units at a price of \$0.175 per unit for gross proceeds of \$4,200,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable to acquire one additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.375 per share for a period of two years. The Company paid \$21,750 in share issuance costs related to the private placement.

American Lithium Corp.

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11. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

During the year ended February 28, 2017:

In April 2016, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 1,200,000 units at a price of \$1.25 per unit for gross proceeds of \$1,500,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable to acquire one additional common share at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share until April 6, 2020.

On April 1, 2016, the Company issued 800,000 common shares with a fair value of \$1,000,000 to acquire 1032701 B.C. Ltd. in accordance to the Share Purchase Agreement. In addition, the Company also issued 40,000 common shares with a fair value of \$50,000 for the Fish Lake Valley property in accordance to the option agreement. (see Note 6)

On May 4, 2016, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 666,666 units at a price of \$3.00 per unit for gross proceeds of \$2,000,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable to acquire an additional common share at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share until May 4, 2019. In connection with this private placement, the Company issued 13,334 share purchase warrants as finder's fees at a price of \$5.00 per share, exercisable for three years after the issue date, with a fair value of \$51,869.

On May 16, 2016, the Company issued 906,666 common shares with a fair value of \$4,760,000 to acquire 1065604 B.C. Ltd. in accordance with the Share Purchase Agreement. In addition, the Company also issued 50,000 common shares with a fair value of \$262,500 for the Atlantis Property in accordance to the option agreement. (see Note 6)

In June 2016, the Company issued 200,000 common shares with a fair value of \$1,276,000 to TY & Sons Explorations (Nevada), Ltd. for the Fish South property in accordance with the option agreement. In addition, the Company also issued 60,000 warrants with a fair value of \$395,517 in accordance to the option agreement for \$409,606. (see Note 6)

On June 7, 2016, the Company issued 1,200,000 common shares with a fair value of \$8,340,000 to acquire 1067323 B.C. Ltd. in accordance with the Share Purchase Agreement. In addition, the Company also issued 100,000 common shares, of which 80,000 shares were for the Colorado property and 20,000 shares were for the San Emidio property with fair values of \$556,000 and \$139,000 respectively in accordance with the option agreements. (see Note 6)

On July 14, 2016, in accordance with the option agreement for Clayton Valley BFF Property, the Company issued 80,000 common shares with a fair value of \$276,000. (see Note 6)

On February 28, 2017, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 2,000,000 units at a price of \$0.625 per unit for gross proceeds of \$1,250,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant is exercisable to acquire one additional common share at an exercise price of \$1.25 per share until February 28, 2020. In connection with this private placement, the Company issued 41,232 units as finder's fees, with a fair value of \$26,877.

During the year ended February 28, 2017, 1,408,500 common shares were issued upon the exercise of warrants at a purchase price of \$0.35 per common share for gross proceeds of \$492,975; and 5,000 common shares were issued upon the exercise of warrants at a purchase price of \$2.50 per common share for gross proceeds of \$12,500. Upon the exercise of stock options, 105,000 common shares were issued at \$0.50 per share.

American Lithium Corp.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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11. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Issued (continued)

The Company paid \$211,156 in share issuance costs related to all of the above private placements.

Voluntary Pooling Agreement

On August 1, 2016, certain shareholders entered into a Voluntary Pooling Agreement (the "Agreement") with the Company to place a total of 2,830,666 common shares on escrow. Under the Agreement, 20% of the shares will be released on each of February 1, 2017, May 1, 2017, August 1, 2017, November 1, 2017 and February 1, 2018 respectively. Some of the shares held by certain shareholders were released in connection with a financing transaction. As at February 28, 2018, the Company has no common shares (2017 – 2,264,534 common shares) that remain pooled under the terms of the Agreement.

Warrants

Details of common share purchase warrants outstanding at February 28, 2018 are as follows:

Number of warrants	Exercise price	Remaining life	Expiry date
	\$	(years)	
136,000	0.35	0.81	December 20, 2018
130,000	0.50	2.56	September 17, 2020
595,000	2.50	2.11	April 6, 2020
341,666	5.00	1.18	May 4, 2019
60,000	5.50	1.26	June 1, 2019
2,041,232	1.25	2.00	February 28, 2020
24,000,000	0.375	1.93	February 1, 2020
27,303,898			

A summary of changes of warrants outstanding is as follows:

	Warrants	Weighted average exercise price
		\$
Balance, February 29, 2016	1,674,500	0.80
Issued	600,000	2.50
Issued	341,666	5.00
Issued	60,000	5.50
Issued	2,041,232	1.25
Exercised	(1,408,500)	0.35
Exercised	(5,000)	2.50
Balance, February 28, 2017	3,303,898	1.90
Issued	24,000,000	0.375
Balance, February 28, 2018	27,303,898	0.56

American Lithium Corp.

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11. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Warrants (continued)

The fair value of the 13,334 broker's warrants issued in connection with the private placements that closed on May 4, 2016 was estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model is \$51,869. The following assumptions were used: Risk-free interest rate of 0.66%; Expected volatility of 174%; Expected dividend yield of nil; Expected life of 3 years; forfeiture rate of 20%.

The fair value of the 60,000 warrants issued in connection with the asset acquisition June 1, 2016 was estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model is \$409,903. The following assumptions were used: Risk-free interest rate of 0.61%; Expected volatility of 163%; Expected dividend yield of nil; Expected life of 3 years; forfeiture rate of 0%.

The fair value of the 41,232 broker's warrants issued in connection with the private placements that closed on February 28, 2017 was estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model is \$26,877. The following assumptions were used: Risk-free interest rate of 0.93%; Expected volatility of 136%; Expected dividend yield of nil; Expected life of 3 years; forfeiture rate of 0%.

The holders of the warrants granted on December 20, 2013 can only exercise the number of warrants when the shares are issued, which will result, in the holder's shareholding not exceeding 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares as at the date of the exercise.

Stock Options

The Company has established a stock option plan for directors, employees, and consultants. Under the Company's stock option plan, the exercise price of each option is determined by the Board, subject to the Discounted Market Price policies of the TSX Venture Exchange. The aggregate number of shares issuable pursuant to options granted under the plan is limited to 10% of the Company's issued shares at the time the options are granted. The aggregate number of options granted to any one optionee in a 12 month period is limited to 5% of the issued shares of the Company. The options vest on the date of grant.

As at February 28, 2018, the following options were outstanding and exercisable:

Number of options	Exercise price	Remaining life	Expiry date
	\$	(years)	
3,550,000	0.31	4.95	February 9, 2023

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11. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Stock Options (continued)

A summary of changes of stock options outstanding is as follows:

	Options	Weighted average exercise price \$
Balance, February 29, 2016	216,000	0.50
Exercised	(105,000)	0.50
Granted	30,000	2.25
Cancelled	(30,000)	2.25
Granted	200,000	5.65
Cancelled	(50,000)	5.65
Granted	15,000	5.85
Granted	50,000	7.85
Granted	100,000	0.875
Balance, February 28, 2017	426,000	3.55
Cancelled	(426,000)	3.55
Granted	3,550,000	0.31
Balance outstanding and exercisable as at February 28, 2018	3,550,000	0.31

These options entitle the holder thereof the right to acquire one common share for each option held.

On February 9, 2018, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the issuance 3,550,000 stock options to certain officer, directors, and consultants at an exercise price of \$0.31. These options were granted for a period of five years and vest upon issuance. The estimated fair value, \$1,034,115, was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 2.18%, forfeiture rate of 0%, no annual dividends, expected volatility of 165% and a market price of shares at grant date \$0.31.

On February 13, 2017, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the issuance 100,000 stock options to certain consultants at an exercise price of \$0.875. These options were granted for a period of three years and vest upon issuance. The estimated fair value, \$56,954, was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.93%, forfeiture rate of 0%, no annual dividends, expected volatility of 140% and a market price of shares at grant date \$0.75.

On June 13, 2016, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the issuance 50,000 stock options to a consultant at an exercise price of \$7.85. These options were granted for a period of two years and vest upon issuance. The estimated fair value, \$193,928, was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.48%, forfeiture rate of 0%, no annual dividends, expected volatility of 136% and a market price of shares at grant date \$6.20.

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11. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Stock Options (continued)

On May 5, 2016, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the issuance 200,000 stock options to certain directors, officers and consultants at an exercise price of \$5.65. These options were granted for a period of five years and vest upon issuance. The estimated fair value, \$1,087,818, was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.75%, forfeiture rate of 0%, no annual dividends, expected volatility of 171% and a market price of shares at grant date \$5.75.

On May 2, 2016, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the issuance 15,000 stock options to a consultant at an exercise price of \$5.85. These options were granted for a period of five years and vest upon issuance. The estimated fair value, \$80,415, was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.92%, forfeiture rate of 0%, no annual dividends, expected volatility of 154% and a market price of shares at grant date \$5.85.

On April 4, 2016, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the issuance 30,000 stock options to various consultants at an exercise price of \$2.25. These options were granted for a period of three years and vest upon issuance. The estimated fair value, \$58,671, was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.53%, no annual dividends, expected volatility of 157% and a market price of shares at grant date \$2.20.

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's consolidated financial instruments consist of cash, term deposit, amounts receivable, accounts payable and due to related parties. As at February 28, 2018, the Company classifies its cash, term deposit, and accounts receivable as fair value through profit and loss, and its accounts payable and due to related parties as other financial liabilities. The fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying values because of their current nature.

The Company classifies the fair value of these financial instruments according to the following hierarchy based on the amount of observable inputs used to value the instrument:

Level 1 – Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date. Active markets are those in which transactions occur in sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. Cash and term deposit is classified under Level 1.

Level 2 – Fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices). The Company does not have any financial instruments classified under Level 2.

Level 3 – Valuations in the level are those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data. Accounts payable are classified under Level 3.

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to the following risks:

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12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Financial instruments which are potentially subject to credit risk for the Company consist primarily of cash and term deposit.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Company has gross credit exposure at February 28, 2018 relating to cash and term deposit of \$3,963,340. The cash and term deposit is held at a Canadian chartered bank and the Company considers the credit risk to be minimal.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations as they come due. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on management's ability to raise the required capital through future equity or debt issuances but there can be no assurance that such financing will be available on a timely basis under terms acceptable to the Company. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipating any investing and financing activities. As at February 28, 2018, the Company had a cash balance of \$3,934,384 to settle liabilities of \$325,869.

Foreign Exchange Risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations related to cash, accounts payable, and commitments that are denominated in a foreign currency. As at February 28, 2018, a 10% fluctuation in the foreign exchange rate of the United States dollar against the Canadian dollar would affect the Company's cash, account payable, and commitments on the exploration and evaluation assets by approximately \$18,000 and would affect the Company's loss for the year by approximately \$635.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company has cash balances and term deposits with interest based on the prime rate. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates issued by its banking institution. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks.

Commodity Price Risk

The Company's ability to raise capital to fund exploration or development activities is subject to risks associated with fluctuations in the market price of lithium. The Company closely monitors commodity prices to determine the appropriate course of actions to be taken.

During the year ended February 28, 2018, there were no transfers between level 1, level 2 and level 3 classified assets and liabilities.

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13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

As of February 28, 2018, the Company's operations are limited to a single industry segment being the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. All of the Company's interests in mineral properties are located in Nevada, USA.

14. COMMITMENTS

Pursuant to a Management Services Agreement dated as of August 10, 2016, the Company agreed to retain the services of the Chief Executive Officer for a monthly retainer of \$20,000 per month to September 30, 2016, then \$30,000 thereafter. Effective February 15, 2017 the agreement was terminated and a new agreement was entered into. The new agreement is for a monthly fee of \$15,000 per month, for the services of Chief Financial Officer and Vice President-Finance for a minimum period of three months, and may be extended thereafter by mutual consent. In September 2017, the Company terminated the agreement.

In August 2017, the Company signed two consulting agreements with the new CEO and director and a new director of the Company. The agreements require total combined payments of \$20,000 per month for a period of 12 months.

In August 2017, the Company signed a consulting agreement with a consultant to provide various advisory services requiring monthly payments of \$11,000 for a period of 12 months.

15. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES WITH RESPECT TO CASH FLOWS

	For the years ended February 28,	
	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Supplemental cash-flow disclosure:		
Interest	-	-
Income taxes	-	-
Supplemental non-cash disclosure:		
Shares issued for exploration and evaluation assets (Note 6)	75,000	17,017,660

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16. INCOME TAXES

The following table reconciles the amount of income tax recoverable on application of the combined statutory Canadian federal and provincial income tax rates:

	For the years ended February 28,	
	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Combined statutory tax rate	26%	26%
Income tax recovery at combined statutory rate	1,828,668	1,306,491
Permanent difference	(263,247)	339,940
Effect of change in future income tax rates	127,425	-
Change in deferred tax asset not recognized	(1,692,846)	(966,551)
Net deferred tax recovery	-	-

The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of the deferred income tax assets are presented below:

	February 28, 2018	February 28, 2017
	\$	\$
Non-capital losses carry forwards	1,685,947	1,295,878
Share issuance costs	34,731	39,146
Resource development and exploration costs	1,719,973	412,781
Net deferred tax assets not recognized	3,440,651	1,747,805

As at February 28, 2018, the Company has \$6,244,248 (2017 – \$4,984,000) of non-capital losses carry forwards available to reduce taxable income for future year, which expire between 2026 and 2038.

The Company also has certain allowances in respect of resource development and exploration costs of approximately \$19,653,000 (2017 – \$19,428,000) which, subject to certain restrictions, are available to offset against future taxable income. The application of non-capital losses and resource development costs against future taxable income is subject to final determination of the respective amounts by the Canada Revenue Agency.

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is probable that the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversal of deferred income tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. The amount of deferred income tax asset considered realizable could change materially in the near term based on future taxable income during the carry forward period.

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17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- a) On March 6, 2018, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement to acquire an additional 3,575 acre parcel near the existing holdings in the Fish Lake Valley, Esmeralda County, Nevada, comprised of 167 contiguous claims known as the Gap-Lode Project ("Project"). The claims comprising the Project are currently controlled by 1134989 B.C. Ltd. (the "Vendor"), an arm's length party to the Company. The Company proposes to acquire all of the outstanding share capital of the Vendor, and control of the Project, through the issuance of 12,000,000 common shares (the "Consideration Shares") to the shareholders of the Vendor. Completion of the acquisition, and the issuance of the Consideration Shares, is subject to the completion of satisfactory due diligence by the Company and the approval of the TSX Venture Exchange.
- b) On March 20, 2018, the Company issued 180,000 common shares with a fair value of \$73,800 in accordance to the amended option agreement for Fish Lake Valley Project as described in Note 6.
- c) On May 2, 2018, the Company implemented a share split on its outstanding share capital on a two-for-one basis. This share split has been applied retrospectively and as a result all shares, options, warrants, and per share amounts are stated on a post-split basis.
- d) On May 11, 2018, the Company issued 100,000 common shares with a fair value of \$32,000 in accordance to the option agreement for the Atlantis Property as described in Note 6.