



ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.

Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders and Directors of Roadman Investments Corp.

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Roadman Investments Corp. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss, changes in shareholders' equity (deficiency) and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (together, the "Financial Statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying Financial Statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at June 30, 2022 and 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audits of the Financial Statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 2 of the accompanying Financial Statements, which describes matters and conditions that indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information, which comprises the information included in the Company's Management Discussion & Analysis to be filed with the relevant Canadian securities commissions.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Waseem Javed.

Manning Elliott LLP

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS
Vancouver, Canada
October 28, 2022

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

	Notes	2022	2021
		\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash		111,680	1,011,407
Other receivables		1,861	1,861
Prepaid expenses and deposits		21,000	402,368
Investments	4	374,101	1,340,000
		508,642	2,755,636
Non-current Assets			
Investments	4	310,002	168,448
Total assets		818,644	2,924,084
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	7	633,911	397,663
Deferred termination benefit		11,962	11,962
Loans payables	5	183,500	13,500
Total liabilities		829,373	423,125
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)			
Share capital	6	16,154,555	16,033,140
Subscription receivable		-	(29,000)
Share-based reserves	6	2,353,181	2,353,181
Deficit		(18,492,060)	(15,829,957)
Total shareholders' equity		15,676	2,527,364
Non-controlling interests	8	(26,405)	(26,405)
Total equity (deficiency)		(10,729)	2,500,959
Total Liabilities and Equity		818,644	2,924,084

Going concern (Note 2)

Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)

Subsequent event (Note 14)

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the board of directors on October 28, 2022 and were signed on its behalf by

"Luke Montaine"

Director

"Tyler Lewis"

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)**

	Notes	2022	2021
		\$	\$
Advertising and promotion		431,317	163,000
Consulting	7	265,685	222,003
Corporate development		145,888	300,231
Depreciation		-	704
Filing and transfer agent fees		15,347	37,347
Interest and bank fees		1,270	17,946
License		126,000	500,000
Legal		-	193,670
Professional fees		495,677	378,362
Office and other		78,206	78,341
Rent		9,579	25,321
Share-based compensation		-	1,261,101
Travel		-	3,927
		(1,568,969)	(3,181,953)
Other (loss) income			
Other income		(11,514)	-
Fair value adjustment on investments, net		(1,265,795)	643,595
Gain (loss) on settlement on debt		29,135	(95,872)
Gain on sale of marketable securities	4	155,040	42,707
		(1,093,134)	590,430
Net loss and total comprehensive loss for the year		(2,662,103)	(2,591,523)
Net loss and comprehensive loss attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		(2,662,103)	(2,591,523)
Non-controlling interest		-	-
		(2,662,103)	(2,591,523)
		(0.13)	(0.17)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding		20,047,406	14,989,117

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)**

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share-based reserves	Subscription receivable	Deficit	Non- controlling interests	Total
	#	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, June 30, 2020	12,721,752	11,019,976	2,104,203	-	(13,238,434)	(26,405)	(140,660)
Issuance of common shares	4,500,000	1,850,000	-	(29,000)	-	-	1,821,000
Share issuance costs		(54,300)	-	-	-	-	(54,300)
Shares for debt settlement	400,913	320,730	-	-	-	-	320,730
Stock option exercised	1,708,175	1,219,855	-	-	-	-	1,219,855
FV adjustment of option exercised		1,084,355	(1,084,355)	-	-	-	-
Share issued for services	42,000	37,800	-	-	-	-	37,800
Warrant exercised	554,724	554,724	-	-	-	-	554,724
Share-based compensation	-	-	1,333,333	-	-	-	1,333,333
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(2,591,523)	-	(2,591,523)
Balance, June 30, 2021	19,927,564	16,033,140	2,353,181	(29,000)	(15,829,957)	(26,405)	2,500,959
Balance, June 30, 2021	19,927,564	16,033,140	2,353,181	(29,000)	(15,829,957)	(26,405)	2,500,959
Share issued for services	151,200	75,600	-	-	-	-	75,600
Shares issued for debt	1,145,384	45,815	-	-	-	-	45,815
Subscription received	-	-	-	29,000	-	-	29,000
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(2,662,103)	-	(2,662,103)
Balance, June 30, 2022	21,224,148	16,154,555	2,353,181	-	(18,492,060)	(26,405)	(10,729)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss for the year	(2,662,103)	(2,591,523)
Items not affecting cash:		
Depreciation	-	704
Share-based compensation	-	1,261,101
Fair value adjustment on investments	1,265,795	(643,595)
Gain (loss) on settlement on debt	(29,135)	95,872
Gain on sales of marketable securities	(155,040)	(42,707)
Shares issued for services	75,600	37,800
Other	5,000	-
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Other receivables	-	9,319
Prepaid expenses and deposits	381,368	(370,040)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	363,395	253,877
	(755,120)	(1,989,192)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of investments	(920,368)	(859,994)
Proceeds from sale of investments	581,761	237,528
	(338,607)	(622,466)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from shares issued, net of issuance costs	-	1,766,700
Exercised of options	-	1,219,855
Exercised of warrants	-	554,724
Subscription received	24,000	-
Loan received	170,000	-
	194,000	3,541,279
Change in cash	(899,727)	929,621
Cash, beginning of the period	1,011,407	81,786
Cash, end of the period	111,680	1,011,407
Supplemental cash flow disclosures		
Cash paid for interest or income taxes during the period	-	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

1. NATURE OF BUSINESS

Roadman Investments Corp. (the “Company”) was incorporated on September 12, 2007 under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. On April 5, 2019, the Company changed its name from Urban Select Capital Corporation to Roadman Investments Corp. The Company maintains its head office and its registered office at Suite 810 – 789 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 1H2.

The Company is focused on investing growth capital in private and public companies in a broad range of sectors including fintech, education, natural resources, healthcare and consumer retail services. The common shares of the Company are listed for trading on the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSX-V”) under the symbol “LITT”.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”).

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated October 28, 2022.

Basis of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has (i) power over the investee, (ii) exposure, or rights to variable returns from its investment with the investee, and (iii) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor’s returns. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. All inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

The Company owns 50.5% equity in Bellini Fine Art Inc. (“Bellini”), an entity incorporated on August 2, 2016 under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. Bellini is the general partner of Art Flow Through Limited Partnership (“Art Flow”), a limited partnership formed on September 21, 2016 under the British Columbia Partnership Act. Pursuant to the Limited Partnership Agreement dated September 21, 2016, the general partner has exclusive authority and responsibility to manage and control the business of the partnership, and is liable for all the debts and losses of the partnership. Art Flow has a fiscal year end of December 31. These consolidated financial statements incorporate the accounts of Bellini and Art Flow as at June 30, 2022 and the operations of Bellini and Art Flow for the period from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022.

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

These consolidated financial statements comprise the accounts of the Company and the following Canadian incorporated subsidiaries of the Company:

Entity	Percentage Ownership
Bellini Fine Art Inc.	50.5%
Art Flow Through Limited Partnership	Owned 50% by Bellini Fine Art Inc.
1137182 B.C. Ltd.	100%
1151555 B.C. Ltd.	100%
1151556 B.C. Ltd.	100%
1151559 B.C. Ltd.	100%
1151561 B.C. Ltd.	100%
Genesis Fintech Inc.	100%

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are identified separately in the Company's equity. Non-controlling interest consists of the non-controlling interest at the date of contribution plus the non-controlling interest's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income or loss since inception, even if this results in the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance.

Going concern

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The Company has incurred losses since inception and had an accumulated deficit of \$18,492,060 as at June 30, 2022. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing and settle the outstanding loans payable on reasonable terms, and/or to commence profitable operations in the future. Although the Company has been successful in raising funds in the past, there is no assurance that it will be able to obtain adequate financing when needed, or if available, the funding is at the acceptable terms. These factors indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

These consolidated financial statements do not give effect to adjustments to the carrying value and classification of assets and liabilities and related expenses that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and such adjustments could be material.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared coronavirus COVID-19 a global pandemic. This contagious disease outbreak, which has continued to spread, and any related adverse public health developments, has adversely affected workforces, economies, and financial markets globally, potentially leading to an economic downturn. The Company's operations have not been drastically impacted by the pandemic. Management of the Company continues to monitor the situation and is following the protocols and rules set in place by the provincial and federal governments.

Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values as discussed in Note 3. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Judgments and estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and further periods if the review affects both current and future periods.

Judgments made by management in the application of IFRS that have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the current and following fiscal years are discussed in Note 3.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been consistently applied to all years presented in these consolidated financial statements, unless otherwise indicated.

Cash

Cash consists of cash on hand and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial Instruments

(i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: at fair value through profit and loss (“FVTPL”), at fair value through other comprehensive income (loss) (“FVTOCI”) or at amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of debt instruments is driven by the Company’s business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Equity instruments that are held for trading are classified as FVTPL. For other equity instruments, on the day of acquisition the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate them as at FVTOCI. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or if the Company has opted to measure them at FVTPL.

The following table shows the Company’s financial assets and liabilities classification:

Financial assets/liabilities	Classification
Cash	FVTPL
Other receivable	Amortized cost
Investments	FVTPL
Accounts payable	Amortized cost
Loans payable	Amortized cost

(ii) Measurement

Initial measurement

The classification is determined at initial recognition and depends on the nature and purpose of the financial asset. On initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities are recorded at fair value adjusted for directly attributable transaction costs except for financial assets and liabilities classified as FVTPL, in which case transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

Subsequent measurement

Financial assets and liabilities classified as amortized cost are measured using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premiums on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest method. Amortization from the effective interest method is included in finance income or costs.

Financial assets and liabilities classified as FVTPL are measured at fair value with changes in fair values recognized in profit or loss.

Equity investments designated as FVTOCI are measured at fair value with changes in fair values recognized in other comprehensive income (“OCI”). Dividends from that investment are recorded in profit or loss when the Company’s right to receive payment of the dividend is established unless they represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets at amortized cost

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost. At each reporting date, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If at the reporting date, the financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the twelve month expected credit losses. The Company shall recognize in the statements of loss and comprehensive loss, as an impairment gain or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

(iv) Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire, or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all of the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity. The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when the terms of the liability are modified such that the terms and / or cash flows of the modified instrument are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

Gains and losses on derecognition of financial assets and liabilities classified as amortized cost are recognized in profit or loss when the instrument is derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process. Gains and losses on derecognition of equity investments designated as FVTOCI (including any related foreign exchange component) are recognized in OCI. Amounts presented in OCI are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss, although the cumulative gain or loss may be transferred within equity.

(v) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle liabilities simultaneously.

(vi) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets at each reporting date is determined by reference to quoted market prices, without deduction for transaction costs. For financial instruments that are not traded in active markets, the fair value is determined using appropriate valuation techniques, such as using a recent arm's length market transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties, discounted cash flow analysis, reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, or other valuation models.

Investments

(i) Investment in associate

Associates are those entities in which the Company has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies. Desource Mining Corp. (Note 4) is classified as an investment in associates. Investments in associates that are held as part of the Company's investment portfolio are carried at fair value in the consolidated statements of financial position. This treatment is permitted by IAS 28 *Investment in Associates*, whereby an entity may elect to measure an investment in an associate at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement regardless of whether the entity has significant influence over the associate when the investment is held by an investment entity. The Company elected to measure the changes in fair value of its investments in associates through profit or loss in accordance with IFRS 9.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments (continued)

(ii) Investment in controlled subsidiaries

The Company owns 100% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Hard Rock Lithium Corp. and CLOV Biopharma Corp. The Company applied exemption of IFRS 10 *Consolidations*, not to consolidate a subsidiary when entity is an investment entity when it obtains control of another entity, and instead, an investment entity shall measure an investment in subsidiary at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with IFRS 9. These investments are held as part of the Company's investment portfolio carried at fair value in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's and its subsidiaries functional currency.

Foreign currency transaction

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated using the historical rate on the date of the transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are stated at fair value are translated using the historical rate on the date that the fair value was determined. All gains and losses on translation of these foreign currency transactions are charged to profit or loss.

Share capital

The Company records proceeds from the issuance of its common shares as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new common shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Common shares issued for consideration other than cash are valued based on their market value at the date that shares are issued.

Share-based payments

Share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the grant date fair value of the instruments issued and amortized over the vesting periods. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured, and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of options expected to vest. The offset to the recorded cost is to share-based payments reserve. The number of options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount ultimately recognized as an expense is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Consideration received on the exercise of stock options is recorded as share capital and the related share-based payments reserve is transferred to share capital. Share-based payments recorded for unexercised stock options are transferred to deficit upon cancellation or expiration.

The fair value of the stock options is determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise price of the instrument, expected volatility (based on weighted average historic volatility), weighted average expected life of the instruments (based on historical experience), expected dividends, forfeiture rates, and the risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds).

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition

Other income consists of realized losses on disposal of investments and fair value adjustments on investment and interest or dividends received. The Company followed IFRS 15 - *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("IFRS 15") to recognize revenue. IFRS 15 establishes a single five-step model framework for determining the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with a customer. IFRS 15 requires entities to recognize revenue when 'control' of goods or services transfers to the customer.

Realized gains and losses on the disposal of investments and unrealized gains and losses in the fair value of investments, are recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss and are calculated on an average cost basis.

Earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing the income (loss) attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding in the period. The diluted earnings (loss) per share reflects all dilutive potential common shares equivalents, which comprise outstanding stock options and share purchase warrants, in the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, if dilutive. All of the stock options and the share purchase warrants were anti-dilutive for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Income taxes

Current taxes receivable or payable are estimated on taxable income or loss for the current year at the statutory tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred income tax is recognized on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred income tax assets also result from unused loss carry forwards and other deductions. Deferred income tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which they can be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Critical accounting estimates

Critical accounting estimates are estimates and assumptions made by management that may result in material adjustments to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities. Critical areas requiring the use of management estimates include:

- (i) The determination of the fair value of the Company's investments that are valued using inputs other than quoted prices are subject to estimation and judgement. Where the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded on the consolidated statements of financial position cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are derived from observable market data where possible, but where observable market data are not available, estimation and judgement is required to establish fair values. In particular, significant estimates involved when assess fair value of investment in private entities. The fair value of an investment in a private company may be adjusted upward if:
- There has been a significant subsequent equity financing provided by outside investors at a valuation above the current value of the investee company. In these instances, the fair value of the investment is adjusted to the value at which that financing took place; or
 - There has been significant corporate, political, operating or economic events affecting the investee company that, in management's opinion, have a positive impact on the investee company's prospects and, therefore, its fair value.

The fair value of an investment in a private company may be adjusted downward if:

- There has been a significant subsequent equity financing provided by outside investors, at a valuation below the current value of the investee company, in which case the fair value of the investment is set to the value at which that financing took place; or
- The investee company is placed into receivership or bankruptcy; or
- Based on financial information received from the investee company it is apparent to the Company that the investee company is unlikely to be able to continue as a going concern; or
- There has been significant corporate, political, operating or economic events affecting the investee company that, in management's opinion, have a negative impact on the investee company's prospects and, therefore, its fair value.

Critical accounting judgments

Critical accounting judgements are accounting policies that have been identified as being complex or involving subject judgment or assessments. The most critical judgments that are applicable to the Company's consolidated financial statements include:

- (i) The assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and whether there are events or conditions that may give rise to significant uncertainty;
- (ii) Valuation of investments; and
- (iii) The Company is subject to claims and legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business activities. Management assesses the probability of a liability being payable as either remote, more than remote or probable. If the liability is considered to be less than probable, then the liability is not recorded and it is only disclosed as a contingent liability. For matters that are probable and can be reasonably estimated, the Company establishes provisions in its consolidated financial statements (see Note 12).

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Changes in Accounting Policies

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Company was not required to, and did not adopt any new or amended accounting pronouncements which had a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Accounting pronouncements not yet adopted

Certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards have been issued by the IASB that are mandatory for future accounting periods. The Company did not identify any standards that may have any impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements during the period.

Other accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued but have future effective dates are either not applicable or not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

4. INVESTMENTS

Investments are held at fair value. Investments in common shares of publicly traded companies and privately held companies are designated at fair value through profit or loss. The Company's investments are comprised of the following:

	Total Cost	Fair value
	\$	\$
Common shares of publicly traded companies		
Investments in common shares of public entities	1,155,866	374,101
Total investments in privately held and wholly-owned companies	3,988,996	310,002
Balance, June 30, 2022	5,144,862	684,103

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

4. INVESTMENTS (continued)

	Total Cost	Fair value
	\$	\$
Common shares of publicly traded companies		
Investments in common shares of public entities	994,478	1,340,000
Total investments in privately held and wholly-owned companies	3,656,996	168,448
Balance, June 30, 2021	4,651,474	1,508,448

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Company recorded an unrealized loss of \$1,265,795 (2021 – gain of \$643,595) as a result of a change in fair value of its investments. Furthermore, during the year ended June 30, 2022, the Company received gross proceeds of \$581,761 (2021 – \$237,528) from the sale of its marketable securities, and the Company recognized a gain of \$155,040 (2021 – \$42,707) on the sale of these marketable securities.

As at June 30, 2022, the Company had outstanding loans due from CICINO Corporation totaling \$685,000 (June 30, 2021 - \$685,000). The carrying amount of the loans is recorded at \$Nil (June 30, 2021 - \$Nil) due to uncertainty with respect to the Company's ability to collect the loan amounts.

5. LOAN PAYABLES

- a. On November 24, 2016, Bellini entered into a loan agreement in the amount of \$13,500 with a shareholder of Bellini. Interest will accrue on the principal amount at the rate of 5% per annum, payable quarterly. The overdue interest amount will be added to the principal balance and will bear interest at 5% per annum until paid in full. The loan matured on November 25, 2017. Bellini can pay in the form of Bellini's common shares for any debt and/or interest that the lender has called for payment under this agreement. This loan and related accrued interest of \$1,590 is outstanding as at June 30, 2022 and 2021.
- b. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Company obtained loans payable in the amount \$170,000 from various arm's length third parties. The loans are non-interest bearing, unsecured and due on demand.

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

6. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized share capital

The Company is authorized to issue unlimited number of common shares without par value and unlimited number of non-voting, non-participating, non-cumulative preferred shares without par value issuable in series.

Issued share capital

For the year ended June 30, 2022:

- a) Effective January 24, 2022, the Company consolidated all of its issued and outstanding share capital on a basis of one post-consolidated share for ten pre-consolidated shares. All share and per share amounts in these consolidated financial statements have been retroactively adjusted to reflect this share consolidation.
- b) On September 10, 2021 and November 19, 2021, the Company issued 151,200 common shares for services rendered to the Company with a fair value of \$75,600.
- c) The Company issued 1,145,384 common shares to settle outstanding liabilities of \$74,950. The fair values of the shares issued was \$45,815. As a result, the Company recorded a gain of \$29,135 on the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss.

For the year ended June 30, 2021:

- a) On January 26, 2021, the Company completed its first tranche of a non-brokered private placement of 430,000 common shares at a price of \$0.30 per share for aggregate gross proceeds of \$129,000.
- b) On March 1, 2021, the Company completed its second and final tranche of a non-brokered private placement and issued 1,570,000 common shares at a price of \$0.30 per share for gross proceeds of \$471,000.
- c) On March 4, 2021, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 2,500,000 units at a price of \$0.50 per unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$1,250,000. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant, each warrant exercisable for a common share at an exercise price of \$0.75 for two years. Pursuant to the private placement, the Company paid share issuance cost of \$54,300.
- d) The Company issued 1,708,175 common shares pursuant to exercise of stock options for gross proceeds of \$1,219,855. \$1,084,355 has been allocated from contributed surplus to share capital as a result.
- e) The Company issued 554,723 common shares pursuant to exercise of warrants for gross proceeds of \$554,724.
- f) The Company issued 42,000 common shares for services rendered to the Company with a fair value of \$37,800.
- g) The Company issued 400,913 common shares to settle outstanding liabilities of \$224,859. The fair value of the shares issued was \$320,730. As a result, the Company recorded a loss of \$95,872 on the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss.

6. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Stock options

The Company has a stock option plan under which it is authorized to grant options to executive officers and directors, employees and consultants. The exercise price of any options granted under the stock option plan will be determined by the board of directors, in its sole discretion, but shall not be less than the closing price of the Company's common shares on the day preceding the day on which the directors grant such options, less any discount permitted by the TSX-V to a minimum of \$0.05 per share. Under the plan, no more than (i) 5% of the issued shares may be granted to any one individual in any 12-month period; and (ii) no more than 2% of the issued shares may be granted to a consultant, or an employee performing investor relations activities, in any 12-month period. Disinterested shareholder approval must be obtained for (i) any reduction in the exercise price of an outstanding option, if the option holder is an insider; (ii) any grant of options to insiders, within a 12-month period, exceeding 10% of the Company's issued shares; and (iii) any grant of options to any one individual, within a 12 month period, exceeding 5% of the Company's issued shares. Options granted under the stock option plan may not be exercisable for a period longer than five years and the terms and conditions of vesting is determined by the board of directors. All options granted to consultants performing investor relations activities will vest in stages over 12 months with no more than one-quarter of the options vesting in any three-month period.

The Company did not grant any stock options during the year ended June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2021:

- a. On March 5, 2021, the Company granted a total of 1,300,000 stock options to directors, officers and consultants of the Company. The options vested immediately and are exercisable at a price of \$0.75 per share until March 5, 2025. The fair value of the share options was estimated to be \$941,685 using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions: term of 5 years; expected volatility of 211%; risk-free rate of 0.74%; and expected dividends of zero.
- b. On May 26, 2021, the Company granted a total of 1,000,000 share options to directors, officers and consultants of the Company. The options vested immediately and are exercisable at a price of \$0.50 per share until May 26, 2022. The fair value of the share options was estimated to be \$319,416 using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions: term of 5 years; expected volatility of 218%; risk-free rate of 0.28%; and expected dividends of zero.
- c. On March 31, 2021, the Company cancelled an aggregate of 163,000 share options exercisable at \$0.075 per share with a November 19, 2023 expiry date.
- d. As at June 30, 2020, the Company has recognized a deferred termination benefit of \$84,194 for 350,000 stock options to be granted to the former CEO and CFO. The options will vest immediately and will be exercisable at a price of \$0.50 per share for a period of five years. The fair value of the issuable stock options was estimated using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions: term of five years; expected volatility of 194.83%; risk-free rate of 0.35%; share price of \$0.25 and expected dividends of zero. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Company issued a total of 350,000 stock options related to the deferred termination benefit.

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

6. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Stock options (continued)

The following table summarizes the Company's stock option activity during the year ended June 30, 2022 and the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Number of Options #	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$
Options outstanding and exercisable, June 30, 2020	1,038,175	1.20
Options granted	2,650,000	0.80
Options exercised	(1,708,175)	0.80
Options cancelled	(163,000)	0.70
Options outstanding and exercisable, June 30, 2021	1,817,000	1.20
Options cancelled	(1,767,000)	0.61
Options outstanding and exercisable, June 30, 2022	50,000	0.50

The following table summarizes information concerning outstanding and exercisable options at June 30, 2022:

Number of Options	Exercise price \$	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Expiry date
50,000	0.50	3.44	January 7, 2026

Warrants

The following table summarizes information concerning warrant activity during the year ended June 30, 2022 and the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Number of Warrants #	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$
Warrants outstanding and exercisable, June 30, 2020	1,010,585	1.00
Warrants granted	1,250,000	0.80
Warrant exercised	(554,724)	1.00
Warrants outstanding and exercisable, June 30, 2021	1,705,861	1.00
Expired	(455,861)	1.00
Warrants outstanding and exercisable, June 30, 2022	1,250,000	0.63

The following table summarizes information concerning outstanding and exercisable warrants at June 30, 2022:

Number of Warrants	Exercise price \$	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Expiry date
1,250,000	0.75	0.67	March 4, 2023

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company's related parties include corporate entities over which it exercises significant influence, and key management personnel. Transactions with related parties for goods and services are made on normal commercial terms and are recorded at the exchange amount of consideration established and agreed by the related parties. The related party transactions not disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are listed below.

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Consulting fees to the CEO	180,000	180,000
Total	180,000	180,000

In February 2019, the Company entered into a consulting agreement (the "Consulting Agreement") with the former CEO for remuneration of \$9,000 per month effective April 1, 2019. On June 15, 2020, the Consulting Agreement was amended by the Company and the amended remuneration was totalling \$15,000 per month.

As at June 30, 2022, the Company has amounts owing to former related parties totalling \$63,441 (June 30, 2021 - \$86,978). The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and due on demand and included in accounts payable.

The Company's key management includes the CEO, CFO and directors. The total compensation earned by current and former key management for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$180,000 (2021 - \$180,000). In addition to that, key management also received share-based compensation of \$nil (2021 - \$83,260) for the year ended June 30, 2022.

As at June 30, 2022, the Company has amounts owing to certain officers for remuneration totalling \$145,203 (June 30, 2021 - \$68,313) included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The amounts payable is non-interest bearing, unsecured and due on demand.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Company issued a total of nil (2021 - 3,500,000) stock options from the total deferred termination benefit to the former CEO and CFO as described in Note 6.

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

8. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Non-controlling interests consist of 50.5% of the equity interest in Bellini and limited partner's interest in Art Flow. There are no significant restrictions on the Company's ability to access or use the assets and settle the liabilities of Bellini. During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, no dividends were paid by Bellini to its non-controlling interests.

The continuity of the non-controlling interests is summarized below:

	\$
Balance, June 30, 2020	(26,405)
Non-controlling interest's share of loss	-
Balance, June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022	(26,405)

The summarized consolidated financial information of Bellini is as follows:

	As at June 30, 2022	As at June 30, 2021
	\$	\$
Current assets	-	-
Current liabilities	84,093	84,093
Shareholder's deficiency	(84,093)	(84,093)

	Year ended June 30, 2022	Year ended June 30, 2021
	\$	\$
Revenue	-	-
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-
Cash flow provided by (used) in operating activities	-	-

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair Value

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy based on the degree to which the inputs used to determine the fair value are observable. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

Financial instruments measured at fair value on the recurring basis are summarized in levels of fair value hierarchy as follows:

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2022	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Financial assets				
Cash	111,680	-	-	111,680
Investments	374,101	310,000	2	684,103

June 30, 2021	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Financial assets				
Cash	1,011,407	-	-	1,011,407
Investments	1,340,000	168,446	2	1,508,448

The following table presents the changes in recurring fair value measurements categorized at Level 2:

	Equity securities of private companies
June 30, 2020	\$94,748
Fair value adjustment	(26,302)
Securities purchased	100,000
June 30, 2021	168,446
Fair value adjustment	(190,446)
Securities purchased	332,000
June 30, 2022	\$310,000

Level 3 investments consist of equity instruments that cannot be supported by observable market data.

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities carried at amortized cost is a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the relatively short period to maturity of these financial instruments.

Risk management

The Company's financial instruments and risk exposures are summarized below.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of potential loss to the Company if the counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk with respect to its cash are minimal as it is held with high-credit quality financial institutions. The Company's credit exposure to loan receivables from CICINO is equal to its carrying amount. The Company has reviewed the financial conditions of CICINO and maintained a provision of \$685,000 towards the loan as at June 30, 2022. The Company manages credit risk on its investments through thoughtful planning, strict investment selection criteria and significant due diligence of investment opportunities. Management and the Board of Directors review the financial condition of the investee companies regularly.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's financial liabilities include accounts payable and accrued liabilities and loan payables.

The Company generates cash flows primarily from equity financings, management fees and from the disposition of its investments. Despite previous success in acquiring these financings, there is no guarantee of obtaining future financings. The Company's investments focus on renewable energy, natural resources, chemicals, agriculture and consumer retail services. These investments can at times be relatively illiquid, and if the Company decides to dispose of certain securities, it may not be able to do so at favorable prices at that time, or at all.

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as market prices, foreign exchange rates and interest rates. The Company is exposed to market risk through its investments in equity securities.

As at June 30, 2022, 55% (June 30, 2021 – 89.0%) of the investments were made up of investment in publicly-traded companies. If security market prices were higher or lower by 5% as at June 30, 2022, the carrying value of its investments and unrealized gains (losses) on investments would be increased or decreased by approximately \$19,000 (June 30, 2021 - \$67,000), respectively. The Company is exposed to foreign exchange rate and interest rate risks to the extent that cash is maintained at the financial institutions. The foreign exchange rate and interest rate risks on cash are not considered significant.

The Company manages market risk by developing a diversified portfolio of investments. The Company has established an investment committee to monitor its investment portfolio on an ongoing basis.

10 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company defines capital as all components of shareholders' equity. The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- (a) To ensure that the Company maintains the level of capital necessary to meet its operational requirements;
- (b) To allow the Company to respond to changes in economic and/or marketplace conditions by maintaining its ability to purchase new investments;
- (c) To create sustained growth in shareholder value by increasing shareholders' equity and minimizing shareholder dilution; and
- (d) To maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital at acceptable levels of risk.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its underlying assets. The Company maintains or adjusts its capital level to meet its objectives, by realizing proceeds from the disposition of its investments and raising funds through equity financings. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year ended June 30, 2022. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

11. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Company conducts its business as a single operating segment with a focus on investing growth capital in private and public companies in a broad range of sectors. Substantially all of the Company's assets and liabilities are held in Canada and as such the Company only has one reporting segment.

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- a. From time to time, the Company is engaged in various legal proceedings and claims that have arisen in the normal course of business. The outcome of all the proceedings and claims against the Company is subject to future resolution, including the uncertainties of litigation. Management believe that the probable ultimate resolution of any such proceedings and claims, individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Company.
- b. From time to time, the Company enters into contracts for services in the normal course of operations. The Company's current contractual commitments vary in terms and can be terminated upon sufficient notice.
- c. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Company entered an agreement with A3Com Solutions Corp. for \$180,000 per annum for a five year term for providing maintaining e-commerce icashrewards.io and system upgrade. The amounts of \$36,000 are payable in common share (plus GST) to be issued in five installments.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Company also entered a license acquisition agreement (the "Agreement") with A3Com Solutions Corp. Pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, the Company paid a total of \$500,000 as a license fee. As at June 30, 2021, the Company was unable to meet certain obligations stated in the Agreement and has determined that the economic substance that are attributable to the Company is uncertain. Since the license agreement did not meet the criteria for capitalization under IAS 38, the amount was recognized as licensing expense through the statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

13. INCOME TAXES

A reconciliation of income taxes at statutory rates with the reported taxes is as follows:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Net loss before income taxes	(2,662,103)	(2,591,523)
Expected income tax recovery at statutory rates (27%)	(718,768)	(699,711)
Permanent differences and others	(30,622)	377,345
Tax loss not recognized	749,390	322,366
	-	-

Details of deferred income tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Non-capital loss carry-forwards	2,513,676	2,117,774
Capital loss carry forwards	3,564	5,414
Investments	1,204,405	848,617
Share issue costs	17,107	28,139
Other	17,376	6,794
	3,756,128	3,006,738
Unrecognized deferred income tax assets	(3,756,128)	(3,006,738)
Deferred income tax assets	-	-

The Company has available for deduction against future taxable income non-capital losses of approximately \$9,304,000. These losses, if not utilized, will expire in various dates from 2029 to 2042. Deferred tax assets which may arise as a result of these non-capital losses and resource deductions have not been recognized in these consolidated financial statements as the Company determined that, as at June 30, 2022, their realization is uncertain.

ROADMAN INVESTMENTS CORP.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On July 18, 2022, the Company executed five share exchange agreements (each, a “Share Exchange Agreement”) with five individual vendors (the “Vendors”) for the purchase of 271,739 common shares (the “bettermoo(d) Shares”) in the capital of bettermoo(d) Food Corporation (the “Transactions”). In consideration of the bettermoo(d) Shares, the Company issued an aggregate of 9,000,000 common shares (the “Consideration Shares”) of the Company to the Vendors. The Vendors are private entities and arm’s length to the Company. The Company views the acquisition of the bettermoo(d) Shares as a strategic move to bolster the Company’s investments into innovative and emerging food industries.

On August 3, 2022, the Company received final acceptance from the TSX Venture Exchange for the Transactions. Pursuant to the Transactions, the Company issued 180,000 common shares as finder’s fee.