

COMET INDUSTRIES LTD. (“Company”)

**ANNUAL MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS AND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JANUARY 31, 2020**

DATED: June 25, 2020

This document constitutes Management’s Discussion and Analysis (“MD & A”) of the financial and operational results of Comet Industries Ltd. (“Comet” or the “Company”) for the three months and fiscal year ended January 31, 2020 and for the period to June 25, 2020. This MD & A supplements, but does not form part of, the financial statements of the Company, and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the years ended January 31, 2020 and 2019. All dollar figures stated herein are expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise specified.

All audited financial statements referred to herein have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards accounting policies.

The Company’s fourth fiscal quarter ended January 31, 2020 is herein called the “Quarter”, and its fiscal year ended January 31, 2020 is hereinafter called the “Fiscal Year”. The period between February 1, 2020 and June 25, 2020 is hereinafter called the “Subsequent Period”.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this MD&A, other than statements of historical fact, constitute “forward-looking information” within the meaning of Canadian securities legislation. “Forward-looking information” includes, but is not limited to, statements with respect to the potential merits of the Company’s properties, as well as the Company’s future plans, objectives, business strategy, budgets, projected costs, financial results, and requirements for additional capital.

Forward-looking information involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking information. Some risks and uncertainties applicable to Comet are disclosed in Clause 12.

In making the statements in this MD&A containing forward-looking information, the Company has applied several material assumptions, including but not limited to, assumptions regarding the ability of the Company to obtain, on reasonable terms, any financing it may require in the future.

Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that forward-looking information will prove to be accurate, and actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements.

The Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise the forward-looking information in this MD&A, whether as a result of new information, events or otherwise, except as required by applicable securities legislation. Accordingly, readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking information.

1. Overall Performance

Other than as described below, there have been no material changes in, or developments with respect to, the Company’s business or assets since the Fiscal Year which ended January 31, 2020 – as discussed in the Company’s annual MD & A dated June 25, 2020.

Properties and Property Interests Held by the Company:

(a) Iron Mask Crown Granted Mineral Claims

The Company holds a 40% working interest in the five Crown Granted (“Crown Grants”) - known as the Iron Mask property, which is located in southwest Kamloops, B.C. The remaining interests are held 30% each by Initial Developers Ltd. (“Initial”) and DVO Industries Ltd. (“DVO”). The Crown Grants cover approximately 190 contiguous acres (approximately 76.9 hectares). The names of the Crown Grants are:

Victor – 1340	Con Verdant - 1341
Norma - 1302	Nighthawk – Lot 1747
Mint – Lot 1342	

Because of the zoning changes by Kamloops described in sub clause (c), there is a risk that mineral deposits underlying portions of the Crown Grants will not be able to be mined. The zoning changes might also prohibit the owners of the Crown Grants from conducting exploration or testing to establish the extent to which, if any, the Crown Grants are underlain by otherwise recoverable mineral deposits. The Company does not presently anticipate attempting to further explore the mineral deposits and anticipates that - even if the presence of mineral deposits could be further confirmed, considering the Kamloops City zoning and other potential problems and requirements - there is a substantial risk that the deposits might not be mineable.

The Crown Grants are, in Note 8 of the Company’s financial statements, called “Property A”.

(b) Net Profits Royalty Interests (“Royalty Interests”)

Comet – as to a 10% , and Initial and DVO each as to 7.5% hold an aggregate 25% carried net profits interest in a contiguous block of mineral properties (“Property B” in Note 8 of the Company’s financial statements) which are owned by KGHM International Ltd. (“KGHM”), the successor to Abacus Mining & Exploration Corp. and adjoin the Crown Grants – (hereinafter referred as the “Abacus Claims”).

The Abacus Claims cover an area of 2,500.3 hectares (approximately 6,178 acres). The Company, Initial and DVO acquired the net profits interest in the Abacus Claims pursuant to an Agreement between them and KGHM’s predecessor Afton Operating Corporation, dated August 24, 1987.

The Abacus Claims are a portion of a larger group of mineral properties owned by KGHM and called by it the Ajax Property. The Abacus Claims are known to contain three mineralized zones named “DM”, “Audra” and “Crescent” (hereinafter referred to as the “Mineralized Zones”). Abacus Mining has provided some information about the Abacus Claims in a Feasibility Study Technical Report dated January 6, 2012 (the “Feasibility Report”) – which may be viewed on Abacus’ website: www.amemining.com or on SEDAR.

The mining study in the Feasibility Report is limited to a portion of the Ajax property that is approximately 8.5 kilometers from the Abacus Claims, and does not include the DM-Audra-Crescent resource estimate as part of its analysis. The Feasibility Report also refers to subsequent drilling in the area of the Abacus claims. Unfortunately, because of opposition by the British Columbia Government to KGHM’s plans to develop its Kamloops area properties, discontinued all further work on its properties and closed its B.C. offices.

Indirectly the Company holds a greater interest in the Crown Grants and the Royalty Interests through its shareholdings in Initial (35.8%) and DVO (26.6%). Comet, Initial and DVO have no plans to do any development work on the property.

(c) Iron Mask Surface Land Titles

The Company owns the surface land titles covering the Crown Grants (“Surface Lands”). The Surface Lands cover an area of 190.64 acres (approximately 77.15 hectares). The Surface Lands are also within the boundaries of the City of Kamloops, BC and are designated, under the Kamloops Official Community Plan, as a “Special Industrial

Development Area”. This is a general zoning designation and provides flexibility to Kamloops City development staff to specify the exact type of industrial zoning that will be applied to portions of the lands.

Comet’s Management understands that there is a shortage of industrially zoned land in the City of Kamloops. Management believes that the change in zoning status greatly enhances the value of the Lands.

Comet is exploring opportunities for a light industrial land development on the property.

(d) Other Surface Lands Owned

The Company owns a number of parcels of land at Pender Harbour, British Columbia. It also owns two parcels of undeveloped land – covering 9 contiguous acres – at Terrace, British Columbia. The Company has no plans for the development of the lands. It has received no revenue from the lands.

(e) Gastown Property

The Company owns land and a commercial building at the corner of Carrall and Powell Streets in the Gastown area of Vancouver, British Columbia (hereinafter called the “Gastown Property”). The building is 2-storey building with 8,632 square feet of commercially rentable space. The main street level floor is divided into 5 rental units. The second floor is leased by a single tenant who operates the space as a restaurant and night club. All of the leases are short term. As a result of the short terms of the leases, and the terms of the leases, the Company is able to periodically increase the rents charged to the various tenants. While the revenue flow from the rentals is always subject to the possibility of portions of the building being vacant from time to time Management does not consider that there are any trends toward increasing vacancies in the Gastown area of Vancouver, BC and anticipates being able to maintain a relatively full occupancy rate for the immediate future. The gross rental revenue from the Gastown Property for the Fiscal Year was \$506,579 (2019 - \$552,595).

2. Financing and Capital Resources

(a) Comet’s cash flow is from the rental revenues from its Gastown Property – except for minor amounts it receives from month-to-month leases on portions of other properties. The Company realized lower revenues in the Fiscal Year and the Quarter from the Gastown property due to the failure by one tenant to make its full payments. This tenant vacated during the quarter ended January 31, 2020. A new tenant was secured and took possession on March 1, 2020.

Based on the Company’s current cash on hand and the rate at which it expects to incur expenses during the current Fiscal Year, Management believes that the Company has sufficient cash resources to operate well beyond the next fiscal year.

(b) The Company did no debt or equity financing during the Fiscal Year other than the mortgage on the Gastown property.

3. Selected Financial Information and Discussion of Operations

The Company’s quarterly results for the past 8 quarters – detailed in Clause 4 below - have varied from quarter to quarter primarily due to the different dates that irregularly received rental payments are deposited or credited to the Company’s bank account and the dates that various expenses that are not incurred on a regular monthly basis are posted to the Company’s accounts.

The financial information given in Clause 4 below is taken from the Financial Statements and should be read in conjunction with those statements.

4. Summary of Quarterly Results

The following information is provided for each of the eight most recently completed quarters of the Company:

	Jan. 31/20	Oct. 31/19	July 31/19	Apr. 30/19	Jan. 31/19	Oct. 31/18	July 31/18	Apr. 30/18
(a) Net sales or total revenues – rental	134,406	128,746	129,109	123,618	144,910	139,829	138,271	135,085
(b) Net Earnings (Loss)								
total	(4,422)	29,692	6,866	23,065	(24,920)	32,128	10,168	21,434
- per share*	(0.00)	0.01	0.00	0.01	(0.01)	0.01	0.00	0.00
(c) Comprehensive Income (Loss)								
- total	(59,632)	40,510	25,805	43,347	(26,284)	30,505	9,468	21,430
- per share*	(0.01)	0.01	0.01	0.01	(0.01)	0.01	0.00	0.00

* The loss per share figures are presented on an undiluted basis – as the effect of dilution is to reduce the reported loss per share.

The minor between the Quarters are largely as a result of the dates that various non-regular expenses and rental revenues are posted to the Company's financial records. For the quarter ended January 31, 2019 a loss is shown as a result of a one-time booking of a bad debt expense of \$51,175.

5. Selected Annual Financial Information

The following table summarized selected financial information as at and for the last three fiscal year-ends of the Company:

	January 31, 2020 \$	January 31, 2019 \$	January 31, 2018 \$
(a) Net sales or total revenues	515,879	558,095	525,456
(b) Net income or (loss) before other or extraordinary items:			
– total	55,201	38,809	1,865
– per share undiluted	0.01	0.01	(0.00)
– per share diluted *			
(c) Net income or (loss)			
- total	50,030	35,119	(112)
- per share undiluted	0.01	0.01	(0.0*-10)
- per share diluted *			
(d) Total assets	2,157,566	2,157,810	2,173,837
(e) Total long-term financial liabilities	740,662	776,705	819,291
(f) Cash dividends declared per share	Nil	Nil	Nil

6. Liquidity

At the end of the Fiscal Year the Company had cash on hand of \$70,401 (2019 - \$57,507). At the end of the Fiscal Year the Company had a working capital deficiency of \$250,280 (2019 - \$270,671). The higher working capital deficiency in the previous fiscal year was due to the mortgage on the Gastown property having less than a full year of

its term left – and hence was designated as a current debt. The mortgage was renewed during the Fiscal Year and as a result, only the portion due within the year is now categorized as a current debt.

The Company has no financial commitments other than to pay its monthly general and administrative expenses, its monthly mortgage payments and its ongoing fixed regular anticipated costs.

7. Transactions with Related Parties and Key Management Personnel in the Fiscal Year

The Company paid or incurred management fees of \$79,195 (2019 - \$80,439) to Garden Bay Management Ltd. - which is controlled by the wife of the Company's President – for the provision of the management services of the Company's President, R.J. (Jack) Wiley.

Management salary of \$65,170 (2019 - \$63,855) was paid to Richard Angus a director of the Company.

The Company incurred legal fees of \$55,503 (2019 - \$20,080) with the law firm in which Mr. Jonsson is a principal. At the end of the Quarter \$23,856 (2019 - \$18,454) was due to the law firm.

The Company has two outstanding demand loans – which had a total principal payable as of the end of the Fiscal Year of \$43,000 (2019 - \$43,000) payable to the wives of an officer and a director. The loans bear interest at 7.0% per annum, payable monthly as to interest only. The interest expense incurred for the Fiscal Year was \$3,010 (2019 - \$3,360). At the end of the Fiscal Year \$52,892 (2019 - \$52,882) of interest was owing. As the loans are repayable on demand, they are classified as current liabilities.

At the end of the Fiscal Year DVO owed the Company \$383,246 (2019 - \$383,246). DVO's indebtedness to the Company is payable on demand, bears no interest, and is unsecured.

At the Fiscal Year End there was \$51,974 (2019 - \$51,974) owing to the Company by Initial for advances made by the Company to or on behalf of Initial in previous years. This amount is payable on demand, bears no interest, and is unsecured. There were no amounts paid to, or advanced on behalf of Initial, by the Company during the Quarter.

Related party transactions are recorded at the amount paid or received as established by contract or as agreed upon by the Company and the related party. Some of the officers and directors of the Company are also officers, directors or shareholders of the related companies.

8. Fourth Quarter

There were no events or items in the Company's fourth quarter which significantly affected its financial condition, cash flow or results of operations.

9. Outstanding Share Data

At January 31, 2020 the Company has 4,779,895 common shares issued and outstanding. The shares are all voting shares and rank equally with each other. The Company's financial statements show only 4,409,201 shares issued. This is because 370,694 of the issued shares are held by Initial and DVO and are accordingly not considered to be issued and outstanding in financial statement disclosure due to applicable accounting rules.

On February 25, 2015 the Company granted its Directors options to purchase shares – none of which have been exercised - the details of which are:

No. Options outstanding	Exercise Price per share	Expiry Date
400,000	\$1.50	February 24, 2020

No shares were issued during the Fiscal Year.

Subsequent to the year ended January 31, 2020, the Company received \$300,000 for the exercise of 200,000 share options at \$1.50 per share, and settled \$88,650 of amounts owing by the Company in exchange for the exercise of 59,100 share options at \$1.50 per share. The remaining options expired unexercised.

10. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The Company's financial statements are prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair value. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, profit and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates include determination of impairment of property and equipment, impairment of investment property, impairment of exploration and evaluation assets, decommissioning liabilities, realization of deferred income tax assets, and assumptions used in valuing options and warrants in share-based compensation calculations.

Critical accounting judgments are accounting policies that have been identified as being complex or involving subjective judgments or assessments with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year. These include (i) Going concern, (ii) Classification of investment properties, and (iii) Classification of property held for sale

11. Changes in Accounting Policies and Recent Accounting Pronouncement

The mandatory adoption of new and revised accounting standards had no significant impact on the Company's financial statements for the years presented.

Note 3 to the January 31, 2020 audited Financial Statements describes the Accounting Policies followed in preparing the Statements.

Note 4 of the Statements describes recent changes in accounting policies that the Company has had to adopt and changes which will become effective in the future.

12. Risks and Uncertainties

Comet's business is a speculative business and involves a high degree of risk which even a combination of professional evaluation and management experience may not eliminate. The following are some of the risks to the Company, recognizing that it may be exposed to other additional risks from time to time.

- Limited business history of the Company, including not having reached profitability and no assurance of reaching profitability
- Dependence on key management personnel
- Reliance on availability and performance of independent contractors
- Challenges by other unknown parties or Aboriginals to property titles
- Environmental issues
- Federal and provincial political risk
- Commodity price risk
- Financial markets

13. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to year ended January 31, 2020, the Company received \$300,000 for the exercise of 200,000 share options at \$1.50 per share, and settled \$88,650 of amounts owing by the Company in exchange for the exercise of 59,100 share options at \$1.50 per share. The remaining options expired unexercised.

Subsequent to the year ended January 31, 2020, the outbreak of COVID-19 has resulted in the federal and provincial governments enacting numerous measures such as the implementation of a travel ban, self-imposed quarantine periods and social distancing. These measures have caused material disruption to businesses and has resulted in an economic slowdown.

During this time the Company has entered into rent deferral arrangements with certain tenants whose business has been impacted as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. Deferral requests are being handled on a case-by-case basis. It is not possible to forecast with certainty the duration and full scope of the economic impact of COVID-19 and accordingly certain aspects of the Company's operations could be affected, including rent collection, occupancy rates, demands for space, capitalization rates, and the resulting value of the Company's properties. The full extent and duration of COVID-19 remains uncertain at this time.

14. Other MD & A Requirements

Additional information relating to the Company has been filed on SEDAR and is available at www.sedar.com.