

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NINE MONTHS ENDED MAY 31, 2023 AND THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited)

NOTICE TO READERS

The attached condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine months period ended May 31, 2023 have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management and have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these interim financial statements.

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited)

	MAY 31, 2023	AUGUST 31, 2022
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 80,987	\$ 137,535
Short-term investments (Note 4)	364,418	857,516
Accounts receivable (Note 5)	9,235	31,211
Prepaid expenses	6,237	34,212
Total Current Assets	460,877	1,060,474
Non-current Assets		
Value-added taxes recoverable	8,800	6,302
Exploration and evaluation assets (Notes 6 and 14)	3,549,221	3,313,666
Total Assets	\$ 4,018,898	\$ 4,380,442
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 24,398	\$ 47,500
Due to related parties (Note 12)	216,500	180,500
Total Liabilities	240,898	228,000
EQUITY		
Share capital (Note 7)	30,483,588	30,458,588
Share-based payments reserve (Note 7)	3,563,584	3,563,584
Deficit	(30,269,172)	(29,869,730)
Total Equity	3,778,000	4,152,442
Total Liabilities And Equity	\$ 4,018,898	\$ 4,380,442

Going Concern (Note 1)

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on July 25, 2023. They are signed on behalf of the Company by:

<p>“J. Paul Sorbara” <hr style="border: 0.5px solid black;"/> Director</p>	<p>“Stephen W. Pearce” <hr style="border: 0.5px solid black;"/> Director</p>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	May 31,		May 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Expenses				
Consulting (Note 12)	\$ 24,000	\$ 24,000	\$ 72,000	\$ 48,000
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(542)	(361)	(3,023)	567
Investor relations	30,267	8,210	51,646	34,590
Management fees (Note 12)	34,500	34,500	103,500	69,000
Office and general	15,311	11,434	30,201	14,441
Professional fees	28,277	19,597	76,142	47,856
Rent and utilities	4,772	4,160	15,560	7,936
Transfer agent and filing fees	13,165	7,144	17,477	8,513
Travel	3,254	6,496	4,186	6,496
Loss Before Other Income	(153,004)	(115,180)	(367,689)	(237,399)
Other Income (Expense)				
Interest income	2,652	3,403	10,555	2,203
Write down of exploration and evaluation assets (Notes 6 and 14)	(9,649)	(20,966)	(42,308)	(29,199)
Comprehensive Loss - For The Period	\$ (160,001)	\$ (135,097)	\$ (399,442)	\$ (264,395)
Loss Per Share – Basic and Diluted	\$ (0.001)	\$ (0.001)	\$ (0.003)	\$ (0.002)
Weighted Average Number Of Shares Outstanding – Basic and diluted	151,304,964	144,341,294	151,304,964	144,341,294

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
NINE MONTHS ENDED MAY 31, 2023 AND THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited)

	COMMON SHARES WITHOUT PAR VALUE SHARES	\$ AMOUNT	SHARES-BASES PAYMENTS RESERVE	\$ DEFICIT	\$ TOTAL EQUITY
Balance, August 31, 2021	145,087,019	\$ 30,242,288	\$ 3,497,884	\$ (29,273,144)	\$ 4,467,028
Units issued for private placement	6,000,000	163,160	40,790	-	203,950
Units issued for services		76,840	19,210	-	96,050
Share issuance costs	-	(23,700)	5,700	-	(18,000)
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	(596,586)	(596,586)
Balance, August 31, 2022	151,087,019	30,458,588	3,563,584	(29,869,730)	4,152,442
Share issued for exploration and evaluation assets	1,850,000	25,000	-	-	25,000
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(399,442)	(399,442)
Balance, May 31, 2023	152,937,019	\$ 30,483,588	\$ 3,563,584	\$ (30,269,172)	\$ 3,778,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited)

	NINE MONTHS ENDED MAY 31,	
	2023	2022
Operating Activities		
Net loss for the period	\$ (399,442)	\$ (380,385)
Adjustments to reconcile loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Accrued Interest	(6,483)	1,384
Write down of exploration and evaluation assets	42,308	37,609
Change in non-cash operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	19,478	149,096
Prepaid expenses	27,975	35,975
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(23,102)	(213,362)
Due to related parties	36,000	35,547
Cash Used In Operating Activities	(303,266)	(334,136)
Investing Activities		
Exploration advances	-	32,000
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets	(252,863)	(479,652)
Purchase of short-term investments	-	(4,250)
Proceeds from redemption of short-term investments	499,581	750,000
Cash Provided by Investing Activities	246,718	298,098
Financing Activities		
Share subscriptions received	-	132,000
Cash Provided by Financing Activities	-	132,000
Increase (Decrease) In Cash	(56,548)	95,962
Cash, Beginning Of Period	137,535	74,872
Cash, End Of Period	\$ 80,987	\$ 170,834
Supplementary Cash Flow Disclosure And Non-Cash Investing And Financing Activities:		
Exploration and evaluation assets costs included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 8,514	\$ 8,766
Interest received	\$ 7,338	\$ 4,449

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Golden Goliath Resources Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated on June 12, 1996 under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia, Canada. The Company is a public company listed on the TSX Venture Exchange (the "TSX.V"), trading under the symbol "GNG". The address of the Company's corporate office and principal place of business is Suite 618, 688 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada. The Company's principal business activity is the acquisition and exploration of resource properties.

The Company is in the exploration stage and is in the process of evaluating its resource properties and has not yet determined whether these properties contain reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, confirmation of the Company's interest in the underlying mineral claims, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development of the properties and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof. Management's plan in this regard is to secure additional funds through future equity financings, which either may not be available or may not be available on reasonable terms.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern. This assumes the Company will operate for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. Accordingly, they do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and therefore be required to realize its assets and liquidate its liabilities, contingent obligations, and commitments other than in the normal course of business and at amounts different from those in the financial statements. During the nine months period ended May 31, 2023, the Company incurred a net loss of \$399,442 (2022 - \$129,296) and as of that date had an accumulated deficit of \$30,269,172 (2022 - \$29,869,730). The Company has incurred operating losses since inception, has no source of operating cash flow, minimal income from short-term investments, continues to rely on the cooperation of its related parties, and there can be no assurances that sufficient funding, including adequate financing, will be available to complete the exploration of its mineral properties and to cover general and administrative expenses necessary for the maintenance of a public company. The ability of the Company to arrange additional financing in the future depends in part, on the prevailing capital market conditions and mineral property exploration success. These factors cast substantial doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the financial statements do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and therefore be required to realize its assets and liquidate its liabilities, contingent obligations, and commitments other than in the normal course of business and at amounts different from those in the consolidated financial statements.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

a) Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

b) Basis of Preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for financial instruments that have been measured at fair value. These consolidated financial statements have also been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (including normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included.

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

c) Foreign Currencies

The Company's reporting currency and functional currency is the Canadian dollar. The functional currency of the Mexican subsidiary is the Canadian dollar. Transactions in Mexican ("MXN") foreign currency have been translated into Canadian dollars as follows:

- Monetary items at the rate prevailing at the statement of financial position date;
- Non-monetary items are measured at historical cost at the exchange rate in effect at the date of the transaction;
- Revenues and expenses are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the date of the transaction; and
- Gains or losses arising on foreign currency translation are included in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

d) Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The preparation of consolidated financial statements also requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying accounting policies.

On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its judgments and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, and expenses. Management uses historical experience and various other factors it believes to be reasonable under the given circumstances, as the basis for its judgments and estimates. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively from the period in which the estimates are revised. Actual outcomes may differ from those estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

The following are the key estimate and assumption uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment within the next financial year.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Impairment

Assets, especially exploration and evaluation assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts exceed their recoverable amounts. The assessment of the carrying amount often requires estimates and assumptions such as discount rates, exchange rates, commodity prices, future capital requirements, and future operating performance.

Share-based payment transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant of shares. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of a share option, volatility and dividend yield, and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and model used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 8.

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2023
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

d) Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates (Continued)

Critical Judgments Used in Applying Accounting Policies

Determination of going concern assumption

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments regarding the applicability of going concern assumption to the Company as discussed in Note 1.

Determination of Cash Generating Units

In performing impairment assessments, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. Management is required to exercise judgment in identifying these cash generating units.

Determination of functional currency

The functional currency for the Company's subsidiaries is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. Determination of functional currency may involve certain judgments to determine the primary economic environment and the Company reconsiders the functional currency of its entities if there is a change in events and conditions which determined the primary economic environment.

Title to mineral property interests

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

Exploration and evaluation expenditures

The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditures requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, which may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Assets or cash-generating units ("CGUs") are evaluated at each reporting date to determine whether there are any indicators of impairment. The Company considers both internal and external sources of information when making the assessment of whether there are indications of impairment for the Company's minerals properties.

If, after exploration and evaluation expenditures are capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the carrying amount of an exploration and evaluation asset may exceed its recoverable amount the Company carries out an impairment test at the CGU, or group of CGUs, level in the year the new information becomes available. If indicators of impairment exist, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment. Management uses several criteria in its assessments of economic recoverability and probability of future economic benefit including geologic and metallurgic information, economic assessments/studies, accessible facilities, and existing permits. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available.

Income taxes

Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Company recognizes liabilities and contingencies for anticipated tax audit issues based on the Company's current understanding of the tax law. For matters where it is probable that an adjustment will be made, the Company records its best estimate of the tax liability including the related interest and penalties in the current tax provision. Management believes they have adequately provided for the probable outcome of these matters; however, the final outcome may result in a materially different outcome than the amount included in the tax liabilities.

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

d) Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates (Continued)

Critical Judgments Used in Applying Accounting Policies (Continued)

Income taxes (Continued)

In addition, the Company recognizes deferred tax assets relating to tax losses carried forward to the extent there are sufficient taxable temporary differences (deferred tax liabilities) relating to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity against which the unused tax losses can be utilized. However, utilization of the tax losses also depends on the ability of the taxable entity to satisfy certain tests at the time the losses are recouped.

Flow-through expenditures

The Company is required to spend proceeds received from the issuance of flow-through shares on qualifying resources expenditures. Differences in judgment between management and regulatory authorities with respect to qualified expenditures may result in disallowed expenditures by the tax authorities. Any amount disallowed may result in the Company's required expenditures not being fulfilled.

Decommissioning liabilities

Judgment is required to determine if there are legal or constructive obligations to incur restoration, rehabilitation, and environmental costs when there is an environmental disturbance caused by exploration, development or ongoing production of an exploration and evaluation asset. When it is determined that an obligation exists, a provision is recognized. The provision for decommissioning liabilities depends on estimates of current risk-free interest rates, future restoration and reclamation expenditures, and the timing of those expenditures.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared using the same accounting policies as those used in the Company's annual financial statement at August 31, 2022.

4. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

As of May 31, 2023, the Company's short-term investment of \$357,935 (August 31, 2022 - \$854,250) was comprised of Canadian investments in guaranteed investment certificates maturing on September 11, 2023 at an effective interest rate of 2.4% (August 31, 2022 - 0.04%). As of May 31, 2023, the Company accrued \$6,483 (August 31, 2022 - \$3,266) of interest receivable related to the investment.

5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consist of the following:

	<u>May 31, 2023</u>	<u>August 31, 2022</u>
Sales taxes recoverable	\$ 7,663	\$ 29,879
Other receivables	1,572	1,332
	<u>\$ 9,235</u>	<u>\$ 31,211</u>

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2023
 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
 (Unaudited)

6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

Detailed exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred in respect to the Company's mineral property interests owned, leased, or held under option are disclosed in Note 15. Property payments made on the Company's mineral property interests are included in the property descriptions below.

Uruachic Mining Camp

The Company has retained an undivided 100% interest in its principal property in the District, San Timoteo, where work had been focused for the last several years. El Aguilla has been granted a right of first refusal over this property.

During the nine months ended May 31, 2023, \$42,308 (August 31, 2022 - \$56,660) in deferred expenditures related to the Uruachic Mining Camp were written down as an impairment loss determined in accordance with level 3 of the hierarchy. The Company will continue to hold the claims, but they are not viewed as priorities. Management does not currently intend to conduct any exploration activities on these non-core claims.

KWAI Property

During the year ended August 31, 2019, the Company signed an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the KWAI Property in the Red Lake District of Ontario. Per the terms of the agreement, in order to acquire a 100% interest, the Company is required to make certain cash milestone payments and issue common shares as follows:

	Cash	Common Shares
Upon signing agreement	\$ 10,500 (paid)	-
Upon regulatory approval (obtained in 2019)	-	200,000 (issued)
12 months from regulatory approval	10,000 (paid)	200,000 (issued)
24 months from regulatory approval	12,000 (paid)	-
36 months from regulatory approval	16,000 (paid)	-
48 months from regulatory approval	20,000 (paid)	-
Total	\$ 68,500	400,000

The acquisition is subject to a 1.5% net smelter return, of which the Company has the option to repurchase 0.75% for \$500,000.

SLF Property

During the year ended August 31, 2019, the Company signed an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the SLF Property in the Red Lake District of Ontario. Per the terms of the agreement, in order to acquire a 100% interest, the Company is required to make certain cash milestone payments and issue common shares as follows:

	CASH	Common Shares
Upon signing agreement	\$ 9,200 (paid)	-
Upon regulatory approval (obtained in 2019)	-	200,000 (issued)
12 months from regulatory approval	10,000 (paid)	200,000 (issued)
24 months from regulatory approval	12,000 (paid)	-
36 months from regulatory approval	16,000	-
48 months from regulatory approval	20,000	-
Total	\$ 67,200	400,000

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2023
 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
 (Unaudited)

6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued)

SLF Property (Continued)

The acquisition is subject to a 1.5% net smelter return, of which the Company has the option to repurchase 0.75% for \$500,000.

During the year ended August 31, 2021, the Company decided not to continue exploration on the property and during the year ended August 31, 2022, \$1,200 (2021 - \$299,879) in deferred expenditures was written off as an impairment loss determined in accordance with level 3 of the hierarchy.

Wish Ore Property

During the year ended August 31, 2021, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the Wish Ore Property in the townships of Wishat and Palmer, Ontario. To acquire the interest the Company completed the required minimum of \$75,000 in exploration expenditures on the property and made certain cash milestone payments and issued common shares per the terms of an option agreement as follows:

	<u>CASH</u>	<u>Common Shares</u>
Upon signing agreement	\$ 25,000 (paid)	-
Upon regulatory approval (obtained in 2019)	-	200,000 (issued)
12 months from regulatory approval	25,000 (paid)	200,000 (issued)
24 months from regulatory approval	25,000 (paid)	100,000 (issued)
Total	\$ 75,000	500,000

The property is subject to a 1.5% net smelter return, of which the Company has the option to repurchase 0.75% for \$500,000.

On April 1, 2022, the company has been accepted to participate in the Ontario Junior Exploration Program intake for a maximum contribution of \$171,250 towards the cost of the Wish Ore Property project to be incurred between April 1, 2022 and February 15, 2023. During the nine-month period ended May 31, 2023, the Company received \$169,926.

Ernest Rare Earth Element

On February 28, 2023, the Company signed an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Ernest Rare Earth Element (REE) prospect near Lack Ernst in Quebec. Per the terms of the agreement, in order to acquire a 100% interest, the Company is required to make certain cash milestone payments and issue common shares as follows:

	<u>Cash</u>	<u>Common Shares</u>
Upon signing agreement	\$ 10,000 (paid)	-
Upon regulatory approval	-	1,850,000 (issued)
12 months from regulatory approval	15,000	-
24 months from regulatory approval	25,000	-
36 months from regulatory approval	30,000	-
48 months from regulatory approval	50,000	-
Total	\$ 130,000	1,850,000

The property is subject to a 1.0% net smelter return, of which the Company has the option to repurchase 0.5% for \$1,000,000.

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2023
 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
 (Unaudited)

7. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

Authorized

The authorized share capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

Issued and Fully Paid

As at May 31, 2023, the Company had 152,937,019 (August 31, 2022 – 151,087,019) common shares issued and fully paid.

On May 6, 2022, the Company issued 6,000,000 non-flow-through units pursuant to a private placement. 4,079,000 units were issued at \$0.05 for gross proceeds of \$203,950 while the remaining 1,921,000 units were issued in exchange for prepaid consulting services fairly valued at \$96,050. Each unit consisted of one non-flow-through common share and one share purchase warrant. One whole purchase warrant is exercisable to acquire one additional common share at \$0.07 for two years from the date of issuance. The warrants included in the units issued for cash were assigned a value of \$40,790 using the residual method and the warrants included in the units issued for prepaid consulting services were assigned a value of \$19,210 using the residual method. The Company paid cash finders' fees of \$18,000 and issued 360,000 finders' warrants in connection with the private placement. Each finder's warrant is exercisable to acquire one common share at \$0.07 for two years from the date of issuance. The fair value of the finders' warrants has been calculated as \$5,700 using the Black-Scholes pricing model, based on the following assumptions: the weighted average risk-free interest rate of 0.82%, volatility factor of 100.53%, and an expected life of two years.

On April 18, 2023, the Company issued 1,850,000 common shares valued at \$25,000 pursuant to the Ernst Lake Agreement towards acquiring 100% interest in the Ernst Lake property -Quebec, Canada. (see Note 6).

Warrants

A continuity schedule of the Company's warrants is as follows:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance August 31, 2021	29,980,387	\$0.23
Expired	(24,347,850)	\$0.24
Issued	6,360,000	\$0.07
Balance August 31, 2022	11,992,537	\$0.14
Expired	(5,476,015)	\$0.22
Balance May 31, 2023	6,516,522	\$0.07

The following table summarizes the share purchase warrants outstanding as of May 31, 2023:

Expiry Date	Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Average Remaining Contractual Life
March 17, 2024	156,522	\$0.22	1.05
May 25, 2024	6,360,000	\$0.07	1.24
	6,516,522		

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2023
 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
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7. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (Continued)

Stock Options

The Company has a 10% rolling stock option plan for its directors, officers, employees, and consultants to acquire common shares of the Company at a price determined with reference to the fair market value of the shares at the date of grant. The Company's stock option plan provides for immediate vesting or vesting at the discretion of the Board at the time of the option grant. Options are exercisable for a period of up to five years. Stock options granted to investor relations' consultants vest over a twelve-month period, with one quarter of such options vesting in each three-month period.

The expected volatility assumption is based on the historical volatility of the Company's common share price on the TSX-V. The risk-free interest rate assumption is based on yield curves on Canadian government zero-coupon bonds with a remaining term equal to the stock options' expected life. The Company uses historical data to estimate option exercise, forfeiture, and employee termination within the valuation model. The Company has historically not paid dividends on its common stock.

A summary of changes in stock options is presented below:

	NUMBER OF SHARES	WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE
Balance as of August 31, 2021	7,250,000	0.133
Expired	(450,000)	0.100
Balance as of August 31, 2022	6,800,000	\$ 0.135
Expired	(2,200,000)	0.100
Balance as of May 31, 2023	4,600,000	\$ 0.152

The weighted average remaining contractual life of the options outstanding as of May 31, 2023 was 1.02 years (August 31, 2022 -1.36).

The following table summarizes the stock options outstanding as of May 31, 2023:

Expiry Date	Number of Options	Exercise Price	Average Remaining Contractual Life
September 1, 2023	950,000	\$0.30	0.25
October 19, 2023	250,000	\$0.30	0.39
September 9, 2024	3,400,000	\$0.10	1.28
	4,600,000		

Nature and Purpose of Reserves

The reserve recorded in equity on the Company's consolidated statements of financial position is comprised of "Share-based Payments Reserve" and is used to recognize the fair value of stock option grants and warrants prior to exercise and the fair value of other share-based considerations paid at the date of payment.

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2023
 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
 (Unaudited)

8. LOSS PER SHARE

The Company calculates the basic and diluted loss per common share using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period and the diluted loss per share assumes that the outstanding vested stock options and share purchase warrants had been exercised at the beginning of the year.

To compute diluted earnings per share, the average number of shares outstanding is adjusted for the number of all potentially dilutive shares. As of May 31, 2023, the Company had a total of 4,600,000 (August 31, 2022 – 6,800,000) stock options outstanding and a total of 6,516,522 (August 31, 2022 – 11,992,537) warrants outstanding. The options and warrants were not included in the Company's loss per common share calculation because the result was anti-dilutive.

9. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company has one operating segment, which is mineral exploration. All mineral properties are located in Canada and Mexico. Long-term assets by geographic segment, at cost, are as follows:

	CANADA	MEXICO	TOTAL
May 31, 2023			
Exploration and evaluation assets	\$ 3,679,021	\$ -	\$ 3,679,021
VAT recoverable	\$ -	\$ 10,372	\$ 10,372
<hr/>			
August 31, 2022			
Exploration and evaluation assets	\$ 3,313,666	\$ -	\$ 3,313,666
VAT recoverable	\$ -	\$ 6,302	\$ 6,302
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10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

As of May 31, 2023, and August 31, 2022, the carrying value of the Company's financial instruments approximates their fair value. Cash is recorded at fair value and the Company's other financial instruments are recorded at amortized cost, which approximates fair value due to their short-term nature. The Company's financial instruments are classified into the following categories:

	LEVEL	MAY 31, 2023		AUGUST 31, 2022	
		CARRYING VALUE	FAIR VALUE	CARRYING VALUE	FAIR VALUE
Fair value through profit or loss					
Cash	1	\$ 80,987	\$ 80,987	\$ 137,535	\$ 137,535
Amortized Cost					
Short-term investments	2	\$ 364,418	\$ 364,418	\$ 857,516	\$ 857,516
Accounts receivable	2	\$ 9,235	\$ 9,235	\$ 1,332	\$ 1,332
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2	\$ 24,398	\$ 24,398	\$ 47,500	\$ 47,500
Due to related parties	2	\$ 216,500	\$ 216,500	\$ 180,500	\$ 180,500
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There have been no transfers between levels 1 and 2 or transfers in or out of level 3 for the nine-month period that ended on May 31, 2023, and the year ended on August 31, 2022.

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial Instrument Risk Exposure and Risk Management

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks. The Board of Directors approves and monitors the risk management process. The overall objective of the Board is to set policies that seek to reduce risk as far as possible without unduly affecting the Company's competitiveness and flexibility. The types of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed are provided as follows:

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to fulfill an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's credit risk to its financial assets is summarized below:

	<u>MAY 31, 2023</u>		<u>AUGUST 31, 2022</u>
Cash	\$ 80,987	\$	137,535
Short term investments	\$ 364,418	\$	857,516
Accounts receivable	\$ 9,235	\$	1,332

The credit risk of accounts receivable securities is assessed as low. The carrying amount of these financial assets is their maximum exposure to credit risk. The Company does not invest in asset-backed commercial papers. Credit risk associated with cash and short-term investments is minimized as these instruments are held in large financial institutions.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting its financial obligations associated with its financial liabilities as they fall due. The Company ensures that there is sufficient capital in order to meet short-term business requirements, after taking into account the Company's holdings of cash.

As of May 31, 2023, the Company has sufficient cash and highly liquid investments on hand to meet current liabilities and its expected administrative requirements for the coming year. The Company has cash of \$80,987 (August 31, 2022 - \$137,535) and short-term investments of \$364,418 (August 31, 2022 - \$857,516) and total liabilities of \$240,898 (August 31, 2022 - \$228,000). Accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$24,398 (August 31, 2022 - \$17,500) are due within three months, and due to related parties of \$216,500 (August 31, 2022 - \$180,500) are unsecured, bear no interest, and have no set terms of repayment. Management has assessed liquidity risk as low.

Market Risk

The significant market risk exposures to which the Company is exposed are foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, and commodity price risk.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Company has operations in Canada and Mexico subject to foreign currency fluctuations. The Company's operating expenses are incurred in Canadian dollars and Mexican pesos, and the fluctuation of the Canadian dollar in relation to this other currency will have an impact on the profitability of the Company and may also affect the value of the Company's assets and the amount of equity. The Company has not entered into any agreements or purchased any instruments to hedge possible currency risks.

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2023
 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
 (Unaudited)

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Foreign Currency Risk (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities denominated in Mexican pesos were as follows:

	MAY 31, 2023		AUGUST 31, 2022
Mexican pesos			
Financial assets	\$ 212,878	\$	446,744
Financial liabilities	(127,247)		(120,132)
Net	85,631		326,612
Canadian dollar equivalent	\$ 8,582	\$	21,269

Based on the above net exposures as at May 31, 2023, and assuming that all other variables remain constant, a 10% change in the value of the Mexican peso against the Canadian dollar would result in an increase/decrease of approximately \$860 (August 31, 2022- \$2,130) in loss from operations.

Interest Rate Risk

As at May 31, 2023, the Company has no significant exposure to interest rate risk through its financial instruments.

Other Risks

Part of the Company's operations are in northern Mexico and are subject to various levels of political, economic, and other risks and uncertainties unique to Mexico. These risks and uncertainties may include: extreme fluctuations in currency exchange rates; high rates of inflation; labor unrest; risks of war or civil unrest; expropriation and nationalization; renegotiation or nullification of existing concessions, licenses, permits, and contracts; illegal mining; corruption; restrictions on foreign exchange and repatriation; hostage taking; and changing political conditions and currency controls. In addition, the Company may have to comply with multiple and potentially conflicting regulations in Canada and Mexico, including export requirements, taxes, tariffs, import duties, and other trade barriers, as well as health, safety, and environmental requirements. Changes, if any, in mining or investment policies or shifts in political attitude in Mexico may adversely affect the Company's operations. Operations may be affected in varying degrees by government regulations with respect to matters including restrictions on production, price controls, export controls, currency controls or restrictions, currency remittance, income, and other taxes, expropriation of property, foreign investment, maintenance of claims, environmental legislation, land use, land claims of local people, water use and mine safety. Failure to comply strictly with applicable laws, regulations, and local practices relating to mineral rights applications and tenure could result in loss, reduction, or expropriation of entitlements or the imposition of additional local or foreign parties as joint venture partners with carried or other interests.

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

11. CAPITAL DISCLOSURES

The Company was formed for the purpose of acquiring exploration and development stage natural resource properties. The directors determine the Company's capital structure and make adjustments to it based on funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration, and development of mineral properties. The directors have not established quantitative return on capital criteria for capital management.

The Company is dependent upon external financing to fund future exploration programs and its administrative costs. The Company will spend existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and to seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if management feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and provided it has adequate financial resources to do so.

The directors review the Company's capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believe that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern (Note 1).

The Company considers the items included on the statement of financial position in equity as capital. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares through private placements, sell assets to reduce debt or return capital to shareholders. There were no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the year. Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

12. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Key Management Compensation

	<u>May 31, 2023</u>	<u>August 31, 2022</u>
Management fees	\$ 103,500	\$ 138,000
Consulting fees	72,000	96,000
Total	<u>\$ 175,500</u>	<u>\$ 234,000</u>

Payments to key management personnel including the President, Chief Financial Officer, directors, and companies directly controlled by key management personnel, are directly related to their position in the organization.

The Company had an amount due to related parties of \$216,500 (August 31, 2022 - \$180,500) due to directors. The amounts are unsecured, bear no interest, and have no set terms of repayment.

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company announces that effective Monday, June 5, 2023 the common shares of Golden Goliath Resources Ltd. will commence trading on the TSX Venture Exchange on a consolidated basis of 1 (one) post-consolidation share for every 7 (seven) pre-consolidation shares (the "Consolidation"). The Consolidation is subject to Exchange approval.

The Company currently has 152,937,019 common shares outstanding and will have approximately 21,848,145 common shares outstanding after completion of the Consolidation, subject to rounding and the elimination of any fractional shares resulting from the Consolidation. The number of outstanding stock options and warrants of the Company will similarly be adjusted by the Consolidation ratio, and the exercise prices adjusted accordingly.

GOLDEN GOLIATH RESOURCES LTD.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2023 AND YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited)

14. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURES

	KWAI	SLF	Wish Ore	Ernst Lake	San Timoteo Oro Leon Nueva Union La Reforma	Bufo La Barranca	Corona Beck El Chamizal El Canario La Cruz	Las Trojas La Gloria Todos los Santos Los Cantiles	Total
Balance, August 31, 2021	\$ 2,235,429	\$ --	\$ 577,945	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 2,813,374
Acquisition Costs									
Cash	16,000	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	16,000
Incurring during the year									
Assaying	89,444	--	1,210	--	--	--	--	--	90,654
Drilling	172,122	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	172,122
Geology and mapping	120,235	--	64,997	--	--	--	--	--	185,232
Property taxes and passage rights	--	--	--	--	9,193	10,027	1,902	958	22,080
Road and construction site	10,826	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	10,826
Facilities and other	22,347	1,200	3,111	--	33,660	--	--	920	61,238
Write down	--	(1,200)	--	--	(42,853)	(10,027)	(1,902)	(1,878)	(57,860)
Balance, August 31, 2022	2,666,403	--	647,263	--	--	--	--	--	3,313,666
Acquisition Costs									
Cash	20,000	--	--	10,000	--	--	--	--	30,000
Issuance of commons shares	--	--	--	25,000	--	--	--	--	25,000
Incurring during the year									
Assaying	9,136	--	40,851	--	--	--	--	--	49,987
Drilling	--	--	138,908	--	--	--	--	--	138,908
Geology and mapping	21,000	--	97,296	--	--	--	--	--	118,296
Property rights	--	--	--	--	5,592	6,116	1,295	1,145	14,148
Travel	3,783	--	8,363	--	--	--	--	--	12,146
Road and construction site	--	--	34,980	--	--	--	--	--	34,980
Facilities and other	--	--	16,036	5,128	28,160	--	--	--	49,324
Ontario Junior Exploration Program Grant	--	--	(169,926)	--	--	--	--	--	(169,926)
Province of Ontario – Cost compensation	(25,000)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(25,000)
Write down	--	--	--	--	(33,752)	(6,116)	(1,295)	(1,145)	(42,308)
Balance, May 31, 2023	\$ 2,695,322	\$ --	\$ 813,771	\$ 40,128	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 3,549,221