

**Interim Condensed Consolidated
Financial Statements** (unaudited)

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended
September 30, 2025 and 2024

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(UNAUDITED)

(IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS)	Note	SEPTEMBER 30 2025	DECEMBER 31 2024
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 990,662	\$ 666,603
Restricted cash		4,027	4,135
Trade receivables		1,432,580	1,478,085
Contract assets		2,187,069	1,838,743
Other current financial assets		485,222	332,815
Other current non-financial assets		414,378	337,099
Total current assets		5,513,938	4,657,480
Property and equipment		335,450	325,225
Right-of-use assets		374,117	355,887
Capital investments accounted for by the equity method	5	395,766	388,601
Goodwill		3,902,235	3,561,527
Intangible assets related to business combinations		265,022	201,914
Deferred income tax asset		900,620	1,185,346
Non-current portion of receivables under service concession arrangements		154,189	284,917
Other non-current financial assets		140,397	61,296
Other non-current non-financial assets		400,383	265,141
Total assets		\$ 12,382,117	\$ 11,287,334
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Trade payables and accrued liabilities		\$ 2,321,042	\$ 2,163,510
Deferred revenues		1,293,559	1,402,722
Other current financial liabilities		231,471	251,111
Other current non-financial liabilities		539,565	466,331
Current portion of provisions		131,428	193,920
Current portion of lease liabilities		88,374	78,906
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	14	339,426	23,466
Total current liabilities		4,944,865	4,579,966
Long-term debt	14	472,446	1,687,906
Other non-current financial liabilities		21,387	22,609
Non-current portion of provisions		421,107	331,523
Non-current portion of lease liabilities		420,977	410,094
Other non-current non-financial liabilities		93,579	78,165
Deferred income tax liability		407,920	387,982
Total liabilities		6,782,281	7,498,245
Equity			
Share capital	8A	1,707,897	1,798,195
Retained earnings		3,812,052	1,987,044
Other components of equity	9	9,323	(12,189)
Equity attributable to AtkinsRéalis shareholders		5,529,272	3,773,050
Non-controlling interests		70,564	16,039
Total equity		5,599,836	3,789,089
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 12,382,117	\$ 11,287,334

See accompanying notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(UNAUDITED)

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30
(IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS)

2025

	EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO ATKINSRÉALIS SHAREHOLDERS				NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	TOTAL EQUITY
	SHARE CAPITAL	RETAINED EARNINGS	OTHER COMPONENTS OF EQUITY (NOTE 9)	TOTAL		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 1,798,195	\$ 1,987,044	\$ (12,189)	\$ 3,773,050	\$ 16,039	\$ 3,789,089
Net income for the period	—	2,533,299	—	2,533,299	8,788	2,542,087
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	—	30,607	21,512	52,119	(1,827)	50,292
Total comprehensive income for the period	—	2,563,906	21,512	2,585,418	6,961	2,592,379
Dividends declared (Note 7)	—	(10,276)	—	(10,276)	—	(10,276)
Stock option compensation	—	6,141	—	6,141	—	6,141
Shares issued under stock option plan	4,959	(1,210)	—	3,749	—	3,749
Deferred income taxes on share-based payment transactions	—	4,020	—	4,020	—	4,020
Shares repurchased and cancelled (Note 8B)	(95,019)	(719,757)	—	(814,776)	—	(814,776)
Non-controlling interests arising on acquisition of David Evans (Note 18)	—	—	—	—	47,144	47,144
Non-cash contribution by a non-controlling interest	—	—	—	—	420	420
Other	(238)	(17,816)	—	(18,054)	—	(18,054)
Balance at end of period	\$ 1,707,897	\$ 3,812,052	\$ 9,323	\$ 5,529,272	\$ 70,564	\$ 5,599,836

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30
(IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS)

2024

	EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO ATKINSRÉALIS SHAREHOLDERS				NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	TOTAL EQUITY
	SHARE CAPITAL	RETAINED EARNINGS	OTHER COMPONENTS OF EQUITY (NOTE 9)	TOTAL		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 1,805,080	\$ 1,652,078	\$ (293,532)	\$ 3,163,626	\$ 11,629	\$ 3,175,255
Net income for the period	—	231,423	—	231,423	4,143	235,566
Other comprehensive income for the period	—	45,078	179,899	224,977	3	224,980
Total comprehensive income for the period	—	276,501	179,899	456,400	4,146	460,546
Dividends declared (Note 7)	—	(10,520)	—	(10,520)	—	(10,520)
Stock option compensation	—	5,047	—	5,047	—	5,047
Shares issued under stock option plan	539	(128)	—	411	—	411
Shares repurchased and cancelled (Note 8B)	(7,506)	(31,032)	—	(38,538)	—	(38,538)
Deferred income taxes on share-based payment transactions	—	981	—	981	—	981
Non-cash contribution by a non-controlling interest	—	—	—	—	1,181	1,181
Balance at end of period	\$ 1,798,113	\$ 1,892,927	\$ (113,633)	\$ 3,577,407	\$ 16,956	\$ 3,594,363

See accompanying notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

(IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE AND NUMBER OF SHARES)

		THIRD QUARTERS		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	
	Note	2025	2024	2025	2024
Revenues from:					
PS&PM		\$ 2,794,196	\$ 2,423,854	\$ 8,018,326	\$ 7,017,747
Capital investments accounted for by the consolidation method or at fair value through other comprehensive income		5,602	8,063	16,144	25,255
Capital investments accounted for by the equity method		7,987	20,136	33,961	37,316
	3	2,807,785	2,452,053	8,068,431	7,080,318
Direct costs of activities		2,538,633	2,206,151	7,334,271	6,451,988
Corporate selling, general and administrative expenses	4	27,087	34,427	109,359	127,258
Restructuring and transformation costs	15	17,446	9,159	79,957	13,277
Amortization of intangible assets related to business combinations		27,699	19,216	73,756	61,131
Acquisition-related costs and integration costs	16, 18	395	—	11,315	892
Gain on disposal of a Capital investment	5A	—	—	(2,569,949)	—
EBIT⁽¹⁾		196,525	183,100	3,029,722	425,772
Financial expenses	6	24,185	45,226	107,949	133,545
Financial income and net foreign exchange losses	6	(2,081)	(4,441)	(9,090)	(11,448)
Earnings before income taxes		174,421	142,315	2,930,863	303,675
Income tax expense		23,917	36,435	388,776	68,109
Net income for the period		\$ 150,504	\$ 105,880	\$ 2,542,087	\$ 235,566
Net income attributable to:					
AtkinsRéalis shareholders		\$ 146,683	\$ 103,697	\$ 2,533,299	\$ 231,423
Non-controlling interests		3,821	2,183	8,788	4,143
Net income for the period		\$ 150,504	\$ 105,880	\$ 2,542,087	\$ 235,566
Earnings per share (in \$)					
Basic		\$ 0.88	\$ 0.59	\$ 14.79	\$ 1.32
Diluted		\$ 0.88	\$ 0.59	\$ 14.73	\$ 1.32
Weighted average number of outstanding shares (in thousands)					
Basic		165,746	175,166	171,274	175,366
Diluted		166,546	175,533	171,981	175,665

⁽¹⁾ Earnings before interest and taxes ("EBIT")

See accompanying notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(UNAUDITED)

THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30
(IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS)

	2025			2024		
	ATTRIBUTABLE TO ATKINSRÉALIS SHAREHOLDERS	NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	TOTAL	ATTRIBUTABLE TO ATKINSRÉALIS SHAREHOLDERS	NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	TOTAL
Net income for the period	\$ 146,683	\$ 3,821	\$ 150,504	\$ 103,697	\$ 2,183	\$ 105,880
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations (Note 9)	40,764	44	40,808	78,138	88	78,226
Cash flow hedges (Note 9)	(247)	(338)	(585)	(8,496)	623	(7,873)
Income taxes (Note 9)	1,793	—	1,793	3,993	—	3,993
Total of items that will be reclassified subsequently to net income	42,310	(294)	42,016	73,635	711	74,346
Equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 9)	(1,504)	—	(1,504)	(29)	—	(29)
Income taxes (Note 9)	881	—	881	48	—	48
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans (Note 9)	8,573	—	8,573	42,516	—	42,516
Income taxes (Note 9)	(1,941)	—	(1,941)	(10,492)	—	(10,492)
Total of items that will not be reclassified subsequently to net income	6,009	—	6,009	32,043	—	32,043
Total other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	48,319	(294)	48,025	105,678	711	106,389
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$ 195,002	\$ 3,527	\$ 198,529	\$ 209,375	\$ 2,894	\$ 212,269

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30
(IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS)

	2025			2024		
	ATTRIBUTABLE TO ATKINSRÉALIS SHAREHOLDERS	NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	TOTAL	ATTRIBUTABLE TO ATKINSRÉALIS SHAREHOLDERS	NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	TOTAL
Net income for the period	\$ 2,533,299	\$ 8,788	\$ 2,542,087	\$ 231,423	\$ 4,143	\$ 235,566
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations (Note 9)	12,682	(283)	12,399	181,842	419	182,261
Cash flow hedges (Note 9)	11,249	(1,544)	9,705	(6,168)	(416)	(6,584)
Income taxes (Note 9)	(2,419)	—	(2,419)	4,225	—	4,225
Total of items that will be reclassified subsequently to net income	21,512	(1,827)	19,685	179,899	3	179,902
Equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 9)	(3,213)	—	(3,213)	(95)	—	(95)
Income taxes (Note 9)	(1,900)	—	(1,900)	48	—	48
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans (Note 9)	47,135	—	47,135	59,961	—	59,961
Income taxes (Note 9)	(11,415)	—	(11,415)	(14,836)	—	(14,836)
Total of items that will not be reclassified subsequently to net income	30,607	—	30,607	45,078	—	45,078
Total other comprehensive income for the period	52,119	(1,827)	50,292	224,977	3	224,980
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$ 2,585,418	\$ 6,961	\$ 2,592,379	\$ 456,400	\$ 4,146	\$ 460,546

See accompanying notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(UNAUDITED)

(IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS)		THIRD QUARTERS		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	
	Note	2025	2024	2025	2024
Operating activities					
Net income for the period		\$ 150,504	\$ 105,880	\$ 2,542,087	\$ 235,566
Income taxes paid		(54,388)	(7,483)	(94,434)	(46,216)
Interest paid		(23,300)	(50,367)	(102,936)	(117,298)
Depreciation and amortization	10A	74,867	59,008	208,730	182,953
Other reconciling items	10B	88,051	94,041	(2,017,201)	194,542
		235,734	201,079	536,246	449,547
Net change in non-cash working capital items	10C	(112,376)	66,033	(475,972)	(234,487)
Net cash generated from operating activities		123,358	267,112	60,274	215,060
Investing activities					
Acquisition of property and equipment and additions to intangible assets		(45,090)	(37,345)	(113,025)	(100,524)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from acquisitions of businesses	16, 18	—	—	(404,463)	35,593
Change in restricted cash position		(897)	13	108	38
Increase in receivables under service concession arrangements		(14,318)	(7,938)	(43,779)	(18,283)
Recovery of receivables under service concession arrangements		20,466	72,968	58,493	88,007
Proceeds from disposal of certain non-core assets	17	—	—	—	52,179
Acquisition of short-term investments at amortized cost	10E	—	—	—	(50,000)
Decrease in short-term investments at amortized cost	10E	—	12,500	—	25,000
Cash inflow on disposal of a Capital investment accounted for by the equity method	5A	—	—	2,588,777	—
Disposition costs on disposal of Capital investment	5A	—	—	(18,828)	—
Other		385	(6,948)	(13,937)	(1,637)
Net cash generated from (used for) investing activities		(39,454)	33,250	2,053,346	30,373
Financing activities					
Increase in debt	10D	—	168,937	3,500	564,917
Repayment of debt and payment for debt issue costs	10D	(1,851)	(300,175)	(902,349)	(631,239)
Payment of lease liabilities	10D	(22,235)	(19,323)	(67,476)	(60,777)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		1,669	35	3,749	411
Repurchase of shares and payment for related transaction costs	8B	(24,451)	(22,953)	(817,506)	(38,538)
Dividends paid to AtkinsRéalis shareholders	7	(3,314)	(3,504)	(10,276)	(10,520)
Net cash used for financing activities		(50,182)	(176,983)	(1,790,358)	(175,746)
Increase from exchange differences on translating cash and cash equivalents		3,819	1,102	797	1,590
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		37,541	124,481	324,059	71,277
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		953,121	420,359	666,603	473,563
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$ 990,662	\$ 544,840	\$ 990,662	\$ 544,840

See accompanying notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(ALL TABULAR FIGURES IN THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

(UNAUDITED)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

AtkinsRéalis Group Inc. is incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act and has its registered office at 455 René-Lévesque Boulevard West, Montreal, Québec, H2Z 1Z3, Canada. AtkinsRéalis Group Inc. is a public company whose common shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange (the “TSX”) in Canada. Reference to the “Company” or “AtkinsRéalis” means, as the context may require, AtkinsRéalis Group Inc. and all or some of its subsidiaries or joint arrangements or associates, or AtkinsRéalis Group Inc. or one or more of its subsidiaries or joint arrangements or associates.

Created by the integration of long-standing organizations dating back to 1911, AtkinsRéalis is a world-class engineering services and nuclear company, which creates sustainable solutions that connect people, data and technology to transform the world’s infrastructure and energy systems.

In these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements (“financial statements”), activities related to Professional Services & Project Management (“PS&PM”) are collectively referred to as “from PS&PM” to distinguish them from activities related to the Company’s Capital investments.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

A) BASIS OF PREPARATION

The Company’s financial statements are presented in **Canadian dollars**. All values in the tables included in these notes are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, except where otherwise indicated.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*, (“IAS 34”).

The accounting policies that are set out in Note 2 to the Company’s annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 were consistently applied to all periods presented within these financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IAS 34 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant, are disclosed in Note 3 to the Company’s annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 and are updated in these financial statements.

The Company’s financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, with the exception, when applicable, of: i) certain financial instruments, derivative financial instruments and liabilities for share unit plans, which are measured at fair value; ii) defined benefit pension plan assets, which are measured at fair value; iii) investments measured at fair value held by AtkinsRéalis Infrastructure Partners LP, which is an investment entity accounted for by the equity method and for which the Company has elected to retain the fair value measurement applied by that investment entity; and iv) certain assets held for sale, which are measured at fair value less cost to sell. Historical cost generally represents the fair value of consideration given in exchange for assets upon initial recognition.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of IFRS 2, *Share-based Payment*, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in IAS 2, *Inventories*, or value in use in IAS 36, *Impairment of Assets*.

The Company’s financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on November 12, 2025.

B) NEW AMENDMENTS ADOPTED IN THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

The following amendments to an existing standard were adopted by the Company on January 1, 2025:

- Amendments to IAS 21, *The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates*, require an entity to apply a consistent approach in assessing whether a currency can be exchanged into another currency and, when it cannot, in determining the exchange rate to use and the disclosures to provide.

The adoption by the Company of the amendments listed above did not have a significant impact on the Company’s financial statements.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

C) STANDARD AND AMENDMENTS ISSUED TO BE ADOPTED AT A LATER DATE

The following amendments to existing standards have been issued and are applicable to the Company for its annual periods beginning on January 1, 2026 and thereafter, with an earlier application permitted:

- Amendments to IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* (“IFRS 9”), clarify and add further guidance notably for i) the assessment of whether a financial asset meets the solely payments of principal and interest (“SPPI”) criterion when the contractual terms can change cash flows based on contingent events (for example, interest rates linked to environmental, social and governance [“ESG”] and similar features); and ii) the date of recognition and derecognition of financial assets and liabilities, in situations such as transactions conducted through an electronic cash transfer system.
- Amendments to IFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* (“IFRS 7”), introduce additional disclosure requirements regarding i) investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income; and ii) financial instruments with contingent features, for example features tied to ESG-linked targets.
- Amendments to IFRS 7 clarify disclosure requirements related to: i) the gain or loss on derecognition of financial instruments; ii) the deferred difference between fair value and transaction price; and iii) credit risk.
- Amendments to IFRS 9 clarify: i) the requirements to account for an extinguishment of a lessee’s lease liability that results in a gain or loss recognized in net income; and ii) the definition of the term “transaction price”.
- Amendments to IFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements*, clarify the assessment of a “de facto agent” related to an investor determining whether another party is acting on its behalf.

The following standard has been issued and is applicable to the Company for its annual periods beginning January 1, 2027 and thereafter, with an earlier application permitted:

- IFRS 18, *Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements*, replaces IAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*, and requires: i) income and expenses in the income statement to be classified into three new defined categories – operating, investing and financing – and two new subtotals – “Operating profit or loss” and “Profit or loss before financing and income taxes”; ii) disclosures about management-defined performance measures used in public communications to communicate management’s view of the entity’s financial performance; and iii) disclosure of information based on enhanced general requirements on aggregation and disaggregation, as well as specific requirements to disclose information by nature for specific expenses, for entities that present operating expenses by function in the income statement.

The Company is currently evaluating the impacts of adopting this standard and these amendments on its financial statements.

3. SEGMENT DISCLOSURES

The following table presents revenues and Segment Adjusted EBIT for each of the Company's segments for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30		2025		2024	
	REVENUES	SEGMENT ADJUSTED EBIT	REVENUES	SEGMENT ADJUSTED EBIT	
Canada	\$ 351,956	\$ 30,297	\$ 348,428	\$ 28,721	
UKI	714,063	87,662	650,375	79,788	
USLA	540,416	54,209	429,116	43,786	
AMEA	332,912	28,350	363,984	33,978	
Engineering Services Regions	1,939,347	200,518	1,791,903	186,273	
Nuclear	596,473	65,978	368,932	45,747	
Linxon	224,510	12,782	188,988	6,485	
AtkinsRéalis Services	2,760,330	279,278	2,349,823	238,505	
LSTK Projects	33,866	(19,337)	74,031	(17,721)	
Capital	13,589	9,211	28,199	25,118	
	\$ 2,807,785		\$ 2,452,053		
Segment Adjusted EBIT — Total		269,152		245,902	
Corporate selling, general and administrative expenses not allocated to the segments — PS&PM (Note 4)		25,587		27,378	
Corporate selling, general and administrative expenses not allocated to the segments — Capital (Note 4)		1,500		7,049	
Restructuring and transformation costs (Note 15)		17,446		9,159	
Amortization of intangible assets related to business combinations		27,699		19,216	
Acquisition-related costs and integration costs		395		—	
EBIT		196,525		183,100	
Net financial expenses (Note 6)		22,104		40,785	
Earnings before income taxes		174,421		142,315	
Income tax expense		23,917		36,435	
Net income for the period		\$ 150,504		\$ 105,880	

3. SEGMENT DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

The following table presents revenues and Segment Adjusted EBIT for each of the Company's segments for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30		2025		2024	
	REVENUES	SEGMENT ADJUSTED EBIT	REVENUES	SEGMENT ADJUSTED EBIT	
Canada	\$ 1,043,770	\$ 72,871	\$ 1,091,704	\$ 61,723	
UKI	2,045,194	240,769	1,860,321	208,839	
USLA	1,484,665	137,006	1,280,452	119,296	
AMEA	960,385	71,882	1,025,107	99,826	
Engineering Services Regions	5,534,014	522,528	5,257,584	489,684	
Nuclear	1,702,063	192,376	1,025,130	128,155	
Linxon	664,646	34,316	534,786	11,273	
AtkinsRéalis Services	7,900,723	749,220	6,817,500	629,112	
LSTK Projects	117,603	(52,797)	200,247	(49,208)	
Capital	50,105	37,737	62,571	48,426	
	\$ 8,068,431		\$ 7,080,318		
Segment Adjusted EBIT — Total		734,160		628,330	
Corporate selling, general and administrative expenses not allocated to the segments — PS&PM (Note 4)		93,762		106,112	
Corporate selling, general and administrative expenses not allocated to the segments — Capital (Note 4)		15,597		21,146	
Restructuring and transformation costs (Note 15)		79,957		13,277	
Amortization of intangible assets related to business combinations		73,756		61,131	
Acquisition-related costs and integration costs (Notes 16 and 18)		11,315		892	
Gain on disposal of a Capital investment (Note 5A)		(2,569,949)		—	
EBIT		3,029,722		425,772	
Net financial expenses (Note 6)		98,859		122,097	
Earnings before income taxes		2,930,863		303,675	
Income tax expense		388,776		68,109	
Net income for the period		\$ 2,542,087		\$ 235,566	

3. SEGMENT DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

DISAGGREGATION OF REVENUE

The following tables present revenues by geographic area according to project location for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30			2025			2024
	REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS	OTHER REVENUE	TOTAL	REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS	OTHER REVENUE	TOTAL
United Kingdom	\$ 821,752	\$ 4,402	\$ 826,154	\$ 752,938	\$ 4,536	\$ 757,474
Canada ⁽¹⁾	647,039	5,959	652,998	544,016	22,638	566,654
United States	599,906	1,238	601,144	457,253	7,199	464,452
Saudi Arabia	229,039	968	230,007	308,317	71	308,388
Other countries	492,417	5,065	497,482	354,225	860	355,085
	\$ 2,790,153	\$ 17,632	\$ 2,807,785	\$ 2,416,749	\$ 35,304	\$ 2,452,053

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30			2025			2024
	REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS	OTHER REVENUE	TOTAL	REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS	OTHER REVENUE	TOTAL
United Kingdom	\$ 2,386,277	\$ 10,046	\$ 2,396,323	\$ 2,156,235	\$ 11,065	\$ 2,167,300
Canada ⁽¹⁾	1,934,536	32,395	1,966,931	1,652,804	50,850	1,703,654
United States	1,651,907	9,924	1,661,831	1,324,131	21,703	1,345,834
Saudi Arabia	742,424	2,413	744,837	867,164	198	867,362
Other countries	1,288,466	10,043	1,298,509	1,000,622	(4,454)	996,168
	\$ 8,003,610	\$ 64,821	\$ 8,068,431	\$ 7,000,956	\$ 79,362	\$ 7,080,318

⁽¹⁾ Revenues from Canada, as determined by geographic area, do not correspond to revenues from the Canada segment, part of Engineering Services Regions, as the latter excludes revenues generated in Canada by other segments and includes revenues generated from contracts in Algeria managed by the Canadian leadership team.

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025, the United Kingdom, Canada and the United States (three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024: the United Kingdom, Canada, the United States and Saudi Arabia) were the only countries where the Company derived more than 10% of its revenues.

3. SEGMENT DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

The following table presents revenues by type of contract for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	2025				2024			
	REIMBURSABLE AND ENGINEERING SERVICES CONTRACTS	STANDARDIZED EPC CONTRACTS	LSTK CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS	TOTAL	REIMBURSABLE AND ENGINEERING SERVICES CONTRACTS	STANDARDIZED EPC CONTRACTS	LSTK CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS	TOTAL
Canada	\$ 351,952	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 351,952	\$ 348,423	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 348,423
UKI	709,661	—	—	709,661	645,838	—	—	645,838
USLA	540,419	—	—	540,419	429,106	—	—	429,106
AMEA	303,041	28,772	—	331,813	352,462	11,373	—	363,835
Engineering Services Regions	1,905,073	28,772	—	1,933,845	1,775,829	11,373	—	1,787,202
Nuclear	595,099	—	—	595,099	361,347	—	—	361,347
Linxon	16	224,494	—	224,510	73	188,915	—	188,988
Revenue from contracts with customers – AtkinsRéalis Services	2,500,188	253,266	—	2,753,454	2,137,249	200,288	—	2,337,537
Revenue from contracts with customers – LSTK Projects	—	—	33,866	33,866	—	—	74,031	74,031
	\$ 2,500,188	\$ 253,266	\$ 33,866	\$ 2,787,320	\$ 2,137,249	\$ 200,288	\$ 74,031	\$ 2,411,568
Revenue from PS&PM investments accounted for by the equity method				6,876				12,286
Revenue from contracts with customers – Capital segment				2,833				5,181
Other revenue – Capital segment				10,756				23,018
				\$ 2,807,785				\$ 2,452,053

3. SEGMENT DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

The following table presents revenues by type of contract for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	2025				2024			
	REIMBURSABLE AND ENGINEERING SERVICES CONTRACTS	STANDARDIZED EPC CONTRACTS	LSTK CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS	TOTAL	REIMBURSABLE AND ENGINEERING SERVICES CONTRACTS	STANDARDIZED EPC CONTRACTS	LSTK CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS	TOTAL
Canada	\$ 1,043,756	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,043,756	\$ 1,091,685	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,091,685
UKI	2,035,148	—	—	2,035,148	1,849,256	—	—	1,849,256
USLA	1,484,677	—	—	1,484,677	1,280,432	—	—	1,280,432
AMEA	890,955	66,542	—	957,497	986,953	37,463	—	1,024,416
Engineering Services Regions	5,454,536	66,542	—	5,521,078	5,208,326	37,463	—	5,245,789
Nuclear	1,691,847	—	—	1,691,847	1,002,961	—	—	1,002,961
Linxon	101	664,545	—	664,646	638	534,148	—	534,786
Revenue from contracts with customers – AtkinsRéalis Services	7,146,484	731,087	—	7,877,571	6,211,925	571,611	—	6,783,536
Revenue from contracts with customers – LSTK Projects	—	—	117,603	117,603	—	—	200,247	200,247
	\$ 7,146,484	\$ 731,087	\$ 117,603	\$ 7,995,174	\$ 6,211,925	\$ 571,611	\$ 200,247	\$ 6,983,783
Revenue from PS&PM investments accounted for by the equity method				23,152				33,964
Revenue from contracts with customers – Capital segment				8,436				17,173
Other revenue – Capital segment				41,669				45,398
				\$ 8,068,431				\$ 7,080,318

3. SEGMENT DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

REMAINING PERFORMANCE OBLIGATIONS

The following table provides an allocation of the remaining performance obligations for each of the Company's segments as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

	SEPTEMBER 30 2025	DECEMBER 31 2024
Canada	\$ 7,833,403	\$ 7,271,480
UKI	1,904,267	1,747,961
USLA	1,786,039	1,576,280
AMEA	1,521,471	1,268,755
Engineering Services Regions	13,045,180	11,864,476
Nuclear	5,424,501	3,202,746
Linxon	2,371,344	2,130,612
AtkinsRéalis Services	20,841,025	17,197,834
LSTK Projects	115,857	234,334
PS&PM	20,956,882	17,432,168
Capital	22,971	22,558
	\$ 20,979,853	\$ 17,454,726

4. CORPORATE SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	THIRD QUARTERS		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Corporate selling, general and administrative expenses before loss (gain) arising on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 35,957	\$ 32,893	\$ 141,782	\$ 132,003
Loss (gain) arising on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(8,870)	1,534	(32,423)	(4,745)
Corporate selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 27,087	\$ 34,427	\$ 109,359	\$ 127,258

5. CAPITAL INVESTMENTS

The Company makes investments in infrastructure concessions for public services such as bridges, highways, mass transit systems, power facilities, energy infrastructure, water treatment plants and social infrastructure (e.g. hospitals).

The main concessions and public-private partnerships contracts reported under IFRIC Interpretation 12, *Service Concession Arrangements*, are all accounted for under the financial asset model.

In order to provide the reader of the financial statements with a better understanding of the financial position and results of operations of its Capital investments, the Company presents certain distinct financial information related specifically to its Capital investments throughout its financial statements, as well as additional information below.

A) VARIATIONS IN OWNERSHIP INTERESTS IN INVESTMENTS

I) DURING THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

DISPOSAL OF THE COMPANY'S 6.76% INTEREST IN 407 INTERNATIONAL INC. ("HIGHWAY 407 ETR")

On March 13, 2025, AtkinsRéalis announced that it had entered into agreements with a subsidiary of Ferrovia SE and with a subsidiary of Canada Pension Plan Investment Board to sell all of its remaining 6.76% interest in the shares of Highway 407 ETR.

In the second quarter of 2025, AtkinsRéalis completed the sale of its remaining 6.76% interest in the shares of Highway 407 ETR for a total cash consideration of approximately \$2.6 billion. The sale resulted in a pre-tax gain of \$2,569.9 million, which is net of the disposition-related costs of \$18.8 million, included in "Gain on disposal of a Capital investment" in the consolidated income statement for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2025. The total income tax expense related to the transaction was \$333.1 million, resulting in a net gain of \$2,236.8 million.

5. CAPITAL INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

II) DURING THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

HEALTH MONTRÉAL COLLECTIVE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP (“HMC L.P.”)

In the first quarter of 2024, the Company acquired a 10% ownership interest in HMC L.P. through a business combination completed on March 4, 2024 (see Note 16).

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025, the Company’s consolidated income statements included dividends of \$0.5 million (three-month period ended September 30, 2024: \$0.6 million) and \$0.9 million (nine-month period ended September 30, 2024: \$1.2 million), respectively, from HMC L.P.

B) FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Statements of financial position

The Company’s consolidated statements of financial position include the following net assets from its consolidated Capital investments and net book value from its Capital investments accounted for by the equity method and at fair value through other comprehensive income.

	SEPTEMBER 30 2025	DECEMBER 31 2024
Net assets from Capital investments accounted for by the consolidation method	\$ 210,876	\$ 214,455
Net book value of Capital investments accounted for by the equity method ⁽¹⁾	395,766	388,601
Net book value of Capital investments at fair value through other comprehensive income ⁽²⁾	4,887	8,092
	\$ 611,529	\$ 611,148

⁽¹⁾ Included the Company’s investment in Highway 407 ETR until its disposal in June 2025, for which the net book value was nil as at December 31, 2024.

⁽²⁾ Includes mainly the Company’s investment in HMC L.P., for which the net book value was included in “Other non-current financial assets” as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

Income statements

The Company’s consolidated income statements include the following revenues and expenses from its Capital investments.

	THIRD QUARTERS		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Revenues from Capital	\$ 13,589	\$ 28,199	\$ 50,105	\$ 62,571
Direct cost of activities	4,378	3,081	12,368	14,145
	9,211	25,118	37,737	48,426
Corporate selling, general and administrative expenses not allocated to the segments — Capital	1,500	7,049	15,597	21,146
Gain on disposal of a Capital investment	—	—	(2,569,949)	—
EBIT	7,711	18,069	2,592,089	27,280
Net financial expenses	768	1,702	2,241	4,646
Earnings before income taxes	6,943	16,367	2,589,848	22,634
Income taxes	575	559	332,384	596
Net income for the period	\$ 6,368	\$ 15,808	\$ 2,257,464	\$ 22,038

6. NET FINANCIAL EXPENSES

	THIRD QUARTERS		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Interest on debt:				
Recourse	\$ 12,247	\$ 23,601	\$ 53,938	\$ 68,314
Limited recourse	—	8,447	11,825	26,288
Non-recourse	1,718	2,603	6,058	7,807
Interest on lease liabilities	7,066	6,208	21,321	17,272
Other	3,154	4,367	14,807	13,864
Financial expenses	24,185	45,226	107,949	133,545
Financial income	(6,981)	(5,288)	(18,371)	(14,275)
Net foreign exchange losses	4,900	847	9,281	2,827
Financial income and net foreign exchange losses	(2,081)	(4,441)	(9,090)	(11,448)
Net financial expenses	\$ 22,104	\$ 40,785	\$ 98,859	\$ 122,097

7. DIVIDENDS

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2025, the Company recognized as distributions to its equity shareholders dividends of \$10.3 million, or \$0.06 per share (nine-month period ended September 30, 2024: \$10.5 million, or \$0.06 per share).

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	2025	2024
Dividends payable at January 1	\$ —	\$ —
Dividends declared during the period	10,276	10,520
Dividends paid during the period	(10,276)	(10,520)
Dividends payable at September 30	\$ —	\$ —

8. SHARE CAPITAL

A) AUTHORIZED AND ISSUED

The table below presents the change in the number of common shares issued and fully paid in the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025 and 2024.

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	2025	2024
NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES		
Issued and fully paid		
Balance at January 1	174,841,024	175,554,252
Issuance	120,653	13,170
Repurchase and cancellation	(9,219,458)	(729,828)
	165,742,219	174,837,594
Held in trust under the Company's U.K. Share Incentive Plan		
Balance at January 1	(5,606)	—
Repurchase	(23,110)	—
	(28,716)	—
Balance at September 30	165,713,503	174,837,594

8. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

B) REPURCHASE OF SHARES FOR CANCELLATION

I) NORMAL COURSE ISSUER BID

In the first quarter of 2025, the Company announced that it had obtained the approval of the TSX for the renewal of its normal course issuer bid (the “NCIB”) to repurchase for cancellation up to 13,945,331 of its common shares (first quarter of 2024: up to 1,500,000 of its common shares) commencing March 17, 2025 (2024: March 8, 2024) and ending no later than March 16, 2026 (2024: March 7, 2025).

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025, the Company repurchased and cancelled 246,400 common shares and 2,219,458 common shares, respectively (438,860 common shares and 729,828 common shares, respectively, in the comparable periods of 2024), under its NCIB resulting in cash outflows of \$23.7 million and \$178.7 million, respectively (\$22.9 million and \$38.5 million, respectively, in the comparable periods of 2024).

II) AGREEMENT WITH LA CAISSE

In the second quarter of 2025, the Company entered into a private agreement with *Caisse de dépôt et placement du Québec* (“La Caisse”) providing for the repurchase for cancellation of 7,000,000 common shares held by La Caisse at a price of \$90.87 per common share, for a total cash consideration of \$636.1 million. A decision was obtained from the *Autorité des marchés financiers* exempting the Company from issuer bid requirements under securities legislation applicable to the transaction.

III) AUTOMATIC SHARE PURCHASE PLAN

From time to time, the Company may give instructions to a designated broker under its automatic share purchase plan (“ASPP”) to facilitate the repurchase of the Company’s common shares under its NCIB. During the effective period of the ASPP, the Company’s broker may purchase common shares at times when the Company would ordinarily not be active in the market under instructions which are then irrevocable, but subject to meeting certain terms and conditions. As at September 30, 2025, no repurchase commitments were outstanding, resulting in a nil liability.

9. COMPONENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The Company has the following elements, net of income taxes, within its other components of equity at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	SEPTEMBER 30 2025	DECEMBER 31 2024
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	\$ (669)	\$ (13,674)
Cash flow hedges	9,992	1,485
Other components of equity	\$ 9,323	\$ (12,189)

9. COMPONENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED)

A) ITEMS THAT WILL BE RECLASSIFIED SUBSEQUENTLY TO NET INCOME

The following table provides a reconciliation of each element of other components of equity for the third quarters and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	THIRD QUARTERS		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations:				
Balance at beginning of the period	\$ (42,148)	\$ (192,947)	\$ (13,674)	\$ (297,460)
Current period gains	43,463	84,019	13,903	194,795
Reclassification to net income	—	594	—	(376)
Net investment hedge – current period losses	(2,699)	(6,475)	(1,221)	(12,577)
Income taxes relating to current period losses	715	1,794	323	2,603
Balance at end of the period	(669)	(113,015)	(669)	(113,015)
Cash flow hedges:				
Balance at beginning of the period	9,161	5,679	1,485	3,928
Current period gains (losses)	10,704	(10,411)	54,626	12,502
Income taxes relating to current period gains (losses)	(2,276)	2,585	(14,385)	(3,512)
Reclassification to net income	(10,951)	1,915	(43,377)	(18,670)
Income taxes relating to amounts reclassified to net income	3,354	(386)	11,643	5,134
Balance at end of the period	9,992	(618)	9,992	(618)
Other components of equity	\$ 9,323	\$ (113,633)	\$ 9,323	\$ (113,633)

B) ITEMS THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED SUBSEQUENTLY TO NET INCOME

Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income

The following tables present changes in the cumulative amount of remeasurement gains (losses) recognized in other comprehensive income relating to defined benefit pension plans and other post-employment benefits for the third quarters and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30			2025			2024		
	BEFORE TAX	INCOME TAX	NET OF TAX	BEFORE TAX	INCOME TAX	NET OF TAX		
Cumulative amount at beginning of the period	\$ 144,390	\$ (26,072)	\$ 118,318	\$ 154,365	\$ (28,349)	\$ 126,016		
Remeasurement recognized during the period	8,573	(1,941)	6,632	42,516	(10,492)	32,024		
Cumulative amount at end of the period	\$ 152,963	\$ (28,013)	\$ 124,950	\$ 196,881	\$ (38,841)	\$ 158,040		

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30			2025			2024		
	BEFORE TAX	INCOME TAX	NET OF TAX	BEFORE TAX	INCOME TAX	NET OF TAX		
Cumulative amount at beginning of the period	\$ 105,828	\$ (16,598)	\$ 89,230	\$ 136,920	\$ (24,005)	\$ 112,915		
Remeasurement recognized during the period	47,135	(11,415)	35,720	59,961	(14,836)	45,125		
Cumulative amount at end of the period	\$ 152,963	\$ (28,013)	\$ 124,950	\$ 196,881	\$ (38,841)	\$ 158,040		

9. COMPONENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED)

Equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income

The following tables present changes in fair value of the equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income for the third quarters and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	2025			2024		
	BEFORE TAX	INCOME TAX	NET OF TAX	BEFORE TAX	INCOME TAX	NET OF TAX
Cumulative amount at beginning of the period	\$ (3,624)	\$ (2,924)	\$ (6,548)	\$ (2,039)	\$ (150)	\$ (2,189)
Gain (loss) recognized during the period	(1,504)	881	(623)	(29)	48	19
Cumulative amount at end of the period	\$ (5,128)	\$ (2,043)	\$ (7,171)	\$ (2,068)	\$ (102)	\$ (2,170)

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	2025			2024		
	BEFORE TAX	INCOME TAX	NET OF TAX	BEFORE TAX	INCOME TAX	NET OF TAX
Cumulative amount at beginning of the period	\$ (1,915)	\$ (143)	\$ (2,058)	\$ (1,973)	\$ (150)	\$ (2,123)
Loss recognized during the period	(3,213)	(1,900)	(5,113)	(95)	48	(47)
Cumulative amount at end of the period	\$ (5,128)	\$ (2,043)	\$ (7,171)	\$ (2,068)	\$ (102)	\$ (2,170)

10. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

A) DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

The following table presents the items composing “Depreciation and amortization” for the third quarters and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	THIRD QUARTERS		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Property and equipment	\$ 24,480	\$ 21,474	\$ 70,310	\$ 67,082
Intangible assets related to business combinations	27,699	19,216	73,756	61,131
Right-of-use assets	22,481	18,154	64,045	54,249
Other	207	164	619	491
Total	\$ 74,867	\$ 59,008	\$ 208,730	\$ 182,953

The depreciation and amortization charge was presented in the Company’s income statements in the following lines for the third quarters and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	THIRD QUARTERS		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Direct costs of activities	\$ 44,815	\$ 38,370	\$ 129,633	\$ 118,283
Corporate selling, general and administrative expenses	2,353	1,422	5,341	3,539
Amortization of intangible assets related to business combinations	27,699	19,216	73,756	61,131
Total	\$ 74,867	\$ 59,008	\$ 208,730	\$ 182,953

10. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

B) OTHER RECONCILING ITEMS

The following table presents the other reconciling items related to operating activities presented in the statements of cash flows for the third quarters and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	THIRD QUARTERS		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Income taxes recognized in net income	\$ 23,917	\$ 36,435	\$ 388,776	\$ 68,109
Net financial expenses recognized in net income (Note 6)	22,104	40,785	98,859	122,097
Expense recognized in respect of share-based payment arrangements ⁽¹⁾	24,308	13,583	105,958	105,486
Income from Capital investments accounted for by the equity method	(7,987)	(20,136)	(33,961)	(37,316)
Dividends and distributions received from Capital investments accounted for by the equity method	5,690	26,668	27,474	45,994
Income from PS&PM investments accounted for by the equity method	(6,876)	(12,286)	(23,152)	(33,964)
Dividends and distributions received from PS&PM investments accounted for by the equity method	4,656	7,187	16,205	17,084
Net change in provisions related to forecasted losses on certain contracts	(4,658)	(2,525)	(11,435)	(8,380)
Gain on disposal of a Capital investment (Note 5A)	—	—	(2,569,949)	—
Restructuring and transformation costs recognized in net income (Note 15)	17,446	9,159	79,957	13,277
Restructuring and transformation costs paid	(13,037)	(15,062)	(84,354)	(43,035)
Payments related to federal charges settlement (PPSC) and DPCP Remediation Agreement	—	(15,555)	—	(27,234)
Loss (gain) arising on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss (Note 4)	(8,870)	1,534	(32,423)	(4,745)
Net change in other provisions ⁽²⁾	14,886	11,693	(12,060)	(26,336)
Other	16,472	12,561	32,904	3,505
Other reconciling items	\$ 88,051	\$ 94,041	\$(2,017,201)	\$ 194,542

⁽¹⁾ Effective January 1, 2025, the Company modified the presentation of its share-based payment arrangements by combining the line items “Expense recognized in respect of cash-settled share-based payment arrangements” and “Expense recognized in respect of stock options” into the line item “Expense recognized in respect of share-based payment arrangements”. The Company has restated the comparative figures accordingly to reflect the current period presentation.

⁽²⁾ Net change in other provisions includes changes in all provisions, except for: i) pension, other long-term benefits and other post-employment benefits, which change is included in “Other”; ii) forecasted losses on certain contracts, which change is separately presented in the table above; and iii) restructuring, which change is separately presented in the table above.

C) NET CHANGE IN NON-CASH WORKING CAPITAL ITEMS

The following table presents the net change in non-cash working capital items related to operating activities presented in the statements of cash flows for the third quarters and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	THIRD QUARTERS		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Decrease (increase) in trade receivables	\$ (8,728)	\$ 11,434	\$ 80,073	\$ 141,470
Increase in contract assets	(133,301)	(121,826)	(323,283)	(167,925)
Decrease (increase) in other current financial assets	9,455	(3,524)	(6,428)	5,607
Increase in other current non-financial assets	(43,821)	(47,541)	(67,861)	(54,430)
Increase in trade payables and accrued liabilities	53,071	68,637	97,162	56,003
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues	(14,339)	37,088	(120,522)	(159,158)
Increase (decrease) in other current financial liabilities	(1,441)	(9,297)	(2,326)	1,296
Increase (decrease) in other current non-financial liabilities	26,728	131,062	(132,787)	(57,350)
Net change in non-cash working capital items	\$ (112,376)	\$ 66,033	\$ (475,972)	\$ (234,487)

10. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

D) CHANGES IN LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The following table provides a reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the statement of financial position for liabilities arising from financing activities for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2025:

	DEBT ⁽¹⁾	LEASE LIABILITIES ⁽²⁾
Balance at January 1, 2025	\$ 1,711,372	\$ 489,000
Changes arising from cash flows:		
Increase	3,500	—
Repayment	(900,595)	(67,476)
Total – changes arising from cash flows	(897,095)	(67,476)
Non-cash changes:		
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	(312)	(1,949)
Amortization of deferred financing costs and discounts and increase from the passage of time	4,424	—
Net increase of lease liabilities	—	89,776
Non-cash contribution by a non-controlling interest	(420)	—
Other	(6,097)	—
Balance at September 30, 2025	\$ 811,872	\$ 509,351

CHANGES ARISING FROM CASH FLOWS – RECOURSE DEBT, LIMITED RECOURSE DEBT AND NON-RECOURSE DEBT

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	2025		
	INCREASE OF DEBT	REPAYMENT OF DEBT	PAYMENT FOR DEBT ISSUE COSTS
Recourse debt:			
Revolving Facility ⁽³⁾	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (1,754)
Term Loan (Note 14)	—	(500,000)	—
Total – Recourse debt	—	(500,000)	(1,754)
Limited recourse debt:			
La Caisse Loan (previously, “CDPQ Loan”) (Note 14)	—	(400,000)	—
Total – Limited recourse debt	—	(400,000)	—
Non-recourse debt:			
Other	3,500	(595)	—
Total – Non-recourse debt	3,500	(595)	—
Total	\$ 3,500	\$ (900,595)	\$ (1,754)

⁽¹⁾ Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt and long-term debt were presented in the Company’s consolidated statements of financial position as follows:

	SEPTEMBER 30 2025	JANUARY 1 2025
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	\$ 339,426	\$ 23,466
Long-term debt	472,446	1,687,906
Total	\$ 811,872	\$ 1,711,372

⁽²⁾ Lease liabilities were presented in the Company’s consolidated statements of financial position as follows:

	SEPTEMBER 30 2025	JANUARY 1 2025
Current portion of lease liabilities	\$ 88,374	\$ 78,906
Non-current portion of lease liabilities	420,977	410,094
Total	\$ 509,351	\$ 489,000

⁽³⁾ Debt issue costs related to the Company’s Revolving Facility, which represent deferred financing costs, are included in “Other non-current non-financial assets” in the consolidated statement of financial position as at September 30, 2025.

10. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

The following table provides a reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the statement of financial position for liabilities arising from financing activities for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024:

		DEBT ⁽¹⁾	LEASE LIABILITIES ⁽²⁾
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$	1,982,631	\$ 391,301
Changes arising from cash flows:			
Increase		564,917	—
Repayment		(631,239)	(60,777)
Total – changes arising from cash flows		(66,322)	(60,777)
Non-cash changes:			
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences		1,034	11,576
Amortization of deferred financing costs and discounts and increase from the passage of time		4,022	—
Payable related to deferred financing costs		(30)	—
Reclassification of deferred financing costs to non-financial assets		4,647	—
Net increase of lease liabilities		—	172,344
Non-cash contribution by a non-controlling interest		(1,181)	—
Other		(6,524)	—
Balance at September 30, 2024	\$	1,918,277	\$ 514,444

CHANGES ARISING FROM CASH FLOWS – RECOURSE DEBT, LIMITED RECOURSE DEBT AND NON-RECOURSE DEBT

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30				2024
	INCREASE OF DEBT	REPAYMENT OF DEBT	PAYMENT FOR DEBT ISSUE COSTS	
Recourse debt:				
Revolving Facility	\$ 162,413	\$ (328,565)	\$ (1,315)	
Term Loan	—	—	(375)	
Series 6 Debentures (Note 14)	—	(300,000)	—	
Series 8 Debentures (Note 14)	395,980	—	(716)	
Other	6,524	—	—	
Total – Recourse debt	564,917	(628,565)	(2,406)	
Limited recourse debt:				
La Caisse Loan (previously, “CDPQ Loan”)	—	—	(11)	
Total – Limited recourse debt	—	—	(11)	
Non-recourse debt:				
Credit facility – TransitNEXT General Partnership	—	—	(157)	
Term loan facility – AtkinsRéalis Trillium Holdings Inc.	—	—	(100)	
Total – Non-recourse debt	—	—	(257)	
Total	\$ 564,917	\$ (628,565)	\$ (2,674)	

(1) Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt and long-term debt were presented in the Company’s consolidated statements of financial position as follows:

	SEPTEMBER 30 2024	JANUARY 1 2024
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	\$ 164,068	\$ 463,289
Long-term debt	1,754,209	1,519,342
Total	\$ 1,918,277	\$ 1,982,631

(2) Lease liabilities were presented in the Company’s consolidated statements of financial position as follows:

	SEPTEMBER 30 2024	JANUARY 1 2024
Current portion of lease liabilities	\$ 86,487	\$ 74,887
Non-current portion of lease liabilities	427,957	316,414
Total	\$ 514,444	\$ 391,301

10. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

E) SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS AT AMORTIZED COST

In the second quarter of 2024, AtkinsRéalis acquired short-term investments measured at amortized cost, which were included in “Other current financial assets” in the consolidated statement of financial position, for a cash outflow of \$50 million, of which \$25 million matured prior to September 30, 2024.

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the normal course of its operations, AtkinsRéalis enters into transactions with certain of its associates and joint ventures, mainly its Capital investments. Investments in which AtkinsRéalis has significant influence or joint control, which are accounted for by the equity method, are considered related parties.

For the third quarters and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company recognized the following transactions with its related parties:

	THIRD QUARTERS		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
PS&PM revenue from contracts with investments accounted for by the equity method	\$ 74,105	\$ 81,710	\$ 243,182	\$ 202,540
Income from Capital investments accounted for by the equity method	7,987	20,136	33,961	37,316
Dividends and distributions received from Capital investments accounted for by the equity method	5,690	26,668	27,474	45,994
Income from PS&PM investments accounted for by the equity method	6,876	12,286	23,152	33,964
Dividends and distributions received from PS&PM investments accounted for by the equity method	\$ 4,656	\$ 7,187	\$ 16,205	\$ 17,084

As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had the following balances with its related parties:

	SEPTEMBER 30 2025	DECEMBER 31 2024
Trade receivables from investments accounted for by the equity method	\$ 121,574	\$ 115,580
Retentions on client contracts from investments accounted for by the equity method ⁽¹⁾	118,940	117,645
Remaining commitment to invest in Capital investments accounted for by the equity method ⁽²⁾	24,921	24,921
Dividends and distributions receivable from Capital investments accounted for by the equity method ⁽³⁾	\$ 590	\$ 1,583

⁽¹⁾ Included in “Contract assets” or “Deferred revenues” in the statements of financial position

⁽²⁾ Included in “Other current financial liabilities” in the statements of financial position

⁽³⁾ Included in “Other current financial assets” in the statements of financial position

All of these related party transactions are measured at fair value.

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A) CLASSIFICATION AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following tables present the carrying value of AtkinsRéalis' financial assets as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 by category and classification, with the corresponding fair value, when available.

AT SEPTEMBER 30	2025					
	CARRYING VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS BY CATEGORY					
	FVTPL ⁽¹⁾	FVTOCI ⁽²⁾	AMORTIZED COST	DERIVATIVES USED FOR HEDGES	TOTAL	FAIR VALUE
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 990,662	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 990,662	\$ 990,662
Restricted cash	4,027	—	—	—	4,027	4,027
Trade receivables ⁽³⁾	—	—	1,432,580	—	1,432,580	1,432,580
Other current financial assets	7,887	—	398,526	78,809	485,222	476,618
Non-current portion of receivables under service concession arrangements ⁽⁴⁾	—	—	154,189	—	154,189	122,499
Other non-current financial assets ⁽⁴⁾	59,356	4,887	44,811	31,343	140,397	141,693
Total	\$ 1,061,932	\$ 4,887	\$ 2,030,106	\$ 110,152	\$ 3,207,077	

AT DECEMBER 31	2024					
	CARRYING VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS BY CATEGORY					
	FVTPL ⁽¹⁾	FVTOCI ⁽²⁾	AMORTIZED COST	DERIVATIVES USED FOR HEDGES	TOTAL	FAIR VALUE
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 666,603	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 666,603	\$ 666,603
Restricted cash	4,135	—	—	—	4,135	4,135
Trade receivables ⁽³⁾	—	—	1,478,085	—	1,478,085	1,478,085
Other current financial assets	8,275	—	275,939	48,601	332,815	330,036
Non-current portion of receivables under service concession arrangements ⁽⁴⁾	—	—	284,917	—	284,917	250,057
Other non-current financial assets ⁽⁴⁾	—	8,092	33,421	19,783	61,296	63,106
Total	\$ 679,013	\$ 8,092	\$ 2,072,362	\$ 68,384	\$ 2,827,851	

(1) Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

(2) Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")

(3) Due to the short-term nature of trade receivables, their carrying amount is considered to be a reasonable approximation of their fair value.

(4) For receivables under service concession arrangements and most of the other non-current financial assets other than at fair value, the Company uses the present value technique to determine the fair value.

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following tables present the carrying value of AtkinsRéalis' financial liabilities as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 by category and classification, with the corresponding fair value, when available.

AT SEPTEMBER 30	2025						
	CARRYING VALUE OF FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY						
	DERIVATIVES USED FOR HEDGES		FVTPL ⁽¹⁾	AMORTIZED COST		TOTAL	FAIR VALUE
Trade payables and accrued liabilities ⁽²⁾	\$	—	\$	—	\$ 2,321,042	\$ 2,321,042	\$ 2,321,042
Other current financial liabilities ⁽²⁾		9,124		—	222,347	231,471	231,471
Provisions ⁽²⁾		—		—	12,522	12,522	12,522
Lease liabilities		—		—	509,351	509,351	N/A ⁽³⁾
Short-term debt and long-term debt ⁽⁴⁾		—		—	811,872	811,872	839,704
Other non-current financial liabilities ⁽⁵⁾		809		16,483	4,095	21,387	21,387
Total	\$	9,933	\$	16,483	\$ 3,881,229	\$ 3,907,645	

AT DECEMBER 31	2024				
	CARRYING VALUE OF FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY				
	DERIVATIVES USED FOR HEDGES	FVTPL ⁽¹⁾	AMORTIZED COST	TOTAL	FAIR VALUE
Trade payables and accrued liabilities ⁽²⁾	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,163,510	\$ 2,163,510	\$ 2,163,510
Other current financial liabilities ⁽²⁾	20,812	—	230,299	251,111	251,111
Provisions ⁽²⁾	—	—	24,557	24,557	24,557
Lease liabilities	—	—	489,000	489,000	N/A ⁽³⁾
Short-term debt and long-term debt ⁽⁴⁾	—	—	1,711,372	1,711,372	1,745,077
Other non-current financial liabilities ⁽⁵⁾	1,740	17,553	3,316	22,609	22,609
Total	\$ 22,552	\$ 17,553	\$ 4,622,054	\$ 4,662,159	

(1) Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

(2) Due to the short-term nature of trade payables and accrued liabilities, other current financial liabilities (other than those already at fair value) and provisions, their carrying amount is considered to be a reasonable approximation of their fair value.

(3) N/A: not applicable

(4) The fair value of short-term debt and long-term debt was determined using public quotations or the discounted cash flows method in accordance with current financing arrangements. The discount rates used correspond to prevailing market rates offered to AtkinsRéalis or to the Capital investments, depending on which entity has issued the debt instrument, for debt with similar terms and conditions.

(5) For most of the other non-current financial liabilities other than at fair value, the Company uses the present value technique to determine the fair value.

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, there were no changes in valuation techniques and in inputs used in the fair value measurements and there were no transfers between the levels of the fair value hierarchy.

B) LEVEL 3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT

The following table presents changes in fair value of the Level 3 financial instrument for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2025:

	CONTINGENT CONSIDERATION PAYABLE TO SELLER RELATED TO LINXON ACQUISITION
Balance as at January 1, 2025	\$ 17,553
Unrealized net gain ⁽⁶⁾	(301)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	(769)
Balance as at September 30, 2025	\$ 16,483

(6) Included in "Corporate selling, general and administrative expenses" in the consolidated income statement

No reasonable change in the principal assumptions used in the valuation would result in a significant change in the estimated fair value of the Level 3 financial instrument.

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Class actions

Pyrrhotite case

On June 12, 2014, the Québec Superior Court rendered a decision in “Wave 1” of the matter commonly referred to as the “Pyrrhotite Case” in Trois-Rivières, Québec and in which the Company was one of numerous defendants. The Québec Superior Court ruled in favour of the plaintiffs, awarding an aggregate amount of approximately \$168 million in damages apportioned amongst the then-known defendants, on a solidary (in solidum) basis (the “Wave 1 claims”). The Québec Superior Court ruled that the Company’s share of the damages award was approximately 70%. The Company’s external insurers disputed the extent of the insurance coverage available to the Company and this dispute was included in the Pyrrhotite Case. The Company, among other parties, appealed the Québec Superior Court’s ruling and, on April 6, 2020, the Québec Court of Appeal rendered its decision dismissing most of the appeals filed by all parties and upheld: (i) the Québec Superior Court’s ruling regarding the Company’s approximate 70% share of liability; and (ii) the solidary nature of the defendants’ liability. In a further ruling, on June 12, 2020, the Québec Court of Appeal confirmed the Company’s allocated share of the damages, inclusive of interest and costs at approximately \$200 million, and the Company paid this amount of damages awarded to the plaintiffs on August 3, 2020. The Company filed a notice seeking leave to appeal to the Supreme Court of Canada.

The Québec Court of Appeal also dismissed an appeal from the Company’s external insurers and confirmed that multiple insurance policy towers were triggered by the Wave 1 claims, resulting in multiple years of coverage. The Company’s external insurers filed notices seeking leave to appeal to the Supreme Court of Canada.

On May 6, 2021, the Supreme Court of Canada dismissed both the Company’s and its external insurers’ applications seeking leave to appeal.

Given that the Company’s external insurers initially refused to comply with terms contained in the relevant policies of insurance and the orders of the Québec Superior Court and the Québec Court of Appeal requiring them to pay a substantial portion of the \$200 million damages award, the Company filed an application with the Québec Superior Court seeking an order requiring the Company’s external insurers to comply with the Québec Court of Appeal’s order and facilitate execution of the \$200 million damages award by way of the multiple towers of insurance. On October 16, 2020, the Québec Superior Court ruled in favour of the Company ordering the Company’s external insurers to pay the Company approximately \$141 million, which was fully collected. An additional \$33 million in insurance proceeds was also collected by the Company through a reinsurance policy which was not subject to this court ruling.

The Company filed a recourse in warranty claim against Lafarge Canada Inc. (“Lafarge”) seeking its contribution to the damages awarded against the Company in the Wave 1 judgment. On February 4, 2021, the Québec Superior Court dismissed the Company’s claim and the Company appealed to the Québec Court of Appeal. The appeal was heard between November 8 and 10, 2022 and, on July 14, 2023, the Québec Court of Appeal upheld the first instance decision. The Company filed its application for leave to appeal this decision to the Supreme Court of Canada on September 29, 2023, which was dismissed on June 6, 2024, with costs.

In parallel to the Wave 1 claims, notices of additional potential claims have been made and continue to be made against certain defendants, including the Company, in “Wave 2” of the Pyrrhotite Case. In April 2022, the parties, including most of the Company’s external insurers, reached a settlement concerning Wave 2 claims that relate to certain residential buildings. The Company’s portion of the settlement in capital and interest totaled \$60.9 million, of which the uninsured portion was \$25.7 million. On June 27, 2023, the Québec Superior Court approved a settlement between the parties, including most of the Company’s external insurers, concerning various multi-apartment claims and certain commercial claims. The Company’s and its insurers’ portion of the settlement in capital, interest and fees totaled \$17.6 million, of which the uninsured portion was \$7.1 million. On July 2, 2024, the Québec Superior Court approved a further settlement concerning other commercial claims. The Company’s portion of the settlement in capital and interest totaled \$6.2 million, of which the uninsured portion was \$2.3 million. On July 10, 2025, the Québec Superior Court approved a further settlement concerning other commercial claims, and the Company’s and its insurers’ portion of the settlement in capital and interest totaled \$2.8 million. Also on July 10, 2025, the Québec Superior Court approved a further settlement concerning other residential claims, and the Company’s and its insurers’ portion of the settlement in capital and interest totaled \$4.1 million. These settlements did not have an impact on the Company’s financial results as their outcomes were covered by the amounts previously provisioned for by the Company. The Company’s liability exposure for the remaining Wave 2 claims remains subject to several uncertainties.

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Sainte-Marthe-sur-le-Lac Case

This case pertains to a class action authorized on April 18, 2023, brought against the City of Sainte-Marthe-sur-le-Lac (the “City”) and the Attorney General of Québec seeking reparation for all the citizens of the City who were affected by floodings due to the breach of a surrounding dike. AECOM, the successor of the engineering firm Gendron, Lefebvre et Associés (“GLA”), is a defendant in warranty and has called AtkinsRéalis Canada Inc. in rear warranty. The Company’s involvement stems from the acquisition of Laboratoire de Béton Ltée (“LDB”), a subcontractor to GLA between 1979 and 1982. Although LDB’s exact role remains to be defined, it is alleged that it was responsible for the quality control of the materials and of the borrow pits from which the clay required in the construction process was extracted. Each member of the class action claims up to \$0.35 million. The actual number of members remains to be determined but is currently estimated at 280.

Australian Arbitration

One of the Company’s former subsidiaries, divested as part of the sale of the Company’s Oil & Gas business, had a 35% interest in a joint operation for a project that has been completed. The construction joint operation is in a dispute with the project owner over labour rates. Pursuant to the agreement to sell the Oil & Gas business, the Company has retained the divested subsidiary’s risk associated with, and conduct of, this dispute. Under the relevant project contract, the subsidiary is jointly and severally liable with the other joint operator vis-à-vis the project owner for performance and other liabilities. In December 2018, the joint operation received a split award of liability from an arbitration tribunal resulting in an adverse decision on certain aspects of the dispute. In August 2020, a hearing on residual legal issues occurred and, in September 2020, the tribunal ruled in favour of the joint operation. The ruling was challenged by the project owner and a court hearing occurred in June 2021 and, on September 28, 2021, the Supreme Court of Western Australia found in favor of the project owner effectively reversing the September 2020 tribunal ruling. The joint operation appealed the September 2021 court ruling and the appeal hearing occurred in September 2022. On January 17, 2023, the Court of Appeal of Western Australia dismissed the joint operation’s appeal, and the joint operation then filed an application to the Australian High Court seeking leave to appeal the ruling. The High Court of Australia granted Special Leave to Appeal on November 17, 2023 and the appeal hearing took place on April 16, 2024. On August 13, 2024, the High Court of Australia dismissed the joint operation’s appeal, with costs. On April 24 and 25, 2025, the joint operation and the project owner participated in a mediation and the parties successfully negotiated a settlement for a confidential amount. A settlement agreement was executed on May 22, 2025 and the arbitral tribunal issued a final consent award confirming the terms of the settlement agreement on June 19, 2025. The joint operation, including the Company, contributed to this settlement and the respective share of each is confidential. This settlement did not have any significant impact on the Company’s financial results.

General litigation risk

Due to the inherent uncertainties of litigation, it is not possible to (a) predict the final outcome of these and other related proceedings generally, (b) determine if the amount included in the Company’s provisions is sufficient, or (c) determine the amount of potential losses, if any, that may be incurred in connection with any final judgment on these matters.

The Company maintains insurance coverage for various aspects of its business and operations. The Company’s insurance programs have varying coverage limits and maximums, and insurance companies may deny claims the Company might make. In addition, the Company has elected to retain a portion of losses that may occur through the use of various deductibles, limits and retentions under these programs. As a result, the Company may be subject to future liability in respect of lawsuits or investigations for which it is only partially insured, or completely uninsured.

In addition, the nature of the Company’s business sometimes results in clients, subcontractors and suppliers presenting claims for, among other things, recovery of costs related to certain projects. Similarly, the Company occasionally presents change orders and other claims to clients, subcontractors, and suppliers. If the Company fails to properly issue the change orders or other claims, or fails to document the nature of claims and change orders or is otherwise unsuccessful in negotiating reasonable settlements with clients, subcontractors and suppliers, the Company could incur cost overruns, reduced profits or, in some cases, a loss for a project. A failure to recover promptly on these types of claims could have a material adverse impact on the Company’s liquidity and financial results. Additionally, irrespective of how well the Company documents the nature of its claims and change orders, the cost to prosecute and defend claims and change orders can be significant.

In addition, a number of project contracts have warranty periods and/or outstanding claims that may result in legal proceedings that extend beyond the actual performance and completion of the projects.

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Litigation and regulatory proceedings are subject to inherent uncertainties and unfavourable rulings can and do occur. Pending or future claims against the Company could result in professional liability, product liability, criminal liability, warranty obligations, and other liabilities which, to the extent the Company is not insured against a loss or its insurer fails to provide coverage, could have a material adverse impact on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Jacques Cartier Bridge Criminal Charges (Canada)

On September 23, 2021, the Royal Canadian Mounted Police (the "RCMP"), represented by the Province of Québec's Directeur des Poursuites Criminelles et Pénales ("DPCP"), laid charges against the Company's subsidiary, SNC-Lavalin Inc. and its indirect subsidiary, SNC-Lavalin International Inc. Each entity was jointly charged (along with a former employee of the Company, Normand Morin) with the following counts: 1) forgery under Section 366 of the *Criminal Code* (Canada) (the "Criminal Code"), 2) fraud under Section 380 of the Criminal Code, and 3) fraud against the government under Section 121 of the Criminal Code. Each entity was charged with one count of conspiracy to commit the aforementioned crimes (the "Criminal Charges"). On the same date, the DPCP gave notice to SNC-Lavalin Inc. and SNC-Lavalin International Inc. of an invitation to negotiate a remediation agreement in accordance with Part XXII.1. of the Criminal Code with respect to the Criminal Charges, and on October 1, 2021, both entities formally accepted the invitation. These Criminal Charges follow the RCMP's formal investigation relating to alleged payments in connection with a 2002 contract for the refurbishment of the Jacques Cartier Bridge by a consortium which included SNC-Lavalin Inc. and which previously led to a guilty plea on certain criminal charges in 2017 by the former head of the Canada Federal Bridges Corporation. Another former employee of the Company, Kamal Francis, was also charged separately with similar offenses.

SNC-Lavalin Inc. and SNC-Lavalin International Inc. reached an agreement with the DPCP on the terms of the remediation agreement and, on May 11, 2022, the Québec Superior Court issued an order approving the remediation agreement (the "Remediation Agreement"). The Remediation Agreement had a three-year term, and required a total payment of \$29.6 million payable over three years as well as the appointment of a monitor for a three-year period, amongst other obligations. The Criminal Charges were suspended during the term of the Remediation Agreement, and, upon its expiry, provided the terms were complied with and subject to Québec Superior Court approval, the Criminal Charges were to be dismissed. Also, on May 11, 2022, the Company entered into an administrative agreement with Public Services and Procurement Canada allowing the Company to continue to do business with the Canadian federal government and federal departments and agencies under the auspices of the federal Integrity Regime despite the Criminal Charges that were suspended pursuant to the Remediation Agreement. The Remediation Agreement expired on May 15, 2025, and the dismissal of the Criminal Charges was approved by the Québec Superior Court on June 19, 2025.

The Company cannot predict what, if any, other actions may be taken by any other applicable government or authority or the Company's customers or other third parties as a result of the Criminal Charges.

Ongoing and potential investigations

The Company is subject to ongoing investigations that could subject the Company to criminal and administrative enforcement actions, civil actions and sanctions, fines and other penalties, some of which may be significant. These investigations, and potential results thereof, could harm the Company's reputation, result in suspension, prohibition or debarment of the Company from participating in certain projects, reduce its revenues and net income and adversely affect its business.

The Company understands that there are investigations by various authorities which may remain ongoing in connection with certain legacy matters in various jurisdictions, including, without limitation, Algeria, Brazil and Angola.

The Company is currently unable to determine when any of these investigations will be completed or whether other investigations of the Company by these or other authorities will be initiated or the scope of current investigations broadened or result in legal proceedings against the Company. The Company continues to cooperate and communicate with authorities in connection with all ongoing investigations.

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

If regulatory, enforcement or administrative authorities or third parties determine to take action against the Company or to sanction the Company in connection with possible violations of law, contracts or otherwise as a result of ongoing or future investigations, the consequences of any such sanctions or other actions, whether actual or alleged, could require the Company to pay material fines or damages, consent to restrictions on future conduct or lead to other penalties, including temporary or permanent, mandatory or discretionary suspension, prohibition or debarment from participating in projects, or the revocation of authorizations or certifications, by certain administrative organizations or by governments (such as the Government of Canada and/or the Government of Québec) under applicable procurement laws, regulations, policies or practices. The Company derives a significant percentage of its annual consolidated revenue from government and government-related contracts. Further, public and private sector bid processes in some instances assess whether the bidder, or an affiliate thereof, has ever been the object of any investigations, or sanctions or other actions resulting therefrom. In such instances, if the Company or one of its subsidiaries or investee entities must answer affirmatively to a query as to past or current investigations, or sanctions or other actions resulting therefrom, such answer may affect that entity's ability to be considered for the applicable project. In addition, the Company may not win contracts that it has bid upon due to a client's perception of the Company's reputation and/or perceived reputational advantages held by competitors as a result of such investigations, sanctions or other actions. Loss of bidding opportunities resulting from such investigations, sanctions or other actions, whether discretionary (including as a result of reputational factors) or mandatory, from participating in certain government, government-related and private contracts (in Canada, Canadian provinces or elsewhere) could materially adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition and liquidity and the market price of the Company's issued and traded securities.

The outcomes of ongoing or future investigations could also result in, among other things, (i) covenant defaults under various project contracts, (ii) third party claims, which may include claims for special, indirect, derivative or consequential damages, or (iii) adverse consequences on the Company's ability to secure or continue its own financing, or to continue or secure financing for current or future projects, any of which could materially adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition and liquidity and the market price of the Company's issued and traded securities. In addition, these investigations and outcomes of these investigations and any negative publicity associated therewith could damage the Company's reputation and ability to do business.

Due to the uncertainties related to the outcome of ongoing or future investigations, the Company is currently unable to reliably estimate an amount of potential liabilities or a range of potential liabilities, if any, in connection with any of these investigations.

The Company's senior management and Board of Directors have been required to devote significant time and resources to the investigations described above and ongoing related matters, as well as the investigations leading to the settlements described above, which have distracted and may continue to distract senior management and the Board of Directors from the conduct of the Company's daily business, and significant expenses have been and may continue to be incurred in connection with such investigations including substantial fees of lawyers and other advisors. In addition, the Company and/or its employees or former employees could become the subject of these or other investigations by law enforcement and/or regulatory authorities in respect of the matters described above or below, or other matters, which, in turn, could require the devotion of additional time of senior management and the diversion or utilization of other resources.

Other legal proceedings

The Company becomes involved in various legal proceedings in the ordinary course of its business and this section describes important ordinary course of business legal proceedings, including the general cautionary language relating to the risks inherent to all litigation and proceedings against the Company, which is equally applicable to the legal proceedings described below.

The Company has initiated court proceedings against a Canadian client stemming from engineering, procurement and construction management services that the Company provided in relation to the client's expansion of an ore-processing facility. The Company claimed certain amounts from the client due under the project contract. The client has counter-claimed alleging that the Company defaulted under the project contracts and is seeking damages.

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The Company has initiated court proceedings in the Qatar Trade and Investment Court (the “QTIC”) against a main contractor stemming from its involvement in a consortium that was a sub-contractor for mechanical, electrical and plumbing services in relation to the construction of a hospital. The Company claimed certain amounts from the main contractor due under the sub-contract. The Company’s consortium partner has also initiated court proceedings against the main contractor in the QTIC claiming certain amounts due to it under the sub-contract. The main contractor has counter-claimed alleging that the Company and its consortium partner defaulted under the sub-contract and is seeking damages. The QTIC dismissed all the claims and counterclaims on September 29, 2024. The main contractor, the Company and its consortium partner all appealed this decision to the Qatar Court of Appeal. On December 23, 2024, the Qatar Court of Appeal overturned the QTIC’s decision and returned the case to the QTIC for reconsideration. The QTIC delivered its judgment on February 3, 2025 once again dismissing all the claims and counterclaims of the Company and its consortium partner, and all claims and counterclaims of the main contractor (save for one claim by the main contractor against a third party). Consequently, on February 18, 2025 all parties again appealed this decision to the Qatar Court of Appeal, and on April 28, 2025, the Qatar Court of Appeal again overturned the QTIC decision. The Qatar Court of Appeal will consider the matter and is expected to render a final judgment, subject to appeal, on November 17, 2025.

Due to the inherent uncertainties of litigation, it is not possible to (a) predict the final outcome of this and other legal proceedings generally, (b) determine if the amount included in the Company’s provisions is sufficient, or (c) determine the amount of potential losses, if any, that may be incurred in connection with any final judgment on these matters.

The Company is a party to other claims and litigation arising in the normal course of operations, including by clients, subcontractors, and suppliers presenting claims for, amongst other things, recovery of costs related to certain projects. Due to the inherent uncertainties of litigation and/or the early stage of certain proceedings, it is not possible to predict the final outcome of all ongoing claims and litigation at any given time or to determine the amount of any potential losses, if any. With respect to claims or litigation arising in the normal course of operations which are at a more advanced stage and which permit a better assessment of potential outcome, the Company does not expect the resolution of these matters to have a material adverse effect on its financial position or results of operations.

14. SHORT-TERM DEBT AND LONG-TERM DEBT

As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company’s short-term debt and long-term debt were presented in the consolidated statements of financial position as follows:

	SEPTEMBER 30, 2025			DECEMBER 31, 2024		
	SHORT-TERM DEBT AND CURRENT PORTION OF LONG-TERM DEBT	LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTAL	SHORT-TERM DEBT AND CURRENT PORTION OF LONG-TERM DEBT	LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTAL
Recourse debt	\$ 299,209	\$ 396,551	\$ 695,760	\$ —	\$ 1,193,411	\$ 1,193,411
Limited recourse debt ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	—	398,960	398,960
Non-recourse debt ⁽²⁾	40,217	75,895	116,112	23,466	95,535	119,001
	\$ 339,426	\$ 472,446	\$ 811,872	\$ 23,466	\$ 1,687,906	\$ 1,711,372

⁽¹⁾ Recourse was limited to specific circumstances of enforcement on or against shares of AtkinsRéalis Highway Holding Inc.

⁽²⁾ Non-recourse debt is unsecured or secured only by Capital or PS&PM investment’s specific assets.

I) NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

REPAYMENT OF LA CAISSE LOAN AND TERM LOAN

In the second quarter of 2025, in connection with the disposal of the Company’s remaining 6.76% interest in the shares of Highway 407 ETR (see Note 5A), AtkinsRéalis repaid all outstanding borrowings under its La Caisse Loan in an aggregate principal amount of \$400 million and repaid all outstanding borrowings under its Term Loan in an aggregate principal amount of \$500 million. Both loans were repaid prior to their maturity, which was in July 2026 for the La Caisse Loan and in May 2027 for the Term Loan.

14. SHORT-TERM DEBT AND LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

AMENDMENTS TO AND RESTATEMENT OF THE 2022 CREDIT AGREEMENT

In the third quarter of 2025, the Company entered into an agreement with its lenders mainly to: i) extend the maturity of its 2022 Credit Agreement from May 2027 to September 2030; ii) reduce the amount of what was previously referred to as Tranche A of its Revolving Facility under which borrowings may be obtained in the form of cash draws and financial, non-financial and documentary letters of credit from \$1,315.1 million to \$1,250.0 million; iii) terminate Tranche B of its Revolving Facility under which borrowings were to be obtained only in the form of non-financial and documentary letters of credit for an amount of \$438.4 million; and iv) increase the issuance of up to a maximum aggregate from \$2,000.0 million to \$2,500.0 million of financial, non-financial and documentary letters of credit by way of uncommitted bilateral facilities (the “2025 Credit Agreement”).

AMENDMENT TO THE UNSECURED LOAN OF LINXON

In the third quarter of 2025, the Company entered into an agreement with the lender of its unsecured loan of Linxon in the principal amount of \$12.8 million (US\$9.3 million) to extend its maturity from August 2025 to December 2025.

II) NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

ISSUANCE OF SERIES 8 DEBENTURES

In the first quarter of 2024, AtkinsRéalis issued, on a private placement basis, new unsecured Series 8 Debentures in the principal amount of \$400 million, which bear interest at the rate of 5.70% *per annum* and mature on March 26, 2029 (the “Series 8 Debentures”). The Series 8 Debentures are redeemable at the option of the issuer, in whole or in part, at a price based on a make-whole formula during the first two years of the term of the Series 8 Debentures and at a decreasing premium thereafter. The net proceeds from this issuance amounted to \$396.0 million and were used as follows: (i) to repay in full the outstanding indebtedness under the Company’s Revolving Facility (see Note 10D); and (ii) for general corporate purposes.

REPAYMENT OF SERIES 6 DEBENTURES

In the third quarter of 2024, the Company repaid in full the Series 6 Debentures in the principal amount of \$300 million at their maturity.

15. RESTRUCTURING AND TRANSFORMATION COSTS

	THIRD QUARTERS		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Restructuring costs	\$ 3,096	\$ 6,644	\$ 46,436	\$ 2,169
Transformation costs	14,350	2,515	33,521	11,108
Restructuring and transformation costs	\$ 17,446	\$ 9,159	\$ 79,957	\$ 13,277

The restructuring costs recognized for the third quarter ended September 30, 2025 were mainly for employee severances. The restructuring costs recognized for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2025 were mainly for employee severances, combined with an unfavourable adjustment related to the disposal of a business in a prior year.

The restructuring costs recognized for the third quarter ended September 30, 2024 were mainly for employee severances. The restructuring costs recognized for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024 included a non-cash reversal of an impairment loss on property and equipment of \$9.8 million (see Note 17).

16. TRANSACTION RELATED TO AN O&M CONTRACT AND RELATED INVESTMENTS

On March 5, 2024, AtkinsRéalis announced that it was undertaking the operations and maintenance (“O&M”) work at the *Centre Hospitalier de l’Université de Montréal* (“CHUM”), a hospital complex in Canada, through a contract that will span a 26-year period. This contract with HMC L.P., party to a public-private partnership with CHUM, resulted from a transaction whereby AtkinsRéalis acquired (i) 100% of the ownership interests in the entities performing the O&M contract with HMC L.P.; (ii) a 10% ownership interest in HMC L.P. valued at \$4.9 million (see Note 5A); and (iii) the receivable under an unsecured, subordinated long-term loan to HMC L.P. valued at \$16.9 million. This transaction, which was undertaken to expand AtkinsRéalis’ business in Canada while leveraging its existing expertise in engineering and project management, was accounted for in accordance with IFRS 3, *Business combinations* (“IFRS 3”), and this business has been consolidated from the effective date of acquisition, which was March 4, 2024.

16. TRANSACTION RELATED TO AN O&M CONTRACT AND RELATED INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

NET IDENTIFIABLE ASSETS (LIABILITIES) OF BUSINESS ACQUIRED

		MARCH 4 2024
Cash	\$	55,643
Other assets		54,334
Deferred revenues and other liabilities		(89,927)
Net identifiable assets (liabilities) of business acquired	\$	20,050

NET CASH INFLOW FROM ACQUISITION OF A BUSINESS

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30		2024
Total purchase price paid in cash	\$	(20,050)
Cash at acquisition as per above		55,643
Net cash inflow from acquisition of a business	\$	35,593

17. DISPOSAL OF CERTAIN NON-CORE ASSETS

In May 2024, AtkinsRéalis sold certain non-core gas-processing assets held by Valerus Compression Services LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary in the United States. This disposal resulted in a cash inflow of approximately \$52.2 million (US\$38.2 million). These non-core assets were included in “Property and equipment” in the consolidated statement of financial position and have been impaired in the past. As such, the disposal resulted in a reversal of impairment loss of \$9.8 million, which is included in “Restructuring and transformation costs” in the consolidated income statement for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024. The remaining excess of net proceeds over the carrying amount of these assets, representing \$11.6 million, was included in the Segmented Adjusted EBIT of LSTK Projects, the segment in which these non-core assets were previously included. The total income tax expense related to the transaction was \$7.4 million.

18. ACQUISITION OF DAVID EVANS ENTERPRISES, INC.

On April 11, 2025, AtkinsRéalis completed its acquisition of 70% of the voting shares of the employee-owned David Evans Enterprises, Inc., the parent company of David Evans and Associates, Inc. (collectively, “David Evans”), for \$406.4 million (US\$293 million) paid in cash at closing, which is subject to potential adjustments, with a clear path to acquire entire ownership within a defined agreed time period. Headquartered in the United States, David Evans is an engineering and staff augmentation services firm serving the transportation, power, water & environment, surveying & geomatics, and land development markets, as well as staffing services. This acquisition expands AtkinsRéalis’ reach in the Western United States transportation, water and power & renewable markets, while leveraging the combined strengths of both firms to deliver critical and complex projects for customers.

The acquisition of David Evans by AtkinsRéalis has been accounted for using the acquisition method under IFRS 3 and David Evans has been consolidated from the effective date of acquisition, which was April 11, 2025, with a non-controlling interest of 30%. The acquisition of the remaining 30% ownership interest in David Evans is subject to call options under which AtkinsRéalis has a right, upon the occurrence of certain events, to acquire the shares held by non-controlling shareholders at a price deemed to approximate their fair value when the call is exercised. These call options are derivatives measured at its fair value, with any subsequent changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. No material amounts were recognized by AtkinsRéalis in connection with these call options in the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025.

The financial results of David Evans are included in the USLA segment of the Company.

18. ACQUISITION OF DAVID EVANS ENTERPRISES, INC. (CONTINUED)

NET IDENTIFIABLE ASSETS (LIABILITIES) OF BUSINESS ACQUIRED

	APRIL 11 2025
Cash	\$ 1,893
Trade receivables ⁽¹⁾	49,987
Other current assets	41,530
Intangible assets related to David Evans acquisition	129,463
Other non-current assets	123,915
Current liabilities	(67,527)
Non-current liabilities	(122,114)
Net identifiable assets (liabilities) of business acquired	\$ 157,147

⁽¹⁾ The gross contractual amount receivable amounted to \$51.1 million of which \$1.1 million is the estimated amount at the acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected.

The above presents management's preliminary assessment of the values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in connection with the David Evans acquisition based on best estimates taking into account all relevant information available. The accounting for the business combination is expected to be completed as soon as management has gathered all of the significant information available and considered necessary in order to finalize this allocation. The effect may be to transfer an amount to or from the assets acquired, liabilities assumed and goodwill during such measurement period, which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date. During that period, the Company will retrospectively adjust the provisional amounts recognized as at the acquisition date to reflect information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed and, if known, would have affected the measurement of the amounts recognized as at the acquisition date. In addition, since the Company is still finalizing the valuation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition, the final allocation of the purchase price may vary significantly from the amounts presented above.

GOODWILL ARISING ON THE BUSINESS COMBINATION

	APRIL 11 2025
Cash consideration transferred	\$ 406,356
Plus: non-controlling interest of 30% ⁽¹⁾	47,144
Less: net identifiable assets of business acquired	157,147
Goodwill⁽²⁾	\$ 296,353

⁽¹⁾ The non-controlling interest recognized at the acquisition date was measured at its proportionate share of the value of net identifiable assets acquired.

⁽²⁾ Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition and of non-controlling interest over the net identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their acquisition-date fair values. The fair value allocated to tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed are based on management's assumptions. The total amount of goodwill that is expected to be deductible for tax purposes is nil.

Goodwill arose in the business combination because the consideration paid for the combination effectively included amounts in relation to the benefit of expected synergies, revenue growth, future market development and the assembled workforce. These benefits are not recognized separately from goodwill as the future economic benefits arising from these items cannot be measured reliably.

NET CASH OUTFLOW ON ACQUISITION OF DAVID EVANS

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	2025
Consideration paid in cash	\$ (406,356)
Cash at acquisition as per above	1,893
Net cash outflow on acquisition of David Evans	\$ (404,463)

IMPACT OF THE BUSINESS ACQUISITION ON THE RESULTS OF ATKINSRÉALIS

AtkinsRéalis' consolidated revenues included \$106.7 million and \$192.8 million and AtkinsRéalis' consolidated net income included \$11.0 million and \$14.7 million for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025, respectively, from David Evans since its acquisition completed by AtkinsRéalis on April 11, 2025.

18. ACQUISITION OF DAVID EVANS ENTERPRISES, INC. (CONTINUED)

ACQUISITION-RELATED COSTS

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025, acquisition-related costs amounted to nil and \$10.3 million, respectively, and were included in “Acquisition-related costs and integration costs” in the consolidated income statement.

19. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

ACQUISITION OF C2AE, INC. (“C2AE”)

On November 10, 2025, AtkinsRéalis announced that it has acquired C2AE, a Michigan-based architecture and engineering firm with eight locations and approximately 120 professionals across Michigan and upstate New York in the United States. C2AE provides architecture, civil, structural, mechanical, and electrical engineering services primarily for the water, transportation and buildings & places markets.



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