

CAPITAN MINING INC.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited- Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

CAPITAN MINING INC.

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NOTICE OF NON-REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that these condensed interim consolidated financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The attached condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the nine months ended June 30, 2022 have not been reviewed by the Company's auditors.

CAPITAN MINING INC.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at
(Unaudited- Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Notes	June 30, 2022	September 30, 2021
Assets			
Cash		\$ 424,111	\$ 2,710,583
Restricted cash	6	25,000	25,000
Taxes receivable	7	555,061	352,490
Prepaid expenses	8	39,245	44,717
		1,043,417	3,132,790
Equipment	9	2,262	-
Exploration and evaluation assets	10	7,389,563	5,655,126
Total Assets		\$ 8,435,242	\$ 8,787,916
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 170,737	\$ 200,123
		\$ 170,737	\$ 200,123
Shareholders' Equity			
Share capital	11	\$ 10,438,790	\$ 10,438,790
Reserves	11	346,747	293,727
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(69,640)	(109,487)
Deficit		(2,451,392)	(2,035,237)
		8,264,505	8,587,793
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		\$ 8,435,242	\$ 8,787,916

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1)

On behalf of the Board on August 26, 2022

John-Mark Staude Director

Arturo Bonillas Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

CAPITAN MINING INC.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

			Three months ended June 30, 2022	Three months ended June 30, 2021	Nine months ended June 30, 2022	Nine months ended June 30, 2021
	Notes					
Expenses						
Management and consulting fees	12	\$	33,801	45,074	119,801	135,597
Depreciation	9		146	-	362	-
Filing fees			6,208	18,454	40,038	31,103
Foreign exchange (gain) loss			(4,270)	(1,190)	(3,032)	(5,860)
Investor relations			40,318	217,282	119,715	400,263
General and administration			7,695	9,741	20,305	12,772
Professional fees			23,354	31,641	63,045	57,231
Share-based compensation	11		17,673	39,935	53,020	119,805
Travel and meals			2,901	-	2,901	-
Net loss for the period			(127,826)	(360,937)	(416,155)	(750,911)
Foreign exchange movements			40,395	4,923	(69,640)	(68,535)
Comprehensive loss for the period		\$	(87,431)	(356,014)	(485,795)	(819,446)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding			53,785,797	40,464,185	53,785,797	47,280,302
Loss per share		\$	(0.00)	(0.07)	(0.01)	(0.15)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

CAPITAN MINING INC.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the nine months ended June 30,

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Notes	Nine months ended June 30, 2022	Nine months ended June 30, 2021
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net loss for the period		\$ (416,155)	\$ (750,911)
Items not involving cash:			
Depreciation	9	362	-
Share-based compensation	12	53,020	119,805
Changes in non-cash working capital items:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(101,827)	29,050
Taxes receivable		(202,571)	(146,718)
Prepaid expenses		5,472	(36,706)
		(661,699)	(785,480)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Exploration and evaluation assets	10	(1,661,996)	(1,426,191)
Acquisition of equipment	9	(2,572)	-
		(1,664,568)	(1,426,191)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net proceeds from exercise of options		-	46,086
Net proceeds from exercise of warrants		-	111,775
Proceeds from shares issuance, net of issuance costs	11	-	3,200,000
		-	3,357,861
Effect of foreign exchange on cash		39,795	(35,757)
Income (Decrease) in cash		(2,286,472)	1,110,433
Cash, beginning of the period		2,710,583	2,403,630
Cash, end of the period		\$ 424,111	\$ 3,514,063

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

CAPITAN MINING INC.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
(Unaudited- Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		<u>Capital Stock</u>				Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss			
	Note	Shares	Amount	Reserves			Deficit	Total	
Balance at September 30, 2020		36,860,260	\$ 7,080,929	\$ 138,656	\$	(20,578)	\$ (1,116,479)	\$ 6,082,528	
Shares issued, re: Riverside's warrants exercised under Plan of Arrangement	11	579,886	111,775	-		-	-	111,775	
Exercise of options	11	345,651	46,086	-		-	-	46,086	
Private placement	11	16,000,000	3,200,000	-		-	-	3,200,000	
Share-based payments	11	-	-	119,805		-	-	119,805	
Foreign exchange movement		-	-	-		(47,957)	-	(47,957)	
Loss for the period		-	-	-		-	(750,911)	(750,911)	
Balance at June 30, 2021		53,785,797	\$ 10,438,790	\$ 258,461	\$	(68,535)	\$ (1,867,390)	\$ 8,761,326	
Balance at September 30, 2021		53,785,797	\$ 10,438,790	\$ 293,727	\$	(109,487)	\$ (2,035,237)	\$ 8,587,793	
Share-based payments	11	-	-	53,020		-	-	53,020	
Foreign exchange movement		-	-	-		39,847	-	39,847	
Loss for the period		-	-	-		-	(416,155)	(416,155)	
Balance at June 30, 2022		53,785,797	\$ 10,438,790	\$ 346,747	\$	(69,640)	\$ (2,451,392)	\$ 8,264,505	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

CAPITAN MINING INC

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

1. Nature and continuance of operations

Capitan Mining Inc. (“Capitan” or the “Company”) was incorporated on October 30, 2019 under the laws of the Business Corporation Act (British Columbia) as part of a plan of arrangement (the “Plan of Arrangement”) to reorganize Riverside Resources Inc. (“Riverside”). The Company’s head office address is 550 – 800 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6C 2V6. On August 21, 2020, the Company listed on the TSX Venture Exchange (the “Exchange”) with symbol CAPT.

The Company’s business activity is the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties in Mexico.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared coronavirus COVID-19 a global pandemic. This contagious disease outbreak, which has continued to spread, and any related adverse public health developments, has adversely affected workforces, economies, and financial markets globally, potentially leading to an economic downturn. It is not possible for the Company to predict the duration or magnitude of the adverse results of the outbreak and its effects on the Company’s business or ability to raise funds.

The Company’s ability to continue operations is uncertain and is dependent upon the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to meet the Company’s liabilities and commitments as they become payable, acquiring assets or a business, and the ability to generate future profitable production or operations or sufficient proceeds from the disposition thereof. The outcome of these matters cannot be predicted at this time. The consolidated financial statements do not include adjustments to amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue operations. Management believes that the Company has sufficient working capital to maintain its operations and activities for the next fiscal year.

2. Plan of Arrangement

On August 14, 2020, the Riverside completed a Plan of Arrangement under the provision of the *Business Corporations Acts* (British Columbia) pursuant to which the 100% interest of the Peñoles Project was spun-out to Capitan.

Under the Plan of Arrangement, Riverside’s shareholders exchanged each existing common share of Riverside for one “new” Riverside common share and 0.2594 common share of Capitan.

The fair value of consideration paid pursuant to the Plan of Arrangement consisted of 17,500,000 Capitan’s common shares with a value of \$3,500,000 (Note 10) and was allocated to the Peñoles Project:

Assets	\$
Exploration and evaluation assets	3,500,000
Fair value of net assets	3,500,000

The Plan of Arrangement resulted in an increase of share capital amounting to \$3,500,000 (Note 10). Fair value of the shares issued was based on the concurrent private placement share price.

Spin-out stock options

Spin-out stock options in Note 11 were issued pursuant to the Plan of Arrangement, whereby holders of outstanding Riverside stock options received, in exchange for each stock option, one Riverside replacement stock option and 0.2594 Capitan stock option, with exercise prices of the Riverside replacement stock options and the Capitan stock options based on the proportional market value of the two companies after completion of the Plan of Arrangement. A total of 1,005,824 stock options were issued by Capitan at exercise prices ranging from \$0.10 to \$0.385 with expiry dates ranging from January 7, 2021 to March 27, 2025. The fair value of spin-out stock options was determined to be \$4,297.

CAPITAN MINING INC

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. Plan of Arrangement (continued)

Other share issuance liabilities

Other shares issuance liabilities in Note 11 pursuant to the Plan of Arrangement existed when a holder exercised a Riverside warrant they would be entitled to receive one new Riverside share and 0.2594 of a Capitan share. The exercise price of the Riverside warrants remained the same; however, Riverside would compensate Capitan for each Capitan share that was issued on exercise of a Riverside warrant and this expired in March 2021.

3. Basis of presentation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments classified as financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss or available for sale, which are stated at their fair value. All dollar amounts presented are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise specified. In addition, these condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

4. Statement of compliance

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS 34"), "Interim Financial Reporting" using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). Therefore, these interim financial statements comply with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

5. Significant accounting policies

a. Principles of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary. All inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated upon consolidation.

Name of subsidiary	Country of incorporation	Proportion of ownership	Principal activity
Rios de Suerte S.A. de C.V. ("Rios")	Mexico	100%	Mineral exploration

b. Foreign currency translation

The functional currency of an entity is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar and the Mexican Pesos for Rios. The functional currency determinations were conducted through an analysis of the consideration factors identified in IAS 21, The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates.

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency for an entity are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the period end exchange rate while non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at historical rates. Revenues and expenses are translated at the exchange rates approximating those in effect on the date of the transactions. Exchange gains and losses arising on translation are included in profit or loss.

CAPITAN MINING INC

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

5. Significant accounting policies (continued)

b. Foreign currency translation (continued)

The subsidiary with a Mexican Peso functional currency has been translated into Canadian dollars as follows:

Assets and liabilities are translated at period end exchange rates, while revenues and expenses are translated using average rates over the period. Translation gains and losses relating to the foreign operations are included in accumulated other comprehensive loss as a separate component of shareholders' equity.

c. Exploration and evaluation assets

Pre-exploration costs are expensed as incurred. The Company records exploration and evaluation asset interests, which consist of the right to explore for mineral deposits, at cost. The Company records deferred exploration costs, which consist of costs attributable to the exploration of exploration and evaluation asset interests, at cost. All direct and indirect costs relating to the acquisition and exploration of these exploration and evaluation asset interests are capitalized on the basis of specific claim blocks until the exploration and evaluation asset interests to which they relate are placed into production, disposed of through sale, or where management has determined there to be an impairment. If an exploration and evaluation asset interest is abandoned, the exploration and evaluation asset interests and deferred exploration costs will be written off to operations in the period of abandonment.

On an on-going basis, the capitalized costs are reviewed on a property-by-property basis to consider if there is any impairment on the subject property. Management's determination for impairment is based on: 1) whether the Company's exploration programs have significantly changed, such that previously identified resource targets are no longer being pursued; 2) whether exploration results to date are promising and whether additional exploration work is being planned in the foreseeable future; or 3) whether remaining lease terms are insufficient to conduct necessary studies or exploration work.

The recorded cost of exploration and evaluation asset interests is based on cash paid and the assigned value of share consideration issued (where shares are issued) for exploration and evaluation asset interest acquisitions and exploration costs incurred. The recorded amount may not reflect the recoverable value, as this will be dependent on future development programs, the nature of the mineral deposit, commodity prices, adequate funding and the ability of the Company to bring its projects into production.

d. Provision for environmental rehabilitation

The Company recognizes liabilities for legal or constructive obligations associated with the retirement of exploration and evaluation assets and equipment. The net present value of future rehabilitation costs is capitalized to the related asset along with a corresponding increase in the rehabilitation provision in the period incurred. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value.

The Company's estimates of reclamation costs could change as a result of changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates and assumptions regarding the amount and timing of the future expenditures. These changes are recorded directly to the related assets with a corresponding entry to the rehabilitation provision.

The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense. The Company currently does not have any significant provisions for environmental rehabilitation.

CAPITAN MINING INC

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

5. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

e. Impairment of long-lived assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company's assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Fair value is determined as the amount that would be obtained from the sale of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss for the period. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash flows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but to an amount that does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

f. Financial instruments

Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or at amortized cost. The determination of the classification of financial assets is made at initial recognition. Equity instruments that are held for trading (including all equity derivative instruments) are classified as FVTPL; for other equity instruments, on the day of acquisition the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate them as at FVTOCI.

The Company's accounting policy for each of the categories is as follows:

Financial assets at FVTPL: Financial assets carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed as incurred. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets held at FVTPL are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial assets at FVTOCI: Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently they are measured at fair value, with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income (loss).

Financial assets at amortized cost: A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if the objective of the business model is to hold the financial asset for the collection of contractual cash flows, and the asset's contractual cash flows are comprised solely of payments of principal and interest. They are classified as current assets or non-current asset based on their maturity date and are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently carried at amortized cost less any impairment.

Impairment of financial assets at amortized cost: The Company assesses all information available, including on a forward-looking basis, the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortized cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as the reporting date, with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition, based on all information available, and reasonable and supportive forward-looking information.

CAPITAN MINING INC

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

5. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

f. Financial instruments (continued)

The following table shows the classification of the Company's financial assets under IFRS 9:

Financial instrument	Classification
Cash	Amortized cost
Restricted cash	Amortized cost
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost

Financial liabilities

The Company classifies its financial liabilities into one of two categories, depending on the purpose for which the liability was acquired. The Company's accounting policy for each category is as follows:

Fair value through profit or loss - This category comprises derivatives, or liabilities acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term. They are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

Amortized cost - This category comprises liabilities initially recognized at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

g. Loss per share

Basic loss per common share is calculated by dividing net loss available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the year. The effect of dilutive stock options warrants and similar instruments on loss per share is recognized on the use of the proceeds that could be obtained upon these and similar instruments. It assumes that the proceeds would be used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the year. Diluted loss per share value excludes all dilutive potential common shares if their effect is anti-dilutive.

h. Income taxes

Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity. Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they revert, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority for the same taxable entity. A deferred tax asset is recognized for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related income tax benefit will be realized.

CAPITAN MINING INC

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

5. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

i. Critical accounting estimates, judgments, and assumptions

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amount of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. These consolidated financial statements include estimates that, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the consolidated financial statements and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised. Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements are noted below with further details of the assumptions contained in the relevant note.

Critical accounting judgments

- *Recoverability and classification of value added tax ("IVA"):* which are included in the consolidated statements of financial position. Management has determined that receivables are recoverable in the next 12 months given management's experience in realizing refunds of value added tax.
- the measurement of income taxes payable and deferred tax assets and liabilities requires management to make judgments in the interpretation and application of the relevant tax laws. Deferred tax assets require management to assess the likelihood that the Company will generate taxable income in future periods in order to utilize recognized deferred tax assets;
- going concern presentation of the consolidated financial statements as discussed in Note 1, which assumes that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations as they come due; and
- management's determination of the functional currency of the Company and each of its subsidiaries requires judgment based on the factors outline in IAS 21, *The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates*.

Critical accounting estimates

- *Exploration and evaluation assets:* Exploration and evaluation costs are initially capitalized as intangible exploration assets with the intent to establish commercially viable reserves. The Company is required to make estimates and judgments about the future events and circumstances regarding whether the carrying amount of intangible exploration assets exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverability is dependent on various factors, including the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition of the exploration and evaluation assets themselves. Additionally, there are numerous geological, economic, environmental and regulatory factors and uncertainties that could impact management's assessment as to the overall viability of its properties or the ability to generate future cash flows necessary to cover or exceed the carrying value of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets properties.
- *Share-based payments:* Charges for share-based payments are based on the fair value on the date the awards are granted. Stock options are valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, and inputs to the model include assumptions on share price volatility, discount rates and expected life outstanding.

CAPITAN MINING INC

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

5. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

j. Capital stock

Common shares are classified as shareholders' equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of common shares and stock options are recognized as a deduction from equity. Common shares issued for consideration other than cash, are valued based on their market value at the date the shares are issued.

The Company uses the residual value method with respect to the measurement of shares and warrants issued as private placement units. The residual value method first allocates value to the more easily measurable component based on fair value and then the residual value, if any, to the less easily measurable component. The Company considers the fair value of common shares issued in the private placements to be the more easily measurable component and the common shares are valued at their fair value, as determined by the closing market price on the announcement date. The balance, if any, is allocated to the attached warrants. Any fair value attributed to the warrants is recorded as reserves.

k. Share-based payments

The stock option plan allows the Company's employees, directors and consultants to acquire shares of the Company. The fair value of options granted is recognized as a share-based payments expense with a corresponding increase in shareholders' equity. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes (direct employee) or provides services similar to those performed by a direct employee. Consideration paid on the exercise of stock options is credited to share capital and the fair value of the options is reclassified from reserves to capital stock.

The fair value is measured at grant date and each tranche is recognized over the period during which the options vest. The fair value of the options granted is measured using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. At each financial position reporting date, the amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of stock options that are expected to vest.

In situations where equity instruments are issued to non-employees and some or all of the goods or services received by the entity as consideration cannot be specifically identified, they are measured at fair value of the share-based payment. Otherwise, share-based payments are measured at the fair value of goods or services received.

l. Right-of-use assets and lease liability

Upon entering into a contract, the Company assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. For all lease agreements in which it is determined to be the lessee, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability, except for short-term leases with a term of 12 months or less and leases of low value assets. When recognizing a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate. The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest owing on the lease liability using the effective interest rate method, and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, payments made on or before the lease commencement, and any direct costs. They are subsequently measured at cost less depreciation and any impairment losses. Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the useful life of the underlying asset.

The Company does not currently have any leases that satisfy the conditions under IFRS 16 to record a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability.

CAPITAN MINING INC

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

6. Restricted Cash

During the period ended June 30, 2022, \$25,000 (September 30, 2021- \$25,000) restricted cash represent collateral in respect of the corporate credit card facility with a financial institution.

7. Receivables

Receivables mainly consist of tax refunds from the Federal Government of Canada and Mexico.

	June 30, 2022	September 30, 2021
GST recoverable amounts in Canada	\$ 10,217	\$ 7,412
IVA recoverable amounts in Mexico	544,844	345,078
	<u>\$ 555,061</u>	<u>\$ 352,490</u>

8. Prepaid expenses

The breakdown of prepaid expenses is as follows:

	June 30, 2022	September 30, 2021
Expense advances	\$ 9,900	\$ 6,342
Conferences and courses	-	21,579
Insurance	24,344	11,795
Prepaid deposit	5,001	5,001
	<u>\$ 39,245</u>	<u>\$ 44,717</u>

CAPITAN MINING INC

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. Equipment

	Computer hardware
Cost	
Balance at September 30, 2020 and 2021	\$ -
Additions	2,572
Foreign exchange movement	64
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 2,636
Accumulated depreciation	
Balance at September 30, 2020 and 2021	\$ -
Depreciation	(362)
Foreign exchange movement	(12)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ (374)
Net book value	
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$ -
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 2,262

10. Exploration and evaluation assets

Title to exploration and evaluation asset interests involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many mineral claims. The Company has investigated title to all of its exploration and evaluation asset interests and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all of its interests are in good standing. The exploration and evaluation assets in which the Company has an interest are located in Mexico.

The terms of the Company with respect to its exploration and evaluation assets are subject to change if and when the Company and its partners mutually agree to new terms and conditions.

Peñoles, Durango, Mexico

On August 14, 2020, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% interest in the Peñoles Property for \$3,500,000 by issuing 17,500,000 common shares to Riverside in connection with the Plan of Arrangement as per mentioned in Note 2.

On January 11, 2022, the Company entered into a purchase agreement to acquire all outstanding net smelter royalties (NSR's) on mining claims in the Penoles project from Exploraciones del Altiplano ("Altiplano"), a private Mexican exploration company. The royalties covered several targets including the current gold-silver resource areas of Capitan and Jesús María. This included a 2% NSR on the Capitan Hill claims, 0.75% on claims covering the Jesús María, San Rafael, Pinchazo and Capitan 2 targets and 0.5% on third-party claims surrounding these targets. The total consideration for the transaction is US\$1,000,000, which would be paid 50% in cash and 50% in Capitan shares over a staged 2-year payment schedule. The Company would also retain a right of first refusal ("ROFR") on any shares distributed to Altiplano as consideration for the royalty purchase; allowing the company the opportunity to place Altiplano's shares, upon written notice from Altiplano of their intentions to sell.

On March 1, 2022, the Company amended the purchase agreement for a total purchase price of US\$1,000,000, payable as to US\$550,000 in cash and as to \$450,000 in common shares of the Company.

CAPITAN MINING INC

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

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10. Exploration and evaluation assets (continued)

The transaction details as below:

Due date	Cash	Common shares in value
Upon the closing date (January 11, 2022)	US\$100,000 (paid)	-
On or before the first anniversary of the closing date (January 11, 2023)	US\$150,000	US\$150,000
On or before the second anniversary of the closing date (January 11, 2024)	US\$300,000	US\$300,000

In addition to the royalties held by Altiplano, the Peñoles project has a 1% royalty owned by Riverside Resources Inc. which was created as part of the asset spinout in 2020. Capitan has the contractual option to purchase and retire the Riverside royalty for C\$250,000 at any time.

The breakdown of exploration and evaluation assets is as follows:

	June 30, 2022	September 30, 2021
Acquisition costs	\$ 149,759	\$ 48,219
Exploration costs:		
Assaying	322,902	328,321
Data Acquisition	18,744	-
Field & camp costs	43,573	48,214
Geological consulting	486,414	526,544
Drilling	495,842	1,092,209
Transport & support	68,053	43,338
Total current exploration costs	1,435,528	2,038,626
Professional & other fees:		
Legal fees	19,502	18,486
Others	3,376	-
Total current professional & other fees	22,878	18,486
Total costs incurred during the period	1,608,165	2,105,331
Balance, Opening	5,655,126	3,573,242
Foreign exchange movements	126,272	(23,447)
	\$ 7,389,563	\$ 5,655,126
Cumulative costs:		
Acquisition	\$ 3,701,177	\$ 3,551,418
Exploration	3,548,421	2,112,893
Professional & other fees	41,469	18,591
Foreign exchange movements	98,496	(27,776)
	\$ 7,389,563	\$ 5,655,126

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11. Share capital and reserves

The common shares have no par value and the number of authorized shares is unlimited.

As at June 30, 2022, 435,401 (September 30, 2021 – 870,803) of the Company's issued common shares were held in escrow.

Shares issued for the period ended June 30, 2022

There were no common shares issued during the period.

Shares issued for the year ended September 30, 2021

During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Company issued 579,886 common shares for the exercise of 2,235,500 Riverside's warrants, as a result, Capitan was compensated for \$111,775.

During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Company issued 345,651 common shares for the exercise of options for net proceed of \$46,086.

On May 7, 2021, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement and issued 16,000,000 common shares at a price of \$0.20 per share for gross proceeds of \$3,200,000.

Share purchase and finders' warrants

	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding warrants, September 30, 2020	350,000	\$ 0.25
Expired	(350,000)	0.25
Outstanding warrants, September 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022	-	\$ -

Share issuance costs relating to 350,000 finders' warrants issued during the year ended September 30, 2020, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model was \$28,137, which was recorded as reserves on the statements of financial position and as share issuance costs in equity. The associated share issuance costs for the finder's warrants granted during the year was calculated based on the following weighted average assumptions:

	2020
Forfeiture rate	0.00%
Estimated risk-free rate	0.98%
Expected volatility	82.32%
Estimated annual dividend yield	0.00 %
Expected life of warrants	1.00 year
Fair value per warrants granted	\$ 0.08

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11. Share capital and reserves (continued)**Share purchase and finders' warrants (continued)**Other share issuance liabilities

The Company was obligated to issue shares pursuant to the Plan of Arrangement, when a Riverside warrant was exercised the holder would receive one new Riverside common share and 0.2594 of a Capitan common share. The exercise price of the Riverside warrants remained the same; however, Riverside would compensate Capitan for each Capitan common share issued on exercise of a Riverside warrant. During the year ended September 30, 2021, 2,235,500 Riverside's warrants were exercised, as a result, Capitan issued 579,886 common shares and Riverside provided proceeds to Capitan of \$111,775. As at September 30, 2021, Riverside held warrants which holders could exercise and receive up to nil shares of Capitan. These warrants expired on March 19, 2021.

Stock options

The Company has established a rolling stock option plan ("Option Plan") enabling the directors to grant options to employees, officers, directors, and consultants of the Company. From time to time, shares may be reserved by the Board, in its discretion, for options under the Option Plan, provided that the total number of shares reserved for issuance by the Board shall not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding listed shares (on a non-diluted basis). Options are non-assignable and may be granted for a term not exceeding that permitted by the Exchange, currently ten years. All stock options issued are subject to vesting terms. Options issued to directors will vest as follows: 33% vest on the grant date and 33% vest on the anniversary of each year for the next two years. Also, options issued to officers and/or consultants vest as follows: 25% options vest on the grant date and 25% options vest on the anniversary of each year for the next three years. The exercise price of each option equals the market price, minimum price, or discounted market price of the Company's shares as calculated on the date of grant.

Share-based payments relating to options vested during the period ended June 30, 2022, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model was \$53,020 (September 30, 2021 - \$155,071) which was recorded as reserves on the statements of financial position and as share-based payment expense in profit or loss. The associated share-based payment expense for the options granted during the period was calculated based on the following weighted average assumptions:

	2022	2021
Forfeiture rate	-	0.00%
Estimated risk-free rate	-	1.12 %
Expected volatility	-	83.30%
Estimated annual dividend yield	-	0.00 %
Expected life of options	-	5.00 years
Fair value per option granted	-	\$ 0.17

The number and weighted average exercise prices of the stock options are as follows:

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding options, September 30, 2020	3,090,824	\$ 0.24
Granted	50,000	0.26
Exercised	(345,651)	0.13
Cancelled	(311,280)	0.30
Outstanding options, September 30, 2021	2,483,893	\$ 0.25
Expired	(90,790)	0.39
Outstanding options, June 30, 2022	2,393,103	\$ 0.25

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11. Share capital and reserves (continued)**Stock options (continued)**

The spin-out stock options noted above were issued pursuant to the Plan of Arrangement, whereby holders of outstanding Riverside stock options received, in exchange for each stock option, one Riverside replacement stock option and one Capitan stock option, both with exercise prices based on the proportional market value of the two companies after completion of the Plan of Arrangement. The fair value per spin-out stock option was determined to be \$4,297, using the following weighted average assumptions: risk-free interest rate 0.29%; expected life of spin-out option 2.0 years; expected volatility 82.4% and expected dividend 0.00%.

On July 16, 2021, the Company granted 50,000 incentive stock options (the "Options") to a consultant of the Company. The Options are exercisable at \$0.26 per share for a period of five years from the date of grant. Options granted to individuals in their capacity as a consultant vest over 36 months with $\frac{1}{4}$ available upon issuance and $\frac{1}{4}$ each 12 months thereafter.

During the year ended September 30, 2021, some of the consultants from the Company resigned and subsequently 311,280 options were cancelled.

During the period ended June 30, 2022, some of the consultants from the Company resigned and subsequently 90,790 options were cancelled.

As at June 30, 2022, the Company has outstanding stock options exercisable as follows:

Expiry date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Number of options outstanding	Weighted average remaining life in years	Exercise price	Number of options exercisable
11/03/2022	66,147	0.35	\$ 0.270	66,147
01/08/2024	54,474	1.53	\$ 0.155	54,474
11/15/2024	124,512	2.38	\$ 0.116	124,512
03/27/2025	12,970	2.74	\$ 0.155	12,970
09/08/2025	2,085,000	3.19	\$ 0.250	1,139,998
07/16/2026	50,000	4.05	\$ 0.260	-
	2,393,103	3.05		1,398,101

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12. Related party transactions

Related party transactions are in the normal course of operations and are recorded at their exchange amount which is the price agreed to between the Company and the directors and officers.

(a) Transactions:

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors and corporate officers. The remuneration of directors and key management personnel during the period ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Management and consulting fees (i)	\$ 186,500	\$ 202,500
Share-based payments	43,908	101,162
	<u>\$ 230,408</u>	<u>\$ 303,662</u>

(i) Management and consulting fees of the key management personnel for the period were allocated as follows: \$74,000 (2021- \$90,000) expensed to consulting fees and \$112,500 (2021- \$112,500) capitalized to exploration and evaluation assets.

(b) Due to related parties:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Consulting and management fees	\$ 6,300	\$ -
	<u>\$ 6,300</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Amounts due to related parties are unsecured, have no fixed repayments, and are non-interest bearing.

13. Financial instruments

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The fair value of the Company's cash, restricted cash, receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate carrying value, which is the amount recorded on the statement of financial position.

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at June 30, 2022, the Company had cash of \$424,111 (September 30, 2021 \$2,710,583) to settle current liabilities of \$170,737 (September 30, 2021 \$200,123). The Company believes it has sufficient funds to meet its current liabilities as they become due.

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13. Financial instruments (continued)

Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on profit or loss and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices of gold, silver and copper, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations related to accounts payable and accrued liabilities that are denominated in Mexican pesos.

Sensitivity analysis

The Company operates in Mexico and is exposed to risk from changes in the Mexican peso. A 10% fluctuation in the Mexico peso against the Canadian dollar would affect loss for the period by \$53,798 (September 30, 2021- \$19,622).

14. Capital management

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition and exploration of exploration and evaluation assets. In the management of capital, the Company includes components of shareholders' equity. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such the Company is dependent on external financing to fund activities. In order to carry out planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional funds as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

The Company is not currently subject to externally imposed capital requirements. There were no change in the Company's approval to capital management.

15. Segmented information

The Company operates in one reportable segment, being the acquisition and exploration of mineral property interests in Mexico.