

Trusted Brand 2016 Inc.
(A Capital Pool Company)
Condensed Interim Financial Statements
For the period ended September 30, 2018 and 2017
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

November 20, 2018

Management's Report to the Shareholders

Management is responsible for the reliability and integrity of these financial statements. The accompanying condensed interim financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 - Interim Financial Reporting and are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The condensed interim financial statements are presented in Canadian Dollars.

The accompanying condensed interim financial statements have been prepared using policies and procedures established by management and reflect fairly the Corporation's financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position, within reasonable limits of materiality and within the framework of the accounting policies outlined in the notes to the interim financial statements. Management has established and maintains a system of internal controls which is designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded from loss or unauthorized use and financial information is reliable and accurate.

The Board of Directors is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control. The Board is assisted in exercising its responsibilities through the Audit Committee of the Board, which is composed of a majority of non-management directors. The Audit Committee meets periodically with management and the auditors to satisfy itself that management's responsibilities are properly discharged, to review the condensed interim financial statements and to recommend approval of the condensed interim financial statements to the Board.

The following condensed interim financial statements are unaudited.

Signed "Ted Geier"

Ted Geier, CEO

Signed "Kevin Saskiw"

Kevin Saskiw, CFO

Trusted Brand 2016 Inc.
Statements of Financial Position

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Assets		
Current		
Cash (Note 5)	\$ 325,123	\$ 365,923
Trade and other receivables (Note 8)	\$ 0	\$ 25,000
	\$ 325,123	\$ 390,923
Liabilities		
Current		
Trade and other payables	\$ 363	\$ 17,926
Shareholders' Equity		
Share capital (Note 6)	\$ 557,986	\$ 557,986
Contributed surplus (Note 6)	\$ 118,557	\$ 118,557
Deficit	\$ (351,783)	\$ (303,546)
	\$ 324,760	\$ 372,997
	\$ 325,123	\$ 390,923

Nature of operations (Note 1)

Subsequent event (Note 9)

Approved on behalf of the Board

"signed"

Director

"signed"

Director

Trusted Brand 2016 Inc.
Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

For the period ended September 30, 2018 and from incorporation (March 4, 2016) to December 31, 2017

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Termination Fee (Note 8)	\$ -	\$ 25,000
Expenses		
Regulatory and filing fees	\$ -	\$ 40,647
General and administrative expenses	\$ 31	\$ 14,747
Professional fees	\$ 19,372	\$ 71,149
Stock based compensation (Note 6)	\$ -	\$ -
Total expenses	\$ 19,403	\$ 126,543
Loss and comprehensive loss	\$ (19,403)	\$ (101,543)
Basic loss per share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.05)
Fully diluted loss per share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.04)
Weighted average common shares outstanding – Basic and diluted (Note 6)	2,143,700	2,143,700

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Trusted Brand 2016 Inc.
Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

For the period ended September 30, 2018 and from incorporation (March 4, 2016) to December 31, 2017

	Common Shares (#)	Share Capital (\$)	Contributed Surplus (\$)	Deficit (\$)	Shareholders' Equity (\$)
As at March 4, 2016	-	-	-	-	-
Share issuance (Note 5)	3,962,900	780,725	-	-	780,725
Share issuance costs (Note 5)	-	(222,739)	-	-	(222,739)
Options issued (Note 5)	-	-	118,557	-	118,557
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(332,380)	(332,380)
As at June 30, 2018	3,962,900	557,986	118,557	(332,380)	344,163
Net loss and comprehensive loss				(19,403)	(19,403)
As at September 30, 2018	3,962,900	557,986	118,557	(351,783)	324,760

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Trusted Brand 2016 Inc.
Statements of Cash Flows

For the periods ended September 30, 2018 and from incorporation (March 4, 2016) to December 31, 2017

	September 30,	December 31,
	2018	2017

Cash provided by (used by) the following activities:

Operating Activities

Net loss and comprehensive loss	\$ (19,403)	\$ (101,543)
Add back items not involving cash:		
Stock based compensation	\$ -	\$ -
Net change in non-cash operating activities:		
Trade and other receivables	\$ -	\$ (25,000)
Trade and other payables	\$ (2,552)	\$ (21,824)
Cash used in operating activities	\$ (21,955)	\$ (148,367)

Financing Activities

Issuance of common shares, net of share issue costs <i>(Note 5)</i>	\$ -	\$ -
Cash provided by financing activities	\$ -	\$ -
Change in cash resources	\$ (21,955)	\$ (148,367)
Cash resources, beginning of period	\$ 347,078	\$ 514,290
Cash resources, end of period	\$ 325,123	\$ 365,923

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Trusted Brand 2016 Inc.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the periods ended September 30, 2018 and from incorporation (March 4, 2016) to December 31, 2017

1. Incorporation and operations

Trusted Brand 2016 Inc. (the "Corporation") was incorporated under the laws of Alberta on March 4, 2016. The Corporation is classified as a Capital Pool Company ("CPC") as defined in Policy 2.4 of the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange"). The principal business of the Corporation is to identify and evaluate assets or businesses with a view to potentially acquire them or an interest therein by completing a purchase transaction, by exercising of an option or by any concomitant transaction. The purpose of such an acquisition is to satisfy the related conditions of a Qualifying Transaction under the Exchange policies.

The condensed interim financial statements of the Corporation for the periods ended September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on November 20, 2018.

Where an acquisition or participation is warranted, additional funding may be required. The ability of the Corporation to fund its potential future operations and commitments is dependent upon the ability of the Corporation to obtain additional financing.

There is no assurance that the Corporation will identify a business or asset that warrants acquisition or participation within the time limitations permissible under the policies of the Exchange, at which time the Exchange may suspend or de-list the Corporation's shares from trading.

2. Basis of preparation

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") in effect on January 1, 2017.

Basis of measurement

These financial statements are stated in Canadian dollars and were prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, except for certain cash flow information and share-based compensation.

3. Significant accounting policies

Cash

Cash consists of the proceeds generated on the issuance of common shares.

Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

Share-based payments

The Company applies a fair value based method of accounting to all share-based payments. Employee and director stock options are measured at their fair value of each tranche on the grant date and recognized over its respective vesting period. Non-employee stock options are measured based on the service provided to the reporting date and at their then-current fair values. The cost of stock options is presented as share-based payment expense when applicable. On the exercise of stock options share capital is credited for consideration received and for fair value amounts previously credited to contributed surplus. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of share-based payments.

Trusted Brand 2016 Inc.
Notes to the Financial Statements

For the periods ended September 30, 2018 and from incorporation (March 4, 2016) to December 31, 2017

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss except to the extent it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive loss or directly in equity.

Current tax

Current tax expense is based on the results for the period as adjusted for items that are not taxable or not deductible. Current tax is calculated using tax rates and laws that were enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. Provisions are established where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax

Deferred taxes are the taxes expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets in the statement of financial position and their corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and their corresponding tax bases. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Non-derivative financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value plus, for instruments not at fair value through profit or loss, any directly attributable transaction costs.

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Subsequent to initial recognition, non-derivative financial instruments are measured as described below:

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Trade and other receivables are included in this category.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

An instrument is classified as fair value through profit or loss if it is held-for-trading or is designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial instruments are designated at fair value through profit or loss if the Company manages such investments and makes purchase and sale decisions based on their fair value in accordance with the Company's documented risk management or investment strategy. Upon initial recognition, attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss when incurred. Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognized in profit or loss. Cash is included in this category.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized on an effective yield basis. The Company's other financial liabilities are comprised of accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed at each reporting date in order to determine whether objective evidence exists that the assets are impaired as a result of one or more events which have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of the asset.

If there is objective evidence that a financial asset has become impaired, the amount of the impairment loss is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows from the asset discounted at its original effective interest rate. Impairment losses are recorded in earnings. If the amount of the impairment loss decreases in a subsequent period and the decrease can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the impairment loss is reversed up to the original carrying value of the asset. Any reversal is recognized in earnings.

Trusted Brand 2016 Inc.
Notes to the Financial Statements

For the periods ended September 30, 2018 and from incorporation (March 4, 2016) to December 31, 2017

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Earnings/loss per share

Basic earnings or loss per share is calculated by dividing net earnings (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of common shares outstanding is calculated by adjusting the shares issued at the beginning of the period by the number of shares bought back or issued during the period, multiplied by a time-weighting factor.

Diluted earnings or loss per share is calculated by adjusting the number of common shares for the effects of dilutive options and other dilutive potential units.

Shares held in escrow that are only released upon contingent events are not included in the calculation of the weighted average number of common shares.

Recent accounting standards

The Corporation has reviewed new and revised accounting pronouncements that have been issued but are not yet effective and determined that the following may have an impact on the Corporation.

- The IASB has undertaken a three-phase project to replace IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" with IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments." In November 2009, the IASB issued the first phase of IFRS 9, which details the classification and measurement requirements for financial assets. Requirements for financial liabilities were added to the standard in October 2010. The new standard replaces the current multiple classification and measurement models for financial assets and liabilities with a single model that has only two classification categories: amortized cost and fair value. These amendments will be applied by the Corporation on January 1, 2018. The Corporation is currently assessing and quantifying the effect on its financial statements.
- IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15, which covers principles for reporting about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. IFRS 15 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Corporation has assessed that there will be no significant impact on its financial statements from the implementation of this standard.
- IFRS 16, "Leases". In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16, which replaces IAS 17 "Leases". For lessees applying IFRS 16, a single recognition and measurement model for leases would apply, with required recognition of assets and liabilities for most leases. The standard will come into effect for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with earlier adoption permitted if the entity is also applying IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". The Corporation is currently assessing and quantifying the effect on its financial statements.

Trusted Brand 2016 Inc.
Notes to the Financial Statements

For the periods ended September 30, 2018 and from incorporation (March 4, 2016) to December 31, 2017

4. Significant accounting estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and judgments are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

Estimates

The key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the amounts recognized in the financial statements are:

Fair value of financial instruments

The estimated fair value of financial assets and liabilities, by their very nature, are subject to measurement uncertainty.

Taxes

Provisions for taxes are made using the best estimate of the amount expected to be paid based on a qualitative assessment of all relevant factors. The Company reviews the adequacy of these provisions at the end of the reporting period. However, it is possible that at some future date an additional liability could result from audits by taxing authorities. Where the final outcome of these tax-related matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will affect the tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Judgements

The key areas of judgment that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the amounts recognized in the financial statements are:

Taxes

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available to utilize the Company's deductible temporary differences which are based on management's judgement on the degree of future taxable profits. To the extent that future taxable profits differ significantly from the estimates impacts the amount of the deferred tax assets management judges is probable

Financial instruments

The Company is required to classify its various financial instruments into certain categories for the financial instruments' initial and subsequent measurement. This classification is based on management's judgement as to the purpose of the financial instrument and to which category is most applicable.

5. Cash

The proceeds raised from the issuance of share capital may only be used to identify and evaluate assets or businesses for future investment, with the exception that not more than the lesser of 30% of the gross proceeds may be used to cover prescribed costs of issuing the common shares or administrative and general expenses of the Corporation. These restrictions may apply until completion of a Qualifying Transaction by the Corporation as defined under the policies of the Exchange.

Trusted Brand 2016 Inc.
Notes to the Financial Statements

For the periods ended September 30, 2018 and from incorporation (March 4, 2016) to December 31, 2017

6. Share capital

Authorized

Unlimited number of Common Shares and Preferred Shares

Issued Common Shares	Number of Shares	\$
At incorporation – March 4, 2016	-	-
Issuance of common shares (i)	1,680,000	210,000
Issuance of common shares (ii)	2,282,900	570,725
Share issuance costs (ii)	-	(222,739)
Balance as at December 31, 2016 and 2017	3,962,900	557,986

- i) On March 4, 2016, the Corporation issued 1,680,000 Common Shares of the Corporation at a price of \$0.125 per share for gross proceeds of \$210,000. All 1,680,000 Common Shares are subject to an escrow agreement.
- ii) On November 30, 2016, the Corporation issued 2,282,900 common shares at a price of \$0.25 per common share for gross proceeds of \$570,725 related to the Corporation's Initial Public Offering ("IPO"). The Corporation incurred share issuance costs of \$192,841 plus \$29,898 of agent options which have been applied against share capital. Of the shares issued, 139,200 additional Common Shares are subject to an escrow agreement.

Escrow

The Corporation has issued 1,819,200 Common Shares (December 31, 2016 - 1,680,000) subject to an escrow agreement whereby 10% of the shares will be released upon completion and approval by the Exchange of the Corporation's Qualifying Transaction. An additional 15% of the escrowed Common Shares will be released on each six month anniversary thereafter unless otherwise permitted by the Exchange. Common Shares issued upon the exercise of options held by officers and directors are subject to the same escrow conditions. Common Shares issued upon the exercise of the Agent's options are restricted such that only 50% of the issued shares on exercise of such options may be sold prior to the Corporation completing a Qualifying Transaction.

These common shares, which are considered contingently issuable with the completion of a qualifying transaction, are not considered to be outstanding for purpose of the loss per share calculation.

Trusted Brand 2016 Inc.
Notes to the Financial Statements

For the periods ended September 30, 2018 and from incorporation (March 4, 2016) to December 31, 2017

6. Share capital (continued)

Stock options

The Corporation has adopted an incentive stock option plan which provides that the Board of Directors of the Corporation may from time to time, in its discretion, and in accordance with the Exchange requirements, grant to directors, officers, employees and consultants to the Corporation, non-transferable options to purchase Common Shares, provided that the number of Common Shares reserved for issuance will not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding Common Shares. However, other than in connection with a Qualifying Transaction, during the time that the Corporation is a CPC, the aggregate number of Common Shares issuable upon exercise of all options granted under the Option Plan shall not exceed 10% of the Common Shares of the Corporation issued and outstanding at the closing of the Corporation's initial public offering. Such options will be exercisable for a period of up to ten years from the date of grant.

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding:

	Number of options (#)	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)	Weighted average exercise price (\$)
At incorporation	-		-
Issued to directors and officers (i)	295,090	8.65	0.25
Issued to agent (i)	228,290	0.65	0.25
As at December 31, 2017 and Sept 30, 2018	523,380	5.16	0.25

- i) As part of the IPO, the Corporation granted 396,290 options at \$0.25 per share to the directors and officers of the Corporation exercisable for a period of ten years. The fair value of the directors and officer options is \$88,659. During 2017, 101,200 options have expired.
- ii) The Corporation also granted 228,290 options to the agent at \$0.25 per share exercisable for a period of two years. The fair value of the agent options is \$29,898 and has been included in share issuance costs. At December 31, 2017, 523,380 (December 31, 2016 – 624,580) options are outstanding and exercisable.

The Black-Scholes option pricing model was used to estimate the fair value of options on the date of grant using the following assumptions:

	Expiry (year)	Risk- free interest rate (%)	Expect ed life (years)	Expected dividend yield (%)	Expected volatility (%)	Forfeiture Rate (%)
Directors and officers	2026	1.58	10	0.0	100	0.0
Agent	2018	0.70	2	0.0	100	0.0

Trusted Brand 2016 Inc.
Notes to the Financial Statements

For the periods ended September 30, 2018 and from incorporation (March 4, 2016) to December 31, 2017

7. Capital disclosures

The Corporation's capital consists of share capital. The Corporation's objective for managing capital is to maintain sufficient capital to identify, evaluate and complete an acquisition or other transaction as disclosed in Note 1.

The Corporation sets the amount of capital in relation to risk and manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes to economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets.

The Corporation's objectives when managing capital are:

- i) to maintain a flexible capital structure, which optimizes the cost of capital at acceptable risk; and,
- ii) to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence in order to sustain the future development of the business.

The Corporation is not subject to any externally or internally imposed capital requirements at period end.

8. Financial instruments

The Corporation, as part of its operations, carries financial instruments consisting of cash trade and other receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. It is management's opinion that the Corporation is not exposed to significant credit, interest, or currency risks arising from these financial instruments except as otherwise disclosed.

Fair value

Fair value represents the price at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in an orderly market, in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties who are under no compulsion to act. The Corporation classifies the fair value of the financial instruments according to the following hierarchy based on the amount of observable inputs used to value the instrument.

Level 1: Fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in the active market for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices).

Level 3: Fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The fair value of cash is determined on level 1 inputs. The carrying amount of cash, trade and other receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximates their fair value due to the short-term maturities of these items.

Trusted Brand 2016 Inc.
Notes to the Financial Statements

For the periods ended September 30, 2018 and from incorporation (March 4, 2016) to December 31, 2017

8. Financial instruments (continued)

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with the counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Corporation's credit risk is primarily attributed to cash and trade and other receivables. Cash balances are held with the Corporation's lawyers or large Canadian financial institutions, from which management believes the risk of loss to be remote. Trade and other receivables represents a termination fee receivable from proposed qualifying transaction that was terminated. This amount has been received subsequent to the year end.

Liquidity Risk

The Corporation's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at September 30, 2018, the Corporation had cash balance of \$325,123 (December 31, 2017 - \$365,923) to settle future obligations of \$363 (December 31, 2017 - \$17,926). All the Corporation's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of 30 days and are due on demand and are subject to normal track terms.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices. As at September 30, 2018, the Corporation is not materially exposed to any market risks.

9. Subsequent events

The Board of Directors has approved the grant of 101,200 options that have an exercise price of \$0.40 per Common Share. The Corporation has determined that exemptions from the various requirements of the TSX Venture Exchange Policy 5.9 are available for the grant of these Options. The Options are subject to TSX Venture Exchange acceptance and are expected to be granted at a future date when the Corporation is out of black out.

On May 30, 2018 the Company has entered into a non-binding letter of intent (the "LOI") with TheraCann International Benchmark Corporation, an arm's length private company (the "TheraCann"). TheraCann is focused in the business of developing and implementing proprietary solutions for production, quality and traceability in regulated cannabis operations. Pursuant to the terms of the LOI, the Corporation, subject to entering into a definitive agreement (the "Transaction Agreement"), has agreed to combine with TheraCann by way of share exchange, merger, amalgamation, arrangement, or other similar form of transaction (the "Transaction"). The Transaction is an arm's length transaction and, when completed, may be considered to be the Qualifying Transaction for the purposes of the TSX Venture Exchange Inc. (the "Exchange"). The Corporation has requested its common shares ("Shares") to be halted by the Exchange pending review of the materials for the Transaction.