

MANAGEMENT'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Hemisphere Energy Corporation:

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and the consistent presentation of all other financial information that is publicly disclosed. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies detailed in the notes to the financial statements and in accordance with IFRS and include estimates and assumptions based on management's best judgment. Management maintains a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded and that relevant and reliable financial information is produced in a timely manner.

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed financial statements have not been reviewed by the Company's auditors.

The Audit Committee, consisting of independent members of the Board of Directors, has reviewed financial statements with management. The Board of Directors has approved the financial statements on the recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Vancouver, British Columbia
November 21, 2018

(signed) "Don Simmons"

Don Simmons, President & CEO

(signed) "Dorlyn Evancic"

Dorlyn Evancic, Chief Financial Officer

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION*(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**(Unaudited)*

	Note	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 366,496	\$ 1,372,991
Accounts receivable		2,135,943	1,368,208
Prepaid expenses		116,490	214,247
		2,618,929	2,955,446
Non-current assets			
Reclamation deposits	8	115,535	115,535
Exploration and evaluation assets	6	7,473,280	4,894,108
Property and equipment	7	49,627,183	39,894,023
Deferred charges	10	985,598	1,210,691
Total assets		\$ 60,820,525	\$ 49,069,803
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 5,584,897	\$ 2,645,307
Fair value of financial instruments	3(c)	3,298,192	1,579,726
		8,883,089	4,225,033
Non-current liabilities			
Term loan	10	26,612,024	17,465,518
Fair value of financial instruments	3(c)	2,438,970	843,556
Decommissioning obligations	8	7,129,193	6,176,112
		45,063,276	28,710,219
Shareholders' Equity			
Share capital	11	54,724,441	54,724,441
Contributed surplus		926,336	649,775
Warrant reserve	11(c)	1,043,136	1,043,136
Deficit		(40,936,664)	(36,057,768)
Total shareholders' equity		15,757,249	20,359,584
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		\$ 60,820,525	\$ 49,069,803

Commitments (Note 12)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed financial statements.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

*(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**(Unaudited)*

	Note	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30	
		2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenue					
Oil and natural gas revenue		\$ 5,856,762	\$ 2,733,656	\$ 14,869,598	\$ 7,446,068
Royalties		(1,186,777)	(586,468)	(2,696,740)	(1,278,205)
		4,669,985	2,147,188	12,172,858	6,167,863
Realized gain on financial instruments		(760,580)	31,902	(2,273,464)	178,085
Unrealized (loss) gain on financial instruments	3(c)	(721,244)	190,999	(3,313,880)	221,129
Net revenue		3,188,161	2,370,089	6,585,514	6,567,077
Expenses					
Production and operating		1,430,769	970,984	4,135,825	3,083,153
Exploration and evaluation	6	10,533	9,295	36,074	33,585
Depletion and depreciation	7	1,298,482	853,699	3,190,562	2,253,393
General and administrative		377,101	367,074	1,273,612	1,032,293
Share-based payments	11(b)	56,854	214,387	174,952	215,480
		3,173,739	2,415,439	8,811,025	6,617,904
Results from operating activities		14,422	(45,350)	(2,225,510)	(50,827)
Finance expense	9	(869,522)	(208,386)	(2,267,376)	(548,310)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		618,755	(274,336)	(386,015)	(274,336)
Net loss before tax		(236,344)	(528,072)	(4,878,900)	(873,473)
Deferred tax recovery	11(c)	-	385,818	-	385,818
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period		\$ (236,344)	\$ (142,254)	\$ (4,878,900)	\$ (487,655)
Net loss per share					
Basic and diluted	11(d)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.01)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed financial statements.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

*(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**(Unaudited)*

	Note	Number common shares	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Warrant Reserve	Deficit	Total Equity
Balance, December 31, 2016		85,745,102	\$ 53,838,621	\$ 1,192,106	\$ -	\$ (33,136,591)	\$ 21,894,136
Flow-through share issuance		4,048,200	1,133,496	-	-	-	1,133,496
Share issuance costs		-	(85,748)	-	-	-	(85,748)
Flow-through share premium		-	(161,928)	-	-	-	(161,928)
Share-based payments	11(b)	-	-	332,669	-	-	332,669
Expiry of stock options		-	-	(875,000)	-	875,000	-
Warrant Issue – net deferred tax	11(c)	-	-	-	1,043,136	-	1,043,136
Net loss for the year		-	-	-	-	(3,796,175)	(3,796,175)
Balance, December 31, 2017		89,793,302	\$ 54,724,441	\$ 649,775	\$ 1,043,136	\$ (36,057,768)	\$ 20,359,584
Balance, December 31, 2017		89,793,302	\$ 54,724,441	\$ 649,775	\$ 1,043,136	\$ (36,057,768)	\$ 20,359,584
Share-based payments		-	-	276,565	-	-	276,565
Net loss for the year		-	-	-	-	(4,878,900)	(4,878,900)
Balance, September 30, 2018		89,793,302	\$ 54,724,441	\$ 926,340	\$ 1,043,136	\$ (40,936,668)	\$ 15,757,249

Comparison with nine months ended, 2017:

	Note	Number common shares	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Warrant Reserve	Deficit	Total Equity
Balance, December 31, 2016		85,745,102	\$ 53,838,621	\$ 1,192,106	\$ -	\$ (33,136,591)	\$ 21,894,136
Non-flow-through share		-	-	-	-	-	-
Flow-through share issuance		4,048,200	1,133,496	-	-	-	1,133,496
Share issuance costs		-	(85,748)	-	-	-	(85,748)
Share-based payemnts	11(b)	-	-	310,150	-	-	310,150
Expiry of stock options		-	-	(875,000)	-	875,000	-
Warrant Issue – net deferred tax	11(c)	-	-	-	1,043,136	-	-
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	-	(487,655)	(487,655)
Balance, September 30, 2017		89,793,302	\$ 54,886,369	\$ 627,256	\$ 1,043,136	\$ (32,749,246)	\$ 23,807,513

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed financial statements.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Operating activities				
Net income (loss) for the period	\$ (236,344)	\$ (142,254)	\$ (4,878,900)	\$ (487,655)
Items not affecting cash:				
Accretion of debt issuance costs	51,625	2,285	148,815	2,285
Accretion of decommissioning costs	34,587	26,932	103,759	80,795
Amortization of deferred charges	76,129	13,800	225,094	13,800
Deferred tax (recover)	-	(385,818)	-	(385,818)
Depletion and depreciation	1,298,482	853,699	3,190,562	2,253,393
Exploration and evaluation expense	10,533	9,295	36,074	33,585
Share-based payments	56,855	214,387	174,952	215,480
Unrealized loss (gain) on financial instruments	721,244	(190,999)	3,313,880	(221,129)
Unrealized loss (gain) on foreign exchange	(624,642)	256,512	424,044	256,512
	1,387,469	657,840	2,738,280	1,761,249
Changes in non-cash working capital	805,358	297,947	(739,285)	(12,399)
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,192,827	955,786	1,998,995	1,748,849
Investing activities				
Property and equipment expenditures	(8,219,366)	(317,967)	(11,508,888)	(1,074,168)
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	(965,726)	(2,790,014)	(3,079,144)	(2,951,633)
Changes in non-cash working capital	1,716,824	2,171,163	3,008,897	2,043,523
Cash used in investing activities	(7,468,268)	(936,817)	(11,579,137)	(1,982,277)
Financing activities				
Shares issued for cash, net of issue costs	-	11,760	-	1,047,747
Change in bank indebtedness	-	(10,463,948)	-	(11,247,537)
Proceeds from term loan	4,928,635	11,087,883	8,573,645	11,087,883
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	4,928,635	635,695	8,573,645	888,093
Net change in cash	(346,807)	654,665	(1,006,495)	654,665
Cash, beginning of period	713,303	-	1,372,991	-
Cash, end of period	\$ 366,496	\$ 654,665	\$ 366,496	\$ 654,665

Supplemental cash flow information (Note 12)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed financial statements.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

1. Nature and Continuance of Operations

Hemisphere Energy Corporation (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of British Columbia on March 6, 1978. The Company's principal business is the acquisition, exploration, development and production of petroleum and natural gas interests in Canada. It is a publicly traded company listed on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol "HME". The Company's head office is located at Suite 2000, 1055 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6E 2E9.

2. Basis of Presentation

(a) Statement of compliance

These unaudited interim condensed financial statements ("Financial Statements") have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 – Interim Financial Reporting using accounting policies consistent with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These Financial Statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

These financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on November 21, 2018.

(b) Basis of presentation

These Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments and share-based payments, which are stated at their fair values.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These Financial Statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

(d) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of these Financial Statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that may affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may materially differ from these estimates.

Estimates and their underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates

are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

(e) Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS and follow the same accounting policies as described in Note 3 of the Company's audited annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. There have been no changes to the Company's accounting policies since the Company's audited annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 were issued.

At the date of these financial statements the standards and interpretations listed below were issued but not yet effective. The adoption of these standards may result in future changes to existing accounting policies and disclosures.

- a) IFRS 15 - In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers," which replaces IAS 18 "Revenue," IAS 11 "Construction Contracts," and related interpretations. The standard is required to be adopted either retrospectively or using a modified transition approach for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The new standard provides a single, principles-based five-step analysis of transactions to determine the nature of an entity's obligation to perform and whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. New estimates and judgmental thresholds have been introduced, which may affect the amount and/or timing of revenue recognized.

The Company has adopted IFRS 15 effective January 1, 2018 and applied IFRS 15 to all of its contracts with customers using the modified respective method. Under this method, prior period financial statements have not been restated. Management reviewed the Company's revenue streams and major contracts with customers using the IFRS 15 principles-based five-step model and concluded there were no material changes to earnings or in the timing of when production revenue is recognized. As a result, no adjustments were required in the January 1, 2018 opening balance sheet.

The adoption of IFRS 15 does result in new disclosure requirements contained in note 5 of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The Company primarily earns revenue from sales of the production of light oil, heavy oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids. The Company may earn revenue from fees charged to third parties for processing and other services (i.e., gas and other product processing, etc.) provided at locations where the Company has processing facilities, however, the Company does not currently conduct any third party processing.

Revenues from the sale of crude oil, natural gas liquids and natural gas is recognized based on the consideration specified in contracts with customers. The Company recognizes revenue when it transfers control of the product to the customer, which is generally when legal title passes to the customer which is when it is physically transferred to the pipeline or other transportation method agreed upon and collection is reasonably assured. Any revenues from processing activities are recognized over time as processing occurs, and are generally billed monthly.

The Company evaluates its arrangements with third parties and partners to determine if the Company is acting as the principal or as an agent. The Company is considered the principal in a transaction when it has primary responsibility for the transaction. If the Company acts in the capacity of an agent rather than as a principal in a transaction, then the revenue is recognized on a net basis, only reflecting the fee, if any, realized by the Company from the transaction

- b) IFRS 9 - In July 2014, the IASB finalized the remaining elements of IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments, which includes new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, amends the impairment model and outlines a new general hedge accounting standard.

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted all of the requirements of IFRS 9, “Financial Instruments” (“IFRS 9”) which replaces IAS 39, “Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement” (“IAS 39”). The adoption of IFRS 9 had no material impact to the Company’s condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

IFRS 9 contains three principal classification categories for financial assets: measured at amortized cost; fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVOCI”); or fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”). The classification of financial assets under IFRS 9 is generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. IFRS 9 eliminates the previous IAS 39 categories of held to maturity, loans and receivables and available for sale. IFRS 9 largely retains the existing requirements in IAS 39 for the classification of financial liabilities.

The following table shows the original measurement categories under IAS 39 and the new measurement categories under IFRS 9 as at January 1, 2018 for each class of the Company’s financial assets and financial liabilities:

	Measurement category	
	IAS 39	IFRS 9
Financial instrument		
Cash and cash equivalents	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost
Accounts receivable	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost
Financial derivative contracts	Fair value via profit or loss	Fair value via profit or loss
Accounts payable		
and accrued liabilities	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Amortized cost
Term loan	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Amortized cost

There were no adjustments to the carrying amounts of the Company’s financial instruments as a result of the change in classification from IAS 39 to IFRS 9. The Company does not apply hedge accounting.

IFRS 9 replaces the “incurred loss” model in IAS 39 with an “expected credit loss” (“ECL”) model. The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to expected lifetime ECLs. Lifetime ECLs are the anticipated ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial asset. ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit loss and are discounted at the effective interest rate of the related financial asset. The application of the new expected

credit loss model did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial assets.

- c) In January 2017, the IASB issued IFRS 16 Leases, which replaces IAS 17 Leases. For lessees applying IFRS 16, a single recognition and measurement model for leases would apply, with required recognition of assets and liabilities for most leases. The standard will come into effect for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with earlier adoption permitted if the entity is also applying IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The Company is currently identifying contracts that will be identified as leases and evaluating the impact of the standard on the consolidated financial statements.

There are no other standards and interpretations in issue but not yet adopted that are expected to have a material effect on the reported earnings or net assets of the Company.

3. Financial Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks that arise as a result of its exploration, development, production and financing activities such as credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of these risks. Management sets controls to manage such risks and monitors them on an ongoing basis pertaining to market conditions and the Company's activities.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its payment obligations. This risk arises principally from the Company's receivables from joint operators and oil and natural gas marketers, and reclamation deposits. The credit risk associated with reclamation deposits is minimized substantially by ensuring this financial asset is placed with major financial institutions with strong investment-grade ratings by a primary ratings agency. The credit risk associated with accounts receivable is mitigated as the Company monitors monthly balances to limit the risk associated with collections. The Company does not anticipate any default. There are no balances past due past 90 days or impaired.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is as follows:

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Accounts receivable		
Marketing receivables	\$ 1,844,020	\$ 1,284,474
Trade receivables	\$ 291,869	\$ 76,437
Receivables from joint ventures	54	7,297
Reclamation deposits	115,535	115,535
	\$ 2,251,478	\$ 1,483,743

The Company sells the majority of its oil production to a single oil marketer and, therefore, is subject to concentration risk which is mitigated by management's policies and practices related to credit risk, as discussed above. The Company historically has never experienced any collection issues with its oil marketer.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company regularly prepares and updates budgets and forecasts in order to monitor its liquidity and ability to meet its financial obligations and commitments, including the ability to comply with the financial covenants under the Company's Term Loan. The volatility in commodity prices (most notably the recent increase in heavy oil differentials) and foreign exchange rates may adversely affect the Company's operating results and financial position and it is possible that the Company could breach one or more of its financial covenants. A covenant violation is considered an event of default under the Term Loan, and if not remedied or waived by lenders, results in the right of lenders to demand repayment of all amounts owed.

In response to current volatile crude oil prices and differentials, the Company has proactively entered into an agreement with the Lender to temporarily waive the application of and compliance with its two financial covenants (being the interest coverage ratio and total leverage ratio covenants) and two reserve-based covenants (being the PDP coverage ratio and total proved reserve coverage ratio covenants) that are included in the credit agreement with the lender, in each case for the fiscal quarter ending December 31, 2018.

At September 30, 2018 the Company had net debt (current assets less current liabilities excluding fair value of financial instruments, and outstanding Term Loan) of \$31,207,369 (December 31, 2017 - \$18,558,361), which includes Term Loan (Note 12) of \$28,241,400 (December 31, 2017 - \$18,868,500). The Company funds its operations through production revenue and the Term Loan (Note 10).

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, other prices and interest rates will affect the value of the financial instruments. Market risk is comprised of interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, commodity price risk and other price risk.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. Borrowings under the Company's Term Loan are subject to variable interest rates. A one percent change in interest rates would have a \$280,000 effect on net loss and comprehensive loss.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

The Company's functional and reporting currency is the Canadian dollar. The Company does not sell or transact in any foreign currency; except; i) the Company's commodity prices are largely denominated in United States dollars ("USD"), and as a result the prices that the Company receives are affected by fluctuations in the exchange rates between the USD and the Canadian dollar. The exchange rate effect cannot be quantified, but generally an increase in the value of the Canadian dollar compared to the USD will reduce the prices received by the Company for its crude oil and natural gas sales. ii) the Company's Term Loan is

denominated in USD , and as result the amount that the Company will be obligated to repay at the term of the loan will be affected by fluctuations in the exchange rate between the USD and the Canadian dollar at that time. A 100 basis points change in the foreign exchange rate would have a \$286,728 effect on the annual net loss and comprehensive loss.

(iii) Commodity price risk

Commodity prices for petroleum and natural gas are impacted by global economic events that dictate the levels of supply and demand, as well as the relationship between the Canadian dollar and the USD. Significant changes in commodity prices may materially impact the Company's funds flow from operations and ability to raise capital. The Company does have hedging swap agreements in place as further disclosed within this document and the financial statements.

At September 30, 2018, the Company held derivative commodity contracts as follows:

Product	Type	Volume	Price	Index	Term	Sep. 30, 2018 Fair Value
Crude oil	Swap	300 bbl/d	US\$50.67	WTI-NYMEX	January 1, 2018 – December 31, 2018	1,420,080
Crude oil	Swaption	150 bbl/d	US\$54.65	WTI-NYMEX	July 1, 2018 – February 28, 2019	528,459
Crude oil	Swap	250 bbl/d	US\$50.67	WTI-NYMEX	January 1, 2019 – December 31, 2019	1,765,050
Crude oil	Collar	130 bbl/d	US\$40.00-US\$74.50	WTI-NYMEX	March 1, 2019 – December 31, 2019	208,860
Crude oil	Swap	200 bbl/d	US\$50.67	WTI-NYMEX	January 1, 2020 – August 31, 2020	1,060,305
Crude oil	Collar	120 bbl/d	US\$40.00-US\$68.25	WTI-NYMEX	January 1, 2020 – December 31, 2020	350,591
Crude oil	Collar	200 bbl/d	US\$40.00-US\$67.05	WTI-NYMEX	September 1, 2020 – December 31, 2020	196,916
Crude oil	Collar	275 bbl/d	US\$40.00-US\$65.50	WTI-NYMEX	January 1, 2021 – March 31, 2021	206,901
Total						\$5,737,162

At September 30, 2018 the commodity contracts were fair valued as a liability of \$5,737,162 recorded on the balance sheet, and an unrealized loss for the three and nine month periods of \$721,244 and \$3,313,880 respectively (September 30, 2017 – gains of \$48,919 and \$221,129 respectively).

(iv) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk. The Company is not exposed to significant other price risk.

4. Capital Management

The Company manages its capital with the following objectives:

- (a) To ensure sufficient financial flexibility to achieve the Company's ongoing business objectives including the replacement of production, funding of future growth opportunities and pursuit of accretive acquisitions; and

- (b) To maximize shareholder return through enhancing the Company's share value.

The Company monitors its capital structure and makes adjustments according to market conditions in an effort to meet its objectives given the current outlook of the Company and industry in general. The capital structure of the Company is composed of shareholders' equity and net debt. The Company may manage its capital structure by issuing new shares, repurchasing outstanding shares, obtaining additional financing from the Company's credit facilities, issuing new debt instruments or other financial or equity-based instruments, adjusting capital spending or disposing of assets. The capital structure is reviewed on an ongoing basis.

5. Revenue

The Company sells its production pursuant to variable-price contracts. The transaction price for variable-price contracts is based on a benchmark commodity price, adjusted for quality, location or other factors whereby each component of the pricing formula can be either fixed or variable, depending on the contract terms. Under the contracts, the Company is required to deliver variable volumes of heavy oil, natural gas or natural gas liquids to the contract counterparty.

Production revenue is recognized when the Company gives up control of the unit of production at the delivery point agreed to under the terms of the contract. The amount of production revenue recognized is based on the agreed transaction price and the volumes delivered. Any variability in the transaction price relates specifically to the Company's efforts to transfer production and therefore the resulting revenue is allocated to the production delivered in the period to which the variability relates. The Company does not have any factors considered to be constraining in the recognition of revenue with variable pricing factors. Production revenues are normally collected on the business day nearest the 25th day of the month following production.

The Company's production revenues were primarily generated in its core areas of the Mannville oil play in the Atlee Buffalo and Jenner areas of southeastern Alberta. The Company's customers are oil and natural gas marketers and joint operations partners in the oil and natural gas business and are subject to normal credit risks. Concentration of credit risk is mitigated by marketing production to numerous oil and natural gas marketers under customary industry sale and payment terms. As at September 30 2018, production revenue was sold to customers, of which three customers account for \$1,844,020 of the accounts receivable at September 30 2018.

The following table presents the Company's total revenues disaggregated by revenue source:

	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Oil	\$ 5,820,348	\$ 2,698,497	\$ 14,737,045	\$ 7,245,314
Natural gas	30,662	29,473	108,471	180,948
NGL	5,752	5,687	24,082	19,806
Total	\$ 5,856,762	\$ 2,733,657	\$ 14,869,598	\$ 7,446,068

6. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

Exploration and evaluation assets consist of the Company's exploration projects, which are pending the determination of Proved and Probable reserves. A transfer from exploration and evaluation assets to property and equipment is made when reserves are assigned or the exploration project has been

completed. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company had \$463,899 transfers (September 30, 2017 - \$nil) to property and equipment, capitalized general and administrative expenses of \$103,462 (September 30, 2017 - \$126,480) to exploration and evaluation assets, and recognized exploration and evaluation expense of \$36,074 (September 30, 2017 - \$33,585).

Cost	
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$ 3,260,407
Additions	4,108,542
Exploration and evaluation expense	(576,586)
Transfer to property and equipment	(1,898,255)
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 4,894,108
Additions	3,079,144
Exploration and evaluation expense	(36,074)
Transfer to property and equipment	(463,898)
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$ 7,473,280

7. Property and Equipment

Cost	Petroleum and		Total
	Natural Gas	Other Equipment	
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$ 67,142,548	\$ 114,492	\$ 67,257,040
Additions	4,580,698	-	4,580,698
Increase in decommissioning obligations	1,171,704	-	1,171,704
Capitalized share-based payments	99,161	-	99,161
Transfer from exploration and evaluation assets	1,898,255	-	1,898,255
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 74,892,367	\$ 114,492	\$ 75,006,860
Additions	11,508,888	-	11,508,888
Increase in decommissioning obligations	849,322	-	849,322
Capitalized share-based compensation	101,613	-	101,613
Transfer from exploration and evaluation assets	463,899	-	463,899
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$ 87,816,090	\$ 114,492	\$ 87,930,582
Accumulated Depletion, Depreciation, Amortization and Impairment Losses			
Balance, December 31, 2016	31,929,680	85,316	32,014,996
Depletion and depreciation for the year	3,090,462	7,377	3,097,839
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 35,020,142	\$ 92,693	\$ 35,112,835
Depletion and depreciation for the period	3,186,452	4,110	3,190,562
September 30, 2018	\$ 38,206,594	\$ 96,803	\$ 38,303,397
Net Book Value			
December 31, 2017	\$ 39,872,225	\$ 21,978	\$ 39,894,023
September 30, 2018	\$ 49,609,496	\$ 17,690	\$ 49,627,183

The Company's additions for property and equipment included capitalized general and administrative expenses of \$311,084 for the period ended September 30, 2018 (September 30, 2017 - \$122,572).

The calculation of depletion at September 30, 2018 includes estimated future development costs of \$31,944,000 (December 31, 2017 - \$34,424,000) associated with the development of the Company's Proved plus Probable reserves.

8. Decommissioning Obligations

The Company's decommissioning obligation is estimated based on its net ownership interest in all wells and facilities, estimated costs to reclaim and abandon these wells and facilities, and the estimated

timing of the costs to be incurred in future years. The Company uses Alberta Energy Regulator guidelines for determining abandonment and reclamation estimates.

The Company estimates the total undiscounted and inflated amount of cash flows required to settle its decommissioning obligations as at September 30, 2018 is \$7,129,193 (December 31, 2017 - \$6,746,366). These payments are expected to be made over the next 37 years with the majority of costs to be incurred between 2025 and 2054. The discount factor, being the risk-free rate related to the liability, is 2.24% (December 31, 2017 - 2.24%). Inflation of 1.80% (December 31, 2017 - 1.80%) has also been factored into the calculation. The Company also has \$115,535 (December 31, 2017 - \$115,535) in various reclamation bonds for its properties held by the Alberta Energy Regulator and British Columbia Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources.

		September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Decommissioning obligations, beginning of period	discounted	\$ 6,176,112	\$ 4,896,681
Increase in estimated future obligations		849,322	847,114
Change in estimate		-	324,591
Decommissioning obligation expenditures		-	-
Accretion expense		103,759	107,727
Decommissioning obligations, end of period	discounted	\$ 7,129,193	\$ 6,176,112

9. Finance Income and Expense

	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Finance expense:				
Cash interest expense	\$ 707,182	\$ 165,368	\$ 1,789,709	\$ 451,429
Amortization of deferred charges	51,625	13,800	148,815	13,800
Accretion of debt issuance costs	76,129	2,285	225,094	2,285
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	34,587	26,932	103,759	80,795
Total	\$ 869,523	\$ 208,386	\$ 2,267,377	\$ 548,310

10. Term Loan

On September 15, 2017, the Company entered into a first lien senior secured credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with a third-party lender (the "Lender") providing for a multi-draw, non-revolving term loan facility of a maximum aggregate principal amount of up to US\$35.0 million. Security granted by the Company under the Credit Agreement included a demand debenture for US\$75.0 million which provides for a first ranking security interest and floating and fixed charges over all of the real and personal property present and after acquired of the Company.

An initial commitment amount of US\$15.0 million (the "Term Loan") was granted at inception and on January 23, 2018 and June 1, 2018 the Company amended its credit agreement with its Lender to obtain an increased commitment of US\$5.0 million and US\$10.0 million respectively. This brings the company's aggregate amount committed by the Lender under the Term Loan to US\$30.0 million.

As at September 30, 2018 the Company has drawn US\$22.0 million (CAD\$28,241,400). The Company's ability to access additional commitments in excess of US\$30.0 million is subject to approval of the Lender based on review and approval of the Company's future development plans.

The interest rate for the Term Loan is the three-month United States dollar London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") with a LIBOR floor of 1%, plus 7.50% payable quarterly, for a five-year term with a maturity date of September 15, 2022. In conjunction, the Company issued 13,750,000 warrants entitling the Lender to purchase one common share of Hemisphere at an exercise price of \$0.28/share prior to September 15, 2022. The effective interest rate is 10.66%.

	Term Loan	Deferred Charges	Total
Principal amount of Term Loan issued	\$ 27,557,110	\$ -	\$ 27,557,110
Foreign exchange adjustment	668,498	-	668,498
Debt issuance costs	(964,358)	(716,353)	(1,680,711)
Value allocated to warrants	(846,779)	(582,175)	(1,428,954)
Amortization of deferred charges	-	312,930	312,930
Accretion of debt issuance costs	197,553	-	197,553
Balance, end of period – liability (asset)	\$ 26,612,024	\$ (985,598)	\$ 25,626,426

The Company has recognized a portion of the debt issuance costs and value allocated to the warrants (Note 13(c)) against the Term Loan based on the proportion of the facility drawn, with the balance included in deferred charges. The portion recognized against the Term Loan will be accreted using the effective interest method (refer to effective interest rate above) through finance expense while the deferred charge balance is being straight-line amortized over the five-year term. As future draws are made under the Term Loan, the unamortized proportion of the deferred charges will be transferred against the debt obligation and accreted also using the effective interest method. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, \$452,655 of the deferred charges balance was transferred to debt issuance costs.

The Term Loan is subject to certain financial and performance covenants commencing in the third quarter ended September 30, 2018:

1. Interest coverage ratio for the quarter ended June 30, 2018 shall not be less than 2.00 to 1.00; quarter ended September 30, 2018 shall not be less than 2.25 to 1.00; quarter ended December 31, 2018 shall not be less than 2.50 to 1.00; quarter ended March 31, 2019 and each quarter thereafter shall not be less than 3.00 to 1.00. This ratio is calculated using amounts from the reporting quarter only.

Interest coverage ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement, means the ratio as of the last day of any fiscal quarter of (a) Consolidated Adjusted EBITDAX as defined below for the applicable fiscal quarter to (b) Consolidated Interest Expense for such fiscal quarter.

2. Total leverage ratio for the quarter ended June 30, 2018 shall not be more than 5.25 to 1.00; quarter ended September 30, 2018 shall not be more than 4.75 to 1.00; quarter ended December 31, 2018 shall not be more than 4.25 to 1.00; quarters ended March 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019 shall not be more than 3.50 to 1.00; quarter ended September 30, 2019 and each quarter thereafter shall not be more than 3.25 to 1.00.

Total leverage ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement, means the ratio as of the last day of any fiscal quarter of (a) Consolidated Total Debt as of such date to (b) Consolidated Adjusted EBITDAX for the fiscal quarter ending on such date calculated on an annualized basis, whereas EBITDAX from the reporting quarter is factored by four.

3. Minimum average production for the quarter ended June 30, 2018 will not be less than 750 boe/d; quarters ended September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2018 will not be less than 1,100 boe/d; quarters ended March 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019 will not be less than 1,300 boe/d; quarter ended September 30, 2019 and each quarter thereafter will not be less than 1,500 boe/d.
4. Proved developed producing coverage ratio for the quarter ended June 30, 2018, based on reserve reports internally prepared by Hemisphere, and each quarter thereafter shall not be less than 1.00 to 1.00.

Proved developed producing coverage ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement, means as of any date of determination, the ratio of (a) proved developed producing reserves on a pre-tax basis at 10% to (b) the sum of (i) Consolidated Total Debt and (ii) without duplication of clause (a) above, all obligations (after giving effect to any netting requirements) under any swap agreement that such person would be required to pay if the swap agreement was terminated at such time, in each case, as of such date. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, after giving effect to the netting contemplated by clause (ii) above, in no event shall amounts owing to any credit party under any swap agreement result in a reduction of the obligations referred to in clause (b).

5. Total proved reserves coverage ratio for the quarter ended June 30, 2018, based on reserve reports internally prepared by Hemisphere, and each quarter thereafter shall not be less than 1.50 to 1.00.

Total proved reserves coverage ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement, means as of any date of determination, the ratio of (a) the Total Proved reserves on a pre-tax basis discounted at 10% to (b) the sum of (i) Consolidated Total Debt and (ii) without duplication of clause (a) above, all obligations (after giving effect to any netting requirements) under any swap agreement that such person would be required to pay if the swap agreement were terminated at such time, in each case, as of such date. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, after giving effect to the netting contemplated by clause (ii) above, in no event shall amounts owing to any credit party under any swap agreement result in a reduction of the obligations referred to in clause (b).

Definition of certain terms as defined in the Credit Agreement:

Consolidated Interest Expense means, for any period, total cash interest expense (excluding accretion of asset retirement obligation and debt issuance costs and including that portion attributable to capital leases in accordance with GAAP and capitalized interest) of the credit parties and their subsidiaries on a consolidated basis with respect to all outstanding Consolidated Total Debt.

Consolidated Total Debt means, as at any date of determination: (a) the aggregate amount of all Indebtedness of the credit parties and their Subsidiaries determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP plus (b) the aggregate outstanding amount, without duplication, of attributable debt of the credit parties and their subsidiaries determined on a consolidated basis.

Consolidated Adjusted EBITDAX means, for any period, an amount determined for the Company on a consolidated basis equal to:

the amounts for such period of consolidated net income,

plus

the sum, without duplication, of the amounts for such period of the following expenses (or charges) to the extent deducted from consolidated net income during such period:

- (i) Consolidated Interest Expense, plus
- (ii) Provisions for taxes based on income (including margin or gross receipts taxes), plus
- (iii) Total depreciation and amortization expense, plus
- (iv) Impairment or asset write-down expense, plus
- (v) Accretion of asset retirement obligation and debt issuance costs, plus
- (vi) Share-based compensation expense, plus
- (vii) Non-cash losses resulting from the mark-to-market exposure of outstanding swaps and unrealized foreign exchange exposure, plus
- (viii) Other non-Cash items reducing consolidated net income (excluding any such non-cash item to the extent that it represents an accrual or reserve for potential Cash items in any future period or amortization of a prepaid Cash item that was paid in a prior period),

Minus

the sum, without duplication of the amounts for such period of the following items to the extent increasing consolidated net income during such period:

- i) Other non-Cash items increasing consolidated net income for such period (excluding any such non-Cash item to the extent it represents the reversal of an accrual or reserve for potential Cash item in any prior period), plus
- ii) Interest income, plus
- iii) Non-cash gains resulting from the mark-to-market exposure of outstanding swaps and unrealized foreign exchange exposure.

The Company also has a financial covenant for its cash General and Administrative costs ("G&A costs") that it shall not exceed 105% of the cash G&A costs cap of \$2.5 million per annum as at December 31, 2018.

For the period ending September 30, 2018 the company has met all of the financial and performance covenants in effect as follows:

Ratio		Required	Actual		
			Sep. 30, 2018		
1.	Interest Coverage Ratio	Greater than	2.25	2.96	
2.	Total Leverage Ratio	Less than	4.75	3.42	
3.	Minimum Average Production	Greater than	1100	1,150	Boe/d
4.	Proved Developed Producing Coverage Ratio	Greater than	1.00	1.32	
5.	Total Proved Reserves Coverage Ratio	Greater than	1.50	2.02	

11. Share Capital

- (a) Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

Issued and outstanding

As at September 30, 2018, the Company had 89,793,302 common shares issued and outstanding.

No shares were issued during the period ended September 30, 2018.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the following share transactions occurred:

- (i) On April 27, 2017, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement offering and issued 4,048,200 flow-through shares at a price of \$0.28 per share, which were issued on a Canadian Development Expense flow-through basis pursuant to the provisions of the Income Tax Act (Canada) for gross proceeds of Company of \$1,133,496

(b) Stock options

The Company has a stock option plan in place and is authorized to grant stock options to officers, directors, employees and consultants whereby the aggregate number of shares reserved for issuance may not exceed 10% of the issued shares at the time of grant and 5% of the issued shares to each optionee. Stock options are non-transferable and have a maximum term of five years. Stock options terminate no later than 90 days (30 days for investor-related services) upon termination of employment or employment contract and one year in the case of retirement, death or disability. The grant price is determined using the closing price of the Company's shares from the day prior to the grant.

Details of the Company's stock options as at September 30, 2018 are as follows:

Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Balance Outstanding December 31, 2017	Changes in the Period			Balance Outstanding September 30, 2018	Balance Exercisable September 30, 2018
			Granted	Exercised	Expired/Cancelled		
\$0.24	29-Jan-20	1,075,000	-	-	-	1,075,000	1,075,000
\$0.39	1-Mar-20	100,000	-	-	-	100,000	100,000
\$0.08	11-Feb-21	1,685,000	-	-	-	1,685,000	1,685,000
\$0.08	12-Feb-21	125,000	-	-	-	125,000	125,000
\$0.25	21-Sep-22	5,034,000	-	-	-	5,034,000	1,678,000
\$0.28	2-Oct-22	150,000	-	-	-	150,000	50,000
\$0.25	1-Jan-23	-	250,000	-	-	250,000	83,333
		8,169,000	250,000	-	-	8,419,000	4,796,333
Weighted-average exercise price		\$0.21	\$0.25	-	-	\$0.21	\$0.19

Share-based payments are non-cash expenses which reflect the estimated value of stock options issued to directors, employees and consultants of the Company. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company recorded total share-based payments of \$56,854 and \$174,952 respectively, compared to \$214,388 and \$215,480 for the same periods in 2017.

The Company uses a Black-Scholes option pricing model to calculate the fair value of stock option grants where the corresponding expense is recognized over the option vesting period. While no stock options were granted in the third quarter of 2018, \$56,854 of options vested regarding grants issued in prior fiscal periods.

(c) Share purchase warrants

On September 15, 2017, the Company issued 13,750,000 warrants to a third-party lender in conjunction with its Term Loan (Note 10). Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of Hemisphere at an exercise price of \$0.28 per share prior to September 15, 2022. The exercise price of the warrants represented a 40% premium to the 30-day volume weighted average price ("VWAP") of Hemisphere's common shares at market close on September 14, 2017. The warrants are subject to a forced exercise clause which applies upon a 30-day VWAP equaling or exceeding \$1.40 per share. The warrants are non-transferable.

The Company ascribed a value to the warrants of \$1,428,954 by comparing the fair value of the Term Loan both with and without the warrant feature determining the difference in value to be related to the warrants. The effective rates have been disclosed in Note 12. Further, a deferred tax liability of \$385,818 was incurred with regard to the warrants that is applied against the recorded warrant reserve and also recovered against the net loss.

As at September 30, 2018, the Company had 13,750,000 outstanding and exercisable share purchase warrants.

(d) Loss per share

	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Loss for the period	\$ (236,344)	\$ (142,254)	\$ (4,878,900)	\$ (487,655)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic	89,793,302	86,977,163	89,793,302	87,480,045
Dilutive stock options	-	-	-	-
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, diluted	89,793,302	86,977,163	89,793,302	87,480,045
Loss per share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.00)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company incurred a loss; therefore, dilutive stock options were nil (three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 – nil).

12. Commitment

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Total
Office Rental	\$ 34,669	138,676	138,676	138,676	138,676	57,782	670,153
Term Loan	-	-	-	-	28,241,400	-	28,241,400
Term Loan Interest	622,723	2,490,891	2,490,891	2,490,891	1,868,169	-	9,963,566
	\$ 657,392	2,629,567	2,629,567	2,629,567	30,248,244	57,782	38,852,119

The Company has a commitment to make monthly rental payments pursuant to the office rental agreement at its current location until May 31, 2023.

As at September 30, 2018, the gross balance of the Term Loan was \$28,241,400 (US\$22,000,000), exclusive of the debt issuance costs. The Term Loan matures on September 15, 2022.

13. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Provided by (used in):				
Accounts receivable	\$ (307,339)	\$ (41,670)	\$ (767,735)	\$ 54,572
Prepaid expenses	68,198	13,674	97,757	75,562
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,761,324	2,497,105	2,939,591	1,900,989
Total changes in non-cash working capital	\$ 2,522,183	\$ 2,469,110	\$ 2,269,613	\$ 2,031,124
Provided by (used in):				
Operating activities	\$ 805,359	\$ 297,947	\$ (739,284)	\$ (12,399)
Investing activities	1,716,824	2,171,163	3,008,897	2,043,523
Total changes in non-cash working capital	\$ 2,522,183	\$ 2,469,110	\$ 2,269,613	\$ 2,031,124

Cash interest paid on the Company's debts during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 were \$707,182 and \$1,789,709 respectively, compared to \$165,368 and \$451,429 for equivalent periods in 2017.



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President & Chief Executive Officer

Dorlyn Evancic, CPA, CGA
Chief Financial Officer

Ian Duncan, P.Eng.
Chief Operating Officer

Andrew Arthur, P.Geol.
Vice President, Exploration

Ashley Ramsden-Wood, P.Eng.
Vice President, Engineering

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Calgary, Alberta

AUDITOR

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Vancouver, British Columbia

TRANSFER AGENT

Computershare Investor Services Inc.
Vancouver, British Columbia

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Don Simmons, P.Geol.⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾

Gregg Vernon, P.Eng.⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾

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(1) Audit Committee

(2) Compensation/Nominating Committee

(3) Corporate Governance Committee

(4) Reserves Committee

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