

Q3 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis

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Introduction

This section of Brookfield Real Estate Services Inc.'s ("the Company") interim report includes management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the financial results and financial condition of the Company for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, and has been prepared as at November 9, 2017. The three months ended September 30, 2017 shall be referred to in this MD&A as the "Quarter" and the nine months ended September 30, 2017 shall be referred to in this MD&A as the "YTD". The three months ended September 30, 2016 shall be referred to in this MD&A as "Prior Year Quarter" and the nine months ended September 30, 2016 shall be referred to in this MD&A as "Prior Year Period". The financial information presented herein has been prepared on the basis of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and is expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated.

The definitions of terms capitalized in this MD&A are provided in the Glossary of Terms commencing on page 34.

This MD&A is intended to provide the reader with an assessment of the Company's past performance as well as its financial position, performance objectives and future outlook. The information in this section should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016, both of which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS. Additional information relating to the Company, including its 2016 Annual Information Form, is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

This MD&A makes reference to Cash Flow from Operations, or "CFFO", which does not have any standardized meaning under IFRS. Please see Cash Flow from Operating Activities reconciled to Cash Flow from Operations for a reconciliation of CFFO to cash flow from operating activities in the interim condensed consolidated statements of cash flows and further information about CFFO.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Highlights

(Unaudited) (in 000's) except REALTOR® count	Three months ended September 30, 2017	Three months ended September 30, 2016	Nine months ended September 30, 2017	Nine months ended September 30, 2016
Royalties	\$ 12,235	\$ 12,567	\$ 34,772	\$ 32,833
Administration expenses	(163)	(252)	(706)	(750)
Management fee	(2,288)	(2,331)	(6,428)	(6,021)
Interest expense	(626)	(662)	(1,923)	(1,980)
CFFO	\$ 9,158	\$ 9,322	\$ 25,715	\$ 24,082
Dividends paid	\$ 3,161	\$ 3,081	\$ 9,324	\$ 9,244
Interest on Exchangeable Units paid	\$ 1,444	\$ 1,428	\$ 4,299	\$ 4,283
Net and comprehensive earnings (loss)	\$ 4,957	\$ (1,038)	\$ 9,566	\$ 1,066
Number of REALTORS®	18,117	17,538	18,117	17,538

(Unaudited)	Three months ended September 30, 2017	Three months ended September 30, 2016	Nine months ended September 30, 2017	Nine months ended September 30, 2016
CFFO per Share	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.73	\$ 2.01	\$ 1.88
CFFO per Share, rolling twelve-month period ended September 30			\$ 2.55	\$ 2.42
Dividends paid per Restricted Voting Share	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.98	\$ 0.97
Interest paid on Exchangeable Units paid per Exchangeable Unit	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.43	\$ 1.29	\$ 1.29
Net and comprehensive earnings (loss) per Share	\$ 0.52	\$ (0.11)	\$ 1.01	\$ 0.11

The table above sets out selected historical information and other data for the Company, which should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company for the Quarter and the YTD and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2016.

- Cash Flow from Operations (“CFFO”) for the Quarter was \$9.2 million or \$0.71 per share on a diluted basis (“Share”), a slight decrease as compared to \$9.3 million or \$0.73 per Share for the Prior Year Quarter.
- CFFO for the YTD was \$2.01 per Share as compared to \$1.88 per Share for the Prior Year Period. The improvement in CFFO was driven by an increase in royalties of \$1.9 million partly offset by a \$0.4 million increase in management fees. Increased royalties are due to a higher number of REALTORS® in the Company Network.
- The board of directors of BRESI (the “Board”) declared a cash dividend of \$0.1125 per Restricted Voting Share payable on December 29, 2017, to shareholders of record on November 30, 2017. This represents a targeted annualized dividend of \$1.35 per Restricted Voting Share.

Organization

BRESI's Restricted Voting Shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange (“TSX”) under the symbol “BRE”. Through its limited partnership holdings, BRESI owns certain Franchise Agreements and Trademarks of real estate services Brands in Canada.

BRESI directly owns a 75% interest in the Partnership which, in turn, owns VCLP. In addition, BRESI directly owns a 75% interest in the General Partner. The Partnership and VCLP own and operate the assets from which BRESI derives its revenue.

Brookfield BBP (Canada) Holdings L.P (“BBP”), a subsidiary of Brookfield Business Partners L.P, owns the remaining 25% interest in the Partnership through its ownership of exchangeable units of the Partnership (the “Exchangeable Units”) and the remaining 25% interest in the General Partner through its ownership of 25 common shares in the General Partner. In addition to its ownership of the Exchangeable

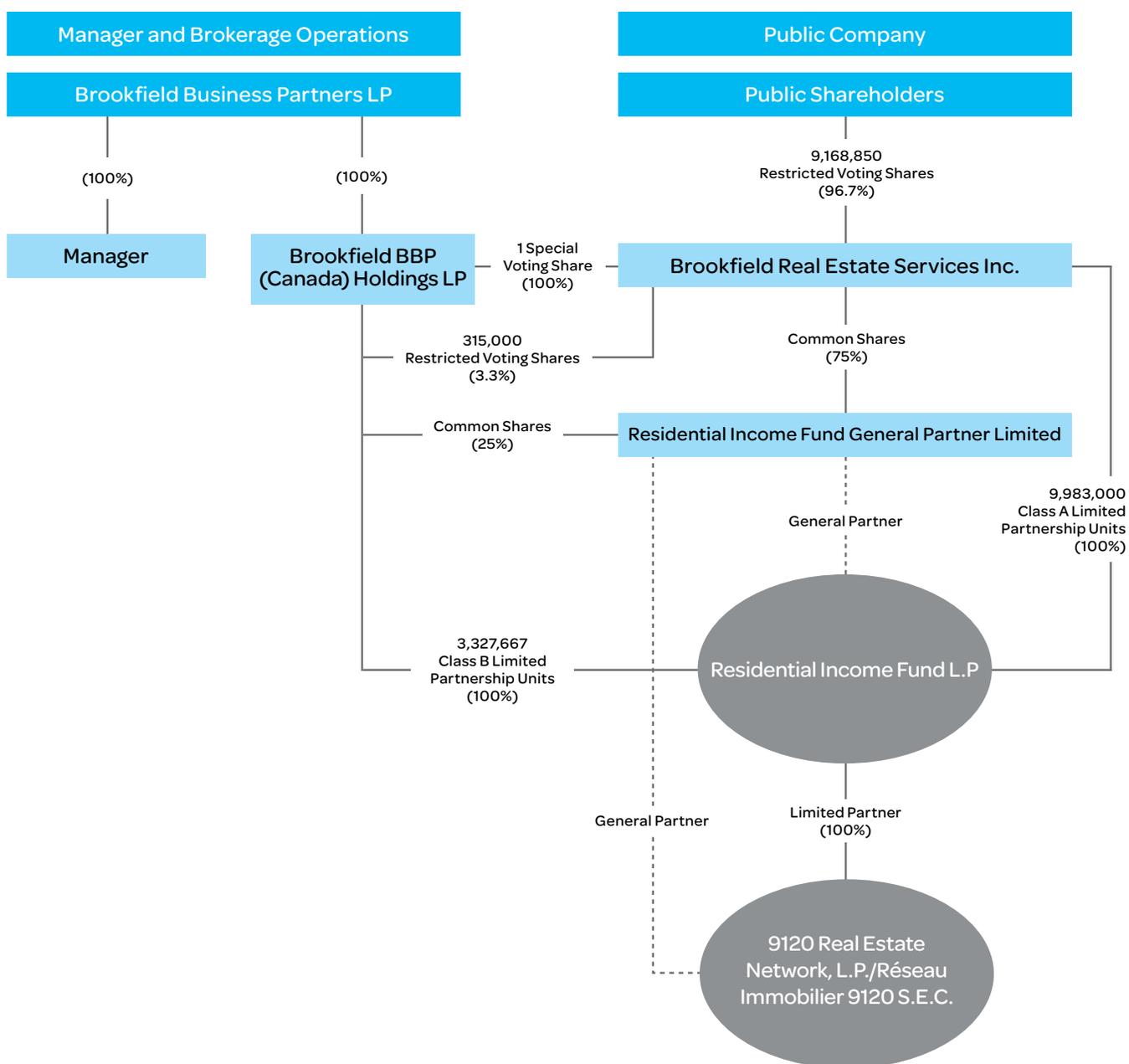
Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Units, BBP indirectly owns 315,000 restricted voting shares and one special voting share of BRESI. The Special Voting Share entitles BBP to a number of votes at any meeting of the restricted voting shareholders equal to the number of Restricted Voting Shares that may be obtained upon the exchange of all the Exchangeable Units held by the holder and/or its affiliates.

Prior to June 1, 2016, all of BBP’s interests in the Company were owned by Brookfield Private Equity Direct Investments L.P., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Brookfield Asset Management Inc.

The Company receives certain management, administrative and support services from the Manager. BRESI derives 100% of its revenue from royalties it receives under certain Franchise Agreements it purchases from the Manager.

The ownership structure of the Company and the Manager is set out below:



Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Business Strategy

The Company is a Canadian based real estate services firm that supplies REALTORS® with information, tools and services to assist them in providing efficient and effective delivery of real estate sales services in the communities they serve. Through a portfolio of highly regarded real estate services Brands, each of which offers a unique value proposition, the Company caters to the diverse service requirements of regional real estate professionals, in virtually all significant population centres across Canada.

BRESI's objective is to provide its stakeholders with an investment vehicle that pays stable and growing dividends. The Company's revenue is driven primarily by royalties derived from long-term Franchise Agreements. These royalties are weighted toward fees that are fixed in nature. The Company believes that this has proven to be effective in moderating the variations in overall industry activity that can occur in the Canadian residential real estate market ("Canadian Market"). The Company is party to the Management Services Agreement, which governs the management of the Company and the delivery of services to Brokers and REALTORS® by the Manager.

The number of REALTORS® in the Company Network, the transaction volumes generated in the markets the Company serves, the manner in which the Company structures the contracted revenue streams, the success in attracting REALTORS® to the Brands through their value propositions and the track record of the Company's Brands are all important factors in the Company's financial and operating performance. These factors, including, among others, general economic conditions and government and regulatory activity impact the Company's performance and are discussed in greater detail throughout this MD&A and in the Company's 2016 Annual Information Form, which is available at www.sedar.com.

BRESI seeks to increase its Cash Flow from Operations by increasing the number of REALTORS® in the Company Network through the acquisition of Franchise Agreements and by attracting and retaining REALTORS® through the provision of services and additional fee for service offerings, which increases the productivity of the REALTORS®.

Structure of Company Royalties

ROYALTY FEES

The Company generates revenue from royalties with both fixed and variable components. Approximately 92% (Prior Year Quarter – 90%) of the Company's royalties during the Quarter were derived from the combined fixed franchise fee per REALTOR® per month, 1% variable franchise fee and premium franchise fees. The remaining royalty stream is made up of franchise fees generated from warranty fees, technology fees and other fees. Approximately 72% of the Company's annual royalties were partly insulated from the fluctuations in the Canadian Market as they were not directly driven by transaction volumes. The Company believes that the combination of a royalty stream based on the number of REALTORS® in the Network, increasing REALTOR® productivity and steady growth in the Canadian Market provides the base for strong and stable cash flows. A description of each type of royalty fee follows:

Fixed Franchise Fees are paid based on the number of REALTORS® in the Franchise Network. Fixed franchise fees from Royal LePage Franchisees consist of a monthly fixed fee of \$105 per REALTOR®, while fixed fees from Via Capitale Franchisees consist primarily of a monthly fee of approximately \$170 per REALTOR®.

On January 1, 2016, the Company increased the Royal LePage fixed fee from \$102 to \$105 per REALTOR® for approximately 85% of the Franchise Network, with the increase taking effect for the balance of the Franchise Network on January 1, 2017.

During the first Quarter, the Company announced an increase in the Royal LePage fixed fee to \$108 per REALTOR® with the increase taking effect on January 1, 2018.

Variable Franchise Fees are calculated as a percentage of Gross Revenues earned by the Franchisee's REALTORS®. Variable franchise fees from Royal LePage Franchisees are driven by the transactional dollar volume transacted by the REALTORS® and are derived as 1% of each REALTOR®'s Gross Revenues, subject to a cap of \$1,325 per year. Certain REALTORS® in the Royal LePage Network work as part of a Team. All REALTORS® who are members of a Team pay fixed franchise fees. However, for the purposes of the \$1,325 variable fee cap, the Gross Revenues of all Team members are aggregated to one cap.

On January 1, 2016, the Company implemented an increase in the cap for the variable franchise fee from \$1,300 to \$1,325 per year for approximately 85% of the Franchise Network with the increase taking effect for the balance of the Franchise Network on January 1, 2017.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

During the first Quarter, the Company announced an increase in the cap for the variable franchise fee to \$1,350 per year, with the increase taking effect on January 1, 2018.

The amount of variable franchise fee paid by an individual REALTOR® can change depending upon, among other things, the total value of real estate they sell in a given year and increases or decreases in home prices. However, variable franchise fees are subject to a cap of \$1,325. For those REALTORS® or Teams who reach the cap, the variable franchise fee is effectively fixed in nature, in that the variable franchise fee paid by the REALTOR® will not change based on changes in the Canadian Market. In 2016, approximately 2,400 REALTORS® and 1,200 Teams (representing more than 3,000 REALTORS®) exceeded the \$1,325 cap and accounted for approximately 12% of the Gross Revenue earned from Royal LePage Franchisees.

Premium Franchise Fees are paid by 21 of the Company's larger Royal LePage locations in the Greater Toronto Area (the "GTA"). Each of these Franchisees is obligated to pay Premium Franchise Fees until August 2018 ranging from 1% to 5% of the location's Gross Revenue. Of these locations, 11 are operated by the Manager.

Premium Franchise Fees represented 19% of royalties in the Quarter (Prior Year Quarter - 15%). The Company does not expect the obligation of those locations paying Premium Franchise Fees to continue beyond August 2018.

Other Franchise Fees include primarily a fixed technology fee of \$20 per month for REALTORS® in the Royal LePage Network, and fees for other ancillary services performed for REALTORS® in the Via Capitale and Royal LePage Networks.

Network Royalty Profile

As at September 30, 2017, the Company Network consists of 18,117 REALTORS® contracted with 335 Broker-Owners operating under 294 Franchise Agreements from 662 locations, providing services under the Royal LePage, Via Capitale and Johnston & Daniel Brands, with an approximate one fifth share of the Canadian Market based on 2016 transactional dollar volume.

The Royal LePage Network: The fees generated from the Royal LePage Network accounted for 97% of the Company's fees for the Quarter (Prior Year Quarter - 96%). Fees charged to the Royal LePage Network for the Quarter include:

- a fixed monthly franchise fee per REALTOR® of \$105;
- a variable franchise fee equal to 1% of Gross Revenue up to a maximum annual variable franchise fee of \$1,325 per REALTOR® or Team;
- a premium monthly franchise fee per applicable location, as described above; and
- a fixed monthly technology fee per REALTOR® of \$20.

The Via Capitale Network:

The fees generated from the Via Capitale Network, which services the Quebec market, accounted for 3% of the Company's fees for the Quarter (Prior Year Quarter - 4%). These fees are primarily made up of a fixed monthly fee per REALTOR® of \$170 (\$2,040 per year) and other fees for warranties and other ancillary services.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Overview of Third Quarter and Year to Date 2017 Operating Results

(Unaudited) (in 000's) except per Share amounts; Restricted Voting Shares outstanding; Exchangeable Units outstanding; Number of REALTORS®	Three months ended September 30, 2017	Three months ended September 30, 2016	Nine months ended September 30, 2017	Nine months ended September 30, 2016
Royalties	\$ 12,235	\$ 12,567	\$ 34,772	\$ 32,833
Less:				
Administration expenses	163	252	706	750
Management fee	2,288	2,331	6,428	6,021
Interest expense	626	662	1,923	1,980
Cash Flow from Operations	\$ 9,158	\$ 9,322	\$ 25,715	\$ 24,082
Recovery / (Impairment and write-off) of intangible assets, net	709	(77)	605	(111)
Amortization of intangible assets	(1,989)	(2,318)	(6,178)	(7,428)
Interest on Exchangeable Units	(1,444)	(1,428)	(4,299)	(4,283)
Loss on fair value of Exchangeable Units	(333)	(5,391)	(2,762)	(6,456)
Gain on interest rate swap	547	177	1,017	201
Gain / (loss) on fair value of purchase obligation	213	311	35	(1,401)
Current income tax expense	(1,516)	(1,524)	(4,180)	(3,830)
Deferred income tax (expense) / recovery	(388)	(110)	(387)	292
Net and comprehensive earnings / (loss)	\$ 4,957	\$ (1,038)	\$ 9,566	\$ 1,066
Basic earnings / (loss) per Restricted Voting Share	\$ 0.52	\$ (0.11)	\$ 1.01	\$ 0.11
Diluted earnings / (loss) per Share	\$ 0.52	\$ (0.11)	\$ 1.01	\$ 0.11
Cash Flow from Operations per Share	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.73	\$ 2.01	\$ 1.88
Dividends paid per Restricted Voting Share	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.98	\$ 0.97
Interest paid per Exchangeable Unit	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.43	\$ 1.29	\$ 1.29
Restricted Voting Shares outstanding	9,483,850	9,483,850	9,483,850	9,483,850
Exchangeable Units outstanding	3,327,667	3,327,667	3,327,667	3,327,667
Number of REALTORS®	18,117	17,538	18,117	17,538

(Unaudited) (in 000's) As at	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Total assets	\$ 94,998	\$ 92,403
Total liabilities	\$ 126,054	\$ 123,701

VARIATION OF OPERATING RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER COMPARED TO PRIOR YEAR QUARTER

Royalties:

The weaker Canadian Market and seasonality of the housing market contributed to a \$0.3 million decrease in royalty revenues for the Quarter compared to the Prior Year Quarter. The total value of real estate bought and sold decreased by 10% to \$59.3 billion in the Quarter compared to the Prior Year Quarter, contributing to decrease in variable franchise fees and premium franchise fees despite the increase in REALTORS®. The Company's Network of REALTORS® increased to 18,117 REALTORS® at the end of the Quarter compared to 17,538 at the end of the Prior Year Quarter.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Net Earnings:

For the Quarter, the Company generated net earnings of \$5.0 million or \$0.52 per Share, compared to net loss of \$1.0 million or \$0.11 per Share for the Prior Year Quarter.

The primary drivers of the increase in net earnings compared to the Prior Year Quarter were:

- A \$0.7 million reversal of impairment of intangible assets recorded in previous periods compared to an impairment loss of \$0.1 million in the Prior Year Quarter.
- A \$0.3 million reduction in amortization of intangible assets as a result of large amount of balances being fully amortized in prior periods.
- A loss on the determination of the fair value on the Exchangeable Units of \$0.3 million in the Quarter, compared to a loss of \$5.4 million during the Prior Year Quarter.
- A \$0.5 million gain on the Company's interest rate swap compared to a gain of \$0.2 million in the Prior Year Quarter; partly offset by
- A \$0.3 million decrease in royalty revenues as discussed above, net of the associated decrease in management fees;
- A \$0.3 million increase in income tax expense driven by an increase in taxable income.

VARIATION OF OPERATING RESULTS YEAR TO DATE COMPARED TO PRIOR YEAR PERIOD

Royalties:

Royalty revenues increased by \$1.9 million YTD compared to the Prior Year Period, despite weakness in the Canadian Market during the Quarter. The Canadian Market grew by 4% in the first six months of the year while the GTA Market grew by 20% contributing to the increase in variable franchise fees and premium franchise fees. As at September 30, 2017, the Company Network of REALTORS® increased by 579 REALTORS® compared to September 30, 2016, contributing to an increase in fixed franchise fees and other revenue.

Net Earnings:

YTD, the Company generated net earnings of \$9.6 million or \$1.01 per Share, compared to net earnings of \$1.1 million or a \$0.11 per Share for the Prior Year Period.

The primary drivers for the increase to net earnings for the YTD compared to the Prior Year Period were:

- A \$1.5 million increase in royalty revenues as discussed above, net of the associated increase in management fees;
- A \$0.6 million reversal of impairment of intangible assets recorded in previous periods compared to an impairment loss of \$0.1 million in the Prior Year Quarter.
- A \$1.3 million reduction in amortization of intangible assets as a result of large amount of balances being fully amortized in prior periods.
- A loss on the determination of the fair value on the Exchangeable Units of \$2.8 million YTD, compared to a loss of \$6.5 million during the Prior Year Period.
- A \$1.0 million gain on the Company's interest rate swap compared to a gain of \$0.2 million in the Prior Year Quarter.
- A \$1.4 million decrease in the loss on the fair value of the purchase obligation from the revaluation of the estimated purchase price of Franchise Agreements. Refer to further discussion under *Third Quarter and Year to Date Operating Results – Loss on fair value of purchase obligation*, partly offset by
- A \$1.1 million increase in income tax expense driven by an increase in taxable income.

Total Assets:

Total assets increased by \$2.6 million during the YTD, primarily as a result of the increase in the carrying value of intangible assets of \$2.6 million, (driven by the Company's acquisition of Franchise Agreements totaling \$8.2 million on January 1, 2017 partly offset by amortization and net impairment reversals) and an increase in accounts receivable of \$0.8 million (driven by a seasonal increase in royalties compared to the fourth quarter of 2016) partly offset by a decrease in cash and deferred tax asset resulting from the reversal of impairment charges on intangible assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Total Liabilities:

Total liabilities increased by \$2.3 million since December 31, 2016. The main drivers of the increase are as follows:

- A net increase in debt facilities of \$2.4 million to reflect borrowings to acquire Franchise Agreements during the YTD.
- An increase of \$2.8 million in the liability associated with the Exchangeable Units, which is tied to the trading value of the Restricted Voting Shares (refer to further discussion under *Third Quarter and Year to Date Operating Results – Loss on fair value of Exchangeable Units*); partly offset by
- A \$1.9 million decrease in the purchase obligation as a result of payments made YTD.
- A \$1.0 million decrease in the interest rate swap payable.

Key Performance Drivers

Key performance drivers of the Company's business include:

1. The stability of the Company's royalty stream;
2. The number of REALTORS® in the Company Network;
3. Transaction dollar volumes; and
4. The Company's growth opportunities.

Stability of the Company's Royalty Stream

The stability of the Company's royalty stream is derived from a number of factors, including the fixed-fee structure of the Company's royalties, the ability to increase Franchise fees under the terms of the Franchise Agreements, the geographic distribution of the Company Network, and the length and renewal of the Franchise Agreements owned by the Company.

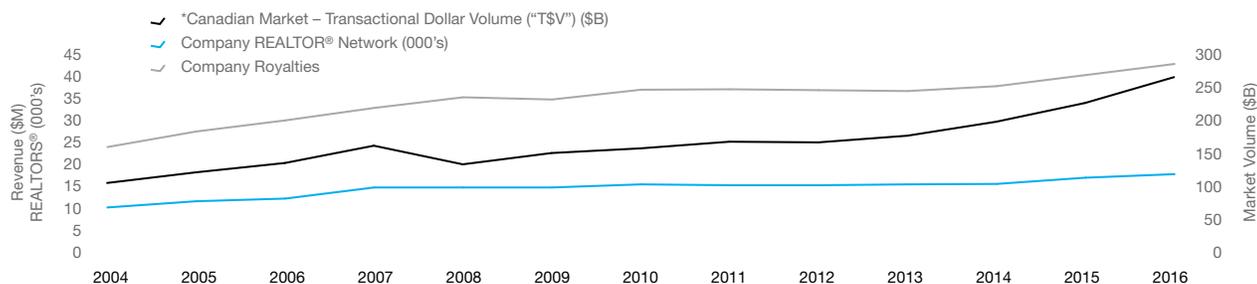
FIXED – FEE STRUCTURE

The Company estimates that approximately 72% of its royalties are fixed in nature. In addition to its fixed and other franchise fees, a substantial portion of the Company's variable franchise fees are effectively fixed in nature.

The amount of variable franchise fee paid by an individual REALTOR® can change depending upon, among other things, the total value of real estate they sell in a given year and increases or decreases in home prices across Canada. However, variable franchise fees are subject to a cap of \$1,325 per REALTOR® or Team of REALTORS®. For those REALTORS® or Teams who reach the cap, the variable franchise fee is effectively fixed in nature, in that the variable franchise fee paid by the REALTOR® or Team will not change based on changes in the Canadian Market.

The chart below compares the Company's annual royalties to the Canadian Market and the underlying number of REALTORS® in the Company Network. The quarterly changes in the Company's royalty revenues and the Canadian Market is shown under "Transactional Dollar Volumes".

ROYALTIES, MARKET AND REALTOR® TRENDS



*Source: Canadian Real Estate Association ("CREA")

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

INCREASE IN FEES

Under the terms of the Franchise Agreements, the Company is permitted to increase the franchise fees it charges based on changes in the underlying consumer price index.

During 2015, the Company announced that the Royal LePage Network monthly fixed franchise fee of \$102 per REALTOR® would increase to \$105 per REALTOR® and the maximum variable franchise fee payable based on 1% of each REALTOR®'s or Team's Gross Revenue would increase from \$1,300 annually to \$1,325. The increase in royalty fees was implemented to 85% of the Royal LePage Network on January 1, 2016 and to the other 15% on January 1, 2017.

During the first quarter, the Company announced that the Royal LePage Network monthly fixed franchise fee of \$105 per REALTOR® would increase to \$108 per REALTOR® and the maximum variable franchise fee payable based on 1% of each REALTOR®'s or Team's Gross Revenue would increase from \$1,325 annually to \$1,350. The Company estimates this fee increase could result in approximately \$0.7 million in incremental franchise fee revenue commencing in 2018.

GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION OF THE COMPANY NETWORK

As at September 30, 2017, the Company Network of 18,117 REALTORS® operated through 294 Franchisee Agreements, contracted with 335 Broker-Owners, providing services across the country through 662 locations. Of the Brokerages in the Company Network, approximately 65% operate with fewer than 50 REALTORS® and represent 15% of the REALTORS® in the Company Network. The Company's smallest Franchisees have one REALTOR® while the largest has approximately 1,300 REALTORS®.

The Company Network is geographically dispersed. As compared to the distribution of REALTORS® across Canada, the Company Network is under-represented in British Columbia and Alberta. The Company has a relatively strong presence in Ontario (as a result of a historical base there) and Quebec (due in part to operating under two separate brands).

As at September 30, 2017	Canadian ¹ REALTOR® Population	Company REALTOR® Population
Ontario	57%	61%
British Columbia	18%	13%
Quebec	10%	13%
Alberta	9%	6%
Maritimes	3%	3%
Prairies	3%	4%
Total	100%	100%

¹Source: CREA as at June 30, 2017

Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

FRANCHISE AGREEMENTS

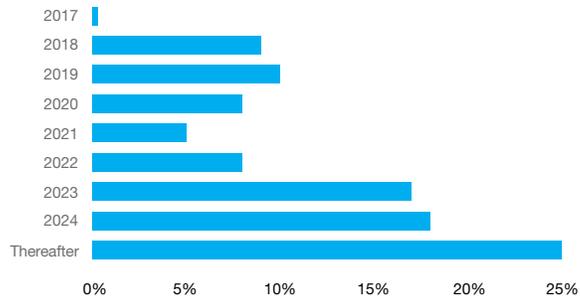
Franchise Agreements are contracts between the Company and Franchisees which govern matters such as use of the Trademarks, rights and obligations of Franchisees and the Company, renewal terms, services to be provided and franchise fees. Over the term of the Franchise Agreement, the Franchisee may undertake activities which require an amendment to the standard contract such as the opening of a new location. These changes are documented by way of an addendum to the standard contract and form part of the Franchise Agreement.

The Royal LePage Franchise Agreements, which represent 95% of the Company’s REALTORS®, are for 10 to 20 year terms with a standard renewal term of ten years. These long-duration contracts exceed the industry standard of five years and thereby reduce agreement renewal risk. In addition, the Company regularly attempts to extend contract terms a further ten years in advance of renewal dates when opportunities allow.

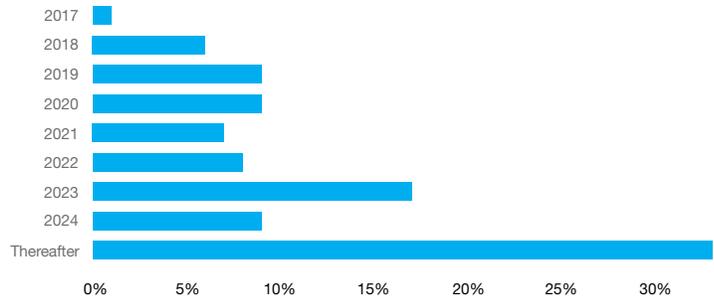
The Via Capitale Franchise Agreements, which represent 5% of the Company’s REALTORS®, are typically five years in duration with standard renewal terms extending five years.

A summary of the Company’s agreement renewal profiles as at September 30, 2017 for the Company Network is shown below.

% OF FRANCHISE AGREEMENTS UP FOR RENEWAL
(by Number of REALTORS®)



% OF FRANCHISE AGREEMENTS UP FOR RENEWAL
(by Number of Agreements)



RENEWALS

The Company has historically been able to achieve renewal success in more than 95% of Franchise Agreements as they come due, expressed as a percentage of the underlying number of REALTORS® associated with those agreements. Due to the ongoing success of the Company’s Franchisees, a number of opportunities, such as increasing Franchisee locations, present themselves to renew Franchise Agreements before they come due.

During the Quarter, seven Franchise Agreements, representing 155 REALTORS® of the Company Network extended their term or renewed and one Franchise Agreement, representing 18 REALTORS® for the Company Network renewed early.

During the Quarter, five Franchise Agreements were terminated, of which three were a result of Franchisees merging operations and two resulted in the loss of 3 REALTORS®.

For the YTD, twenty-three Franchise Agreements, representing 687 REALTORS® of the Company Network extended their term or renewed, and six Franchise Agreements, representing 181 REALTORS® of the Company Network renewed early.

For the YTD, nine Franchise Agreements were terminated, of which six were as a result of Franchisees merging operations and 3 resulted in the loss of 11 REALTORS®.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Number of REALTORS® in the Company Network

For the Quarter, the Company Network of 18,117 REALTORS® increased by 1 REALTOR®, compared to an increase of 133 REALTORS® during Prior Year Quarter.

For the YTD, the Company Network of 18,117 REALTORS® increased by 537 REALTORS®, compared to a net increase of 744 during the Prior Year Period. After taking into account the 568 REALTORS® added through the acquisition of Franchise Agreements on January 1, 2017 (January 1, 2016 – 459 REALTORS®), the Company experienced net attrition of 31 REALTORS® compared to net recruitment growth of 285 REALTORS® in the Prior Year Period.

As at December 31,	2003 ² - 2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 ³
Company Network									
Opening REALTOR® Count	9,238	14,631	15,308	15,061	15,086	15,310	15,377	16,794	17,580
Acquisition	2,882	417	247	217	516	493	1,577	459	568
Net Recruiting Growth (Attrition)	2,511	260	(494)	(192)	(292)	(426)	(160)	327	(31)
Closing REALTOR® Count	14,631	15,308	15,061	15,086	15,310	15,377	16,794	17,580	18,117
% Change in the period	58%	5%	(2%)	0%	1%	0%	9%	5%	3%

Canadian REALTOR® Population ¹	2003 ² - 2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 ³
CREA REALTOR® Membership	98,161	101,916	104,407	106,944	109,032	110,821	114,664	121,212	123,395
% Change in the period	38%	4%	2%	2%	2%	2%	3%	6%	2%

¹ Source: CREA, CREA Membership data as of September 30, 2017 not available as of MDA date.

² Opening Count as at August 2003

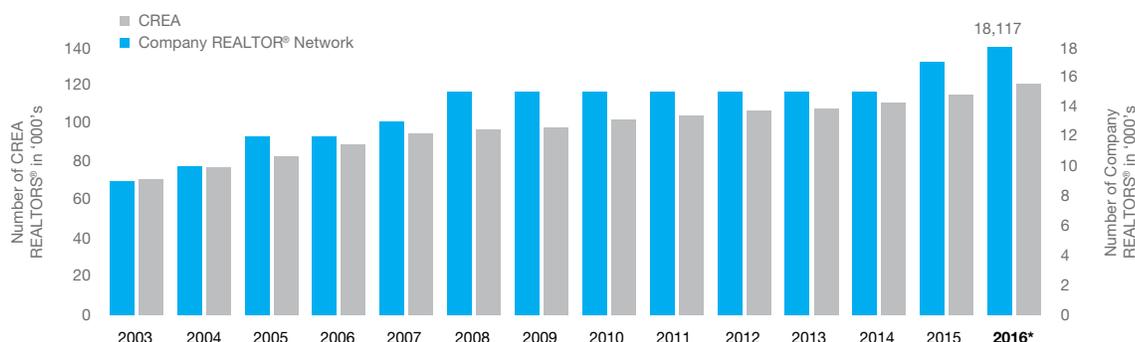
³ As at September 30, 2017

The increase in the number of Canadian REALTORS® since 2003 has in part been driven by the strong Canadian Markets, increases in discount brokerage offerings (which have attracted new entrants to the industry), and an apparent increase in market activity serviced by REALTORS® operating as Teams. Since 2003, the Company's Network has grown at a 5% compound annual growth rate ("CAGR"), outperforming the 4% growth in the industry despite the addition of competitive offerings over the same time period.

The number of REALTORS® in the Company network increases when the Company purchases Franchise Agreements from the Manager. This generally occurs on January 1 of each year, unless additional purchases are approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. During those quarters where no Franchise Agreements are purchased, REALTOR® growth tends to be more modest, and can be negative, indicating periods of net attrition.

CANADIAN REAL ESTATE REALTORS®

(Years ended December 31)



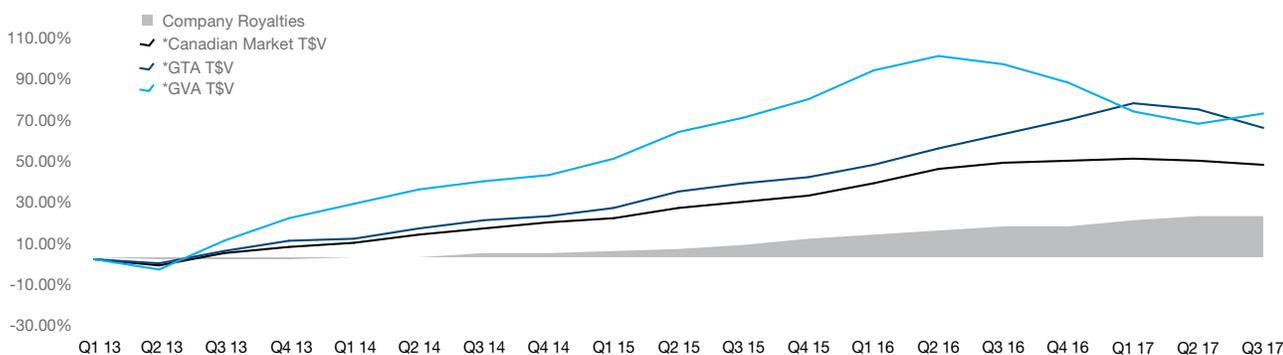
*As at September 30, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Transactional Dollar Volumes

The chart below shows the cumulative growth in the Canadian Market and select urban markets as compared to the growth in the Company's royalty revenues since the first quarter of 2013.

ROLLING TWELVE-MONTH % CHANGE FROM PRIOR QUARTER



*Source: CREA

Transactional dollar volume of real estate in Canada grew consistently from the second quarter of 2013 through to the second quarter of 2017 as real estate values and volumes were strong, Canadian Market growth slowed in the second quarter of 2016 (concurrent with a drop in the Vancouver market) and turned negative in the Quarter (concurrent with the drop in the GTA market). Royalty revenues have continued to grow since 2013, albeit at a slower rate than transactional dollar volumes of the Canadian Market, due in part to the fixed nature of the Company's royalty fees. However, in the Quarter, the Company did show a reduction in variable fees of approximately 11.5% compared to the Prior Year Quarter.

During the Quarter, the Canadian Market closed down 10%, at \$59.3 billion, as compared to the Prior Year Quarter. The reduction in transaction dollar volume was driven by a decrease of 12% in units sold partly offset by 2% increase in price. The increase in average selling price of a home was due to increased prices in the GTA and GVA.

For the rolling twelve-month period ended September 30, 2017, the Canadian Market closed down 1%, at \$285.5 billion, as compared to the rolling twelve-month period ended September 30, 2016, driven by a 4% increase in price partly offset by 5% decrease in number of units sold.

During the Quarter, the greater Toronto area ("GTA") market closed down 35%, at \$13.7 billion, as compared to the Prior Year Quarter, driven by a 38% decrease in number of units sold partly offset by a 3% increase in price. Earlier in 2017, the government of Ontario introduced certain measures designed to cool housing markets which have served to reduce housing activity, particularly in the GTA and surrounding area.

For the rolling twelve-month period ended September 30, 2017, the GTA market closed up 2%, at \$79.4 billion, as compared to the rolling twelve-month period ended September 30, 2016, driven by a 16% increase in price and 12% decrease in units sold.

During the Quarter, the greater Vancouver area ("GVA") market closed up 22%, at \$9.1 billion, as compared to the Prior Year Quarter, driven by an 10% increase in price and a 10% increase in number of units sold.

For the rolling twelve-month period ended September 30, 2017, the GVA market suffered a 23% loss closing at \$35.1 billion resulting from 1% decrease in price and 22% decrease in number of units sold in comparison to the rolling twelve-month period ended September 30, 2016 due in part to the impact of government policies designed to moderate the significant increase in selling prices in the market in 2015 and 2016.

Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Company’s Growth Opportunities

Growth in the Company’s royalties is achieved through:

- Increasing the number of REALTORS® in the Company Network through recruitment growth;
- Acquiring Franchise Agreements from the Manager;
- Increasing the productivity of REALTORS®;
- Expanding the range of products and services supporting Franchisees and their REALTORS®; and
- Increasing the adoption of the Company’s products and services.

The products and services offered by the Company are supported by ongoing training programs for Brokers and REALTORS®, which assist in leveraging the Company’s competitive advantages to attract and retain REALTORS®.

GROWTH IN NUMBER OF REALTORS®

The Company strives to increase the number of REALTORS® in the Company Network through the continued momentum of converting competing brokerages and REALTORS® to the Company’s Brands and developing programs to increase REALTOR® growth. This is generally achieved through acquisition of Franchise Agreements from the Manager.

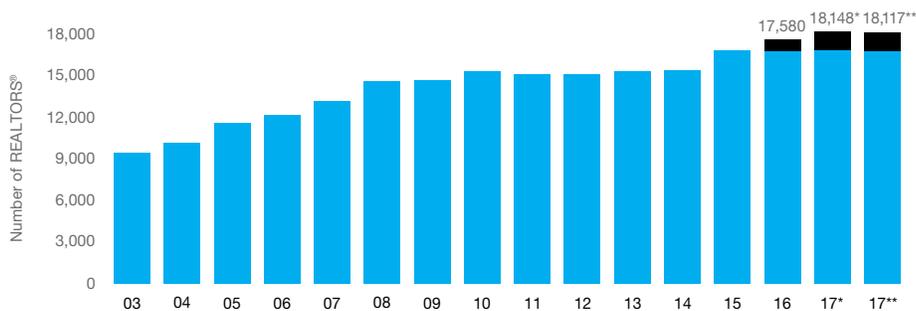
Since the inception of the Company in August 2003 with 9,238 REALTORS®, the Company Network has increased by 96% (8,879 REALTORS®), of which 83% has been through acquisitions and 17% through net recruitment growth. This represents a CAGR of 5% in the Company Network.

On January 1, 2017, the Company acquired 55 Franchise Agreements comprised of 568 REALTORS® operating under the Royal LePage and Via Capitale Brands. The estimated purchase price of these agreements was \$8.2 million, with an estimated annual royalty stream of \$1.2 million.

On January 1, 2016, the Company acquired 33 Franchise Agreements comprised of 459 REALTORS® operating under the Royal LePage and Via Capitale Brands. The estimated purchase price of these agreements was \$6.6 million, with an estimated annual royalty stream of \$1.0 million.

A summary of Company Network growth since inception is summarized in the chart below.

COMPANY GROWTH



Year ended December 31, except 2017

*As at January 1, 2017

**As at September 30, 2017

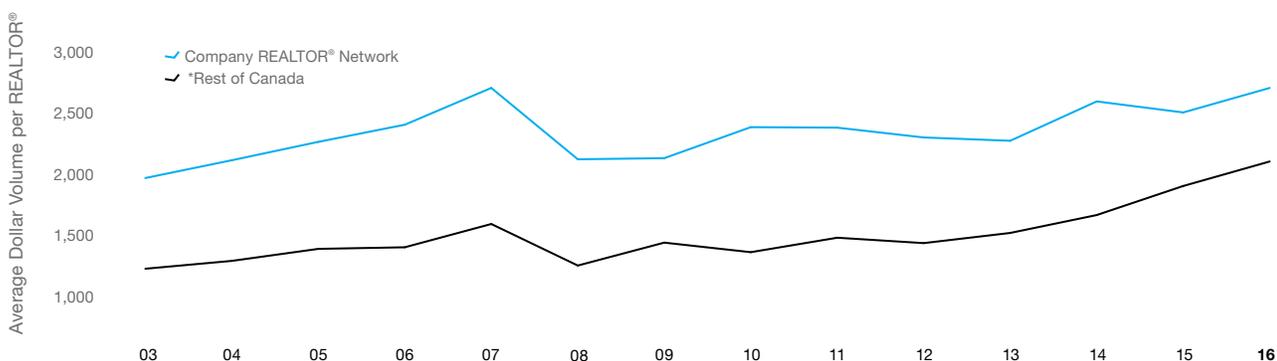
Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

REALTOR® Productivity

The average Company Network REALTOR® generated approximately \$2.7 million in transactional dollar volume for the twelve months ended December 31, 2016, compared to an estimated \$2.1 million in transactional dollar volume generated by an average Canadian REALTOR®, outside the Company Network. Management believes that the higher productivity of the Company’s Network of REALTORS®, makes the Company less prone to a loss of REALTORS® during a period of reduced transactional dollar volume. The average transactional dollar volume per REALTOR® for the years ended December 31, 2003, through 2016, is summarized in the chart below.

CANADIAN RESIDENTIAL REAL ESTATE MARKET REALTOR® PRODUCTIVITY

(Average T\$V per REALTOR®, in '000 of Canadian dollars)



*Source: CREA

PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

The Manager, on behalf of the Company, has continued to invest in new products and services to assist Franchisees in managing their businesses as well as provide innovative tools to attract and retain the best talent in the real estate industry. In the Quarter, the Royal LePage brand launched new features and functionality to support SmartStudio, Royal LePage’s integrated marketing platform, to assist REALTORS® in managing their sales, marketing and CRM activities. During September, Royal LePage launched a consumer brand campaign on Facebook – Canada’s Real Estate Company ‘Find your happy place,’ to raise the profile of the brand on social media.

During the Quarter, Via Capitale launched Courtier-vedette, a highly effective tool for REALTORS® to better market themselves. Another product, Maison-vedette+, was enhanced to better market homes on Facebook. Via Capitale also launched its third quarter TV and web campaign as well as a new series of courses accredited with the Provincial regulator to meet continuing education requirements of their REALTORS® license.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

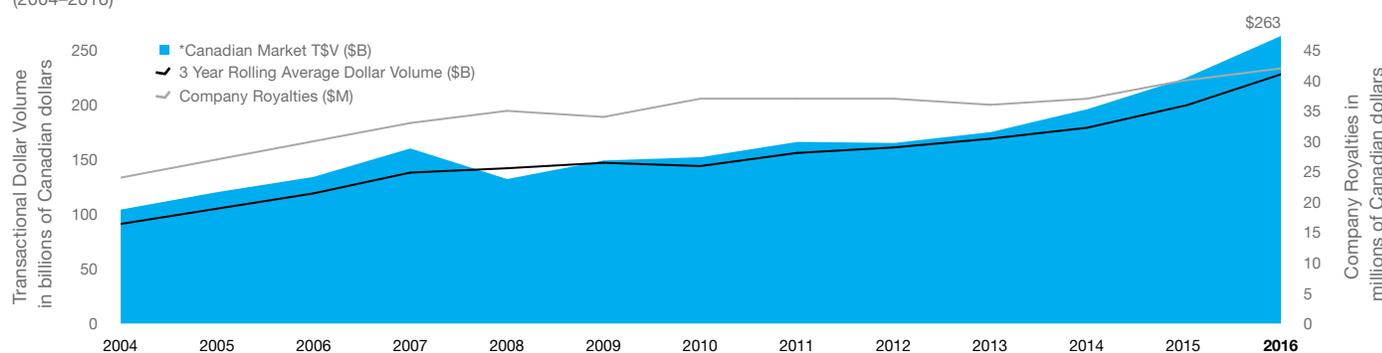
The Canadian Residential Real Estate Market

Since 2004, the Canadian Market has grown at a CAGR of 8% compared to our royalty revenues, which have grown at a rate of 5%. Our fee structure is biased towards fees that are fixed in nature, limiting our participation in significant increases in the Canadian Market,

Despite a weaker market in the Quarter, over the last three years, the Canadian Market has grown at rates well above historical averages with a CAGR of 16% driven by a 10% increase in units and a 6% increase in selling price. A low interest rate environment, government policies to encourage immigration and constrained inventories over the three-year period have contributed to the more robust activity, despite government-mandated mortgage tightening rules, new public policy tax initiatives and increased down payment requirements.

MARKET DOLLAR VOLUME – CANADIAN RESIDENTIAL REAL ESTATE MARKET

(2004–2016)

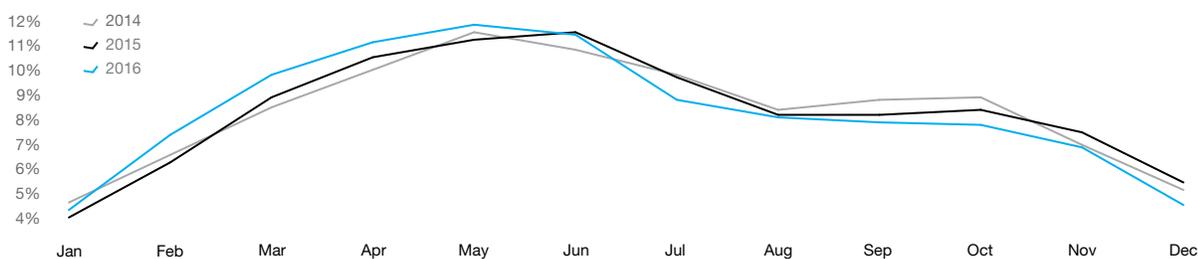


*Source: CREA

The Company's royalty revenues are affected by the seasonality of the Canadian Market, which typically sees stronger transactional dollar volumes in the second and third quarters of each year, as summarized in the chart below. The impact of the seasonality of the Canadian Market is somewhat mitigated by the fixed-fee nature of the Company's royalties and the acquisition of Franchise Agreements at the beginning of the Year. In the latter part of the year, variable franchise fees can be negatively impacted by the Royal LePage REALTORS® and Teams who have capped with respect to variable franchise fees.

CANADIAN RESIDENTIAL REAL ESTATE MARKET

(*% Canadian Market T\$V by month)



*Source: CREA

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Canadian Market Outlook

A summary of key commentary on the Canadian Market, as reported by the Canadian Real Estate Association ("CREA"), the Toronto Real Estate Board ("TREB"), the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation ("CMHC") and the Bank of Canada ("BoC") follows:

From CREA¹: Housing market trends continue to diverge considerably among regions along four general themes: British Columbia; the Greater Golden Horseshoe; oil and natural resource dependent provinces; and everywhere else.

Tightened mortgage rules, higher mortgage default insurance premiums, changes to Ontario housing policies and higher interest rates are factors that will continue to lean against housing market activity over the rest of the year and into 2018. Additional interest rate increases and further tightening of mortgage regulations represent downside risks to the sales forecast, while improving Canadian economic fundamentals represent upside risks.

Nationally, sales activity is forecast to decline by 5.3% to 506,900 units in 2017, which represents a drop of more than 20,000 transactions from CREA's forecast published in June. The decline stems almost entirely from the downward revision to the forecast Ontario home sales. Sales in British Columbia and Ontario are both now projected to decline by about 10% in 2017 compared to all-time records set in 2016.

Newfoundland & Labrador is also forecast to see a sizeable decline in sales in 2017 (-8.1%), continuing a softening trend that stretches back nearly a decade. A smaller decline in activity is forecast for Saskatchewan (-4%).

Alberta is still projected to post the largest increase in activity in 2017 (+7.4%); however, the increase still leaves sales below the provincial 10-year average. Sales this year are also forecast to rise in Quebec (+5.4% and New Brunswick (+5.7%), rise modestly in Manitoba, Nova Scotia, and remain little changed in Prince Edward Island.

The national average price is forecast to rise by 3.4% to \$506,700 in 2017. This marks a downward revision to the previous forecast, mostly reflecting fewer high priced sales in the Greater Golden Horseshoe region.

From CMHC²: The trend in housing starts was 214,821 units in September 2017, compared to 220,573 units in August 2017, according to Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC).

Housing starts in the Vancouver CMA trended downwards in September as fewer multi-family home projects got underway. The high level of housing starts over the past year has led to a record number of units being under construction in the region, leaving little spare capacity to start additional projects. New home construction in the Vancouver CMA is being supported by population growth, a strong local economy, and low financing costs.

Homebuilders broke ground on fewer homes in the Toronto Census Metropolitan Area (CMA) during September 2017. Total housing starts trended lower by 7% in September from the previous month led by lower apartment starts. Monthly variations in high-rise starts are typical given delays in getting large scale projects off the ground. Low-rise starts remained strong. The overall pace of new home construction remains stable as strong demand for new homes in the Toronto CMA continues to persist.

In the third quarter of 2017, the annual rate of housing starts for the province overall reached 43,736 units, up from the level registered for the previous quarter (40,564 units). This last result, as were the relatively high totals for the previous quarters, was attributable to the strong momentum observed in the multi-unit housing segment, particularly in the case of rental apartments, for which starts remained significant in the Montréal and Québec areas. Given the strong activity observed so far, Québec starts will likely post a gain in 2017.

From TREB³: Toronto Real Estate Board President Tim Syrianos announced that Greater Toronto Area REALTORS® reported 6,379 sales through TREB's MLS® System in September 2017. This result was down by 35 per cent compared to September 2016.

The number of new listings entered into TREB's MLS® System amounted to 16,469 in September – up by 9.4 per cent year-over-year.

¹ Source: CREA Quarterly Forecast, published September 15, 2017

² Source: CMHC News Release, published October 10, 2017

³ Source: TREB Market Watch, published October 4, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

The average selling price in September 2017 was \$775,546 – up 2.6 per cent compared to September 2016. The MLS® Home Price Index (HPI) composite benchmark was up by 12.2 per cent on a year-over-year basis. A key reason for the difference in annual growth rates between the average price and the MLS® HPI composite is the fact that detached homes – the most expensive market segment on average – accounted for a smaller share of overall transactions this year compared to last.

From the BoC⁴: Recent economic data have been stronger than expected, supporting the Bank's view that growth in Canada is becoming more broadly-based and self-sustaining. Consumer spending remains robust, underpinned by continued solid employment and income growth. There has also been more widespread strength in business investment and in exports. Meanwhile, the housing sector appears to be cooling in some markets in response to recent changes in tax and housing finance policies. The Bank continues to expect a moderation in the pace of economic growth in the second half of 2017, for the reasons described in the July Monetary Policy Report (MPR), but the level of GDP is now higher than the Bank had expected.

The global economic expansion is becoming more synchronous, as anticipated in July, with stronger-than-expected indicators of growth, including higher industrial commodity prices. However, significant geopolitical risks and uncertainties around international trade and fiscal policies remain, leading to a weaker US dollar against many major currencies. In this context, the Canadian dollar has appreciated, also reflecting the relative strength of Canada's economy.

While inflation remains below the 2 per cent target, it has evolved largely as expected in July. There has been a slight increase in both total CPI and the Bank's core measures of inflation, consistent with the dissipating negative impact of temporary price shocks and the absorption of economic slack. Nonetheless, there remains some excess capacity in Canada's labour market, and wage and price pressures are still more subdued than historical relationships would suggest, as observed in some other advanced economies.

COMPANY MARKET OUTLOOK

The Canadian Market was 10% lower during the Quarter when compared to the Prior Year Quarter as a result of an 11% drop in units sold partly offset by a 2% improvement in average selling price. The key driver of this change was a drop in sales volume in the Greater Toronto Area (GTA), which represents approximately 25% of the Canadian Market.

The GTA appears to be following a similar trend to the 2016 Greater Vancouver housing correction. The Toronto and area market correction began in April 2017 and continued through the Quarter. With employment and economic growth on a positive track, and continued strong population growth, the GTA housing market began to grow again in August as sales volume increased by 7% compared to July.

Residential real estate in Montreal continued to show healthy sales volume and price appreciation in the Quarter reflecting a strengthening economy bolstered by its strong technology and export sector. Quebec unemployment has hovered at about 6% this year, better than the national average and the strongest jobs performance for the province in over forty years.

Alberta's economy continues to recover from its recession, with all-important oil drilling activity showing year-over-year improvement. Year-to-date unit sales in Calgary increased 7% above last year's level, which is reflective of the region's strengthening economy.

⁴ Source: BoC press release published September 6, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Third Quarter and Year to Date Operating Results and Cash Flows

(Unaudited) Operating Results (in 000's) except per Share amounts; Number of REALTORS®	Three months ended September 30, 2017	Three months ended September 30, 2016	Nine months ended September 30, 2017	Nine months ended September 30, 2016
Royalties				
Fixed franchise fees	\$ 5,740	\$ 5,456	\$ 17,149	\$ 16,281
Variable franchise fees	3,213	3,670	9,295	8,745
Premium franchise fees	2,268	2,417	5,227	4,723
Other revenue	1,014	1,024	3,101	3,084
	12,235	12,567	34,772	32,833
Less:				
Administration	163	252	706	750
Management fee	2,288	2,331	6,428	6,021
Interest expense	626	662	1,923	1,980
	3,077	3,245	9,057	8,751
Cash flow from operations	9,158	9,322	25,715	24,082
Recovery / (Impairment and write-off) of intangible assets, net	709	(77)	605	(111)
Amortization of intangible assets	(1,989)	(2,318)	(6,178)	(7,428)
Interest on Exchangeable Units	(1,444)	(1,428)	(4,299)	(4,283)
Loss on fair value of Exchangeable Units	(333)	(5,391)	(2,762)	(6,456)
Gain on interest rate swap	547	177	1,017	201
Gain / (loss) on fair value of purchase obligation	213	311	35	(1,401)
Earnings before income taxes	6,861	596	14,133	4,604
Current income tax expense	1,516	1,524	4,180	3,830
Deferred income tax expense / (recovery)	388	110	387	(292)
Net and comprehensive earnings / (loss)	\$ 4,957	\$ (1,038)	\$ 9,566	\$ 1,066
Basic earnings / (loss) per Share	\$ 0.52	\$ (0.11)	\$ 1.01	\$ 0.11
Diluted earnings / (loss) per Share	\$ 0.52	\$ (0.11)	\$ 1.01	\$ 0.11
Number of REALTORS®	18,117	17,538	18,117	17,538

(Unaudited)
Cash Flow Information
(in 000's)

Cash provided by (used for):				
Operating activities	\$ 6,695	\$ 7,077	\$ 16,645	\$ 15,416
Investing activities	(12)	(7)	(10,179)	(8,018)
Financing activities	(6,661)	(6,081)	(6,924)	(8,244)

THIRD QUARTER OPERATING RESULTS AND CASH FLOWS

During the Quarter, the Company generated net earnings of \$5.0 million and CFFO of \$9.2 million, as compared to net loss of \$1.0 million and CFFO of \$9.3 million for the Prior Year Quarter.

Royalties for the Quarter totaled \$12.2 million, compared to \$12.6 million for the Prior Year Quarter. Fixed, variable and premium franchise fees together represented 92% of royalties for the Quarter (Prior Year Quarter – 92%). Royalties decreased due primarily to the weaker Canadian Market driven by market weakness in the GTA and surrounding area.

Fixed franchise fees for the Quarter increased by 5% as compared to the Prior Year Quarter, due to the increase in the REALTOR® base driven primarily by the acquisition of Franchise Agreements on January 1, 2017 representing 568 REALTORS®.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Variable franchise fees for the Quarter decreased by 12% as compared to the Prior Year Quarter, as a result of a 10% decline in the Canadian market.

Premium franchise fees are derived from 21 franchise locations servicing the GTA Market, which pay Premium Franchise Fees ranging from 1% to 5% of the location's Gross Revenue. Premium Franchise Fees for the Quarter have decreased by 6% compared to the Prior Year Quarter as a result of weaker markets in the GTA.

Other revenue includes home warranty fees, technology fees and other fees, which accounted for approximately 9% (Prior Year Quarter – 10%) of total royalties for the Quarter. Other revenue has remained consistent with Prior Year Quarter.

Administration expenses for the Quarter were lower than for the Prior Year Quarter due to reduction in bad debt expense and lower insurance costs.

Management fee expense of \$2.3 million for the Quarter, calculated in accordance with the MSA, decreased by 2% in the Quarter as compared to the Prior Year Quarter, due to the decrease in CFFO.

Interest expense was lower compared to Prior Year Quarter due to lower purchase obligation in the quarter.

Recovery / (Impairment and write-off) of intangible assets, net represents a recovery of \$0.7 million for the Quarter compared to an expense of \$0.1 million during the Prior Year Quarter. During the Quarter, the Company identified five Franchise Agreements, which were subject to impairment charges in previous periods. The conditions causing such impairment have become more favourable such that \$0.9 million of the impairment charges recorded in prior periods were reversed, compared to nil in the Prior Year Quarter.

Amortization of intangible assets for the Quarter totaled \$2.0 million, a decrease of 14% compared to the Prior Year Quarter as a result certain Franchise Agreements being fully amortized.

Interest on Exchangeable Units represents the distributions to Exchangeable Unitholders. For the Quarter, total distributions amounted to \$0.43 per Exchangeable Unit (Prior Year Quarter - \$0.43). Distributions to Exchangeable Unitholders are determined with reference to dividends paid on Restricted Voting Shares.

Loss on fair value of Exchangeable Units represents the change in the fair value of the Exchangeable Units. The Exchangeable Units are valued based on the value of the Company's Restricted Voting Shares. At September 30, 2017, the Company's Restricted Voting Shares were valued at \$16.60 per share compared to \$16.50 at June 30, 2017, resulting in a loss of \$0.3 million in the Quarter. This loss represents an increase in obligation associated with the conversion features of the Exchangeable Units. For the Prior Year Quarter, the price of the Company's Restricted Voting Shares increased from \$14.98 at June 30, 2016 to \$16.60 at September 30, 2016, resulting in a loss of \$5.3 million.

Gain on interest rate swap of \$0.5 million is a non-cash item which represents the change in fair value of the Interest Rate Swap entered into on October 27, 2014 by the Company. The Interest Rate Swap fixes the annual interest rate on the Company's Term Facility at 3.64%.

Gain on fair value of purchase obligation of \$0.2 million represents a decrease in the liability to the Manager related to Franchise Agreements purchased on January 1, 2017. The decrease in the liability is as a result of certain of those Franchise Agreements generating lower cash flows than those estimated on the date the Franchise Agreements were acquired.

Income Tax Expense The effective income tax rate paid by the Company for the Quarter was 27.8% (Prior Year Quarter –in excess of 100%). The Company's effective income tax rate in the interim condensed consolidated statement of net and comprehensive earnings (loss) is significantly different than the Company's enacted income tax rate of 26.5%. The difference in the effective income tax rate is driven by a number of items that are included in the determination of net earnings but excluded from the determination of taxable income. Items included in determining net earnings that are not included in determining taxable income include, among other things, non-deductible amortization of intangible assets, interest on Exchangeable Units and fair valuation adjustments on Exchangeable Units.

Cash provided by operating activities decreased to \$6.7 million compared to \$7.1 million in the Prior Year Quarter due primarily to lower Royalties and higher income tax payments.

Cash used in financing activities increased by \$0.6 million compared to the Prior Year Quarter due to higher debt repayments and higher dividend payments to shareholders.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

YEAR TO DATE OPERATING RESULTS AND CASH FLOWS

For the YTD, the Company generated net earnings of \$9.6 million and CFFO of \$25.7 million, as compared to net earnings of \$1.0 million and CFFO of \$24.1 million for the Prior Year Period.

Royalties for the YTD totaled \$34.8 million, compared to \$32.8 million for the Prior Year Period. Fixed, variable and premium franchise fees together represented 91% of royalties for the YTD (Prior Year Period – 91%). Royalties increased due primarily to the larger REALTOR® base and continued strong Canadian Market in the first six months of the year.

Fixed franchise fees for the YTD increased by 5% as compared to the Prior Year Period, due to the increase in the REALTOR® base driven primarily by the acquisition of Franchise Agreements January 1, 2017 representing 568 REALTORS®.

Variable franchise fees for the YTD increased by 6%, which relates to the increase in the REALTOR® base and an increase in transaction dollar volume of the Canadian Market driven by the strong GTA market in the first six months of the year.

Premium franchise fees are derived from 21 franchise locations servicing the GTA Market, which pay Premium Franchise Fees ranging from 1% to 5% of the location's Gross Revenue. Premium Franchise Fees for the YTD have increased by 11% compared to the Prior Year Period consistent with the increase in the segments of the underlying GTA market serviced by these locations in the first six months of the year.

Other revenue includes home warranty fees, technology fees and other fees, which accounted for approximately 9% (Prior Year Period –9%) of total royalties for the Quarter. Other revenue increased by 1% in the YTD as compared to the Prior Year Period due to higher technology fees as a result of higher REALTOR® base from Franchise Agreements acquired on January 1, 2017 and higher interest earned on late payments, partly offset by lower margin earned on warranty programs offered to the Via Capitale Network.

Administration expenses of \$0.7 million for the YTD were slightly lower than for the Prior Year Period primarily due to lower bad debt expense and insurance costs compared to the Prior Year Period.

Management fee expense of \$6.4 million for the YTD, calculated in accordance with the MSA, increased 7% as compared to the Prior Year Period, due to the increase in CFFO.

Interest expense was lower compared to Prior Year Period due to lower purchase obligation.

Recovery / (Impairment and write-off) of intangible assets, net represents a recovery of \$0.6 million for the YTD compared to an expense of \$0.1 million during the Prior Year Period. During the Quarter, the Company identified five Franchise Agreements, which were subject to impairment charges in previous periods. The conditions causing such impairment have become more favourable such that \$0.9 million of the impairment charges recorded in prior periods were reversed, compared to nil in the Prior Year Period.

Amortization of intangible assets for the YTD totaled \$6.2 million, a decrease of 17% compared to the Prior Year Period as a result of certain Franchise Agreements being fully amortized.

Interest on Exchangeable Units represents the distributions to Exchangeable Unitholders. For the YTD, total distributions amounted to \$1.29 per Exchangeable Unit (Prior Year Period - \$1.29). Distributions to Exchangeable Unitholders are determined with reference to dividends paid on Restricted Voting Shares.

Loss on fair value of Exchangeable Units represents the change in the fair value of the Exchangeable Units. The Exchangeable Units are valued based on the value of the Company's Restricted Voting Shares. At September 30, 2017, the Company's Restricted Voting Shares were valued at \$16.60 per share compared to \$15.77 at December 31, 2016, resulting in a loss of \$2.8 million for the YTD. This loss represents an increase in obligation associated with the conversion features of the Exchangeable Units. For the Prior Year Period, the price of the Company's Restricted Voting Shares increased from \$14.66 at December 31, 2015 to \$16.60 at September 30, 2016, resulting in a loss of \$6.5 million.

Gain on interest rate swap of \$0.4 million is a non-cash item which represents the change in fair value of the Interest Rate Swap entered into on October 27, 2014 by the Company. The Interest Rate Swap fixes the annual interest rate on the Company's Term Facility at 3.64%.

Gain on fair value of purchase obligation of less than one million dollars represents a decrease in the liability to the Manager related to Franchise Agreements purchased on January 1, 2017. The decrease in the liability is as a result of certain of those Franchise Agreements generating higher cash flows than those estimated on the date the Franchise Agreements were acquired.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Income Tax Expense The effective income tax rate paid by the Company for the Quarter was 32.3% (Prior Year Period –76.8%). The Company's effective income tax rate in the interim condensed consolidated statement of net and comprehensive earnings (loss) is significantly different than the Company's enacted income tax rate of 26.5%. The difference in the effective income tax rate is driven by a number of items that are included in the determination of net earnings but excluded from the determination of taxable income. Items included in determining net earnings that are not included in determining taxable income include, among other things, non-deductible amortization of intangible assets, interest on Exchangeable Units and fair valuation adjustments on Exchangeable Units.

Cash provided by operating activities increased by \$1.2 million compared to the Prior Year Period due to higher royalties partly offset by higher management fees and higher income tax payments.

Cash used in investing activities increased by \$2.2 million compared to the Prior Year Period due to purchase of Franchise Agreements representing 568 REALTORS® compared to 459 REALTORS® in 2016.

Cash used in financing activities was lower due primarily to increase in borrowings related to the acquisition of Franchise Agreements.

Summary of Quarterly Results and Cash Flow from Operations

(Unaudited) For three months ended,	2017				2016			
(in 000's) except per Share amounts and number of REALTORS®;	Sept. 30	June 30	Mar. 31	Dec. 31	Sept. 30	June 30	Mar. 31	Dec. 31
Royalties								
Fixed franchise fees	\$ 5,740	\$ 5,739	\$ 5,670	\$ 5,470	\$ 5,456	\$ 5,440	\$ 5,385	\$ 5,311
Variable franchise fees	3,213	3,504	2,578	1,484	3,670	2,912	2,163	1,606
Premium franchise fees	2,268	1,800	1,159	1,639	2,417	1,463	843	1,431
Other revenue	1,014	1,085	1,002	1,009	1,024	1,054	1,006	1,191
	12,235	12,128	10,409	9,602	12,567	10,869	9,397	9,539
Less:								
Administration	163	6	537	308	252	203	295	252
Management fee	2,288	2,296	1,844	1,734	2,331	2,003	1,687	1,734
Interest expense	626	643	654	627	662	653	665	619
Cash Flow from Operations	9,158	9,183	7,374	6,933	9,322	8,010	6,750	6,934
Recovery / (Impairment and write-off) of intangible assets, net	709	(52)	(52)	–	(77)	(34)	–	(697)
Amortization of intangible assets	(1,989)	(2,059)	(2,130)	(2,155)	(2,318)	(2,505)	(2,605)	(2,502)
Interest on Exchangeable units	(1,444)	(1,427)	(1,428)	(1,428)	(1,428)	(1,427)	(1,428)	(1,408)
Gain / (loss) on fair value of Exchangeable Units	(333)	(1,064)	(1,365)	2,762	(5,391)	(1,531)	466	(4,027)
Gain / (loss) on interest rate swap	547	420	50	621	177	136	(112)	84
Gain / (loss) on fair value of purchase obligation	213	(104)	(74)	(167)	311	(248)	(1,464)	(454)
Earnings / (loss) before income taxes	6,861	4,897	2,375	6,566	596	2,401	1,607	(2,070)
Current income tax expense	1,516	1,498	1,166	1,063	1,524	1,270	1,036	1,136
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	388	69	(70)	176	110	(31)	(371)	(205)
Net earnings and comprehensive income / (loss)	\$ 4,957	\$ 3,330	\$ 1,279	\$ 5,327	\$ (1,038)	\$ 1,162	\$ 942	\$ (3,001)
Basic earnings / (loss) per Share	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.56	\$ (0.11)	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.10	\$ (0.32)
Diluted earnings / (loss) per Share	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.31	\$ (0.11)	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.10	\$ (0.32)
Cash flow from operations per share on a diluted basis	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.72	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.73	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.54
Number of REALTORS®	18,117	18,116	18,077	17,580	17,538	17,405	17,320	16,794

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

For the twelve months ended September 30, 2017, the Company generated CFFO of \$2.55 per Share, as compared to \$2.42 per Share generated during the twelve months ended September 30, 2016. A summary of the Company's CFFO generated over the last eight quarters on a rolling twelve months' basis is presented in the table below.

ROLLING TWELVE-MONTH CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS

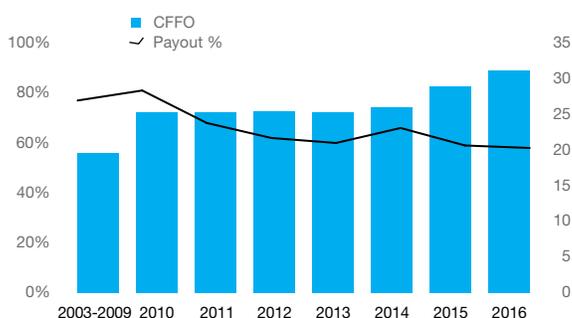
(Unaudited) For twelve months ended,		2017				2016			2015
(in 000's) except per Share amounts	Sept. 30	June 30	Mar. 31	Dec. 31	Sept. 30	June 30	Mar. 31	Dec. 31	
Royalties	\$ 44,374	\$ 44,706	\$ 43,447	\$ 42,436	\$ 42,372	\$ 41,370	\$ 40,802	\$ 39,859	
Less:									
Administration	1,014	1,103	1,300	1,058	1,002	1,098	1,229	1,286	
Management fee	8,162	8,205	7,912	7,754	7,755	7,539	7,412	7,229	
Interest expense	2,550	2,586	2,596	2,606	2,599	2,577	2,513	2,428	
	32,648	32,812	31,639	31,018	31,016	30,156	29,648	28,916	
Cash Flow from Operations per Share	\$ 2.55	\$ 2.56	\$ 2.47	\$ 2.42	\$ 2.42	\$ 2.35	\$ 2.31	\$ 2.26	

The Company's operations have generated significant cash flows with \$349.1 million of CFFO generated since inception, of which \$237.3 million has been distributed to shareholders and Exchangeable Unitholders. Of the remaining \$111.8 million retained by the Company, \$90.2 million has been invested in Franchise Agreements, \$4.1 million was used to purchase shares of the Company in 2008 and 2009 and the balance was used to pay income taxes and fund net working capital requirements.

The chart below presents a summary of the CFFO generated by the Company since inception and the percentage payout of these amounts to shareholders and the Exchangeable Unitholders of the Company in the form of dividends to shareholders and interest to the Exchangeable Unitholders.

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS

(Years ended December 31, in \$ millions)



Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

The table below presents a reconciliation of cash flow from operating activities, as presented in the interim condensed consolidated statements of cash flows, to cash flows from operations, a measure used by the management of the Company to assess performance.

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES RECONCILED TO CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS

(Unaudited) (\$ 000's)	Three months ended September 30, 2017	Three months ended September 30, 2016	Nine months ended September 30, 2017	Nine months ended September 30, 2016
Cash flow from operating activities	\$ 6,695	\$ 7,077	\$ 16,645	\$ 15,416
Add (deduct):				
Interest on Exchangeable Units	1,444	1,428	4,299	4,283
Income taxes paid	1,225	1,102	4,090	3,976
Changes in non-cash working capital items	(202)	(275)	715	446
Interest expense	(2,051)	(2,043)	(6,121)	(6,098)
Interest paid	2,047	2,033	6,087	6,059
CFFO	\$ 9,158	\$ 9,322	\$ 25,715	\$ 24,082

CFFO represents operating income before deducting amortization and net impairment or recovery of intangible assets.

CFFO does not have a standardized meaning under IFRS and, accordingly, may not be comparable to similar measures used by other companies. Management believes that CFFO is a useful supplemental measure of performance as it provides investors with an indication of the amount of pre-tax cash generated from operations and available to shareholders of Restricted Voting Shares and Exchangeable Unitholders, and to meet cash tax payments. Investors are cautioned, however, that CFFO should not be interpreted as an alternative to using net earnings (as a measure of profitability) or cash provided by operating activities (as a measure for cash flows) to evaluate the Company's financial performance.

The Company has paid out, in the past, and could pay out, in any given period, cash in excess of net earnings to shareholders as a significant portion of the Company's operating expenses is made up of non-cash amortization of intangible assets and other non-cash charges to net earnings. Management does not view the payment of cash in excess of net earnings as an economic return of capital as these intangible assets and other non-cash charges are not expected to require a further cash outlay in the future. The value of intangible assets is dependent upon the Company's ability to retain and renew the underlying Franchise Agreements and to ensure the ongoing integrity of the Trademarks. The Company has not paid out all of the CFFO to shareholders as the cash generated in excess of these amounts has been used to fund the acquisition of Franchise Agreements, pay distributions to the Exchangeable Unitholders, fund the purchase of shares under normal course issuer bids and pay liabilities as they come due. It is management's expectation, at the discretion of the Board, that for the foreseeable future, cash distributions to shareholders in the form of dividends will continue, and the remaining cash flow will be used to fund acquisitions and pay distributions to the Exchangeable Unitholders.

Debt Facilities

As at September 30, 2017 the Company's \$78.0 million financing is comprised of the following three arrangements, maturing February 17, 2020.

- A \$53.0 million term facility (the "Term Facility"). The Term Facility bears interest at a variable rate of Banker's Acceptances ("BAs") +1.70% or Prime + 0.5%, which the Company has swapped to a fixed rate of 3.64%. The swap contract matures on October 28, 2019;
- A \$20.0 million acquisition facility (the "Acquisition Facility") to support acquisitions pursued by the Company, bearing interest at a variable rate of BAs +1.70% or Prime + 0.5%. A standby fee of 0.15% applies on undrawn amounts under this facility; and
- A \$5.0 million revolving operating facility (the "Operating Facility") to meet the Company's day-to-day operating requirements, bearing interest at a variable rate of BAs +1.70% or Prime + 0.5%.

The covenants of this financing prescribe that the Company must maintain a ratio of Consolidated EBITDA to Senior Interest Expense at a minimum of 5:1 and a ratio of Senior Indebtedness to Consolidated EBITDA at a maximum of 2.5:1 as defined under the loan agreement. Consolidated EBITDA is defined as operating income before deducting amortization and net impairment or recovery of intangible assets. Senior Indebtedness is defined as borrowings on the Company's debt facilities. Senior Interest Expense is defined as interest on Senior Indebtedness. As at September 30, 2017 the company is compliant with these covenants.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Liquidity

Cash Flow from Operations is the largest source of liquidity for the Company. CFFO is derived substantially from royalties received under Franchise Agreements. Given that Franchisees are contractually obligated to pay royalties for up to ten years under the Franchise Agreements and given the high degree of success the Company has had in renewing its Franchise Agreements in the past when they come due, the Company believes that the existing portfolio of Franchise Agreements, will generate sufficient cash flow, along with its non-cash working capital and capital resources, for the Company to meet its operating commitments.

The Company's ability to grow its CFFO is dependent upon the ability of the Manager to increase the size of the Network, which it can do by, a) supporting Franchisees in their efforts to recruit REALTORS® to their Brokerages, b) assisting Franchisees to acquire Brokerages from outside the Network and, c) entering into new Franchise Agreements which can then be purchased by the Company under the terms of the MSA. Under the terms of the MSA the Company purchases new Franchise Agreements subject to a) the Franchise Agreements meeting specific criteria as outlined in the MSA, and b) the Company having sufficient liquidity to complete any purchase of Franchise Agreements. The Company has entered into the Acquisition Facility specifically to provide capital resources to purchase Franchise Agreements from the Manager. The Company meets regularly with the Manager during the year to determine the Manager's progress in entering into new Franchise Agreements.

For the YTD, the Company funded the purchase of Franchise Agreements primarily through \$7.4 million in borrowings under its available debt facilities. The Company generated sufficient CFFO during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 (after payment of dividends, distributions and its operating obligations) to repay \$5.0 million of those borrowings and to pay \$3.6 million to settle the purchase obligation outstanding for certain Franchise Agreements acquired in 2015 and 2016. The Company anticipates using its debt facilities to fund the purchase of Franchise Agreements in the future with repayments of any borrowings to be funded using CFFO.

WORKING CAPITAL

Changes in the Company's net working capital are primarily driven by Cash Flow from Operations, the recording of obligations arising from the purchase of Franchise Agreements and the settlement of these obligations and payment of dividends and interest.

Overall, working capital decreased by \$0.2 million from \$3.2 million as at June 30, 2017 to of \$3.0 million as at September 30, 2017. The decrease in working capital resulted primarily from:

- A \$0.3 million decrease in accounts receivable as a result of seasonally lower revenues earned from the REALTORS® in the Company Network
- A \$0.3 million increase in current income tax liability due to higher taxable income in the period; partly offset by
- A \$0.2 million decrease in the purchase obligation, driven by \$0.2 million decrease in amounts owing for the purchase of Franchise Agreements on January 1, 2017 due to lower forecasted revenues earned from certain Franchise Agreements acquired in 2017 as compared to when those franchise agreements were acquired. The final valuation will be determined and paid after the final purchase price is determined on October 31, 2017 (a "Determination Date"); and
- A \$0.3 million decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities due to timing of payments for operating expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

A summary of the Company's working capital is presented below:

(Unaudited) (\$ 000's) As at	Sept. 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	Mar. 31, 2017	Dec. 31, 2016	Sept. 30, 2016	June 30, 2016	Mar. 31, 2016	Dec. 31, 2015	Change in Quarter	Change in Year
Current assets										
Cash	\$ 2,644	\$ 2,622	\$ 3,305	\$ 3,102	\$ 4,799	\$ 3,810	\$ 4,607	\$ 5,645	\$ 22	\$ (2,155)
Accounts receivable and current portion of notes receivable	4,779	5,172	4,849	3,967	4,692	4,773	4,521	4,043	(393)	87
Prepaid expenses	156	147	141	147	142	167	172	202	9	14
	\$ 7,579	\$ 7,941	\$ 8,295	\$ 7,216	\$ 9,633	\$ 8,750	\$ 9,300	\$ 9,890	\$ (362)	\$ (2,054)
Current liabilities										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 867	\$ 1,131	\$ 827	\$ 893	\$ 1,247	\$ 1,112	\$ 1,203	\$ 1,181	\$ (264)	\$ (380)
Purchase obligation	1,611	1,825	4,279	3,559	4,787	5,098	7,571	2,824	(214)	(3,176)
Current income tax liability	525	234	40	435	494	72	67	640	291	31
Interest payable to Exchangeable Unitholders	484	476	476	476	476	476	476	476	8	8
Dividends payable to Restricted Voting shareholders	1,067	1,027	1,027	1,027	1,027	1,027	1,027	1,027	40	40
	4,554	4,693	6,649	6,390	8,031	7,785	10,344	6,148	(139)	(3,477)
Net working capital (deficit)	\$ 3,025	\$ 3,248	\$ 1,646	\$ 826	\$ 1,602	\$ 965	\$ (1,044)	\$ 3,742	\$ (223)	\$ 1,423

Cash and Capital Resources

A summary of cash and capital resources available to the Company as at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 is presented below:

(Unaudited) (in 000's) As at	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Cash	\$ 2,644	\$ 3,102
Term Facility		
Acquisition Facility	6,700	9,100
Operating Facility	5,000	5,000
Net borrowing capacity	\$ 11,700	\$ 14,100
Available resources	\$ 14,344	\$ 17,202

As at September 30, 2017, \$13.3 million of the Acquisition Facility has been drawn by the Company, leaving \$11.7 million available under the debt facilities. This represents a decrease of \$2.4 million in net borrowing capacity as a result of the Company borrowing \$7.4 million on the Acquisition Facility on January 1, 2017 to fund the acquisition of certain Franchise Agreements from the Manager and repayment of \$1.5 million in the second quarter of 2017 and \$3.5 million in the Quarter.

In addition to the capital resources included in the table above, the Company generates substantial CFFO which can be used to fund dividend payments and interest on Exchangeable Units, to acquire Franchise Agreements and to repay amounts owing under the debt facilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Commitments

The estimated contractual liabilities and their dates of maturity are summarized in the chart below.

(Unaudited) (in 000's)	2017	2018	2019	2020	Beyond 2020	Total
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 867	\$ –	\$ –	\$ –	\$ –	\$ 867
Purchase obligation	1,611	–	–	–	–	1,611
Interest payable to Exchangeable Unitholders	484	–	–	–	–	484
Dividends payable to shareholders	1,067	–	–	–	–	1,067
Interest on long-term debt	582	2,327	2,327	388	–	5,624
Interest rate swap liability	–	–	98	–	–	98
Debt facilities	–	–	–	–	66,300	66,300
Exchangeable Units	–	–	–	–	55,239	55,239
Total	\$ 4,611	\$ 2,327	\$ 2,425	\$ 388	\$ 121,539	\$ 131,290

On January 1, 2017, the Company acquired 51 Franchise Agreements under the Royal LePage brand and four Franchise Agreements under the Via Capitale brand representing a total of 568 agents from the Manager for an estimated purchase price of \$8.2 million. A payment of \$6.6 million (approximating 80% of the estimated purchase price) plus applicable taxes was paid on January 6, 2017. The remainder is to be paid after the final purchase price is determined on October 31, 2017, (a "Determination Date").

During the first quarter, the Company finalized the purchase price with respect to all acquisitions of Franchise Agreements prior to 2017. In March, the Company paid \$1.0 million to the Manager related to those acquisitions. The remaining \$2.6 million was paid in June 2017.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Transactions with Related Parties

As at the date of this MD&A, the Company's interests are ultimately controlled approximately 71.6% by the public and 28.4% by BBP, primarily through its ownership of the Exchangeable Units of the Partnership and Restricted Voting Shares. The Exchangeable Units were issued by the Company at its inception to affiliates of BBP as consideration for certain assets purchased from those affiliates. These assets included the Trademarks and Franchise Agreements related to the business of its Royal LePage residential real estate brokerage franchise operations.

The Manager operates 23 corporately owned Royal LePage residential Brokerage locations. These locations are serviced by 1925 REALTORS® with 1,308 REALTORS® operating out of 14 locations in the GTA market and 617 REALTORS® operating from 9 locations in the GVA market. All of the Franchise Agreements associated with the corporately owned Brokerages have been purchased by the Company.

All of the corporately owned operations operate under Franchise Agreements with the standard fixed and variable franchise fees. The GTA based locations are up for renewal in 2023, while the GVA operations are up for renewal between 2023-2024. Included in the GTA based Franchise Agreement is an obligation to pay Premium Franchise Fees ranging from 1% to 5% of gross revenues for 11 of the 14 locations until August 2018. Including amounts received from the corporately owned Brokerage, premium franchise fees represented 15% of royalties in the Quarter (Prior Year Quarter – 13%). The Company does not expect the premium fee revenues to continue beyond August 2018.

The management of the Company is provided by the Manager under the terms of the MSA. The Manager is a company controlled by the Exchangeable Unitholders. The MSA was effective January 1, 2014, with an initial five-year term and a provision for the automatic renewal of successive five-year terms. Under the MSA, the Manager provides certain management, administrative and support services to the Company and its subsidiaries and in return is paid a monthly fee equal to 20% of the distributable cash flow of the Company. The Manager can earn an additional fee for net organic recruitment growth, which closely aligns the Manager and the Company's goals with growing the underlying network of REALTORS®. The MSA also provides the manager with the ability to sell other branded Canadian franchisees that it may acquire to the Company based on a pre-determined formula.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

The MSA prescribes the conditions under which the Company purchases Franchise Agreements from the Manager and the formula for calculating the purchase price. The final purchase price for existing Brands is based on, among other things, the average annual royalties earned over a specified one-year period, with 80% of the purchase price payable upon acquisition and the remaining balance to be paid at a later date, subject to adjustment.

On January 1 of each year, (or such other time as the Board may deem appropriate), the Company may, subject to approval by the Board and meeting certain criteria detailed in the MSA, purchase Royal LePage and Via Capitale Franchise Agreements entered into by the Manager prior to October 31 of the previous year. The acquisition amount is determined in accordance with a formula detailed in the MSA. The acquisition costs may be satisfied by way of cash or issuance of Exchangeable Units or Restricted Voting Shares of the Company, at the option of the Company.

The related party transactions entered into by the Company were transacted at contracted rates or at exchange amounts approximating fair market value. A summary of these amounts can be found in Note 13 of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

On January 1, 2017, the Company acquired 51 Franchise Agreements under the Royal LePage Brand and four Franchise Agreements under the Via Capitale Brand representing a total of 568 agents from the Manager for an estimated purchase price of \$8.2 million. A payment of \$6.6 million (approximating 80% of the estimated purchase price) plus applicable taxes was paid on January 6, 2017. The remainder is to be paid after the final purchase price is determined on October 31, 2017, (a "Determination Date").

On January 1, 2016, the Company acquired 33 Franchise Agreements for \$6.6 million comprising 459 REALTORS® generating approximately \$1.0 million in annual royalties. A payment of \$5.3 million, approximating 80% of the estimated purchase price, plus applicable taxes was paid on January 8, 2016 through a draw on the Company's Acquisition Facility. The remainder of the purchase price related to the 27 Franchise Agreements acquired under the Royal LePage Brand was paid on December 28, 2016, while the remaining obligation for the six Franchise Agreements acquired under the Via Capitale Brand was paid on June 28, 2017.

Critical Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

Substantially all of the Company's activities are based on cash transactions, with revenue and expenditures based on contracted terms. The operating activities not based on contractual terms include bad debt expense (which is included in the Company's administration costs), and the amortization of intangible assets.

The Company's intangible assets are regularly monitored for indications of impairment in the carrying value of these assets.

The preparation of financial statements requires management to select appropriate accounting policies and to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. In particular, critical accounting policies and estimates utilized in the normal course of preparing the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements require the determination of future cash flows utilized in assessing the fair value and related net impairment or recovery of intangible assets determining the useful life of intangible assets, assessing the recoverability of accounts receivable, measuring deferred income taxes, measuring the fair value of purchase obligations and Exchangeable Units and measuring fair values used for disclosure purposes.

In making estimates, management relies on external information and observable conditions where possible, supplemented by internal analysis as required. These estimates have been prepared in a manner consistent with prior periods, and management is not aware of any trends, commitments, events or uncertainties that will materially affect the methodology or assumptions utilized in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements. The estimates are impacted by, among other things, movements in interest rates, and cash flow forecasts, which are judgements and are uncertain. The interrelated nature of these factors prevents management from quantifying the overall impact of these movements on the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements in a meaningful way. These sources of estimation uncertainty relate in varying degrees to virtually all asset and liability account balances.

CRITICAL JUDGMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following are the critical judgments that have been made in applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant impact on the amounts in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Accounting for Franchise Agreements

The critical judgment made in accounting for the acquisition of Franchise Agreements is determining whether the acquisition is considered the acquisition of assets or a business. In applying the guidance in IFRS 3, Business Combinations ("IFRS 3"), the Company must evaluate whether the acquisition includes both inputs and processes and, as well, whether the integration of acquired inputs and processes into current processes of the Company would meet the definition of a business. The Company has evaluated the criteria included in IFRS 3 and determined that the acquisition of Franchise Agreements is an acquisition of assets as no processes are acquired in respect of the Franchise Agreements. In addition, the Company must apply judgment with respect to the accounting for the purchase obligation in connection with the purchase of Franchise Agreements. The Company has determined that the purchase obligation is an embedded derivative instrument in a non-financial host contract, whereby the value changes in response to changes in the estimated royalty expected to be earned under the Franchise Agreement and the actual royalty earned during the determination period. The Company records any change in the fair value of this financial liability in the interim condensed consolidated statement of net and comprehensive earnings (loss).

Impairment of Intangible Assets and recovery of impairment

Under IAS 36, Impairment of Assets, the Company ensures that the carrying value of intangible assets are not more than their recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of; a) fair value less costs of disposal, and b) value-in-use). The Company regularly reviews intangible assets to determine whether indicators of impairment exist on individual Franchise Agreements and Trademarks. When reviewing indicators of impairment for Franchise Agreements, the Company considers certain factors including, royalties earned, term to maturity, historical REALTOR® count, collectability of receivables and underlying market conditions. Where indicators of impairment exist, the Company recognizes impairment charges if the carrying amount of a Franchise Agreement exceeds its recoverable amount or if the recovery of the carrying amount is no longer reasonably assured. When an intangible asset has been previously written down to its recoverable amount as a result of recording an impairment loss and the conditions causing such an impairment loss have become more favourable, the previously recorded impairment loss may be reversed and is recorded as a recovery of impairment.

Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, notes receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, purchase obligation, current income tax liability, interest payable to Exchangeable Unitholders, dividends payable to shareholders of Restricted Voting Shares, debt facilities, interest rate swap liability and Exchangeable Unit liability.

The Company is exposed to credit risk with respect to accounts and notes receivable to the extent that any Franchisees are unable to pay their fees. The Company's credit risk is limited to the recorded amount of accounts and notes receivable. Management reviews the financial position of all Franchisees during the application process and closely monitors outstanding amounts receivable on an ongoing basis.

On October 27, 2014, the Company entered into an interest rate swap arrangement to fix the interest rate on the Company's \$53.0 million Term Facility at 3.64% to October 28, 2019. The Company's Term Facility matures on February 17, 2020.

The Company is exposed to the risk of interest rate fluctuations on its \$20.0 million Acquisition Facility and \$5.0 million Operating Facility as the interest rates on these facilities are based on Prime or Banker's Acceptance interest rates. As at September 30, 2017 the Company has drawn \$13.3 million on the Acquisition Facility, and nil on the Operating Facility.

Disclosure Controls and Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

The Company takes all necessary steps to ensure that material information regarding the Company's reports filed or submitted under securities legislation fairly presents the financial information of the Company. Responsibility for this resides with management, including the President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer. Management is responsible for establishing, maintaining and evaluating disclosure controls and procedures as well as internal control over financial reporting.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES ("DC&P")

The evaluation of the effectiveness of DC&P, as defined in National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosures in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings, was performed under the supervision of the President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer. They conclude that these DC&P were adequate and effective as at September 30, 2017. The Company's management can therefore provide reasonable assurance that it receives material information relating to the Company in a timely manner so that it can provide investors with complete and reliable information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING ("ICFR")

Management has designed ICFR to provide reasonable assurance that the Company's financial reporting is reliable and that the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with IFRS. The design and effectiveness of ICFR was evaluated as defined in National Instrument 52-109 under the supervision of the President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer. Based on the evaluations, they conclude that ICFR is adequate and effective to provide such assurance as at September 30, 2017. The design of ICFR is undertaken in accordance with the 2013 COSO framework.

Outstanding Restricted Voting Shares

BRESI is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Restricted Voting Shares, an unlimited number of preferred shares and one Special Voting Share. As of November 9, 2017 BRESI has issued 9,483,850 Restricted Voting Shares, no preferred shares and one Special Voting Share.

Each Restricted Voting Share represents a proportionate voting right in BRESI, and holders of BRESI's Restricted Voting Shares are entitled to dividends declared and distributed by BRESI.

The Special Voting Share is owned by BBP and represents the proportionate voting rights of Exchangeable Unitholders in the Company. The Special Voting Share is not eligible to receive dividends and can be redeemed at \$0.01 per share.

Risk Factors

Risks related to the residential real estate brokerage industry and the business of the Company are outlined in the Company's Annual Information Form, which is available at www.sedar.com and on the Company's website at www.brookfieldresinc.com under Investor Centre/Other Disclosure Reports. Additional discussion regarding these risks as appropriate is provided in this MD&A.

Forward-Looking Statements

This MD&A contains forward-looking information and other "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable securities legislation. Words such as "anticipated", "anticipates", "are", "beginning", "believes", "can", "cautioned", "commencing", "continue", "continued", "continuing", "could", "determine", "driver", "estimated", "estimates", "expect(s)", "expected", "extended", "forecast(s)", "foreseeable", "further", "future", "generally", "grow", "growing", "growth", "increase", "improving", "objective(s)", "ongoing", "outlook", "maintain", "may", "momentum", "project", "projected", "projection", "provide(s)", "proving", "remain", "seeks", "strengthening", "strives", "tends", "typically", "uncertainty", "will", and other expressions that are predictions of or could indicate future events and trends and that do not relate to historical matters, identify forward-looking statements. Reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements because they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to differ materially from anticipated future results, performance or achievement expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated in the forward looking statements include, but are not limited to: a change in general economic conditions (including interest rates, consumer confidence, commodity prices, real estate legislation and regulations and other general economic factors or indicators), the level of residential real estate transactions, the availability of attractive investment opportunities, the average rate of commissions charged, competition from other real estate brokers or from discount and/or Internet-based real estate alternatives, the closing of existing real estate brokerage offices, other developments in the residential real estate brokerage industry or the Company that reduce the number of REALTORS® in the Company's Network or royalty revenue from the Company's Network, availability to generate sufficient cash flows in the future to pay dividends to shareholders of Restricted Voting Shares and interest to Exchangeable Unitholders, ability to acquire, renew and/or extend Franchise Agreements, the ability to increase fees, the ability to maintain brand equity through the use of trademarks, the methods used by shareholders or analysts to evaluate the value of the Company and its publicly traded securities, the availability of equity and debt financing, conversion of Exchangeable Units into Restricted Voting Shares, a change in tax law or regulations, and other risks detailed in the Company's annual information form, which is filed with securities commissions and posted on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. Forward-looking information is based on various material factors or assumptions, which are based on information currently available to management. Material factors or assumptions that were applied in drawing conclusions or making estimates set out in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: anticipated economic conditions, anticipated impact of government policies, anticipated financial performance, anticipated market conditions, business prospects, the successful execution of the Company's business strategies, regulatory developments and the ability to obtain financing on acceptable terms. The factors underlying current expectations are dynamic and subject to change. Although the forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A are based upon what management believes are reasonable assumptions, the Company cannot assure readers that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements in this MD&A are made as of the date of this MD&A and the Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Supplemental Information – Dividends Declared History

(per Restricted Voting Share*) Month Declared	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
January	\$ 0.1170	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1083	\$ 0.1083
February	\$ 0.1170	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1083	\$ 0.1083
March	\$ 0.1170	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1083	\$ 0.1083
April	\$ 0.1170	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1083	\$ 0.1083
May	\$ 0.1170	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1083	\$ 0.1083
June	\$ 0.1170	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1042	\$ 0.1083	\$ 0.1083
July	\$ 0.1170	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1042	\$ 0.1083	\$ 0.1083
August	\$ 0.1170	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1042	\$ 0.1083	\$ 0.1125
September	\$ 0.1170	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1042	\$ 0.1083	\$ 0.1125
October	\$ 0.1170	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1042	\$ 0.1083	
November	\$ 0.1170	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1042	\$ 0.1083	
December	\$ 0.3170	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.0920	\$ 0.1000	\$ 0.1083	\$ 0.1083	
	\$ 1.6036	\$ 1.1040	\$ 1.1040	\$ 1.1040	\$ 1.2000	\$ 1.2335	\$ 1.2996	\$ 0.9831

*Amounts declared prior to 2011 represent distributions declared to unitholders, prior to the Company's re-organization from an income trust to a corporate structure on December 31, 2010.

Supplemental Information – Share Performance

(in Canadian dollars) except shares outstanding and average daily volume For three months ended,	Dec. 31, 2015	Mar. 31, 2016	June 30, 2016	Sept. 30, 2016	Dec. 31, 2016	Mar.31, 2017	June 30, 2017	Sept. 30, 2017
Trading price range of units (TSX: "BRE")								
Close	\$ 14.66	\$ 14.52	\$ 14.98	\$ 16.60	\$ 15.77	\$ 16.18	\$ 16.50	\$ 16.60
High	\$ 15.08	\$ 15.00	\$ 15.70	\$ 16.98	\$ 16.72	\$ 16.60	\$ 16.68	\$ 17.60
Low	\$ 13.26	\$ 13.21	\$ 14.30	\$ 14.92	\$ 14.90	\$ 15.68	\$ 15.10	\$ 15.65
Average daily volume	4,304	5,319	7,030	9,733	7,623	10,954	11,867	11,144
Number of restricted voting shares outstanding at period end	9,483,850	9,483,850	9,483,850	9,483,850	9,483,850	9,483,850	9,483,850	9,483,850
Market capitalization (\$000's)	\$ 187,817	\$ 186,023	\$ 191,917	\$ 212,671	\$ 202,076	\$ 207,290	\$ 211,390	\$ 212,671

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Supplemental Information – Canadian Residential Real Estate Market

For Three months ended	Dec. 31, 2015	Mar. 31, 2016	June 30, 2016	Sept. 30, 2016	Dec. 31, 2016	Mar. 31, 2017	Jun. 30, 2017	Sept. 30, 2017
Canada								
Transaction dollar volume ¹	\$ 48,130	\$ 56,860	\$ 90,569	\$ 65,643	\$ 49,891	\$ 60,948	\$ 88,349	\$ 59,298
Average selling price	\$ 454,644	\$ 498,261	\$ 506,921	\$ 470,259	\$ 480,891	\$ 522,528	\$ 531,057	\$ 478,947
Number of units sold	105,863	114,117	178,664	139,590	103,747	116,641	166,364	123,809
Number of REALTORS® at period end ²	114,664	115,835	117,839	119,514	121,212	122,158	123,395	–
Housing starts	46,906	35,602	49,222	49,573	46,250	40,811	50,669	55,486
Greater Toronto Area								
Transaction dollar volume ¹	\$ 13,238	\$ 15,277	\$ 28,032	\$ 21,403	\$ 17,990	\$ 22,088	\$ 25,600	\$ 13,701
Average selling price	\$ 626,384	\$ 675,406	\$ 746,505	\$ 725,771	\$ 747,559	\$ 873,774	\$ 866,793	\$ 747,096
Number of units sold	21,134	22,619	37,551	29,490	24,065	25,279	29,534	18,339
Housing starts	10,564	9,412	10,069	9,614	9,932	10,395	8,381	11,384
Greater Vancouver Area								
Transaction dollar volume ¹	\$ 9,721	\$ 13,280	\$ 15,150	\$ 7,446	\$ 5,708	\$ 7,416	\$ 12,899	\$ 9,064
Average selling price	\$ 950,988	\$1,094,897	\$1,058,700	\$ 912,612	\$ 908,628	\$ 969,893	\$1,075,331	\$1,008,187
Number of units sold	10,222	12,129	14,310	8,159	6,282	7,646	11,995	8,990
Housing starts	5,627	7,081	7,759	7,358	5,716	5,269	6,931	5,825
Greater Montreal Area								
Transaction dollar volume ¹	\$ 2,780	\$ 3,523	\$ 4,413	\$ 2,918	\$ 2,224	\$ 3,887	\$ 5,013	\$ 3,320
Average selling price	\$ 346,288	\$ 332,327	\$ 346,743	\$ 360,648	\$ 360,778	\$ 347,306	\$ 366,784	\$ 376,941
Number of units sold	8,028	10,601	12,727	8,091	6,091	11,191	13,668	8,808
Housing starts	5,482	2,791	4,719	5,748	4,576	4,703	5,102	5,981

¹ (in millions Canadian dollars)

² CREA Membership data as of September 30, 2017 not available as of MDA date.

Source: CREA, CMHC, TREB

For Twelve months ended	Dec. 31, 2015	Mar. 31, 2016	June 30, 2016	Sept. 30, 2016	Dec. 31, 2016	Mar. 31, 2017	Jun. 30, 2017	Sept. 30, 2017
Canada								
Transaction dollar volume ¹	\$ 224,233	\$ 237,860	\$ 254,227	\$ 261,202	\$ 262,963	\$ 267,051	\$ 264,831	\$ 258,486
Average selling price	\$ 442,856	\$ 457,880	\$ 476,205	\$ 485,295	\$ 490,495	\$ 495,786	\$ 503,155	\$ 506,278
Number of units sold	506,334	519,481	533,860	538,234	536,118	538,642	526,342	510,561
Housing starts	181,598	183,601	184,468	181,303	180,647	185,856	187,303	193,216
Greater Toronto Area								
Transaction dollar volume ¹	\$ 63,352	\$ 66,956	\$ 72,531	\$ 77,950	\$ 82,702	\$ 89,513	\$ 87,081	\$ 79,379
Average selling price	\$ 622,037	\$ 638,698	\$ 675,448	\$ 703,558	\$ 727,210	\$ 769,112	\$ 803,567	\$ 816,514
Number of units sold	101,846	104,832	107,382	110,794	113,725	116,385	108,368	97,217
Housing starts	42,287	43,463	42,545	39,659	39,027	40,010	38,322	40,092
Greater Vancouver Area								
Transaction dollar volume ¹	\$ 38,951	\$ 44,203	\$ 47,675	\$ 45,597	\$ 41,584	\$ 35,720	\$ 33,468	\$ 35,086
Average selling price	\$ 902,793	\$ 959,142	\$1,002,566	\$1,017,336	\$1,017,221	\$ 981,394	\$ 981,996	\$1,004,955
Number of units sold	43,145	46,086	47,553	44,820	40,880	36,397	34,082	34,913
Housing starts	20,863	23,661	25,765	27,825	27,914	26,102	25,274	23,741
Greater Montreal Area								
Transaction dollar volume ¹	\$ 12,824	\$ 13,189	\$ 13,356	\$ 13,634	\$ 13,078	\$ 13,442	\$ 14,042	\$ 14,444
Average selling price	\$ 338,052	\$ 339,494	\$ 342,400	\$ 345,628	\$ 348,654	\$ 352,801	\$ 359,671	\$ 363,298
Number of units sold	37,935	38,849	39,007	39,447	37,510	38,100	39,041	39,758
Housing starts	18,744	19,387	19,580	18,740	17,834	19,746	20,129	20,362

¹ (in millions Canadian dollars)

Source: CREA, CMHC, TREB

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Supplemental Information – Cash Flow from Operations

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS AND ITS UTILIZATION SINCE COMPANY INCEPTION

(Unaudited) (\$ 000's)			IFRS			Canadian GAAP
	Total	Nine months ended Sept. 30, 2017	Year ended Dec. 31, 2016	Year ended Dec. 31, 2015	Jan. 1, 2010 to Dec. 31, 2014	Aug.7, 2003 to Dec. 31, 2009
Royalties	\$ 491,726	\$ 34,772	\$ 42,436	\$ 39,859	\$ 183,529	\$ 191,130
Less:						
Administration	15,209	706	1,058	1,286	7,767	4,392
Management fee	89,633	6,428	7,754	7,229	33,378	34,844
Interest Expense	37,751	1,923	2,606	2,428	15,362	15,432
Cash flow from operations	349,133	25,715	31,018	28,916	127,022	136,462
Less:						
Dividends to shareholders	170,203	9,324	12,325	11,619	60,064	76,871
Interest to Exchangeable Unitholders	67,079	4,299	5,710	5,434	25,809	25,827
Total distributions	237,282	13,623	18,035	17,053	85,873	102,698
Cash flow from operations less total dividends	111,851	12,092	12,983	11,863	41,149	33,764
Less: Funding of acquisitions	90,152	10,135	9,429	18,150	27,294	25,144
Less: Purchase of units under NCIB	4,096	–	–	–	–	4,096
Cash flow from operations less funding of acquisitions	\$ 17,603	\$ 1,957	\$ 3,554	\$ (6,287)	\$ 13,855	\$ 4,524
Taxes, working capital and net borrowings	(14,959)	(2,415)	(6,097)	8,880	(17,645)	2,318
Change in period	\$ 2,644	\$ (458)	\$ (2,543)	\$ 2,593	\$ (3,790)	\$ 6,842
Cash balance, beginning of Period	–	\$ 3,102	\$ 5,645	\$ 3,052	\$ 6,842	–
Cash balance, end of Period	\$ 2,644	\$ 2,644	\$ 3,102	\$ 5,645	\$ 3,052	\$ 6,842
Distributions payment rate ¹	68%	53%	58%	59%	68%	75%

¹ This represents the total distributions paid as a percentage of Cash Flow from Operations.

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES RECONCILED TO CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS

(Unaudited) (\$ 000's)			IFRS			Canadian GAAP
	Total	Nine months ended Sept. 30, 2017	Year ended Dec. 31, 2016	Year ended Dec. 31, 2015	Jan. 1, 2010 to Dec. 31, 2014	Aug.7, 2003 to Dec. 31, 2009
Cash flow from operating activities	\$ 263,461	\$ 16,645	\$ 20,148	\$ 20,433	\$ 69,446	\$ 136,789
Add (deduct):						
Changes in non-cash working capital items	2,109	715	111	(1,045)	1,560	768
Interest on Exchangeable Units	41,252	4,299	5,710	5,434	25,809	–
Income taxes paid	28,601	4,090	5,098	4,137	15,276	–
Interest on Trust units	15,212	–	–	–	15,212	–
Non-cash interest expense	(1,502)	(34)	(49)	(43)	(281)	(1,095)
Cash Flow From Operations	\$ 349,133	\$ 25,715	\$ 31,018	\$ 28,916	\$ 127,022	\$ 136,462

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

Supplemental Information – Selected Operating Information

As at	Dec. 31, 2015	Mar. 31, 2016	June 30, 2016	Sept. 30, 2016	Dec. 31, 2016	Mar. 31, 2017	June 30, 2017	Sept. 30, 2017
Number of REALTORS®	16,794	17,320	17,405	17,538	17,580	18,077	18,116	18,117
Number of locations	662	670	670	668	667	675	669	662
Number of franchise agreements	305	308	303	302	297	302	297	294

Supplemental Information – Acquisitions

Year acquired by the Company
(\$ millions, Canadian dollars)
except number of REALTORS®

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Estimate purchase price								
Royal LePage	\$ 7.7	\$ 6.0	\$ 19.3	\$ 6.1	\$ 6.0	\$ 1.9	\$ 2.5	\$ 4.2
Via Capitale	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.2	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0
	\$ 8.2	\$ 6.6	\$ 20.0	\$ 6.3	\$ 6.7	\$ 2.9	\$ 3.5	\$ 5.2
Actual purchase price								
Royal LePage	(a), (b)	\$ 6.2	\$ 21.3	\$ 7.1	\$ 5.8	\$ 1.9	\$ 2.5	\$ 4.2
Via Capitale	(a), (b)	0.6	0.6	0.1	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.1
	(a)	\$ 6.8	\$ 21.9	\$ 7.2	\$ 6.7	\$ 2.7	\$ 3.3	\$ 5.3
Acquired REALTORS®								
Royal LePage	542	419	1,530	484	462	145	188	343
Via Capitale	26	40	47	9	54	72	59	74
	568	459	1,577	493	516	217	247	417

(a) Actual purchase price to be determined at the end of the purchase price determination period in accordance with the MSA and applicable asset purchase agreement.

(b) Actual purchase price determined is subject to audit of incremental cash flows earned.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

"BBP" means Brookfield BBP (Canada) Holdings LP, a limited partnership governed by the laws of Ontario and a subsidiary of Brookfield Business Partners LP, together with its affiliates but excluding the Manager and the subsidiaries of the Manager.

"Brands" means the real estate services brands owned or controlled by BRESI namely, Royal LePage, Johnston & Daniel and Via Capitale.

"BRESI" means Brookfield Real Estate Services Inc., a corporation incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario.

"Broker" means a REALTOR® who is licensed with the relevant regulatory body to manage a Brokerage.

"Broker-Owner" means the individual or a controlling group of individuals who have entered into Franchise Agreements to provide services under the Royal LePage, Johnston & Daniel or Via Capitale brands and are licensed with the relevant regulatory body to manage a Brokerage.

"Brokerage" means a real estate brokerage company, usually owned or controlled by a Broker, which may operate one or more offices or divisions.

"Cash Flow from Operations" or **"CFFO"** means operating income (adjusted to reflect interest expense paid) before deducting amortization and net impairment or recovery of intangible assets. CFFO is used by the Company to measure the amount of cash generated from operations, which is available to the Company's shareholders on a diluted basis, where such dilution represents the total number of shares of the Company that would be outstanding if Exchangeable Unitholders converted Class B LP units into Restricted Voting Shares. The Company uses CFFO to assess its operating results and the value of its business and believes that many of its shareholders and analysts also find this measure useful. CFFO does not have any standard meaning prescribed by IFRS and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

"Company" means BRESI, together with its subsidiaries.

"Company Network" means collectively the Royal LePage Network and the Via Capitale Network.

"Exchangeable Units" means the 3,327,667 Class B LP Units the Partnership issued at the inception of the Company to an affiliate of BBP in partial consideration for the Partnership's acquisition of the assets of the Partnership from that affiliate. The Class B LP Units, except as otherwise noted, have economic and voting rights equivalent in all material respects to the Class A LP Units. The Class B LP Units are indirectly exchangeable, on a one-for-one basis, subject to adjustment, for Restricted Voting Shares.

"Franchise" means a residential real estate Brokerage franchise operated pursuant to a Franchise Agreement with the Manager's comprehensive systems consisting of proprietary technological, marketing, promotional, communication and support systems.

"Franchise Agreements" means the franchise agreements and addendums thereto pursuant to which Brokerage offices offer residential brokerage services to their REALTORS®, including use of the Trademarks.

"Franchisees" means Brokerages which pay franchise fees under the Franchise Agreements.

"Franchise Network" means the Royal LePage Network and the Via Capitale Network.

"General Partner" means Residential Income Fund General Partner Limited, a corporation incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario to be the general partner of the Partnership and a subsidiary of BRESI.

"Gross Revenue" means, in respect of a Franchisee, the gross commission income (net of payments to cooperating Brokerages) earned in respect of the closings of residential resale real estate transactions through REALTORS® associated with such Franchisee.

"International Financial Reporting Standards" or **"IFRS"** means a set of accounting standards developed by an independent, not-for-profit organization called the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). IFRS is a global framework that provides general guidance for the preparation of financial statements and its disclosure to the public to convey measurable and comparable financial information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Financial Condition

"Interest Rate Swap" means the financial arrangement entered into with a Canadian Chartered Bank on October 27, 2014 to fix the interest rate on the Company's \$53.0 million Term Facility at 3.64% to October 28, 2019. The fluctuation of the fair value of the Interest Rate Swap is primarily driven by changes in the expected variable interest rate yield curve from the expected variable interest rate yield curve at the inception of the financial arrangement.

"Management Services Agreement" or **"MSA"** means the third amended and restated management services agreement, made effective January 1, 2014 between the Company and the Manager, together with any amendments thereto, pursuant to which, among other things, the Manager provides management and administrative services to the Company, including management of the assets of the Company.

"Manager" means Brookfield Real Estate Services Manager Limited, a corporation incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario and an indirectly, wholly-owned subsidiary of BBP, together with its subsidiaries. The Manager provides management and administrative services to the Company, including management of the assets of the Company.

"Network" means the collection of Brokerages which operate under one of the Brands controlled by the Company.

"Partnership" means Residential Income Fund L.P., a limited partnership established under the laws of the Province of Ontario, and a subsidiary of BRESI.

"Premium Franchise Fees" means franchise fees that are collected on certain Franchise locations to reflect the premium locations (principally the Greater Toronto Area) in which such Franchises operate. The premium fee payable is in addition to the basic fixed fee and the basic variable fee as an uncapped amount ranging from 1% to 5% (based on location) of the REALTORS'® Gross Revenue.

"REALTOR®" and **"REALTORS®"** are the exclusive designation for a member/members of The Canadian Real Estate Association and are defined as an individual/group of individuals licensed to trade in real estate.

"Restricted Voting Share(s)" means the restricted voting shares in the capital of BRESI.

"Royal LePage" means a nationally recognized real estate Brand controlled by the Company.

"Royal LePage Network" means the network of Franchisees operating under the Royal LePage and Johnston & Daniel Brands.

"Special Voting Share" means the share of BRESI issued to the holder of the Exchangeable Units to represent voting rights in BRESI proportionate to the number of votes the Exchangeable Unitholders would obtain if they converted their Exchangeable Units to Restricted Voting Shares.

"System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval" or **"SEDAR"** means a Canadian mandatory document filing and retrieval system for all Canadian public companies where documents such as prospectuses, financial statements and material change reports are filed and are accessible by the public to further the goal of transparency and full disclosure.

"Team" means a group of REALTORS® who work together and market themselves as part of a team rather than as individual REALTORS®.

"Trademarks" means the trade-mark rights related to BRESI's business.

"Via Capitale" means a real estate Brand controlled by the Company which operates primarily in the province of Quebec.

"Via Capitale Network" means the network of Franchisees operating under the Via Capitale Brand.

"VCLP" means 9120 Real Estate Network, L.P./Réseau Immobilier 9120 S.E.C., a limited partnership established under the laws of the Province of Quebec, and a subsidiary of BRESI.