

PANTERA SILVER CORP.
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the three and six months ended November 30, 2025

1.1 DATE OF REPORT January 29, 2026

1.2 OVERALL PERFORMANCE

General

The following discussion and analysis, prepared as of January 29, 2025, should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2025 and unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended November 30, 2025, and related notes attached thereto. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB"), applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 - *Interim Financial Reporting*. All amounts are stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Pantera Silver Corp. (the "Company") is incorporated in the Province of British Columbia (extra-provincially registered in the Province of Alberta). On March 11, 2021, Red Oak Mining Corp. changed its name to Pantera Silver Corp. to better reflect the Company's focus on its newly acquired Nuevo Taxco Silver property. The Company's registered and record office is located at Pacific Centre 400-725 Granville St, Vancouver, BC V7Y 1G5. The Company is listed on the TSX-Venture Exchange ("TSXV") in Canada, under the symbol PNTR.V and OTCPK, under the symbol PNTRF.

Previously, the Company was involved in the development and acquisition of geophysical data for the oil & gas resource exploration industry. In recent years, the Company's principal business activities has been focused on the acquisition and exploration of mineral property assets.

As at November 30, 2025, the Company had not yet determined whether the properties contain reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of amounts shown for an exploration and evaluation asset is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, confirmation of the Company's interest in the underlying mineral claims, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development of and future profitable production from the properties or realizing proceeds from their disposition.

Forward Looking Information

Certain statements in this Management Discussion and Analysis constitute forward-looking statements under applicable securities legislation. Forward-looking statements or information typically containing statements with words such as "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "plan", "intend", "estimate", "propose" or similar words suggesting future outcomes or statements regarding, and outlook. Forward-looking statements or information in this Management Discussion and Analysis include, but are not limited to, statements regarding:

- Business objectives, plans and strategies;
- Exploration objectives, plans and strategies; and,
- Certain geological interpretations and expectations.

Such forward-looking statements or information are based on a number of assumptions which may prove to be incorrect. In addition to other assumptions identified in this Management Discussion and Analysis, assumptions have been made regarding, among other things:

- The ability of the Company to continue to fund its operations through financings, options and joint ventures;
- The ability of the Company to obtain equipment, services and supplies in a timely manner to carry out its activities;
- The level of exploration activities and opportunities;
- The ability of the Company to retain access and develop its mineral claims; and
- Current and future mineral commodity prices.

Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements or information are reasonable, undue reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements because the Company can give no assurance that such expectations will prove correct. Forward-looking statements or information are based on current expectations, estimates and projections that involve a number of risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated by the Company and described in the forward-looking statements or information. These risks and uncertainties include but are not limited to:

- The ability of management to execute objectives, plans and strategies;
- Exploration, development and operational risks inherent in the mining industry;
- Market conditions;
- Risks and uncertainties inherent in geology and exploration for deposits;
- Potential delays and changes in plans;
- The Company's ability to retain land tenure;
- Uncertainties regarding financings and funding;
- General economic and business conditions;
- Possibility of governmental policy changes;
- Changes in First Nations policies;
- Other risks and uncertainties described within this document.

The forward-looking statements or information contained in this Management Discussion and Analysis are made as of the date hereof and the Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements or information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless so required by applicable securities law.

All financial results presented in this MD&A are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Significant Acquisitions and Dispositions

Oil and Gas Properties

Provost Project, Alberta

In February 2003, the Company acquired a 100% interest in an oil well (16-28) and an 18% interest in a shut-in gas well (02/13-17) located in the Provost area of Alberta. The property encompasses 1,220 acres in the Provost area and the well initially produced 12 barrels of oil and associated liquids per day when acquired. This property was abandoned in 2007. During the year ended May 31, 2009, the Company recognized reclamation costs of \$34,400 associated with environmental remediation for this property which amount has been added to the capitalized cost of the mineral property and recognized as a site restoration liability.

During the year ended May 31, 2010, the Company abandoned the oil well and determined that it would be required to perform additional reclamation work. As at November 30, 2025, the estimate to perform the reclamation work is \$49,800 (May 31, 2025 - \$54,000) based on quotations obtained by third party consultants. The Company previously deposited \$16,000 with the Alberta Energy Resources Conservation Board ("AECB"), which amount is shown as restricted cash on the statement of financial position. The \$16,000 deposit plus interest will be refunded once the AECB is satisfied that the Company has performed all necessary decommissioning activities.

During the six months ended November 30, 2025, the Company has spent \$4,200 (2024 - \$nil).

Provost 16-28 Oil Well: This well was abandoned in October 2009.

Provost 02/13-17 Gas Well: This gas well was acquired in 2003. A 62.5 hr flow test was completed in August 2007. The well began producing in December 2007. It produced until the end of February 2009 at which point the well was shut-in by the operator due to low gas rates, low gas prices and increasing operating costs. In October 2019, the Company signed a Notice of Assignment with Tamarack Acquisition Corp (the "Assignee") to transfer 100% working interest in the shut-in gas well (02/13-17) located in the Provost area of Alberta for a total proceeds of \$27,000.

Mineral Exploration Properties

Nuevo Taxco Silver-Gold Project, Mexico

On November 12, 2020, the Company entered into a property acquisition agreement with Impact Silver Corp. (“Impact Silver”) whereby the Company may earn a 100% interest in the Nuevo Taxco Silver-Gold Project (the “Property”) located approximately 80 km south west of Mexico City and west of the municipality of Tetipac within the Pregones Silver- Gold District (the “Transaction”).

On October 28, 2021 and on October 30, 2023, the Company entered into amending agreements to amend the payment and exploration expenditures.

Under the agreement, the Company may earn a 100% interest in the Property by making certain staged cash payments, issuing common shares in the capital of the Company to Impact Silver and making exploration expenditures over a 3-year period as follows:

- i. \$1,000 in cash upon execution of the letter of intent in respect of the Transaction (paid);
- ii. \$49,000 in cash (paid) and 500,000 common shares upon TSXV approval of the Transaction and closing of the Financing (the “Closing Date”) (issued);
- iii. \$100,000 in cash (paid) and 1,000,000 common shares on or before March 20, 2022 (issued);
- iv. \$200,000 in exploration expenditures on or before March 20, 2022 (completed);
- v. \$400,000 in exploration expenditures on or before March 20, 2023 (waived);
- vi. 1,500,000 common shares on or before October 31, 2023 (issued in lieu of \$150,000 cash payment);
- vii. 2,000,000 common shares on or before October 20, 2024 (issued) or at the option of the Vendor for \$150,000 (in lieu of 1,500,000 common shares) and 500,000 common shares;
- viii. \$800,000 in exploration expenditures on or before October 30, 2025 (not met).

The Company paid a finder’s fee with regards to the property acquisition equal to 10% of the value consideration for year one of the Agreement satisfied in common shares of the Company at the same price per share as the Transaction, being 100,000 common shares with a value of \$10,000.

Impact Silver will retain a 1% net smelter return royalty (“NSR”) with the Company retaining the right to acquire 100% of the royalty for a cash payment of \$1,000,000.

During the year ended May 31, 2023, the Company did not meet the requirements of the agreement and therefore, assessed the carrying value and impaired the property to \$1. As at November 30, 2025, it is uncertain whether the Mexican Ministry of Economy will approve an extension on the option agreement, as a result, the property has remained impaired.

During the year ended May 31, 2025, the Company issued 2,000,000 common shares with a fair value of \$520,000 as consideration under the property acquisition agreement for the Nuevo Taxco Silver-Gold project. During the six month ended November 30, 2025, the Company incurred \$19,495 (2024 - \$151,280) in exploration expenditures on the property, primarily relating to land concession tax. These expenses were expensed through the statement of loss and comprehensive loss.

Rakanco Silver

In December 2024, the Company entered into a definitive agreement to acquire three mining rights of the Rakanco project, located in the Mejillones and Sabaya provinces, Oruro Department in southwest Bolivia.

Under the terms of the definitive agreement, the Company can earn a 100% interest in the Rakanco project by making certain staged cash payments totaling USD\$471,000, by issuing an aggregate 2,900,000 common shares and by incurring exploration expenditures totaling USD\$1,275,000 over a four-year period:

- USD\$40,000 in cash (paid), 500,000 common shares (issued) and USD\$75,000 (met) in exploration and expenditures on or before December 2, 2025;
- Additional USD\$40,343 in cash (paid) on or before December 2, 2025;

- USD\$50,000 in cash, 600,000 common shares and USD\$200,000 (spent USD\$109,356) in exploration and expenditures on or before December 2, 2026;
- USD\$75,000 in cash, 800,000 common shares and USD\$400,000 in exploration and expenditures on or before December 2, 2027; and
- USD\$305,000 USD in cash, 1,000,000 common shares and USD\$600,000 in exploration and expenditures on or before December 2, 2028.

In addition, the Company will make a USD\$1,250,000 cash payment and issue 1,250,000 common shares in the capital of the Company upon a favourable Preliminary Economic Assessment (“PEA”). The Company has until December 2, 2028 to complete the PEA, under the option agreement.

Upon completion of all contractual obligations, the Company subject to a 2% NSR, with the option to purchase one half of the NSR for USD\$2,500,000.

1.3 SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

	May 31, 2025	May 31, 2024	May 31, 2023
Total revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Loss before other items	\$ (1,092,280)	\$ (430,566)	\$ (189,500)
Net loss	\$ (1,091,351)	\$ (399,635)	\$ (1,001,273)
Loss per share basic and diluted	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.03)
Total assets	\$ 3,462,166	\$ 34,522	\$ 122,450

1.4 RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company has recorded a net loss of \$239,892 or \$0.00 per basic and diluted share (2024 – \$341,501 or \$0.01 per basic and diluted share) and had a cumulative deficit of \$38,351,431 for the six months ended November 30, 2025 as compared to \$38,111,539 for the year ended May 31, 2025.

For the six months ended November 30, 2025 and 2024

The Company recorded a net loss for the six months ended November 30, 2025 of \$239,892 or \$0.00 per basic and diluted share as compared to \$341,501 or \$0.01 per basic and diluted share for the six months ended November 30, 2024.

Total operating expenses were \$240,212 for the six months ended November 30, 2025, a decrease of \$101,794 as compared to \$342,006 for the six months ended November 30, 2024.

Accounting and audit fees decreased by \$5,145, primarily due to additional annual audit fees charged in prior year.

Management fees decreased by \$2,500 due to timing of monthly expenditure charged by management personnel in prior year.

Directors’ fees increased by \$10,000, as the Company made an accrual for the first two quarters of 2026.

Exploration expenditures decreased by \$131,785, primarily due to the prior year land concession tax payment covering the full period from 2021.

Professional fees increased by \$21,555, primarily due to higher consulting fee incurred for the Bolivia project.

For the three months ended August 31, 2025 and 2024

The Company recorded a net loss for the three months ended August 31, 2025 of \$85,632 or \$0.00 per basic and diluted share as compared to \$220,586 or \$0.01 per basic and diluted share for the three months ended August 31, 2024.

Total operating expenses were \$85,792 for the three months ended August 31, 2025, a decrease of \$135,065 as compared to \$220,857 for the three months ended August 31, 2024.

Accounting and audit fees increased by \$4,875, primarily due to quarterly accounting fees charged by the Company's bookkeeper and additional accruals made in the quarter.

Management fees decreased by \$10,000 was due to timing of monthly expenditure charged by management personnel.

Directors' fees increased by \$4,000, as the Company made an accrual for the first quarter of 2026.

Exploration expenditures decreased by \$138,989, primarily due to higher land concession tax paid for the Nuevo Taxco Silver-Gold project in prior year.

Professional fees decreased by \$8,710, primarily due to higher legal services incurred in Bolivia prior to signing the definitive agreement to earn up to a 100% interest on the Rakanco Silver Property in prior year.

1.5 SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following table presents certain selected financial information on a quarterly basis:

Periods ended	Revenue \$	Net loss \$	Net loss per share \$
August 31, 2025	-	(85,632)	(0.01)
May 31, 2025	-	(494,240)	(0.01)
February 28, 2025	-	(255,610)	(0.01)
November 30, 2024	-	(120,915)	(0.00)
August 31, 2024	-	(220,586)	(0.01)
May 31, 2024	-	(278,499)	(0.01)
February 29, 2024	-	(36,214)	(0.00)
November 30, 2023	-	(45,920)	(0.00)

Net loss for the 3-month period ended May 31, 2025 was \$494,240, mainly due to exploration expenditure recorded in the period.

Net loss for the 3-month period ended May 31, 2024 was \$278,499, mainly due to exploration expenditures recorded in the period.

1.6 LIQUIDITY

As at November 30, 2025, the Company had a working capital of \$6,775,075 (May 31, 2025 – \$2,891,350) and had not yet achieved profitable operations, has accumulated losses of \$38,351,431 (May 31, 2025 – \$38,111,539) since its inception and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate future profitable operations and/or to obtain the necessary financing including support from related parties to meet its ongoing levels of corporate overhead, and discharge its liabilities as they come due. These circumstances comprise a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. At this time the Company is managing its financial resources to minimize expenditures while it determines its future direction.

Although the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing, there is no assurance that it will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that such financing will be on terms advantageous to the Company.

Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements do not give effect to adjustments, if any that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and, therefore, be required to realize its assets and liquidate its liabilities in other than the normal course of business and at amounts which may differ from those shown in these financial statements. These adjustments could be material.

Cash Flow from Operations

During the three months ended August 31, 2025, the Company had \$70,492 cash out flow from operations compared to \$265,684 in the same period last year. During the current period accounts payable increased by \$41,356 (2024 – \$103,288), due to related parties decreased by \$34,857 (2024 – \$139,116), accounts receivable decreased by \$2,655 (2024 – increased by \$4,270), and prepaid and deposit decreased by \$10,186 (2024 – increased by \$5,000).

Investing Activities

During the three months ended August 31, 2025, the Company had \$46,737 used in investing activities compared to \$271 in the same period last year.

Financing Activities

During the three months ended August 31, 2025, the Company received \$279,999 from warrants exercised compared to \$1,299,352 through private placement in the same period last year.

Since incorporation, the Company's capital resources have been limited. In addition to having to rely upon cash generated from operations, the Company has had to rely upon the sale of equity and debt securities for cash required for administration and development programs, among other things. While there are presently no known specific trends, events or uncertainties that are likely to result in the Company's liquidity decreasing in any material way over the next year, it is unlikely that significant cash will be generated from operations over this period. Since the Company is unlikely to have significant cash flow, the Company will have to continue to rely upon equity and debt financing during such period. There can be no assurance that financing, whether debt or equity, will always be available to the Company in the amount required at any particular time or for any particular period or, if available, that it can be obtained on terms satisfactory to the Company. The Company does not have any commitments for material capital expenditures over either the near or long term and none are presently contemplated over normal operating requirements.

The Company's working capital and liquidity fluctuate in proportion to its ongoing equity financing activities, as the Company does not generate significant cash flow from its operations. The Company requires a certain amount of liquid capital in order to sustain its operations, to meet various obligations as specified under the Company's resource property acquisition agreements. Should the Company fail to obtain future equity financing due to reasons as described above, it will not be able to meet these obligations and may lose its interests in the properties covered by the agreements. Further, should the Company be unable to obtain sufficient equity financing for working capital, it may be unable to meet its ongoing operational commitments. Continued operations are therefore dependent upon ongoing equity financing activities.

Dividend Record and Policy

The Company has not declared any dividends since incorporation and does not intend to declare dividends in the foreseeable future. If the Company generates earnings in future, it expects that they will be retained to finance future growth and, where appropriate, retire debt.

1.7 CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company does not have significant revenue from its business and has relied on equity financings to meet its cash requirements. Although the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing through the sale of equity securities, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future.

During the three months ended August 31, 2025, the Company issued 1,400,000 common shares for warrants exercised at the exercise price of \$0.20 for gross proceeds of \$279,999.

During the year ended May 31, 2025, the Company issued 4,799,500 common shares for the exercise of warrants at an exercise price of \$0.20 for gross proceeds of \$959,900.

On March 28, 2025, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement, by issuing 6,600,000 units at a price of \$0.25 per unit, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$1,650,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each share purchase warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share in the capital of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.40 per share for a period of two years, expiring March 28, 2027.

The Company incurred cash share issuance costs of \$20,378, consisting legal and filing fees of \$15,503 and finder's fees of \$4,875, resulting in net proceeds of \$1,629,622. Additionally, the Company issued 16,000 finders' warrants at \$0.40 per share for a period of two years following the date of issuance.

The fair value of the brokers' warrants was determined based on the closing trading price on March 28, 2025 and the fair value of warrants was determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model and \$4,640 was recorded as share issuance costs using the following assumptions: a volatility of 242.83%; risk-free interest rate of 2.49%; expected life of 2 years; and a dividend rate of 0%.

On February 13, 2025, the Company issued 2,000,000 common shares at price of \$0.26 for a fair value of \$520,000 pursuant to the Nuevo Taxo Silver - Gold property option agreement.

On January 23, 2025, the Company issued 500,000 common shares at price \$0.28 for a fair value of \$140,000 pursuant to the Rakanco property option agreement.

On July 3, and July 18, 2024, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement, by issuing 11,428,333 units at a price of \$0.12 per unit, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$1,371,400. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each share purchase warrant entitles the holder there of to acquire one common share in the capital of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.20 per share for a period of two years following the date of issuance.

The Company incurred cash share issuance costs of \$22,632, consisting legal and filing fees of \$12,432 and finder's fees of \$10,200, resulting in net proceeds of \$1,348,768. Additionally, the Company issued 81,667 non-transferable finder's warrants to arm's length finders in connection with this initial closing tranche. Each finders' warrant entitles the holder thereof to acquire one common share in the capital of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.20 per share for a period of two years following the date of issuance.

The fair value of the brokers' warrants was determined based on the closing trading price on July 18, 2024 and the fair value of warrants was determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model and \$10,726 was recorded as share issuance costs using the following assumptions: a volatility of 224.81%; risk-free interest rate of 3.70%; expected life of 2 years; and a dividend rate of 0%.

The net proceeds of the private placement are intended to be used for exploration work, potential additional acquisitions and general working capital.

1.8 OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

1.9 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key Management Compensation

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly. Key management personnel include the Company's executive officers and Board of Director members.

During the three months ended August 31, 2025, the Company entered into the following transactions with the related parties:

- a) Accrued accounting fees of \$7,000 (2024 – \$2,125) with Jin Passage Consulting Inc. (a company controlled by the CFO of the Company).
- b) Incurred and accrued management fees of \$30,000 (2024 – \$22,500) with Tehama Venture and Tehama Capital Corp. (companies controlled by the director, President and CEO of the Company).
- c) Incurred and accrued director fees of \$3,000 (2024 – \$1,000) with a director of the Company.
- d) Incurred and accrued director fees of \$3,000 (2024 – \$1,000) with JTG Investment and Marketing Consulting (a company controlled by a director of the Company).
- e) As at August 31, 2025, \$45,816 (May 31, 2025 – \$80,673) was owing to companies controlled by directors and officers of the Company. The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and due on demand.

1.10 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Critical Accounting estimates represent estimates that are highly uncertain and for which changes in those estimates could materially impact the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company makes estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and contingent assets and contingent liabilities at the reporting date. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions. The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in comprehensive income in the period of change, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both. Significant judgments made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty are the same as those that applied to the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2025.

1.11 PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

- a) On October 17, 2025, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement, by issuing a total of 7,700,000 unit at a price of \$0.50 per unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$3,850,000. Each unit consist of one common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.75 for a period of two years, expiring October 17, 2027. In connection with the private placement, the Company will pay cash finders' fee of \$9,000.

The closing of the private placement remains subject to customary conditions, including the receipt of all necessary regulatory approvals and final acceptance by the TSX-V. All securities issued under the private placement are subject to a four-month-plus-one-day statutory hold period, expiring on February 17, 2026, in accordance with applicable Canadian securities laws.

- b) Subsequent to the quarter ended August 31, 2025, the Company issued 1,266,667 common shares for warrants exercised at the exercise price of \$0.20 for gross proceeds of \$253,333.

1.12 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND CAPITAL DISCLOSURES

(a) Fair value of financial instruments

IFRS requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. IFRS establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the level of independent, objective evidence surrounding the inputs used to measure fair value.

A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. IFRS prioritizes the inputs into three levels that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Valuations based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Valuations based on directly or indirectly observable inputs in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, other than Level 1 prices such as quoted interest or currency exchange rates; and

Level 3: Valuations based on significant inputs that are not derived from observable market data, such as discounted cash flow methodologies based on internal cash flow forecasts.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
August 31, 2025				
Cash	\$ 3,242,252	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,242,252
Restricted cash	21,133	-	-	21,133
	\$ 3,263,385	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,263,385
May 31, 2025				
Cash	\$ 3,079,482	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,079,482
Restricted cash	20,974	-	-	20,974
	\$ 3,100,456	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,100,456

The fair value of cash and restricted cash are determined based on Level 1 inputs which consist of quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. As at August 31, 2025, the Company believes that the carrying values of its accounts payable and accrued liabilities and due to related parties approximate their fair values because of their nature and relatively short term to maturity or duration.

(b) Risk management

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company is exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash and restricted cash. To minimize this risk, cash and restricted cash is placed with major Canadian financial institutions. The Company considers this risk to be minimal as of August 31, 2025.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company does not have operating cash flow and therefore has relied primarily on equity financing and loans from related parties to meet its capital requirements. As at August 31, 2025, the Company has a working capital of \$3,057,337 (2024 – 2,891,350). The Company may need to obtain additional financing to meet the obligations as they come due.

Commodity Price Risk

The Company's ability to raise capital to fund exploration or development activities is subject to risk associated with fluctuations in the market prices of resource commodities.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk due to the relatively short-term maturity of its monetary assets and liabilities.

(c) Capital management

The Company manages its capital, consisting of share capital and working capital, in a manner consistent with the risk characteristic of the assets it holds. All sources of financing are analyzed by management and approved by the Board of Directors.

The Company's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company is meeting its objective of managing capital through preparing short-term and long-term cash flow analysis to ensure an adequate amount of liquidity. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital restrictions.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year. The Company is not subject to any external restrictions on its capital.

1.12 NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS NOT YET ADOPTED

IFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements. This standard aims to improve the consistency and clarity of financial statement presentation and disclosures by providing updated guidance on the structure and content of financial statements. Key changes include enhanced requirements for the presentation of financial performance, financial position, and cash flows, as well as additional disclosures to improve transparency and comparability. IFRS 18 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. The Company is currently assessing the impact that the adoption of IFRS 18 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

1.13 OTHER MD&A REQUIREMENTS

Financial And Disclosure Controls and Procedures

During the three months ended August 31, 2025, there has been no significant change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting since last year.

The Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company are responsible for establishing and maintaining appropriate information systems, procedures and controls to ensure that information used internally and disclosed externally is complete, reliable and timely. They are also responsible for establishing adequate internal controls over financial reporting to provide sufficient knowledge to support the representations made in this MD&A and the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended August 31, 2025 (together the "Interim Filings"). The Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company have filed the Venture Issuer Basic Certificate with the Interim Filings on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

In contrast to the certificate required for non-venture issuers under National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings ("NI 52-109"), the venture issuer basic certificate does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as defined in NI 52-109. Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement on a cost effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in NI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency, and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

Outstanding Share Data

The Company's authorized share capital consists of unlimited common shares without par value. The Company has only one kind and class of shares and there are no unusual rights or restrictions attached to that class. As at the date of this report 66,676,556 shares were issued and outstanding.

As at the date of this report, the following stock options were outstanding and exercisable:

Date Issued	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of Options Outstanding	Number of Options Exercisable
November 3, 2021	March 10, 2026	\$ 0.20	2,200,000	2,200,000
			2,200,000	2,200,000

As at the date of this report, the following warrants were outstanding and exercisable:

Date Issued	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of Warrants Outstanding	Number of Warrants Exercisable
July 3, 2024	July 3, 2026	\$ 0.20	5,977,000	5,977,000
July 18, 2024	July 18, 2026	\$ 0.20	2,816,333	2,816,333
March 28, 2025	March 28, 2027	\$ 0.40	6,616,000	6,616,000
			15,409,333	15,409,333

Additional Disclosure for Venture Issuers without Significant Revenue

Schedule of General and Administrative costs for the three months ended August 31, 2025 and 2024:

For the three months ended August 31,	2025	2024
Expenses		
Accounting and audit	\$ 11,822	\$ 6,947
Bank charges	315	377
Director fees	6,000	2,000
Exploration expenditures	10,552	149,541
Filing and share transfer fees	1,424	5,338
Management fees	30,000	22,500
Office and administration	4,983	2,951
Professional fees	6,057	14,767
Shareholders' information	455	2,959
Travel	14,184	13,477
	\$ (85,792)	\$ (220,857)