

SOLSTICE GOLD CORP.
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the twelve months ended June 30, 2020

Dated October 28, 2020

SOLSTICE GOLD CORP.
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

This Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A") for the twelve months ended June 30, 2020 is prepared by management and is current to October 28, 2020 for Solstice Gold Corp. (the "Company", "Solstice", "we" or "our").

The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's financial statements and related notes for the period ended June 30, 2020, which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

All dollar amounts referred to in this MD&A are expressed in Canadian dollars except where indicated otherwise.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements included in this MD&A, including statements concerning our exploration programs, plans, intentions and expectations, which are not historical in nature are intended to be, and are hereby identified as, "forward-looking statements". Forward-looking statements may be identified by, but not limited to, words including "anticipates", "believes", "intends", "estimates", "expects", "plans" and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements in this MD&A also include, but are not limited to, the extent and timing of described programs, such as drilling, geophysics, till & rock sampling and other work programs. Forward looking statements also include the extent and timing and successful closing of any planned, announced or expected financings. There can be no guarantee that continued exploration at the KGP which is at an early stage of exploration, will lead to the discovery of an economic gold deposit. Geological interpretations should be considered forward-looking statements and as such are subject to revisions based on additional data and/or analysis. The Company cautions readers that forward-looking statements, including without limitation those relating to the Company's future operations and business prospects, are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements.

This MD&A contains information with respect to adjacent or similar mineral properties in respect of which the Company has no interest or rights to explore or mine. Readers are cautioned that the Company has no interest in or right to acquire any interest in any such properties, and that mineral deposits on adjacent or similar properties are not indicative of mineral deposits on the Company's properties. Past performance is no guarantee of future performance and all investors are urged to consult their investment professionals before making an investment decision. Investors are further cautioned that past performance is no guarantee of future performance.

Although Solstice has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially, there maybe other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Solstice disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, other than as required by applicable law. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements and trading in securities of Solstice should be considered highly speculative.

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Banded Iron Formation ("BIF"): are typically older than 1.7 billion years. They are composed of alternating layers of iron-rich minerals (commonly magnetite) and silica rich minerals (chert/quartz).

Company: Solstice Gold Corp.

Crown lands: These are lands belonging to the Crown, or in which government has the power of disposition.

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Kodiak: Kodiak Copper Corp. (Formerly) Dunnedin Ventures Inc.

Enterprise Target Area: The Greater Enterprise area encompasses a 50 km² area in the central eastern portion of the main block of Solstice's PDR claims. Sometimes referred to as QEMS, and includes the Qaiqtuq target area.

Fennoscandian Shield: Also known as the Baltic Shield is a segment of the Earth's crust belonging to the East European Craton, representing a large part of Fennoscandia, northwestern Russia and the northern Baltic Sea. It is composed mostly of Archean and Proterozoic gneisses and greenstone which have undergone numerous deformations through tectonic activity. It contains the oldest rocks of the European continent with a thickness of 250-300 km.

Fold: A geological fold occurs when one or a stack of originally flat and planar surfaces, such as sedimentary strata, are bent or curved as a result of permanent deformation.

High Resolution Till Collection: 100 meter by 100 meter spacing.

Inuit Owned Lands (IOL): These are lands vesting in a Designated Inuit Association under the Nunavut Land Claims Agreement and any other lands vested, or acquired as Inuit Owned Lands. In the case of the Kahuna Project the IOL are surface rights only while the mineral rights are vested with the Crown.

KGP: The Kahuna Gold Project

Kahuna Agreement: Dunnedin and Solstice are parties to the Kahuna Property Land Transfer and Rights Agreement dated November 14, 2017 between Dunnedin and Solstice.

Meta-volcanics: A metavolcanic rock is a type of metamorphic rock. Such a rock was first produced by a volcano, either as lava or tephra. Then, the rock was buried underneath subsequent rock and was subjected to high pressures and temperatures, causing the rock to recrystallize.

Plan of Arrangement ("POA" or "Arrangement"): The Plan of Arrangement whereby Kodiak spun out the rights all minerals and metalloids, found outside kimberlitic rocks at the KGP, Nunavut to Solstice Gold Corp, and was completed on January 31, 2018.

Primary Development Rights: For Solstice, include all mineral rights for non-diamond and gemstones excluding gemstones and minerals found in kimberlite. Dunnedin Ventures holds Secondary Development Rights on this ground.

Rotary Air Blast ("RAB") Drilling: This percussion drilling technique makes use of pneumatic pressure to drive/turn the steel drill bit into the ground in order to create a hole. It is a hammer like process that is easily able to penetrate rock.

Secondary Development Rights give the holder the right to propose exploration programs on the property related to their mineral rights. Such programs are granted at the discretion of the Primary Development Rights holder.

SGC: Solstice Gold Corp.

Tier 2 Mining Issuer: Has the following listing requirements on it imposed by the TSX-V. Property Requirement - Significant interest in a qualifying property or, at discretion of the exchange, a right to earn a significant interest in a qualifying property; sufficient evidence of no less than \$100,000 of exploration expenditures on the qualifying property in the past three years

TSX-V: The TSX Venture Exchange

Westeros: Southwest section of the KGP

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OVERVIEW

Solstice is a gold-focussed exploration company engaged in the exploration of its 866 km² (100%) district scale KGP project, formerly known as the Kahuna Gold Project and certain other rights covering an adjacent 683 km², all with no underlying option or earn in payments. Kahuna is located in Nunavut, Canada approximately 26 km from Rankin Inlet and approximately seven km from the Meliadine gold deposits owned by Agnico-Eagle Mines Ltd. Solstice has 99.5 million shares outstanding.

The Company began trading on the TSX-V on May 14, 2018 under the symbol "SGC".

HIGHLIGHTS AND RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

2020 Program

On October 20, 2020 the Company announced it completed its summer 2020 field program at its KGP project. Mapping and sampling on the KGP were carried out within a large, 40 km² area of gold-bearing boulders to identify potential source areas as drill targets.

With this new, focused work we have identified likely bedrock sources within this very extensive, gold-bearing boulder field. Collectively, we now have five well-constrained drill-ready target areas, which are up to 5km long and large enough to host significant potential gold deposits. In our view, the KGP occupies the eastern extension of the emerging Meliadine Gold District but, unlike many of the gold belts elsewhere in Canada, it is virtually unexplored. Through our extensive land holdings, we offer unrivalled exposure to exploration in this politically safe, high geological potential region.

Three well-defined areas of proximal gold-bearing boulders have been identified which point to a local bedrock source. These are the EWIF, South and QIF targets.

- EWIF is a 4.5 km long east-west oriented iron formation bounded by major faults and defined by local boulder trains and subcrop (shallow, buried outcrop). EWIF is interpreted to be a meta-sedimentary structural panel between granitic rocks to the north and a diverse package of gneisses with supracrustal lenses to the south. Arsenopyrite-bearing iron formation boulders and subcrop along the trend of the iron formation are consistently auriferous with gold values from this target of 7.0 g/t Au in 2020 sampling and up to 34.9 g/t Au further down ice. This target is untested by drilling.
- The Southern Target is marked by auriferous samples collected north (i.e., up ice direction) of the EWIF and must therefore have a separate source. Gold-bearing boulders in this area are also angular and abundant. It is likely that this target extends eastwards beneath the southern part of Enterprise Lake. This target is untested by drilling.
- The QIF target is an area of mineralized iron formation boulders and subcrop which define a proximal bedrock source striking towards Enterprise Lake. Maximum gold values in this area are 54.9 g/t Au (6.2 g/t Au in 2020 sampling further east).
- The South and QIF target areas trend towards Enterprise Lake. Well developed electromagnetic anomalies in this area comprise two additional extensive target areas.

The targets flank and wrap around the margin of a large, variably deformed two-mica granite. In addition to presenting a permissive structural setting around its margins, the granite may be more directly associated with the mineralization since some samples from it are weakly anomalous in gold (<200ppb Au). Internally, the two-mica granite contains well developed faults up to 50m wide which are weakly to moderately conductive and which form secondary drill targets.

See the Company's news release dated October 20, 2020 for more detailed results of the program.

Assay results from grab samples (boulders and outcrop) are selected samples and are not necessarily representative of the mineralization hosted on the property. Grab sample weights range from 0.25kg to 3kg.

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Board Changes

On June 10, 2020, the Company announced that it had appointed Kevin Reid, Michael Gentile and Blair Schultz to its board of directors as part of a strategic plan to unlock shareholder value. Each new appointee is experienced and successful in both capital markets and in the junior exploration and development space and bring a wealth of talent to Solstice.

Upon completion of the Private Placement, the Solstice board has been reorganized to increase the number of directors from five to six and will be comprised of David Adamson (Executive Chairman), Michael Leskovec, Christopher Taylor, Kevin Reid, Michael Gentile and Blair Schultz. Marty Tunney and Chad Ulansky resigned from the board; however, Mr. Tunney continues in his role as President of the Company and Mr. Ulansky is now retained as a consultant.

Private Placement

On June 10, 2020 the company closed a previously announced private placement for gross proceeds of \$1,198,786.64. The Company issued a total of 29,969,666 units at a price of \$0.04 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one common share purchase warrant. Each full warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.06 for a period of 36 months from the closing of the private placement.

The proceeds from the Private Placement will be used to fund exploration and related activities and for general working capital purposes.

Employment Agreements

Management has restructured employment contracts to remove change of control positions and to ensure salary levels and G&A are reduced as much as practicable. Combined with these changes and a newly bolstered balance sheet, the Company is well positioned to move forward and advance its extensive land holdings in Nunavut adjacent to the Meliadine gold deposits owned by Agnico Eagle Mines Ltd., towards discovery. In consideration of these contract changes new options have been granted in order to best align equity holders and management.

Stock Options

On June 10, 2020 the board of directors of the Company has granted stock options under the Company's stock option plan in respect of an aggregate of 2,650,000 common shares to management at an exercise price of \$0.06 exercisable for a period of five years from the date of grant.

The board of directors granted an additional 250,000 stock options on July 10, 2020 to management at an exercise price of \$0.09. These options vest over eighteen months and are exercisable for a period of five years from the date of grant.

43-101 Technical Report

On April 14, 2020 the Company announced that it had completed and filed a new NI 43-101 Technical Report on the Company's 866 km² KGP Gold Project.

The report titled "TECHNICAL REPORT ON THE KGP PROJECT, KIVALLIQ REGION, EASTERN NUNAVUT TERRITORY, CANADA", dated March 17, 2020 (the "Report"), was completed by Roscoe Postle Associates Inc. (RPA), now part of SLR Consulting Ltd, under the supervision of Paul Chamois M.Sc.(A), P.Geo., a qualified person under National Instrument 43-101. The KGP Report is available for viewing on the Solstice website at www.solsticegold.com and the SEDAR profile for Solstice Gold Corporation at www.sedar.com.

The Technical Report concludes "RPA is of the opinion that KGP is a very attractive, early stage exploration project with good potential to host significant gold mineralization and warrants a continued systematic exploration effort including a significant drilling component."

RPA recommends a Phase I exploration program and budget which consist of additional geological mapping and till sampling as well as a 6,000 metre reverse circulation (RC) drilling program to test additional high priority targets.

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Contingent on the results of the Phase I program, RPA recommends a Phase II exploration program and budget which consists of continued geological mapping and detailed till sampling, induced polarization (IP) surveying in areas where appropriate, including the Midway and Qaiqtuq target areas, preliminary testing of high priority areas with additional RC drilling, and diamond drilling to follow up on significant RC drilling results.

Management Change

The Company announced effective April 14, 2020 that by mutual agreement, Ian Russell P.Geol. will step down as Vice President Exploration but will continue consulting to the Company on an as needed basis. The exploration function will be handled by Senior Geological Consultant Sandy Barham M.Sc. and David Adamson Ph.D.

Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19)

During the period, there was a global outbreak of COVID-19 ("**Coronavirus**"), which has had a significant impact on businesses through the restrictions put in place by the Canadian governments regarding travel, business operations and isolation/quarantine orders. At this time, it is unknown the extent of the impact the Coronavirus outbreak may have on the Company as this will depend on future developments that are highly uncertain and that cannot be predicted with confidence. These uncertainties arise from the inability to predict the ultimate geographic spread of the disease, and the duration of the outbreak, including the duration of travel restrictions, business closures or disruptions, and quarantine/isolation measures that are currently, or may be put, in place by Canada and other countries to fight the virus. While the extent of the impact is unknown, we anticipate this outbreak may cause uncertainty in the capital markets and financing prospects for the Company, supply chain disruptions, and staff shortages, all of which may negatively impact the Company's business and financial condition.

As at the date of this report, the Company's operations have been affected by COVID-19 however given the Company has no staff in the field and is currently being managed by the chief executive officer, president and chief financial officer, who are working from home we have been able to put in place procedures to minimize risk to the Company. The Company has completed additional fieldwork in order to move the KGP property forward with the assistance of consultants and contractors during the 2020 exploration season, however, it has no exploration programs currently underway. Future programs will only be undertaken once it is considered safe to do so. While the future impact of this outbreak is difficult to predict, the Company will continue to monitor and assess the associated risks to the Company's operations and remains prepared to respond appropriately.

2019 Program

On October 1, 2019, the company announced results from a six-hole, land based, reconnaissance drill program from its Meliadine area gold project, Nunavut. The prime objective of the drill program was to test for gold potential in the land accessible portions of the Enterprise area, a five km² rotated block underlain by prospective rocks developed adjacent, and related, to a regional scale 'break' or shear zone. The accessible area occupies the edge of the target in the area, which is mainly lake-covered.

The program intersected variably altered and sulphide-bearing iron formations in five out of six holes. Elevated gold is present in three out of six holes. In the South Enterprise Target area, each of the two holes in this area returned wide sections of strongly elevated gold. Details of the holes and significant results are tabulated below:

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Table 1

Table 1

								Results			
Drill Hole	UTM - East	UTM - North	Elev (m)	Dip	Az	Lenth (m)	Comment	From	To	Core Length	Au (g/t)
South Enterprise Target											
2019-02	581164	6994671	205	-45	210	359	Multiple strongly sulphidized and altered gold-bearing iron formations	229.00	233.95	4.95	0.26
								298.30	303.90	5.60	0.25
2019-05	581118	6994694	205	-45	205	356	Strongly sulphidized and altered gold-bearing iron formations	253.7	258.43	4.77	0.21
								264.8	269.55	4.8	0.18
								272.23	273.17	0.94	1.14
Westshore Enterprise Lake Target											
2019-03	580053	6995125	206	-45	215	173	Multiple strongly sulphidized and altered gold-bearing formations	253.66	258.43	4.77	0.21
2019-04	579069	6995634	212	-45	215	131	Moderately sulphidized and altered iron formations	264.75	269.55	4.80	0.18
Megafold and Grizzly Targets											
2019-01	581071	6998074	210	-45	200	313.7	Multiple Iron formations confirm extension of geology from adjacent Agnico claims	229.00	233.95	4.95	0.26
2019-06	581832	6997335	208	-45	180	110	Weakly altered measediments and associated gold mineralization	109.00	110.00	1.00	0.25

Oriented core measurements indicate true thicknesses of 80-95 %

The Company considers that these results confirm the potential for gold over a much larger area than drilled by the six reconnaissance holes (much of which would require winter drilling). We are currently reviewing results and refining our targeting in the South Enterprise area and also several other priority target areas on the Property which remain untested.

2018 Program

On August 8, 2019 the company announced that it had completed a mapping and sampling program at the KGP. This program was designed to follow up on the successful 2018 work program and was required prior to moving forward with any future drill campaign. The surface mapping discovered a major shear zone which outcrops over a true thickness of over 100m. Following the completion of the mapping program, the company announced that it had mobilized for an initial drill program on its Meliadine area gold project, Nunavut. The drilling will be limited to land-based targets leaving highly prospective ice-based targets for winter follow-up.

On May 1, 2018, Solstice provided details of its 2018 exploration program on the KGP and an updated interpretation on the Project. The Program consisted of winter and summer programs with a combined goal to further define drill targets in high priority areas of the Project and to daylight additional targets.

An orientation winter RAB overburden drilling program, designed to test the utility of this method, was carried out between April 25 and May 23, 2018. A total of 6 target areas were tested. The objective of the drilling program was to test for favourable rock types in areas covered by glacial till. The program successfully confirmed the presence of meta-sediments (Including Banded Iron Formation "BIF", the dominant gold host at the adjacent Meliadine deposit) and meta-volcanics near magnetic anomalies at the base of overburden but the relatively high cost involved with the survey limited its utility in future exploration.

Concurrent with the RAB drilling program, a total of 1,675 line kilometres of 25 m spaced ground magnetics were completed over the North Area.

Gold grain analysis of 627 till samples, collected during the summer of 2017, was completed. Gold was confirmed in 521 of 627 samples, collected over a 330 km² area. The till data correlate well with gold bearing rock samples that are located up-

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ice from the gold bearing tills and indicate that the till data are clearly defining follow up target areas that were be examined during the 2018 summer mapping, rock and till sampling program (For additional details, please see the Company's news release, dated June 19, 2018).

A first-ever systematic gold exploration program on the Kahuna Gold Property was initiated on June 25th, 2018 and finished on September 23rd, 2018. The summer program consisted of regional geological mapping, rock sampling and till sampling over the entire Kahuna property. Carried out by a team of nine geologists and two prospectors, a total of 2,905 rock samples and 2,049 high resolution till samples were collected. Interim results from this summer program were reported in a press release on September 4th, 2018, with a summary of the rock sample results released on November 13th, 2018. Highlights include a maximum gold value in sampled boulders of 66.6 g/t gold from a grab sample¹ collected by Roscoe Postle Associates ("RPA") taken during their field inspection in September 2018 (this sample was collected from a boulder that previously assayed 17.7 g/t gold). Other significant gold values include 54.9 g/t, 34.4 g/t and 24.4 g/t gold. A total of five target areas have been defined for further detailed follow up.

A summary of the results from a 2018 100-200m grid till sampling program (2051 samples) were reported in a press release on November 27, 2018. The results have identified three distinct areas of gold-in-till, referred to as the SWW (Southwest Westeros), SW (South Westeros) and NW (North Westeros). The SSW area covers an area of approximately 1.3 km x 1.6 km and is immediately down-ice (southeast) of the highly magnetic southern limb of the regional Westeros fold. The Westeros limb in this area is interpreted to be cut by east-west trending faults which can be traced westwards towards Meliadine. The SW area covers an area approximately 2.2 km x 1.5 km and exhibits pronounced east west trends which are parallel to interpreted faults in the area. Elevated gold-in-till in the SW area also correlates with anomalous grab samples of mineralized boulders and locally mapped iron formation. The NW area covers an area of approximately 1.1 km x 1.0 km and is close to highly magnetic trends associated with the northern limb of the Westeros fold. This area is associated with a major splay fault system off the regional Raptor-Westeros fault zone and thus represents an attractive target for follow up.

Given the scale of the KGP there was a significant amount of assessment work that was required on the claims in 2018 in order for them to be retained. To put the size of the Project into perspective, the core Timmins Gold Camp in Ontario is approximately 325 km² while our PDR ground was 928 km² at that time. Our objective was to evaluate as large an area in 2018 as possible and protect as many claims as possible from near term assessment requirements. Given that we have now observed gold over wide area, this strategy has proven successful.

On October 1, 2019, the company announced results from a six hole, land based, reconnaissance drill program from its Meliadine area gold project, Nunavut. The prime objective of the drill program was to test for gold potential in the land accessible portions of the Enterprise area, a five km² rotated block underlain by prospective rocks developed adjacent, and related, to a regional scale 'break' or shear zone.

The program intersected variably altered and sulphide-bearing iron formations in five out of six holes. Elevated gold is present in three out of six holes. In the South Enterprise Target area, each of the two holes in this area returned wide sections of strongly elevated gold.

At the end of 2019, based on a review of all information, we reduced our land holdings to 866 km² by focusing on the highest potential parts of the KGP.

Going into 2020 our assessment burden is non-material and our highest priority claims (~375km²) require no work for six years or longer excluding filing of 2019 drilling/geology/sampling programs. This allows us to focus on the areas with highest priority while maintaining control of other areas.

Registration of Claims and Permitting

As per the terms of the Kahuna Agreement, claims upon which Solstice holds Primary Development Rights have now been registered to Solstice. The 100% claims are solely in Solstice's name and the claims which have split ownership are registered

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50% to Solstice. Solstice has also filed notice of rights with respect to all claims upon which it holds Secondary Development Rights.

Kahuna Project Property Expansion

In 2019 Solstice acquired 5 additional claims totalling 5,604 Ha from Kodiak. These claims were previously Solstice SDR claims and are adjacent to KGP claims.

Senior Management Addition

In Q4 of FY2019 Solstice Gold hired Bruce (Sandy) Barham as a Senior Geologic Consultant. Sandy was a key member of the Comaplex Meliadine exploration team, identified the potential of the Amaruq deposit and was instrumental in identifying the Aqqiq target which lies immediately adjacent to our QEMS target area. Sandy was the key person responsible for the generation of many of the geological maps covering the Meliadine district which are still being used today by industry and government.

Sandy received his MSc from Carleton University in 1987 and has spent most of his professional career exploring for gold in the Arctic. He began working the area in 1988 along the Meliadine trend, diamond drilling, completing detailed mapping and writing reports on Agnico Eagles Meadowbank deposit where he recommended the drilling off of the Agnico Eagle's Amaruq deposit. Sandy joined Comaplex Minerals Corp. as Senior Geologist in 1996 and until 2003 managed their Noomut gold project as well as exploring for gold in Central America and Nevada. From 2003 to 2011 Sandy was part of the team that saw the Meliadine project establish a 5-million-ounce global resource prior to their sale to Agnico Eagle. Sandy has wide experience in the discovery, exploration, permitting and development of Arctic gold deposits. He spent 8 field seasons in all parts of the Meliadine property (including Aqqik) and is an expert in the geology and styles of mineralization in the area. He has completed many reports on the geology and gold occurrences of the Meliadine land package.

Key Permits Issued

In March of 2019 standalone permits were received for the exploration work to be undertaken on the KGP. The permits allow the Company to complete up to 20,000 metres of drilling in 75-100 holes, geophysics, rock and soil sampling throughout the Project. The three key permitting bodies include Crown-Indigenous Relations and Northern Affairs Canada ("CIRNAC"), the Nunavut Water Board ("NWB") and the Kivalliq Inuit Association ("KIA"). The permits range in length from 2-5 years and are either extendable or renewable.

MINERAL PROPERTIES

Kahuna Gold Property

The KGP is located in the Northern Canadian Territory of Nunavut, between the settlements of Rankin Inlet and Chesterfield Inlet along the western rim of Hudson Bay. The Project comprises of a district scale land package of 866 km² (Primary Rights) adjacent to claims controlled by Agnico Eagle Mines which host the world class Meliadine Deposits (6.7 M Oz gold M&I[R&R Incl.] and 2.7 M Oz Inferred)*. Solstice has exclusive Secondary rights on an additional 683 km² held as PDRs by Kodiak. Primary Rights include all mineral rights for non-diamond and gemstones excluding and minerals found in kimberlite. Dunnedin holds Secondary Rights on 685 km² of Solstice's Primary claims. Secondary Rights give the holder the right, subject to the approval of the Primary Rights holder, to propose exploration programs on the property related to their mineral rights. The Kahuna Agreement allows exclusive right for the parties to exchange rights on their respective claims. Subsequent to year end Solstice ownership of all claims upon which it held PDRs were registered in Solstice's name. Solstice also registered notice of 50% ownership on those claims upon which have divided PDRs between Solstice and Dunnedin.

78% percent of Solstice's PDR claims are on crown lands and the remainder are on Inuit Owned Surface Lands ("IOL"). The crown lands are owned and administered by the federal government of Canada. The current exploration targets on the property are largely on crown land. The IOL lands on the Kahuna project have surface rights that are administered by the Kivalliq Inuit Association and the underlying mineral rights are owned and administered by the federal government of Canada.

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The project is not subject to any underlying option payments. 84% of claims are subject to a 4% NSR (held by the original property vendors), and this can be reduced to 2% by a \$4 million payment at anytime up until production.

Claim Extensions

Subsequent to this, The CIRNAC Nunavut Mining Recorder's Office elected to allow companies holding mineral exploration claims in Nunavut to file a one year extension to all of their mineral claims at no charge in light of the challenges brought on by Covid-19, Solstice has filed for this. In addition, we have filed assessment for work completed during the 2019 field season and our main target areas covering ~375 km², require no expenditures for well over six years (beyond the Covid-19 relief) and have no underlying costs.

See additional information in the Highlights and Recent Developments Section of this MD&A and in the news releases dated October 1, 2019 on the company website or SEDAR for more details.

¹ Assay results from grab samples are selected samples and are not necessarily representative of the mineralization hosted on the property.

*This MD&A contains information with respect to the Meliadine gold deposits owned by Agnico Eagle Mines, in respect of which the Company has no interest or rights to explore or mine. Readers are cautioned that the Company has no interest in or right to acquire any interest in any such properties, and that mineral deposits on adjacent or similar properties are not indicative of mineral deposits on the Company's properties and there is no certainty of the same or similar deposits on the Company's properties.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

For the three months ended June 30, 2020

The net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2020 was \$242,403 as compared to a net loss of \$78,568 for the three months ended June 30, 2019, a increase in net loss of \$163,835. The main contributing factors to the loss and change from prior year were:

- Salaries were \$100,246 for the three months ended June 30, 2020 compared to \$122,441 for the three months ended June 30, 2019. Salaries support the ongoing operation of the Company's activities. Salaries decreased as the Company's executives agreed in November 2019 to a temporary reduction in compensation (over 40% on average) to preserve the Company's treasury. The reduction in salaries were made permanent through additional changes made to compensation agreements in June 2020.
- Professional fees were \$40,122 for the three months ended June 30, 2020 compared to \$8,428 for the three months ended June 30, 2019. Professional fees are incurred to support the corporate activity of the Company.
- Share based compensation charges were \$68,690 for the three months ended June 30, 2020 compared to a credit of \$102,332 for the three months ended June 30, 2019. Share based compensation charges in the current period relate to the issuance of employee stock options. The credit for the prior year related to an adjustment to the assumptions of the Share based compensation calculation.

For the twelve months ended June 30, 2020

The net loss for the twelve months ended June 30, 2020 was \$680,782 as compared to a net loss of \$733,161 for the twelve months ended June 30, 2019, an decrease in net loss of \$52,379. The main contributing factors to the loss and decrease from prior year were:

- Salaries of \$321,318 for the twelve months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to \$413,988 for the twelve months ended June 30, 2019. The decrease in salaries costs for the current year as compared to the prior period is a result of the Company executives agreeing to a temporary reduction in compensation in order to preserve the Company's treasury. The reduction in salaries were made permanent through additional changes made to compensation agreements in June 2020.

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- Professional fees were \$96,480 for the twelve months ended June 30, 2020 compared to \$95,075 for the twelve months ended June 30, 2019. Professional fees are incurred to support the corporate activity of the Company.
- Share based compensation charges were of \$124,940 for the twelve months ended June 30, 2020 compared to \$102,900 for the twelve months ended June 30, 2019. Share based compensation charges in the current year relate to the issuance of employee stock options during the current year.
- Interest income on cash balances for the twelve months ended June 30, 2020 was \$30,678 as compared to \$107,277 for the twelve months ended June 30, 2019. Interest income has declined as the Company's cash balance has declined year over year.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

Three Months Ended:	Revenue	Net Income / (Loss)	Loss per share
June 30, 2020	\$ -	\$ (242,403)	\$ (0.00)
March 31, 2020	\$ -	\$ (119,176)	\$ (0.00)
December 31, 2019	\$ -	\$ (148,435)	\$ (0.00)
September 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ (170,768)	\$ (0.00)
June 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ (78,568)	\$ (0.00)
March 31, 2019	\$ -	\$ (198,149)	\$ (0.00)
December 31, 2018	\$ -	\$ (201,717)	\$ (0.00)
September 30, 2018	\$ -	\$ (254,727)	\$ (0.01)

Amounts in the table may differ slightly from annual reported amounts due to rounding.

Overall, quarterly losses fluctuate due to levels of office and administration costs to support exploration and development programs. Other factors generally causing significant variations in results between quarters include share-based compensation, and salary levels. Both salary and share based compensation levels have decreased in recent quarters due to a temporary salary reduction program entered into by management, and due to options becoming fully vested respectively.

LIQUIDITY

As at June 30, 2020, the Company has not achieved profitable operations and expects to incur further losses in the pursuit and/or development of its business.

During the twelve months ended June 30, 2020, the Company's operating activities consumed cash of \$678,098 and investing activities consumed cash of \$2,197,279. The investing funds consumed were spent on exploration activities on the Company's Kahuna property during the period.

As at June 30, 2020, the Company had \$1,873,964 of current assets (\$1,820,423 in cash) and \$117,509 in current liabilities resulting in working capital of \$1,756,455. \$17,250 of the current assets relates to restricted cash to support a letter of credit that the company has filed with the Kivalliq Inuit Association.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern in the long term is dependent upon its ability to generate future profitable operations and/or to obtain the necessary financing to meet its obligations and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations when they come due. The Company is a junior exploration company without operating revenues and therefore, it must utilize equity and other financing transactions to maintain the Company's capacity to meet working capital requirements and ongoing exploration program, or to fund any further development activities. See "Risk Factors" of this MD&A.

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The Company strives to effectively manage and minimize its operational costs where possible to ensure the maximum amount of resources goes to exploring our properties. Examples of initiatives the Company has undertaken to manage our costs include, working without a physical office, limiting travel expenses by utilizing virtual meetings, outsourcing activities where appropriate to limit overhead costs, and carefully managing consulting and other external fees.

The Company's primary source of financing is by means of share issuances, the exercise of options and/or warrants, debt or other sources. There can be no certainty of the Company's ability to raise financing through these means.

To the date of this MD&A, the cash resources of the Company are held with one major Canadian chartered bank.

In May of 2020 the Company received the \$40,000 interest free Canada Emergency Business Account (CEBA) loan. The program is operated by the Government of Canada. If the loan balance is paid on or before December 31, 2022, there will be loan forgiveness of 25% or \$10,000.

On June 10, 2020 the company closed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$1,198,786.64. The Company issued a total of 29,969,666 units at a price of \$0.04 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one common share purchase warrant. Each full warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.06 for a period of 36 months from the closing of the private placement.

On January 31, 2018, concurrent with completion of the Arrangement, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement financing consisting of both non flow-through units and flow-through units for a gross amount of \$8.4M. Finders' fees of \$0.339M were paid. The net proceeds of the financing were and will be used to advance development of the Company's Kahuna Gold project including geological consulting, drilling and assays, permitting and for working capital and general corporate purposes.

As at the date of filing of this MD&A the Company has spent the full proceeds from the 2018 financing.

Reconciliation of Use of Proceeds of the January 31, 2018 financing:

	Disclosed Use of Proceeds	Net Proceeds	Spent to June 30, 2020
Exploration		\$ 4,082,000	\$ 6,225,300
Exploration contingency		310,000	310,000
General corporate, working capital and future exploration program		3,573,000	2,055,886
Total		\$ 7,965,000	\$ 8,591,186

CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's objective, when managing capital, is to ensure sufficient resources are available to meet day-to-day operating requirements and to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such, the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. Beyond its current plans, the Company will need to raise additional funds or consider alternative forms of financing to advance the project and to pay for administrative costs.

The Company has policies and procedures in place for expenditure authorization limits and capital expenditure authorization. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the size of the Company, is reasonable. The Company's officers and senior management take full responsibility for managing the Company's capital and do so through quarterly meetings and regular review of financial information. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing this process.

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The Company is not subject to any capital requirements imposed by a regulator.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company's key management compensation and related party transactions during the period ended June 30, 2020 consist of directors and officers and the companies controlled by common officers or director.

Directors and Executive Management Compensation was as follows:

	Twelve months ended June 30, 2020	Twelve months ended June 30, 2019
Salary related compensation	\$ 295,711	\$ 402,942
Project related fees and compensation	164,885	212,944
Share-based compensation	263,745	464,608
	\$ 724,341	\$ 1,080,494

\$138,805 of share-based compensation costs (2019- \$ 361,708) relates to geological evaluation expense and has been coded to evaluation and exploration assets.

Directors and Executive Management Transactions was as follows:

The aggregate value of transactions and outstanding balances relating to entities over which directors and executive management have control or significant influence for the twelve months ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Payee	Nature of Transactions	Related Party	Amount	Owing as at June 30, 2020
Rimini Exploration & Consulting Ltd	Exploration Costs	Former Vice President Exploration	\$ 258,684	\$ 1,449
Rimini Exploration & Consulting Ltd*	Consulting Services	Former Vice President Exploration	\$ 174,053	\$ -
			\$ 432,737	\$ 1,449

*Rimini Exploration & Consulting Ltd. ("Rimini") is a Company that Solstice's former Vice President Exploration has a significant interest in. Rimini was contracted with Solstice to staff and carry out part of our exploration programs prior to the Company's former Vice President Exploration joining the Company. Non-Rimini management reviews the market-competitiveness of Rimini on an annual basis.

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The aggregate value of transactions and outstanding balances relating to entities over which directors and executive management have control or significant influence for the twelve months ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Payee	Nature of Transactions	Related Party	Amount	Owing as at June 30, 2019
Rimini Exploration & Consulting Ltd	Exploration Services	Former Vice President Exploration	\$ 275,483	\$ 93,144
Rimini Exploration & Consulting Ltd	Consulting Services	Former Vice President Exploration	\$ 175,000	\$ 19,775
North Face Software Ltd.	Exploration Services	Former Vice President Exploration	\$ 24,500	\$ -
			\$ 475,983	\$ 112,919

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE FOR VENTURE ISSUERS WITHOUT SIGNIFICANT REVENUE

Additional disclosure concerning the Company's capitalized or expensed exploration costs and general and administration costs is provided in the Company's Annual Financial Statements.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Resource exploration and development is a speculative business, characterized by a number of significant risks including, among other things, unprofitable efforts resulting not only from the failure to discover mineral deposits but also from finding mineral deposits which, though present, are insufficient in quantity and quality to return a profit from production. The marketability of minerals acquired or discovered by the Company may be affected by numerous factors which are beyond the control of the Company and which cannot be accurately predicted, such as market fluctuations of metal prices, the proximity and capacity of milling facilities, mineral markets, processing reagents and equipment, and such other factors as government regulations, including regulations relating to royalties, allowable production, importing and exporting of minerals, and environment protection, the combination of those factors may result in the Company not receiving an adequate return on investment capital. In addition to the other information contained in this MD&A, the following factors should be considered carefully when considering risk related to Solstice's proposed business:

Cyber Security Risk

Cyber security risk is the risk of negative impact on the operations and financial affairs of the Company due to cyber attacks, destruction or corruption of data, and breaches of its electronic systems. Management believes that it has taken reasonable and adequate steps to mitigate the risk of potential damage to the Company from such risks. The Company also relies on third-party service providers for the storage and processing of various data. A cyber security incident against the Company or its service providers could result in the loss of business sensitive, confidential or personal information as well as violation of privacy and security laws, litigation and regulatory enforcement and costs. The Company has not experienced any material losses relating to cyber attacks or other information security breaches, however there can be no assurance that it will not incur such losses in the future.

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Exploration and Development Efforts May Not Be Successful

There is no certainty that the expenditures to be made by the Company in the exploration of its properties as described herein will result in the discovery of mineralized material in commercial quantities. Most exploration projects do not result in the discovery of commercially mineable ore deposits and no assurance can be given that any particular level of recovery of ore reserves will in fact be realized or that any identified mineral deposit will ever qualify as a commercially mineable (or viable) ore body which can be legally and economically exploited. Estimates of reserves, mineral deposits and production costs can also be affected by such factors as environmental permitting regulations and requirements, weather, environmental factors, unforeseen technical difficulties, unusual or unexpected geological formations and work interruptions. In addition, the grade of ore ultimately mined may differ from that indicated by drilling results. Short term factors relating to ore reserves, such as the need for orderly development of ore bodies or the processing of new or different grades, may also have an adverse effect on mining operations and on the results of operations. There can be no assurance that minerals recovered in small scale tests will be duplicated in large scale tests under on-site conditions or in production scale. Material changes in ore reserves, grades, stripping ratios or recovery rates may affect the economic viability of any project.

No History of Earnings

Solstice has no history of earnings or of a return on investment, and there is no assurance that the Gold Project or any other property or business that Solstice may acquire or undertake will generate earnings, operate profitably or provide a return on investment in the future. Solstice has no plans to pay dividends for some time in the future. The future dividend policy of Solstice will be determined by the Solstice Board.

Novel Coronavirus

The current outbreak of novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) and any future emergence and spread of similar pathogens could have an adverse impact on global economic conditions which may adversely impact the Company's operations, and the operations of its suppliers, contractors and service providers, the ability to obtain financing and maintain necessary liquidity, and the ability to explore the Company's properties. The outbreak of COVID-19 and political upheavals in various countries have caused significant volatility in commodity prices. The outbreak is causing companies and various governmental authorities to impose restrictions such as quarantines, business closures and travel restrictions. While these effects are expected to be temporary, the duration of the business disruptions and related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. Travel bans and other government restrictions may also adversely impact the Company's operations and the ability of the Company to advance its projects. In particular, if any employees or consultants of the Company become infected with Coronavirus or similar pathogens and/or the Company is unable to source necessary consumables or supplies, due to government restrictions or otherwise, it could have a material negative impact on the Company's operations and prospects, including the complete shutdown of its exploration programs. The situation is dynamic and changing day-to-day.

No Proven Reserves

The properties in which the Company has an interest or the right to earn an interest are in the exploratory stage only and are without a known body of ore in commercial production.

No Guarantee of Clear Title to Mineral Properties

While the Company has investigated title to all its mineral properties and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all of its properties and properties in which it has the right to acquire or earn an interest are in good standing, this should not be construed as a guarantee of title. The properties may be subject to prior unregistered agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

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Influence of Third Party Stakeholders

The mineral properties in which Solstice holds an interest, or the exploration equipment and road or other means of access which Solstice intends to utilize in carrying out its work programs or general business mandates, may be subject to interests or claims by third party individuals, groups or companies. In the event that such third parties assert any claims, Solstice's work programs may be delayed even if such claims are not meritorious. Such claims may result in significant financial loss and loss of opportunity for Solstice.

Financing Risks

Additional funding will be required to conduct future exploration programs on the Gold Project and to conduct other exploration programs. If Solstice's proposed exploration programs are successful, additional funds will be required for the development of an economic mineral body and to place it in commercial production. The only sources of future funds presently available to Solstice are the sale of equity capital, or the offering by Solstice of an interest in its properties to be earned by another party or parties carrying out exploration or development thereof. There is no assurance that any such funds will be available for operations. Failure to obtain additional financing on a timely basis could cause Solstice to reduce or terminate its proposed operations.

Commodity Prices

The price of the Common Shares and Solstice's financial results may be significantly adversely affected by a decline in the price of gold and other mineral commodities. Metal prices fluctuate widely and are affected by numerous factors beyond Solstice's control. The level of interest rates, the rate of inflation, world supply of mineral commodities, global and regional consumption patterns, speculative trading activities, the value of the United States dollar and stability of exchange rates can all cause significant fluctuations in prices. Such external economic factors are in turn influenced by changes in international investment patterns and monetary systems, political systems and political and economic developments. The price of mineral commodities has fluctuated widely in recent years and future serious price declines could cause potential commercial production to be uneconomic. A severe decline in the price of minerals would have a material adverse effect on Solstice.

Competition

The mining industry is intensively competitive in all its phases. The Company competes with many companies possessing greater financial resources and technical facilities than itself for the acquisition of mineral interests as well as for the recruitment and retention of qualified employees.

Environmental Regulations

The current and future operations of the Company, including further exploration, development activities and commencement of production on its properties, require permits from various Provincial, Federal and State governmental authorities. Such operations are subject to various laws governing land use, the protection of the environment, production, exports, taxes, labor standards, occupational health, waste disposal, toxic substances mine safety and other matters. There can be no assurance, however, that all permits which the Company may require for construction of mining facilities and conduct of mining operations will be obtainable on reasonable terms. Amendments to current laws, regulations and permits governing operations and activities of mining companies, or more stringent implementation thereof, could have a material adverse impact on the Company and cause increases in capital expenditures or production costs or reduction in levels of production at producing properties or require abandonment or delays in development of new mining properties. Amendments to current laws, regulations and permits governing operations and activities of mining companies, or more stringent implementation thereof, could have a material adverse impact on the Company and cause increases in capital expenditures or production costs or reduction in levels of production at producing properties or require abandonment or delays in development of new mining properties.

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Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions thereunder, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed, and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment or remedial actions. Parties engaged in mining operations may be required to compensate those suffering loss or damage by reason of the mining activities and may have civil or criminal fines or penalties imposed for violation of applicable laws or regulations.

Environmental Impact

The Company does not believe that there are any significant environmental obligations requiring material capital outlays in the immediate future and anticipates that such obligations will only arise when full scale development commences. As the Company's project is still in the exploration and development stage and no significant environmental impact has occurred to date, the Company does not currently consider that expenditures required meeting any ongoing environmental obligations at the projects material to its results or to financial condition to the Company at this time. However, these costs may become material in the future and will be reported in the Company's filings at that time.

Permitting

Solstice's mineral property interests are subject to receiving and maintaining permits from appropriate governmental authorities. There is no assurance that delays will not occur in connection with obtaining all necessary renewals of existing permits, additional permits for any possible future developments or changes to operations or additional permits associated with new legislation. Prior to any development of any of their properties, Solstice must receive permits from appropriate governmental authorities. There can be no assurance that Solstice will continue to hold all permits necessary to develop or continue its activities at any particular property. Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions thereunder, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing activities to cease or be curtailed, and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures or remedial actions. Amendments to current laws, regulations and permitting requirements, or more stringent application of existing laws, may have a material adverse impact on Solstice, resulting in increased capital expenditures and other costs or abandonment or delays in development of properties.

Uncertainty of Reserves and Mineralization Estimates

There are numerous uncertainties inherent in estimating proven and probable reserves and mineralization, including many factors beyond the control of the Company. The estimation of reserves and mineralization is a subjective process and the accuracy of any such estimates is a function of the quality of available data and of engineering and geological interpretation and judgment. Results of drilling, metallurgical testing and production and the evaluation of mine plans subsequent to the date of any estimate may justify revision of such estimates. No assurances can be given that the volume and grade of reserves recovered, and rates of production will not be less than anticipated. Assumptions about prices are subject to greater uncertainty and metal prices have fluctuated widely in the past. Declines in the market price of base or precious metals also may render reserves or mineralization containing relatively lower grades of ore uneconomic to exploit. Changes in operating and capital costs and other factors including, but not limited to, short-term operating factors such as the need for sequential development of ore bodies and the processing of new or different ore grades, may materially and adversely affect reserves. The Company currently has no projects that have either Reserves or Resources.

Operating Hazards and Risks Associated with the Mining Industry

Mining operations generally involve a high degree of risk, which even a combination of experience, knowledge and careful evaluation may not be able to overcome. Hazards such as unusual or unexpected formations and other conditions are involved. Operations in which the Company has a direct or indirect interest will be subject to all the hazards and risks normally incidental to exploration, development and production of precious and base metals, any of which could result in work stoppages, damage to or destruction of mines and other producing facilities, damage to life and property, environmental damage and possible legal liability for any or all damage. The Company may become subject to liability for cave-ins and other

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hazards for which it cannot insure or against which it may elect not to insure where premium costs are disproportionate to the Company's perception of the relevant risks. The payment of such insurance premiums and of such liabilities would reduce the funds available for exploration activities.

Possible Dilution to Present and Prospective Shareholders

The Company's plan of operation, in part, contemplates the accomplishment of business negotiations by the issuance of cash, securities of the Company, or a combination of the two, and possibly, incurring debt. Any transaction involving the issuance of previously authorized but unissued common shares, or securities convertible into common shares, would result in dilution, possibly substantial, to present and prospective holders of common shares.

Dependence of Key Personnel

The Company strongly depends on the business and technical expertise of its management and key personnel. There is little possibility that this dependence will decrease in the near term. As the Company's operations expand, additional general management resources will be required.

Solstice's Operations Are Subject To Human Error

Despite efforts to attract and retain qualified personnel, as well as the retention of qualified consultants, to manage Solstice's interests, and even when those efforts are successful, people are fallible and human error could result in significant uninsured losses to Solstice. These could include loss or forfeiture of mineral claims or other assets for non-payment of fees or taxes, significant tax liabilities in connection with any tax planning effort Solstice might undertake and legal claims for errors or mistakes by Solstice personnel.

Conflicts of Interest

Certain directors of the Company are also directors, officers or shareholders of other companies that are similarly engaged in the business of acquiring, developing and exploiting natural resource properties. Such associations may give rise to conflicts of interest from time to time. The directors of the Company are required by law to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Company and to disclose any interest which they may have in any project or opportunity of the Company. If a conflict of interest arises at a meeting of the Board of Directors, any director in a conflict will disclose his interest and abstain from voting on such matter. In determining whether or not the Company will participate in any project or opportunity, the directors will primarily consider the degree of risk to which the Company may be exposed and its financial position at that time.

Insurance

Exploration, development and production operations on mineral properties involve numerous risks, including unexpected or unusual geological operating conditions, ground or slope failures, fires, environmental occurrences and natural phenomena such as prolonged periods of inclement weather conditions, floods, fires and earthquakes. It is not always possible to obtain insurance against all such risks and Solstice may decide not to insure against certain risks because of high premiums or other reasons. Such occurrences could result in damage to, or destruction of, mineral properties or production facilities, personal injury or death, environmental damage to Solstice's properties or the properties of others, delays in exploration, development or mining operations, monetary losses and possible legal liability. Solstice expects to maintain insurance within ranges of coverage which it believes to be consistent with industry practice for companies of a similar stage of development. Solstice expects to carry liability insurance with respect to its mineral exploration operations, but is not expected to cover any form of political risk insurance or certain forms of environmental liability insurance, since insurance against political risks and environmental risks (including liability for pollution) or other hazards resulting from exploration and development activities is prohibitively expensive. Should such liabilities arise, they could reduce or eliminate future profitability and result in increasing costs and a decline in the value of the securities of Solstice. If Solstice is unable to fully fund the cost of remedying

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an environmental problem, it might be required to suspend operations or enter into costly interim compliance measures pending completion of a permanent remedy. The lack of, or insufficiency of, insurance coverage could adversely affect Solstice's future cash flow and overall profitability.

Lack of Trading

The lack of trading volume of the Company's shares reduces the liquidity of an investment in the Company's shares.

Volatility of Share Price

Market prices for shares of early stage companies are often volatile. Factors such as announcements of mineral discoveries, financial results, and other factors could have a significant effect on the price of the Company's shares.

Acquisition Strategy

As part of Solstice's business strategy, it has sought and will continue to seek new exploration, development and mining opportunities in the resource industry. In pursuit of such opportunities, Solstice may fail to select appropriate acquisition candidates or negotiate acceptable arrangements, including arrangements to finance acquisitions or integrate the acquired businesses and their personnel into Solstice. Solstice cannot assure that it can complete any acquisition or business arrangement that it pursues, or is pursuing, on favourable terms, or that any acquisitions or business arrangements completed will ultimately benefit Solstice.

Dividend Policy

No dividends on Common Shares have been paid by Solstice to date. Solstice anticipates that it will retain all earnings and other cash resources for the foreseeable future for the operation and development of its business. Solstice does not intend to declare or pay any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Payment of any future dividends will be at the discretion of the Solstice Board after taking into account many factors, including Solstice's operating results, financial condition and current and anticipated cash needs.

Significant Competition for Attractive Mineral Properties

Significant and increasing competition exists for the limited number of mineral acquisition opportunities available. Solstice expects to selectively seek strategic acquisitions in the future, however, there can be no assurance that suitable acquisition opportunities will be identified. As a result of this competition, some of which is with large established mining companies with substantial capabilities and greater financial and technical resources than Solstice, Solstice may be unable to acquire additional attractive mineral properties on terms it considers acceptable. In addition, Solstice's ability to consummate and to integrate effectively any future acquisitions on terms that are favourable to Solstice may be limited by the number of attractive acquisition targets, internal demands on resources, competition from other mining companies and, to the extent necessary, Solstice's ability to obtain financing on satisfactory terms, if at all.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Cash and cash equivalents and amounts receivable, are designated as "loans and receivables". Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are designated as "other financial liabilities".

The carrying value of the Company's amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short terms to maturity.

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The Company examines the various financial instrument risks to which it is exposed and assesses any impact and likelihood of those risks. The Company's risk exposures and their corresponding impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company cannot meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as they come due. As at June 30, 2020, the Company had a \$1,820,423 in cash and cash equivalents balance to settle current liabilities of \$117,509.

The Company intends to finance future requirements from its existing cash reserves together with share issuances, the exercise of options and/or warrants, debt or other sources. There can be no certainty of the Company's ability to raise financing through these means.

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to meet their payment obligations, thus this risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents. As such the Company believes that its current risk of default of receiving the payment is minimal.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In May of 2020 the Company received the \$40,000 interest free Canada Emergency Business Account (CEBA) loan. The program is operated by the Government of Canada. If the loan balance is paid on or before December 31, 2022, there will be loan forgiveness of 25% or \$10,000

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

As at the date of this MD&A, there were no legal proceedings to which the Company is a party, nor to which their property is subject, nor to the best of the knowledge of management, are such legal proceedings contemplated.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

The authorized capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares and an unlimited number of preferred shares.

	Number of Shares	Exercise Prices	Expiry Dates
Issued and outstanding common shares as at October 28, 2020	99,504,572		
Warrants	29,969,666 13,267,200 ¹	\$0.06 \$0.350	June 10, 2023 January 31, 2021
Options	66,666 ** 1,166,663 ** 50,000 ** 420,000 ** 4,490,000 2,615,000 400,000 250,000 1,100,000	\$0.150 \$0.190 \$0.190 \$0.210 \$0.250 \$0.06 \$0.250 \$0.09 \$0.250	August 4, 2021 September 6, 2021 October 4, 2021 January 18, 2022 January 15, 2025 June 10, 2025 June 19, 2025 July 10, 2025 September 1, 2025
Fully diluted balance, October 28, 2020	153,299,767		

**** Options and share purchase warrants issued to Kodiak option and warrant holders as per the Plan of Arrangement.**

¹ On July 2, 2019 the Company announced the extension of the exercise period of these share purchase warrants by six months. The original expiry date was July 31, 2020.

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APPROVAL

The Board of Directors of the Company has approved the disclosure contained in this MD&A.

Sandy Barham P.Geo. is the Qualified Person as defined by NI 43-101 standards responsible for reviewing and approving the technical content of this MD&A.