

TOROMONT

For immediate release

TOROMONT ANNOUNCES RESULTS FOR THE THIRD QUARTER OF 2025 AND QUARTERLY DIVIDEND

Toronto, Ontario (October 30, 2025) – Toromont Industries Ltd. (TSX: TIH) today reported its financial results for the third quarter ended September 30, 2025.

(\$ millions, except per share amounts)	Three months ended September 30			Nine months ended September 30		
	2025	2024	% change	2025	2024	% change
Revenue	\$ 1,314.9	\$ 1,338.0	(2)%	\$ 3,781.0	\$ 3,714.2	2 %
Operating income	\$ 189.5	\$ 174.9	8 %	\$ 458.8	\$ 459.0	— %
Net earnings	\$ 140.6	\$ 131.0	7 %	\$ 339.4	\$ 350.2	(3)%
Basic earnings per share ("EPS")	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.60	8 %	\$ 4.18	\$ 4.27	(2)%

"Our team delivered solid results in the third quarter, executing effectively despite persistent macroeconomic and trade challenges. We remain focused on long-term success, continuing to invest in our people and capabilities to support our customers and drive sustainable growth. Net income rose, aided by a property sale, while underlying earnings reflected growth-related investments, lower net interest income, and short-term non-cash costs from the AVL acquisition," stated Michael S. McMillan, President and Chief Executive Officer of Toromont Industries Ltd. "The Equipment Group performed well, with solid activity in rentals, product support, and new equipment deliveries in power systems. As expected, mining deliveries were lower due to the segment's inherent variability. CIMCO posted higher revenue and earnings, driven by good demand and disciplined execution in both Canada and the US."

HIGHLIGHTS:

Consolidated Results

- Revenue decreased \$23.1 million or 2% in the third quarter compared to the similar period last year, on lower revenue in the Equipment Group down 4%, partially offset by higher revenue at CIMCO up 22%. The Equipment Group continued to deliver against the healthy order backlog, in addition to revenues from the acquired business. Higher rental and product support revenue were offset by lower equipment sales in mining. CIMCO's growth reflects good package revenue and higher product support revenue in Canada and the US.
- Revenue increased \$66.7 million (up 2%) to \$3.8 billion for the year-to-date period. Equipment Group revenues were relatively unchanged as revenue from the acquired business along with higher rental and product support activity was largely offset by lower equipment sales in mining, versus a comparatively strong quarter last year for mining equipment deliveries. CIMCO revenue increased 15% compared to 2024, on good package and product support activity.
- In the quarter, a property was sold resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$13.7 million. In addition, the acquisition of AVL resulted in pre-tax earnings of \$6.3 million in the third quarter (\$2.2 million YTD) net of non-cash

expenses related to purchase price accounting of \$27 million (\$57 million YTD). Both of these items are reported in the Equipment Group and impact comparability of results in both the quarter and year-to-date.

- Operating income⁽¹⁾ increased 8% in the quarter. Excluding the gain on property disposition, operating income increased \$0.9 million or 1% compared to Q3 2024, as higher gross margins were partially offset by the lower revenue and higher expenses.
- Operating income was relatively unchanged at \$458.8 million for the year-to-date period. Excluding the gain on property disposition, operating income decreased \$13.9 million or 3% compared to the similar period last year, reflecting higher expenses, partially offset by improved gross margins. Operating income was 12.1% of revenue compared to 12.4% in the similar period last year.
- Net interest expense increased by \$3.9 million in the quarter and \$17.6 million in the first nine months of the year reflecting interest expense on higher borrowings with the new senior debentures issued in March 2025, as well as lower interest income earned on cash on hand due to lower interest rates.
- Net earnings increased \$9.7 million or 7% in the quarter versus a year ago to \$140.6 million. EPS was \$1.73 (basic) and \$1.72 (fully diluted), 8% higher compared to the same period last year.
- For the year-to-date period, net earnings decreased \$10.8 million or 3% to \$339.4 million compared to the similar period last year. EPS was \$4.18 (basic) and \$4.15 (fully diluted), 2% lower compared to last year.
- Bookings⁽¹⁾ for the third quarter increased 47% compared to last year with higher bookings at both CIMCO and the Equipment Group, including a significant contribution from the acquired business. On a year-to-date basis, bookings increased 13% with both groups reporting higher bookings: Equipment Group up 13% and CIMCO up 13%.
- Backlog⁽¹⁾ of \$1.3 billion as at September 30, 2025, was up from \$1.1 billion as at September 30, 2024. Backlog remains healthy, reflecting deliveries and progress on construction schedules, good new booking activity and backlog related to the acquired business.

Equipment Group

- Revenue decreased 4% to \$1.2 billion for the quarter. New equipment sales decreased 15%, mainly due to lower mining deliveries (against a strong comparable), partially offset by higher power systems revenues, which includes revenue from the acquired business. Used equipment sales increased 7%, largely driven by improved activity in the mining and construction market. Rental revenue increased 5%, with improved utilization and a larger fleet. Product support revenue was also up 4% in Q3 on higher parts and service revenue.
- Revenue of \$3.4 billion was relatively unchanged for the year-to-date period. New equipment sales decreased 2%, as lower mining revenues were partially offset by increases in construction and power systems markets, including the acquired business. Rental revenue increased 10%, with similar trends as noted for the quarter above. Product support revenues increased 2%.
- Production at AVL Manufacturing Inc. ("AVL") has been expanding since the date of acquisition supporting the healthy order backlog and building demand. Hiring and development of production capacity continues. Revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 were \$77.9 million and \$157.0 million respectively. As part of the accounting for the acquisition, the company recognized intangible assets related to order backlog and customer relationships, both of which are amortized over time. Certain other non-cash

expenses are also charged as a result of the acquisition accounting related to the commitment for purchase of the remaining shares of AVL. Non-cash expenses recognized for these items amounted to \$27.0 and \$57.0 million respectively (pre-tax basis), for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025. Net income for AVL after consideration of amortization of intangibles recognized at acquisition was approximately \$0.05 and \$0.02 per share respectively. In Q2 2025, the Company acquired a facility in Charlotte, North Carolina for approximately \$60.0 million to expand production capacity and serve the eastern US market. The facility commenced the first phase of production during the third quarter of 2025.

- Operating income increased \$11.7 million or 7% to \$171.3 million in the third quarter. Excluding the property disposition gain, operating income decreased \$2.0 million or 1% in the quarter, reflecting lower activity levels and higher expenses.
- Operating income decreased \$9.3 million or 2% to \$414.3 million in the year-to-date period. Excluding the property disposition gain, operating income decreased \$23.0 million or 5% year-to-date. Higher revenue and higher gross margins were offset by the higher expenses. Operating income margin was 12.2% versus 12.6% in the comparable period last year, primarily reflecting higher relative expense levels, including acquisition-related items.
- Bookings in the third quarter were \$548.8 million, an increase of 49% from the comparable period last year, as improved bookings in construction and power systems (including the acquired business), were partially offset by lower mining and material handling orders. Year-to-date bookings were \$1.7 billion, an increase of 13% from the similar period last year. Bookings increased in construction (+7%), material handling (+12%) and in power systems (+193%), reflecting good execution and the acquired business. Mining orders were lower against a strong comparable last year (lower by 47%).
- Backlog of \$923.4 million at the end of September 2025 was up by \$119.7 million or 15% from the end of September 2024. Backlog includes \$278.4 million order backlog related to the recently acquired company AVL. Excluding this, backlog was 20% lower compared to the same time last year, reflecting good deliveries against customer orders over the last twelve months, along with solid new order intake over the same period.

CIMCO

- Revenue increased \$27.7 million or 22% compared to the third quarter last year. Package revenue was higher, up 28%, with good execution on package project construction and improvements in equipment delivery schedules. Product support revenue was up 14%, reflecting good market activity in Canada.
- Revenue increased \$51.5 million or 15% to \$391.1 million for the year-to-date period. Package revenue was up 23% on good execution on projects in Canada (+10%) and the US (+55%). Product support activity increased 7%, with higher activity in both Canada and in the US.
- Operating income increased \$2.9 million or 19% for the quarter, as the higher revenue was partially offset by unfavourable sales mix (lower product support to total revenue), lower gross margins and higher expenses.
- Operating income was up \$9.0 million or 25% to \$44.5 million for the year-to-date period, reflecting higher revenue and improved gross margins, partially offset by higher expense levels supporting growth. Operating income margin increased to 11.4% (2024 – 10.4%) reflecting overall good execution.

- Bookings increased 35% in the third quarter to \$76.9 million, and increased 13% for the year-to-date period to \$217.6 million. For the year, higher bookings in Canada, up 28%, were partially offset by lower bookings in the US, down 9%. Industrial bookings were 45% higher while recreational bookings were 10% lower. Booking activity can be variable over time based on customer decision making and construction schedules.
- Backlog of \$341.5 million as at September 30, 2025 was up \$65.7 million or 24% from September 2024. Backlog in the US was strong, up 46% from this time last year, while backlog in Canada was also up 13%.

Financial Position

- Toromont's share price of \$154.52 at the end of September 2025, translated to a market capitalization⁽¹⁾ of \$12.6 billion and a total enterprise value⁽¹⁾ of \$12.3 billion.
- The Company maintained a strong financial position. Leverage as represented by the net debt to total capitalization⁽¹⁾ ratio was -9% at the end of September 2025, compared to -9% at the end of December 2024 and -1% at the end of September 2024. The change in ratio from this time last year reflects continuing cash inflow from operations, partially offset by investment in working capital, capital expenditures and two business acquisitions.
- There were no purchases of shares in the third quarter of 2025 under the Normal Course Issuer Bid program. The Company purchased and cancelled 337,500 common shares for \$40.3 million in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2025 (673,000 common shares for \$82.7 million in 2024).
- The Board of Directors approved the regular quarterly dividend of \$0.52 cents per share. The dividend will be payable on January 5, 2026 to shareholders of record at the close of business on December 5, 2025.
- The Company's return on equity⁽¹⁾ was 17.5% at the end of September 2025, on a trailing twelve-month basis, compared to 19.2% at the end of December 2024 and 19.4% at the end of September 2024. Trailing twelve-month pre-tax return on capital employed⁽¹⁾ was 23.3% at the end of September 2025, compared to 25.7% at the end of December 2024 and 26.3% at the end of September 2024.
- During the quarter, on July 11, 2025, the Company completed the early redemption of its 10-year, 3.71% senior debentures, which were due on September 30, 2025. The 2025 debentures were redeemed at par, plus accrued and unpaid interest, for a total of approximately \$151.6 million. The redemption of the debentures was completed with cash on hand.

"We continue to monitor the economic and political environment in which we operate and focus on operating disciplines, including expense management and balance sheet optimization," stated John M. Doolittle, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Toromont Industries Ltd. "The ongoing trade tensions create additional variability and uncertainty for every company engaged in cross border trade. Our team is monitoring and developing an appropriate action plan to navigate the potential impacts over the short and longer term when details become available. We will maintain our focus on operating and financial disciplines to manage our cost structure, while we invest in capacity and capabilities to provide exceptional service to our customers today and in the future. Our long-term, disciplined approach to deploying capital is even more important in this economic environment and our return on capital targets remain a top priority. The order backlog and our operating disciplines, along with our strong balance sheet, position us well for the future."

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING RESULTS

All comparative figures in this press release are for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. All financial information presented in this press release has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), except as noted below, and are reported in Canadian dollars. This press release contains only selected financial and operational highlights and should be read in conjunction with Toromont's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes and Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"), as at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, which are available on SEDAR at www.sedarplus.ca and on the Company's website at www.toromont.com.

Additional information is contained in the Company's filings with Canadian securities regulators, including the 2024 Annual Report and 2025 Annual Information Form, which are available on SEDAR and the Company's website.

QUARTERLY CONFERENCE CALL AND WEBCAST

Interested parties are invited to join the quarterly conference call with investment analysts, in listen-only mode, on Friday, October 31, 2025 at 8:00 a.m. (EDT). The call may be accessed by telephone at 1-888-699-1199 (North American toll free) or 416-945-7677 (Toronto area). A replay of the conference call will be available until Friday, November 7, 2025 by calling 1-888-660-6345 (North American toll free) or 289-819-1450 (Toronto area) and quoting passcode 96417#. The live webcast can also be accessed at www.toromont.com.

Presentation materials to accompany the call will be available on our website.

NON-GAAP AND OTHER FINANCIAL MEASURES

Management believes that providing certain non-GAAP measures provides users of the Company's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and MD&A with important information regarding the operational performance and related trends of the Company's business. By considering these measures in combination with the comparable IFRS measures set out below, management believes that users are provided a better overall understanding of the Company's business and its financial performance during the relevant period than if they simply considered the IFRS measures alone.

The non-GAAP measures used by management do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and are therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. Accordingly, these measures should not be considered as a substitute or alternative for net income or cash flow, in each case as determined in accordance with IFRS.

Management also uses key performance indicators to enable consistent measurement of performance across the organization. These KPIs are non-GAAP financial measures, do not have a standardized meaning under IFRS and may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers.

Gross Profit / Gross Profit Margin

Gross Profit is defined as total revenue less cost of goods sold.

Gross Profit Margin is defined as gross profit (defined above) divided by total revenue.

Operating Income / Operating Income Margin

Operating income is defined as net earnings from operations before interest expense, interest and investment income and income taxes and is used by management to assess and evaluate the financial performance of its operating segments. Financing and related interest charges cannot be attributed to business segments on a meaningful basis that is comparable to other companies. Business segments do not correspond to income tax jurisdictions and it is believed that the allocation of income taxes distorts the historical comparability of the performance of the business segments.

Operating income margin is defined as operating income (defined above) divided by total revenue.

(\$ thousands)	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30		September 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net earnings	\$ 140,618	\$ 130,951	\$ 339,401	\$ 350,220
<i>plus:</i> Interest expense	9,167	7,202	26,500	21,240
<i>less:</i> Interest and investment income	(9,730)	(11,662)	(30,727)	(43,049)
<i>plus:</i> Income taxes	49,470	48,408	123,582	130,594
Operating income	\$ 189,525	\$ 174,899	\$ 458,756	\$ 459,005
Total revenue	\$ 1,314,870	\$ 1,337,992	\$ 3,780,955	\$ 3,714,210
Operating income margin	14.4%	13.1%	12.1%	12.4%

Net Debt to Total Capitalization/Equity and Net Debt/Equity

Net debt to total capitalization/equity and net debt/equity are calculated as net debt divided by total capitalization and shareholders' equity, respectively, as defined below, and are used by management as measures of the Company's financial leverage.

Net debt is calculated as long-term debt plus current portion of long-term debt less cash and cash equivalents. Total capitalization is calculated as shareholders' equity plus net debt.

The calculations are as follows:

(\$ thousands)	September 30 2025	December 31 2024	September 30 2024
Long-term debt	\$ 796,179	\$ 498,518	\$ 498,237
Current portion of long-term debt	—	149,910	150,000
<i>less:</i> Cash and cash equivalents	1,060,356	890,815	670,727
Net debt	(264,177)	(242,387)	(22,490)
Shareholders' equity	3,167,907	2,955,393	2,899,540
Total capitalization	\$ 2,903,730	\$ 2,713,006	\$ 2,877,050
Net debt to total capitalization	(9)%	(9)%	(1)%
Net debt to equity	(0.08):1	(0.08):1	(0.01):1

Market Capitalization & Total Enterprise Value

Market capitalization represents the total market value of the Company's equity. It is calculated by multiplying the closing share price of the Company's common shares by the total number of common shares outstanding.

Total enterprise value represents the total value of the Company and is often used as a more comprehensive alternative to market capitalization. It is calculated by adding debt/net debt (defined above) to market capitalization.

The calculations are as follows:

<i>(\$ thousands, except for shares and share price)</i>	September 30 2025	December 31 2024	September 30 2024
Outstanding common shares	81,371,745	81,300,574	81,937,472
<i>times: Ending share price</i>	\$ 154.52	\$ 113.64	\$ 132.02
Market capitalization	\$ 12,573,562	\$ 9,238,997	\$ 10,817,385
Long-term debt	\$ 796,179	\$ 498,518	\$ 498,237
Current portion of long-term debt	—	149,910	150,000
<i>less: Cash and cash equivalents</i>	1,060,356	890,815	670,727
Net debt	\$ (264,177)	\$ (242,387)	\$ (22,490)
Total enterprise value	\$ 12,309,385	\$ 8,996,610	\$ 10,794,895

Order Bookings and Backlog

Order bookings represent the retail value of firm equipment or project orders received during a period. Backlog is defined as the retail value of equipment units ordered by customers with future delivery, and the remaining retail value of package/project orders remaining to be recognized in revenue under the percentage of completion method. Management uses order backlog as a measure of projecting future equipment and project deliveries. There are no directly comparable IFRS measures for order bookings or backlog.

Return on Capital Employed ("ROCE")

ROCE is utilized to assess both current operating performance and prospective investments. The adjusted earnings numerator used for the calculation is income before income taxes, interest expense and interest income (excluding interest on rental conversions). The denominator in the calculation is the monthly average capital employed, which is defined as net debt plus shareholders' equity, also referred to as total capitalization, adjusted for discontinued operations.

(\$ thousands)	Trailing twelve months ended		
	September 30 2025	December 31 2024	September 30 2024
Net earnings	\$ 495,697	\$ 506,516	\$ 504,272
<i>plus:</i> Interest expense	33,915	28,655	28,362
<i>less:</i> Interest and investment income	(41,315)	(53,637)	(56,181)
<i>plus:</i> Interest income – rental conversions	4,467	3,635	3,614
<i>plus:</i> Income taxes	181,626	188,638	187,107
Adjusted net earnings	\$ 674,390	\$ 673,807	\$ 667,174
Average capital employed	\$ 2,898,037	\$ 2,621,627	\$ 2,538,075
Return on capital employed	23.3%	25.7%	26.3%

Return on Equity ("ROE")

ROE is monitored to assess profitability and is calculated by dividing net earnings by opening shareholders' equity (adjusted for shares issued and shares repurchased and cancelled during the period), both calculated on a trailing twelve month period.

(\$ thousands)	Trailing twelve months ended		
	September 30 2025	December 31 2024	September 30 2024
Net earnings	\$ 495,697	\$ 506,516	\$ 504,272
Opening shareholder's equity (net of adjustments)	\$ 2,828,415	\$ 2,636,834	\$ 2,596,115
Return on equity	17.5%	19.2%	19.4%

ADVISORY

Information in this press release that is not a historical fact is "forward-looking information". Words such as "plans", "intends", "outlook", "expects", "anticipates", "estimates", "believes", "likely", "should", "could", "would", "will", "may" and similar expressions are intended to identify statements containing forward-looking information. Forward-looking information in this press release reflects current estimates, beliefs, and assumptions, which are based on Toromont's perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors management believes are appropriate in the circumstances. Toromont's estimates, beliefs and assumptions are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive and other uncertainties and contingencies regarding future events and as such, are subject to change. Toromont can give no assurance that such estimates, beliefs and assumptions will prove to be correct. Toromont's assumptions underpinning forward-looking information include but are not limited to the following: none of the risks identified below materialize; there are no unforeseen changes to economic and market conditions; and, no significant events occur outside the ordinary course of business.

Numerous risks and uncertainties could cause the actual results to differ materially from the estimates, beliefs and assumptions expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to: business cycles, including general economic conditions in the countries in which Toromont operates; new tariffs and counter-tariffs imposed on cross-border trade, commodity price changes, including changes in the price of precious and base metals; inflationary pressures; potential risks and uncertainties relating to a potential new world health issue; increased regulation of or restrictions placed on our businesses; changes in foreign exchange rates, including the Cdn\$/US\$ exchange rate; the termination of distribution or original equipment manufacturer agreements; equipment product acceptance and availability of supply, including reduction or disruption in supply or demand for our products stemming from external factors; increased competition; credit of third parties; additional costs associated with warranties and maintenance contracts; changes in interest rates; the availability and cost of financing; level and volatility of price and liquidity of Toromont's common shares; potential environmental liabilities and changes to environmental regulation; information technology failures, including data or cybersecurity breaches; failure to attract and retain key employees as well as the general workforce; damage to the reputation of Caterpillar, product quality and product safety risks which could expose Toromont to product liability claims and negative publicity; new, or changes to current, federal and provincial laws, rules and regulations including changes in infrastructure spending; any requirement to make contributions or other payments in respect of registered defined benefit pension plans or postemployment benefit plans in excess of those currently contemplated; increased insurance premiums; and risk related to integration of acquired operations including cost of integration and ability to achieve the expected benefits. Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive.

Any of the above mentioned risks and uncertainties could cause or contribute to actual results that are materially different from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking information and statements included herein. For a further description of certain risks and uncertainties and other factors that could cause or contribute to actual results that are materially different, see the risks and uncertainties set out under the heading "Risks and Risk Management" and "Outlook" sections of Toromont's annual Management Discussion and Analysis dated February 11, 2025, as filed with Canadian securities regulators at www.sedarplus.ca or at our website www.toromont.com. Other factors, risks and uncertainties not presently known to Toromont or that Toromont currently believes are not material could also cause actual results or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied by statements containing forward-looking information.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on statements containing forward-looking information, which reflect Toromont's expectations only as of the date of this press release, and not to use such information for anything other than their intended purpose. Toromont disclaims any obligation to update or revise any

forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

ABOUT TOROMONT

Toromont Industries Ltd. operates through two business segments: the Equipment Group and CIMCO. The Equipment Group includes one of the larger Caterpillar dealerships by revenue and geographic territory, spanning the Canadian provinces of Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island, Québec, Ontario and Manitoba, in addition to most of the territory of Nunavut. The Equipment Group includes industry-leading rental operations and a complementary material handling business. CIMCO is one of North America's leading suppliers of thermal management solutions that enable customers to reduce energy consumption and emissions, use natural refrigerants, and monitor and control their operating environments autonomously. Both segments offer comprehensive product support capabilities. This press release and more information about Toromont Industries Ltd. can be found at www.toromont.com.

For more information contact:

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Chief Financial Officer
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FOOTNOTE

- (1) These financial metrics do not have a standardized meaning under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), which are also referred to herein as Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), and may not be comparable to similar measures used by other issuers. These measurements are presented for information purposes only. The Company's Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) includes additional information regarding these financial metrics, including definitions and a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measures, under the headings "Additional GAAP Measures", "Non-GAAP Measures" and "Key Performance Indicators."

TOROMONT INDUSTRIES LTD.
INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(Unaudited)

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30		September 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<i>(\$ thousands, except share amount)</i>				
Revenue	\$ 1,314,870	\$ 1,337,992	\$ 3,780,955	\$ 3,714,210
Cost of goods sold	963,405	1,010,202	2,847,087	2,807,347
Gross profit	351,465	327,790	933,868	906,863
Selling and administrative expenses	161,940	152,891	475,112	447,858
Operating income	189,525	174,899	458,756	459,005
Interest expense	9,167	7,202	26,500	21,240
Interest and investment income	(9,730)	(11,662)	(30,727)	(43,049)
Income before income taxes	190,088	179,359	462,983	480,814
Income taxes	49,470	48,408	123,582	130,594
Net earnings	\$ 140,618	\$ 130,951	\$ 339,401	\$ 350,220
Earnings per share				
Basic	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.60	\$ 4.18	\$ 4.27
Diluted	\$ 1.72	\$ 1.59	\$ 4.15	\$ 4.23
Weighted average number of shares outstanding				
Basic	81,280,506	81,930,534	81,264,687	82,109,395
Diluted	81,940,745	82,545,416	81,785,529	82,703,042

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") comments on the operations, performance and financial condition of Toromont Industries Ltd. ("Toromont" or the "Company") as at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, compared to the preceding year. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, the annual MD&A contained in the 2024 Annual Report and the audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements reported herein have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 – *Interim Financial Reporting* as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and are reported in Canadian dollars. This MD&A is dated as at October 30, 2025.

Additional information is contained in the Company's filings with Canadian securities regulators, including the Company's 2024 Annual Report and the 2025 Annual Information Form. These filings are available on SEDAR at www.sedarplus.ca and on the Company's website at www.toromont.com.

Introduction

Toromont Industries Ltd. operates through two business segments: the Equipment Group and CIMCO. The Equipment Group includes one of the larger Caterpillar dealerships by revenue and geographic territory, spanning the Canadian provinces of Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island, Québec, Ontario and Manitoba, in addition to most of the territory of Nunavut. The Equipment Group includes industry-leading rental operations and a complementary material handling business. CIMCO is one of North America's leading suppliers of thermal management solutions that enable customers to reduce energy consumption and emissions, use natural refrigerants, and monitor and control their operating environments autonomously. Both segments offer comprehensive product support capabilities. This document and more information about Toromont Industries Ltd. can be found at www.toromont.com.

Use of Non-IFRS Financial Measures

The MD&A presents certain financial and operating performance measures that management believes provide meaningful information in assessing Toromont's underlying performance. Readers are cautioned that these measures may not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. Accordingly, non-IFRS or non-Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. Definitions, reconciliations and an explanation of how the Company's non-IFRS and non-GAAP measures provide useful information to an investor are included in the "Additional GAAP Measures", "Non-GAAP Measures" and "Key Performance Indicators" sections of this report.

Forward-Looking Information

Information in this MD&A that is not a historical fact is "forward-looking information". Words such as "plans", "intends", "outlook", "expects", "anticipates", "estimates", "believes", "likely", "should", "could", "would", "will", "may" and similar expressions are intended to identify statements containing forward-looking information. Forward-looking information in this MD&A reflects current estimates, beliefs, and assumptions, which are based on Toromont's perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors management believes are appropriate in the circumstances. Toromont's estimates, beliefs and assumptions are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive and other uncertainties

and contingencies regarding future events and as such, are subject to change. Toromont can give no assurance that such estimates, beliefs and assumptions will prove to be correct. Toromont's assumptions underpinning forward-looking information include but are not limited to the following: none of the risks identified below materialize; there are no unforeseen changes to economic and market conditions; and, no significant events occur outside the ordinary course of business.

Numerous risks and uncertainties could cause the actual results to differ materially from the estimates, beliefs and assumptions expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to: business cycles, including general economic conditions in the countries in which Toromont operates; new tariffs and counter-tariffs imposed on cross-border trade, commodity price changes, including changes in the price of precious and base metals; inflationary pressures; potential risks and uncertainties relating to a potential new world health issue; increased regulation of or restrictions placed on our businesses; changes in foreign exchange rates, including the Cdn\$/US\$ exchange rate; the termination of distribution or original equipment manufacturer agreements; equipment product acceptance and availability of supply, including reduction or disruption in supply or demand for our products stemming from external factors; increased competition; credit of third parties; additional costs associated with warranties and maintenance contracts; changes in interest rates; the availability and cost of financing; level and volatility of price and liquidity of Toromont's common shares; potential environmental liabilities and changes to environmental regulation; information technology failures, including data or cybersecurity breaches; failure to attract and retain key employees as well as the general workforce; damage to the reputation of Caterpillar, product quality and product safety risks which could expose Toromont to product liability claims and negative publicity; new, or changes to current, federal and provincial laws, rules and regulations including changes in infrastructure spending; any requirement to make contributions or other payments in respect of registered defined benefit pension plans or postemployment benefit plans in excess of those currently contemplated; increased insurance premiums; and risk related to integration of acquired operations including cost of integration and ability to achieve the expected benefits. Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive.

Any of the above mentioned risks and uncertainties could cause or contribute to actual results that are materially different from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking information and statements included herein. For a further description of certain risks and uncertainties and other factors that could cause or contribute to actual results that are materially different, see the risks and uncertainties set out under the heading "Risks and Risk Management" and "Outlook" sections of Toromont's annual Management Discussion and Analysis dated February 11, 2025, as filed with Canadian securities regulators at www.sedarplus.ca or at our website www.toromont.com. Other factors, risks and uncertainties not presently known to Toromont or that Toromont currently believes are not material could also cause actual results or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied by statements containing forward-looking information.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on statements containing forward-looking information, which reflect Toromont's expectations only as of the date of this MD&A, and not to use such information for anything other than their intended purpose. Toromont disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

BUSINESS COMBINATION

On January 31, 2025, the Company acquired 60% of the shares of AVL Manufacturing Inc. ("AVL") for consideration of \$67.5 million cash plus the issuance of 110.4 thousand Toromont shares. In addition, the Company has committed to purchase the remaining 40% at various dates through to 2031. The initial purchase price was funded with cash on hand. AVL is a leader in the design and fabrication of power generation and storage enclosures. At the time of acquisition AVL had operations in Hamilton, Ontario, which has subsequently expanded to the US. AVL currently serves the data centre market across eastern North America. The Company has not yet finalized its determination of fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The acquisition, while accretive, is not expected to have an overall material impact on Toromont's combined revenue, earnings or interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position in the near-term.

The acquisition was accounted for as a business combination and the results of AVL have been included in the Equipment Group from the date of acquisition. For further information, refer to note 3 "Business Combination" in the notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Production at AVL has been expanding since the date of acquisition supporting the healthy order backlog and building demand. Hiring and development of production capacity continues. Revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 were \$77.9 million and \$157.0 million respectively. As part of the accounting for the acquisition, the company recognized intangible assets related to order backlog and customer relationships, both of which are amortized over time. Certain other non-cash expenses are also charged as a result of the acquisition accounting related to the commitment for purchase of the remaining shares of AVL. Non-cash expenses recognized for these items amounted to \$27.0 and \$57.0 million respectively (pre-tax basis), for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025. Net income for AVL after consideration of amortization of intangibles recognized at acquisition was approximately \$0.05 and \$0.02 per share respectively.

In Q2 2025, the Company acquired a facility in Charlotte, North Carolina for approximately \$60.0 million to expand production capacity and serve the eastern US market. The facility commenced the first phase of production during the third quarter of 2025.

CONSOLIDATED OPERATING RESULTS

	Three months ended September 30				Nine months ended September 30			
	2025	2024	\$ change	% change	2025	2024	\$ change	% change
<i>(\$ thousands, except per share amounts)</i>								
REVENUE	\$ 1,314,870	\$ 1,337,992	\$ (23,122)	(2)%	\$ 3,780,955	\$ 3,714,210	\$ 66,745	2 %
Cost of goods sold	963,405	1,010,202	(46,797)	(5)%	2,847,087	2,807,347	39,740	1 %
Gross profit ¹	351,465	327,790	23,675	7 %	933,868	906,863	27,005	3 %
Selling and administrative expenses	161,940	152,891	9,049	6 %	475,112	447,858	27,254	6 %
OPERATING INCOME¹	189,525	174,899	14,626	8 %	458,756	459,005	(249)	— %
Interest expense	9,167	7,202	1,965	27 %	26,500	21,240	5,260	25 %
Interest and investment income	(9,730)	(11,662)	1,932	(17)%	(30,727)	(43,049)	12,322	(29)%
Income before income taxes	190,088	179,359	10,729	6 %	462,983	480,814	(17,831)	(4)%
Income taxes	49,470	48,408	1,062	2 %	123,582	130,594	(7,012)	(5)%
NET EARNINGS	\$ 140,618	\$ 130,951	\$ 9,667	7 %	\$ 339,401	\$ 350,220	\$ (10,819)	(3)%
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.60	\$ 0.13	8 %	\$ 4.18	\$ 4.27	\$ (0.09)	(2)%
KEY RATIOS:								
Gross profit margin ¹	26.7%	24.5%			24.7%	24.4%		
Selling and administrative expenses as a % of revenue	12.3%	11.4%			12.6%	12.1%		
Operating income margin ¹	14.4%	13.1%			12.1%	12.4%		
Income taxes as a % of income before income taxes	26.0%	27.0%			26.7%	27.2%		

Profitability improved in the third quarter of 2025 compared to last year, and compared to the first half of the year, benefiting from a \$13.7 million pre-tax gain on disposition of a property. Excluding this, operating income was up \$0.9 million or 1% from the similar quarter last year. Equipment Group revenues were lower as expected, with declines in mining, which is coming off a comparatively strong quarter of capital investment, partially offset by revenues at the newly acquired business, AVL. While uncertain market conditions persist, end customer purchasing decisions and activity are somewhat mixed, however rental and product support revenues increased. CIMCO revenue increased on continuing strong demand for its products and services. Gross profit margins improved compared to prior year on improved efficiencies and better sales mix. Expense levels reflect continued support for key operational focus areas. Net interest expense was significantly higher than the prior period reflecting both higher interest expense as a result of higher borrowings, as well as lower interest income earned on cash on hand due to lower interest rates.

Revenue decreased \$23.1 million or 2% for the quarter from the comparable period last year on lower revenue in the Equipment Group, partially offset by higher revenue at CIMCO. Revenue in the Equipment Group decreased 4% as lower equipment deliveries in mining were partially offset by higher rental, product support activity, and revenue from the acquired business. CIMCO revenue increased 22% in the quarter on higher package revenue and product support activity.

Revenue for the year-to-date period increased 2% from the comparable period last year to \$3.8 billion. Equipment Group revenue was comparable to last year on revenue at the acquired business, along with higher rentals and product support revenue, offset by lower mining equipment sales. CIMCO revenue increased 15% versus last year on higher package revenue and product support activity.

¹ Non-IFRS financial measures/non-GAAP ratios. For further details, see the sections titled "Additional GAAP Measures", "Non-GAAP Measures" and "Key Performance Measures". Non-GAAP financial measures and non-GAAP financial ratios do not have a standardized meaning under IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures presented by other issuers.

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Gross profit margin increased 220 basis points ("bps") in the quarter to 26.7% versus the comparable period last year. Equipment Group margins increased 250 bps on higher equipment and product support margins, along with a favourable sales mix (a higher proportion of product support revenue to total). CIMCO margins decreased 70 bps in the quarter reflecting lower product support margins and an unfavourable sales mix (lower product support to total revenue).

Gross profit margin increased 30 bps to 24.7% year-to-date versus the comparable period last year. Equipment Group margins increased 20 bps year-to-date, on higher equipment margins and a favourable sales mix partially offset by lower rental and product support margins. CIMCO margins increased 20 bps year-to-date on higher package margins, partially offset by an unfavourable sales mix and lower product support margins.

Selling and administrative expenses increased \$9.0 million or 6% in the quarter compared to last year. The Company sold a property during the quarter resulting in a pre-tax capital gain of \$13.7 million. Expenses at the acquired business were \$8.8 million. Excluding these two items, expenses increased \$13.9 million or 9%. Compensation costs were approximately \$3.8 million higher year over year, reflective of regular salary increases. Salaried headcount is largely unchanged year over year. Sales-related expenses increased \$4.9 million year-over-year, reflecting continued investment. All other expenses such as travel, training, occupancy and information technology costs have increased on continued investment for future growth and inflationary effects. Allowance for doubtful accounts expense increased \$1.1 million compared to the similar period last year, with a focus on collections. Mark-to-market ("MTM") adjustments on deferred share units ("DSUs") resulted in a \$3.7 million increase in expense, as a result of the higher relative share price in the current period.

Selling and administrative expenses for the year-to-date period increased \$27.3 million or 6% compared to the similar period last year. The Company sold a property during the quarter resulting in a pre-tax capital gain of \$13.7 million. The acquired company added \$25.7 million to expenses, including expenses related to acquisition accounting. Excluding these two items, selling and administrative expenses increased \$15.3 million or 3% compared to the same period last year. Compensation costs increased \$3.4 million, reflecting regular salary increases partially offset by lower profit sharing accruals on the lower income. Sales related expenses, including such things as advertising, promotion, travel and training, increased \$9.1 million year over year, reflecting continued investment. Other expenses such as occupancy, information technology costs, professional and consulting fees, and depreciation on recent capital investments increased \$4.2 million on continued investment for future growth and inflationary effects. Allowance for doubtful accounts expense decreased \$5.6 million compared to the similar period last year, reflecting good collections and improvements on certain exposures. Mark-to-market adjustments on DSUs resulted in a \$4.2 million increase in expense, as a result of the slightly higher share price. Overall, selling and administrative expenses increased 50 bps as a percentage of revenue (12.6% versus 12.1% last year).

Operating income increased \$14.6 million or 8% in the quarter to \$189.5 million. Excluding the property gain noted above, operating income increased \$0.9 million or 1% compared to Q3 2024. On a year-to-date basis operating income was relatively unchanged at \$458.8 million. Excluding the gain on property disposition, operating income decreased \$13.6 million or 3% compared to the similar period last year. Operating income as a percentage of revenue decreased 30 bps in the year-to-date period (12.1% versus 12.4% last year), reflecting higher expense levels, partially offset by improved gross margins and the property disposition gain.

Interest expense increased \$2.0 million to \$9.2 million during the quarter and year-to-date increased \$5.3 million to \$26.5 million, reflecting higher borrowings with new senior debentures which were issued in March 2025.

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Interest and investment income decreased \$1.9 million in the quarter and decreased \$12.3 million year-to-date, on lower interest rates.

The effective income tax rate was 26.0% in the quarter and 26.7% on a year-to-date basis, compared to 27.0% and 27.2% respectively in 2024.

Net earnings increased \$9.7 million or 7% to \$140.6 million for the quarter and decreased \$10.8 million or 3% to \$339.4 million year-to-date. Basic earnings per share ("EPS") increased 8% to \$1.73 for the quarter and decreased 2% to \$4.18 year-to-date, reflecting the change in net earnings.

The Company reported an other comprehensive income of \$14.1 million in the third quarter of 2025. This included an actuarial gain on post-employment benefit plans of \$7.8 million after-tax for the quarter. This gain reflects changes in the actuarial valuation, as well as changes in the fair value of pension plan assets. Other comprehensive income also included a favourable net change in the fair value of cash flow hedges of \$5.5 million after tax. These changes reflect mark-to-market differences in the value of foreign exchange derivative contracts designated as cash flow hedges and reflect underlying USD/CAD exchange rates at period end compared to contract date.

In the third quarter of 2024, other comprehensive loss was \$5.7 million, which included an actuarial loss of \$1.5 million and a unfavourable net change in the fair value of cash flow hedges of \$3.7 million.

BUSINESS SEGMENT OPERATING RESULTS

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those of the consolidated entity. Management evaluates overall business segment performance based on revenue growth, operating income relative to revenue and return on capital employed. Corporate expenses are allocated based on each segment's revenue. Interest expense and interest and investment income are not allocated.

Equipment Group

(\$ thousands)	Three months ended September 30				Nine months ended September 30			
	2025	2024	\$ change	% change	2025	2024	\$ change	% change
Equipment sales and rentals								
New	\$ 455,204	\$ 535,468	\$ (80,264)	(15)%	\$ 1,397,598	\$ 1,424,614	\$ (27,016)	(2)%
Used	80,825	75,706	5,119	7 %	214,345	228,123	(13,778)	(6)%
Rentals	150,629	142,835	7,794	5 %	384,496	349,210	35,286	10 %
Total equipment sales and rentals	686,658	754,009	(67,351)	(9)%	1,996,439	2,001,947	(5,508)	— %
Product support	471,018	454,035	16,983	4 %	1,386,406	1,364,367	22,039	2 %
Power generation	2,359	2,777	(418)	(15)%	7,026	8,301	(1,275)	(15)%
Total revenue	\$ 1,160,035	\$ 1,210,821	\$ (50,786)	(4)%	\$ 3,389,871	\$ 3,374,615	\$ 15,256	— %
Operating income	\$ 171,270	\$ 159,528	\$ 11,742	7 %	\$ 414,262	\$ 423,526	\$ (9,264)	(2)%
KEY RATIOS:								
Product support revenue as a % of total revenue	40.6%	37.5%			40.9%	40.4%		
Operating income margin	14.8%	13.2%			12.2%	12.6%		
Group total revenue as a % of consolidated revenue	88.2%	90.5%			89.7%	90.9%		

The Equipment Group executed well in the third quarter, with good deliveries against order backlog, while activity levels reflect the economic environment which continues to impact end customer demand. Revenue declined as revenue from the acquired business, along with higher rental and product support revenue was more than offset by lower new equipment sales as expected in the mining segment. Operating income in the third quarter included a pre-tax gain of \$13.7 million on the sale of a property. Excluding this gain, operating income was 1% lower for the quarter, as expected, given a strong comparator, which reflected market dynamics in play at that time, along with the higher expenses.

Total equipment sales (new and used) decreased \$75.1 million or 12% in the quarter. New equipment sales decreased 15% in the quarter, with lower mining deliveries against a strong comparable, partially offset by higher power systems revenues, which includes revenue from the acquired business. Used equipment sales increased 7% in the quarter, largely driven by improved activity in the mining and construction markets. Rental fleet dispositions were similar to last year in the quarter while sales of used equipment from trades and purchases have increased slightly, reflecting supply and demand dynamics. Overall, the change in total equipment sales revenue by market segments were as follows for the quarter: construction markets down 4%, mining down 60%, power systems up 102%, and material handling up 6%.

Total equipment sales (new and used) decreased \$40.8 million or 2% year-to-date, reflecting lower mining deliveries against a strong comparable, partially offset by order backlog and revenue at the acquired business. New equipment sales decreased 2% year-to-date, with a decrease in mining (as expected due to mining delivery schedules), partially offset by increases in construction and power systems markets, including the acquired business. Used equipment sales decreased 6% year-to-date in most markets, the decrease predominantly lead by a lower construction market, slightly offset by improved mining market activity. Overall, the change in total equipment sales revenue by market segments were as follows for the first nine months of the year: construction markets relatively unchanged, mining down 39%, power systems up 72%, and material handling up 15%.

Rental revenue increased \$7.8 million (+5%) in the quarter and increased \$35.3 million (+10%) year-to-date, generally reflecting the larger fleet and improved activity in certain markets, however market conditions remain

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relatively soft. Revenue changed quarter-over-quarter (year-to-date) in each market as follows: heavy equipment fleet was 24% higher (+20%), light equipment fleet was 2% lower (+5%); material handling rentals was 26% higher (+22%); and power rentals was 20% lower (-17%). Revenue from the RPO fleet (rent with a purchase option) increased 73% in the quarter (+60% year-to-date), reflecting a larger fleet, with \$103.7 million at September 30, 2025 versus \$81.1 million at September 30, 2024.

Product support revenue increased \$17.0 million or 4% in the quarter and increased \$22.0 million or 2% year-to-date. Parts revenue increased 2% in the quarter and was relatively unchanged year-to-date, on market activity and product support sales mix. Service revenue increased in both the quarter (+8%) and year-to-date (+6%) on the higher technician workforce. Product support revenue change by market in the quarter (first nine months of the year) was as follows: construction markets up 11% (+2%), mining down 3% (+1%), power systems up 1% (+6%) and material handling up 6% (-3%).

Gross profit margins increased 250 bps in the quarter and increased 20 bps year-to-date compared to the same periods last year. Equipment margins were up 110 bps in the quarter (up 40 bps year-to-date) reflecting market dynamics in play in both periods. Rental margins were relatively unchanged in the quarter (down 30 bps year-to-date) on a higher cost of fleet additions. Product support margins increased 30 bps in the quarter (down 10 bps year-to-date) reflecting nature of work and sales mix. Sales mix was favourable in both the quarter and on a year-to-date basis, reflecting a higher proportion of product support revenue to total revenue in each period, increasing margins 110 bps and 20 bps respectively.

Selling and administrative expenses increased \$5.6 million or 4% in the quarter, and increased \$22.2 million or 6% for the first nine months of 2025. Excluding the gain on property disposition and the acquired business in 2025, selling and administrative expenses increased \$10.5 million or 8% in the quarter and \$10.5 million or 3% in the first nine months of 2025. Higher expense reflect continuing investment in key strategic areas. Compensation costs were higher in both periods reflecting staffing levels and regular salary increases, partially offset by lower profit sharing accruals on the lower income. Other expenses such as training, travel and occupancy costs have increased in light of sales levels, planned investment and inflation. Selling and administrative expenses were 60 basis points higher as a percentage of revenue on a year-to-date basis (12.3% versus 11.7% last year).

Operating income increased \$11.7 million or 7% to \$171.3 million in the quarter and decreased \$9.3 million or 2% to \$414.3 million for the year-to-date. During the quarter a property was sold resulting in a pre-tax capital gain of \$13.7 million. Excluding this gain, operating income decreased \$2.0 million or 1% in the quarter and decreased \$23.0 million or 5% year-to-date, reflecting lower activity levels and higher expenses. The acquired business continues to increase production, however did not contribute meaningfully to operating income given expenses arising from purchase price accounting, including such items as amortization of intangibles and the setup of the new US facility. Operating income as a percentage of revenue was 12.2% on a year-to-date basis, primarily reflecting the higher relative expense levels, including acquisition-related items.

Bookings and Backlog

<i>(\$ millions)</i>	2025	2024	\$ change	% change
Bookings – three months ended September 30	\$ 548.8	\$ 367.5	\$ 181.3	49 %
Bookings – nine months ended September 30	\$ 1,688.5	\$ 1,499.1	\$ 189.4	13 %
Backlog – as at September 30	\$ 923.4	\$ 803.7	\$ 119.7	15 %

New bookings increased \$181.3 million or 49% in the third quarter. Construction markets were marginally higher, with bookings up 2%, reflecting more normalized demand dynamics. Power systems, which includes the acquired business, saw strong order activity, up 388% on good demand for our products. Material handling

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order intake was down 42% (versus a strong comparable) in the quarter on lower customer demand due to unfavourable market conditions and economic uncertainties. Mining markets are lumpy or cyclical due to the nature of the business and were down 43% as expected from the third quarter last year which was a strong comparable.

Year-to-date bookings increased \$189.4 million or 13% to \$1.7 billion. Bookings were up in construction (+7%), power systems (+193%) and material handling (+12%). Mining bookings were lower (down 47%) against a strong comparable.

Backlog of \$923.4 million at September 30, 2025, was up \$119.7 million or 15% from this time last year. Backlog at the recently acquired AVL operation was \$278.4 million at September 30, 2025. Excluding this, backlog was 20% lower compared to the same time last year, reflecting good deliveries against customer orders over the last twelve months, along with good new order intake over the same period. As at September 30, 2025, the composition of backlog by market was as follows: construction 22%; mining 11%; power systems 62%; and material handling 5%. Approximately 80% of the backlog is expected to be delivered over the next twelve months, however this is subject to timing of vendor supply and customer delivery schedules.

Bookings and backlog can vary significantly from period to period on large project activities (particularly in mining and power systems), the timing of orders and deliveries with customers (which are in turn reflective of economic factors, construction schedules and general activity levels), and the availability of equipment from either inventory or suppliers.

CIMCO

(\$ thousands)	Three months ended September 30				Nine months ended September 30			
	2025	2024	\$ change	% change	2025	2024	\$ change	% change
Package sales	\$ 89,180	69,486	19,694	28 %	\$ 213,474	\$ 173,304	\$ 40,170	23 %
Product support	65,655	57,685	7,970	14 %	177,610	166,291	11,319	7 %
Total revenue	\$ 154,835	\$ 127,171	\$ 27,664	22 %	\$ 391,084	\$ 339,595	\$ 51,489	15 %
Operating income	\$ 18,255	\$ 15,371	\$ 2,884	19 %	\$ 44,494	\$ 35,479	\$ 9,015	25 %
KEY RATIOS:								
Product support revenue as a % of total revenue	42.4%	45.4%			45.4%	49.0%		
Operating income margin	11.8%	12.1%			11.4%	10.4%		
Group total revenue as a % of consolidated revenue	11.8%	9.5%			10.3%	9.1%		

CIMCO continued to deliver solid results in the third quarter driven by good execution in both Canada and the US, against a strong order backlog, resulting in good package revenue growth. Product support activity continued to demonstrate healthy growth in Canada, supported by the larger technician workforce. Operating income increased on the higher revenue and good execution, partially offset by lower gross margins, unfavourable sales mix (lower product support revenue to total revenue) and higher expenses to support activity and growth.

Package revenue was up \$19.7 million or 28% in the quarter, with an increase in the recreational market (up 67%), moderately offset by a decrease in the industrial market (down 18%). Revenue in Canada was up 10%, with recreational activity up 86%, largely offset by lower industrial revenue, down 28%. Revenue in the

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US increased 61%, with stronger revenue in both the recreational (up 55%) and industrial (up 138%) markets. Package revenue reflects the progress of project construction applying the percentage-of-completion method of accounting, and as such, introduces a degree of variability as the timing of construction schedules are largely influenced by third-party schedules (contractors and end-customers).

Year-to-date, package sales increased \$40.2 million or 23% compared to the similar period in the prior year, with a 60% increase in the recreational market, while industrial market was largely unchanged. Revenue in Canada was up 10%, with recreational revenue up 87%, partially offset by lower industrial revenue down 16%. The US increased 55%, with higher revenue in both the industrial (up 104%) and recreational (up 38%) markets.

Product support revenue increased in both the third quarter (up \$8.0 million or 14%) and first nine months of the year (\$11.3 million or 7%). Revenue in Canada increased 17% in the quarter and 8% year-to-date reflecting higher activity levels. In the US, revenue was unchanged from last year for the quarter, but was up 2% year-to-date, with a stronger start to the year.

Gross profit margins decreased 70 bps in the quarter and increased 20 bps year-to-date versus the comparable periods of 2024. Package margins reflect good execution and the nature of projects in process for both periods, driving a 60 bps increase year-to-date (unchanged for the quarter). Product support margins decreased 50 bps in the quarter and 10 bps year-to-date. Improving execution and efficiency continues to be a focus. For both the quarter and year-to-date, margins were dampened by an unfavourable sales mix, which resulted in a 20 bps and 30 bps reduction in gross margin respectively, on a lower proportion of product support revenue to total revenue (as package revenue growth outpaced product support growth).

Selling and administrative expenses increased \$3.4 million or 18% in the quarter and increased \$5.1 million or 10% for the first nine months of the year. Compensation costs increased reflecting higher staffing levels, annual salary increases and higher profit sharing accruals on the higher earnings. Other expenditures such as travel, training and information technology expenses increased to support activity levels. As a percentage of revenue, selling and administrative expenses decreased to 14.8% in the first nine months of 2025 versus 15.6% for the similar period last year.

Operating income increased \$2.9 million or 19% for the quarter largely reflecting the higher revenue, partially offset by unfavourable sales mix (lower product support to total revenue), lower gross margins and higher expenses. On a year-to-date basis, operating income increased \$9.0 million or 25%, reflecting to some degree similar trends as noted for the quarter. Operating income as a percentage of revenue improved to 11.4% on a year-to-date basis compared to 10.4% for the similar period last year.

Bookings and Backlog

<i>(\$ millions)</i>	2025	2024	\$ change	% change
Bookings – three months ended September 30	\$ 76.9	\$ 56.8	\$ 20.1	35 %
Bookings – nine months ended September 30	\$ 217.6	\$ 192.5	\$ 25.1	13 %
Backlog – as at September 30	\$ 341.5	\$ 275.8	\$ 65.7	24 %

Bookings increased \$20.1 million or 35% to \$76.9 million in the quarter on stronger bookings in the industrial market, with good orders in both Canada and the US. Industrial market bookings were up \$23.7 million (+186%), while the recreational market was down \$3.5 million (-8%). Recreational bookings were slightly up in the US (+4%), more than offset by lower bookings in Canada (-27%). Generally activity reflected good strategic capital investment levels, however order bookings can be lumpy reflective of timing of end-user schedules and timing of buying decisions.

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On a year-to-date basis, bookings increased \$25.1 million or 13% to \$217.6 million, with higher bookings in the industrial market, partially offset by lower bookings in the recreational market. Industrial orders were up 45%, with an increase in Canada (+94%) partially offset by a decrease in the US (-41%) against a strong comparable. Recreational orders decreased 10%, with a decrease in Canada (-24%), slightly offset by an increase in the US (+10%).

Backlog of \$341.5 million increased \$65.7 million or 24% compared to September 30, 2024, with higher backlog in both the recreational and industrial markets. Recreational backlog was 10% higher. Industrial backlog increased 37%. Backlog was higher in both regions, with a 13% increase in Canada and a 46% increase in the US. Approximately 75% of the backlog is expected to be realized as revenue over the next twelve months, however this is subject to construction schedules.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Company maintained a strong financial position. At September 30, 2025, the ratio of net debt to total capitalization¹ was -9% (net cash position), compared to -9% at December 31, 2024, and -1% at September 30, 2024. Return on equity¹ ("ROE") was 17.5% on a trailing twelve-months basis at September 30, 2025, compared to 19.4% for the comparable period last year. Toromont's share price of \$154.52 at the end of September 2025, translated to a market capitalization¹ of \$12.6 billion and a total enterprise value¹ of \$12.3 billion.

Non-cash Working Capital

The Company's investment in non-cash working capital was \$958.4 million at September 30, 2025. The major components, along with the changes from prior periods, are identified in the following table.

(\$ thousands)	September 30	September 30	Change		December 31	Change	
	2025	2024	\$	%	2024	\$	%
Accounts receivable	\$ 733,981	\$ 688,029	\$ 45,952	7 %	\$ 628,671	\$ 105,310	17 %
Inventories	1,128,520	1,334,540	(206,020)	(15)%	1,321,567	(193,047)	(15)%
Other current assets	29,123	29,389	(266)	(1)%	22,074	7,049	32 %
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(568,265)	(626,305)	58,040	(9)%	(667,907)	99,642	(15)%
Provisions	(33,390)	(29,526)	(3,864)	13 %	(30,675)	(2,715)	9 %
Income tax recoverable	20,468	19,431	1,037	5 %	8,267	12,201	nm
Derivative financial instruments	2,729	(4,355)	7,084	nm	19,352	(16,623)	(86)%
Dividends payable	(42,300)	(39,315)	(2,985)	8 %	(39,127)	(3,173)	8 %
Deferred revenue and contract liabilities	(312,506)	(276,003)	(36,503)	13 %	(331,946)	19,440	(6)%
Total non-cash working capital	\$ 958,360	\$ 1,095,885	\$ (137,525)	(13)%	\$ 930,276	\$ 28,084	3 %

Accounts receivable increased 7% from September 30, 2024, reflecting the slower collection activity and accounts receivable from the recently acquired AVL operation. Days sales outstanding ("DSOs") increased 1 day to 48 days overall, mainly reflecting an increase in DSO at the Equipment Group (up 2 days), offset by an improvement by CIMCO (down 10 days). Collection activity and credit metrics are being closely monitored.

¹ Non-IFRS financial measures/non-GAAP ratios. For further details, see the sections titled "Additional GAAP Measures", "Non-GAAP Measures" and "Key Performance Measures". Non-GAAP financial measures and non-GAAP financial ratios do not have a standardized meaning under IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures presented by other issuers.

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In comparison to December 31, 2024, accounts receivable increased 17%, reflecting 3% higher trailing revenue and slower collections, in addition to accounts receivable added as a result of the acquisition. DSO was 40 days at December 31, 2024.

Inventories at September 30, 2025 decreased 15% compared to September 30, 2024, with decreases in both Groups:

- Equipment Group inventories were down \$204.3 million or 16%, with lower equipment (down \$219.7 million or 28%) and parts (down \$22.9 million or 6%), partially offset by higher work-in-progress (up \$38.3 million or 29%). Equipment inventory levels were lower on executed deliveries against order backlog and inventory management initiatives. Parts decreased in light of higher activity levels, price increases and foreign exchange rates on US sourced supplies have also served to decrease inventory. Work-in-process levels reflect higher activity levels, as well as the newly acquired AVL operation.
- CIMCO inventories were down \$1.8 million or 4%, as work-in-process levels decreased \$0.8 million (down 2%), reflecting timing of project construction and product support schedules. Parts inventory decreased \$1.0 million (down 15.5%), reflecting the higher usage rate given the increased volume of product support activity.

Inventories at September 30, 2025 were 15% lower compared to December 31, 2024, mainly due to a decrease in the Equipment Group, slightly offset by an increase at CIMCO:

- Equipment Group inventories were down \$198.0 million or 15% with lower equipment (down \$204.8 million or 27%) and parts inventories (down \$22.1 million or 6%), partially offset by an increase in work-in-process (up \$28.9 million or 21%). Inventory levels are typically lowest at the end of the year due to seasonality, with inventories building during the year in advance of the busier selling period. This pattern has been impacted in part due to the timing of customer deliveries, purchasing in light of economic uncertainty, trade tensions, and inventories related to the acquired AVL operation.
- CIMCO inventories were up \$5.0 million or 12%, largely on higher work-in-process levels (up \$5.3 million or 15%).

Other current assets are comprised of prepaid expenses and vendor deposits. These vary over time based on timing of ordering, receipt of invoice, vendor terms and payment.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at September 30, 2025, were 9% lower than at September 30, 2024, largely reflecting timing of purchase and payment for inventory and other suppliers, partially offset by balances at the acquired company.

In comparison to December 31, 2024, accounts payable and accrued liabilities decreased 15%, mainly reflecting the timing of purchase and payment for inventory and other suppliers, as well as the payment of annual performance bonuses, partially offset by balances at the acquired company.

Income tax recoverable reflects the difference between tax installments and current income tax expense.

Derivative financial instruments represent the fair value of foreign exchange contracts. From time to time, Toromont enters into forward contracts and other foreign exchange hedging products to manage its exposure to changes in exchange rates related to transactions denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar, but does not hold or issue such financial instruments for speculative trading purposes. Fluctuations in the value of the Canadian dollar have led to a cumulative net gain of \$2.7 million as at September 30, 2025. This is not expected to affect net earnings as the unrealized gain will offset future loss on the related hedged items, either current accounts payable or future transactions.

Dividends payable increased compared to September 30 and December 31, 2024, reflecting the higher dividend rate. The dividend rate was increased 8.3% effective with the first quarter of 2025, which represented the 36th year of consecutive dividend increases.

Deferred revenue and contract liabilities represent billings to customers in excess of revenue recognized.

- In the Equipment Group, these balances arise due to: progress billings from the sale of power and energy systems; long-term product support maintenance contracts; and, customer deposits for equipment to be delivered in the future. As at September 30, 2025, these were up 13% compared to September 30, 2024, as the balances at the acquired company and higher progress billings from the sale of power and energy systems, were predominantly offset by lower customer deposits reflecting delivery of equipment over the last twelve months. Compared to December 31, 2024, deferred revenue was down 8% reflecting balances at the recently acquired company of approximately \$55.2 million, more than offset by lower customer deposits on order delivery.
- At CIMCO, these balances arise on progress billings from the sale of refrigeration packages and vary depending on timing of billings compared to customer's construction schedules. As at September 30, 2025, these were up 14% versus September 30, 2024, and up 4% versus December 31, 2024, reflecting in part the higher order backlog.

Legal and Other Contingencies

Due to the size, complexity and nature of the Company's operations, various legal matters are pending. Exposure to these claims is mitigated through levels of insurance coverage considered appropriate by management and by active management of these matters. In the opinion of management, none of these matters will have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Normal Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB")

The Company's NCIB program was renewed in September 2025. The current issuer bid allows the Company to purchase up to 8.1 million common shares during the 12-month period ending September 22, 2026. All shares purchased under the bid will be cancelled.

The Company purchased and cancelled 337,500 common shares for \$40.3 million (average cost of \$119.32 per share, including transaction costs) during the nine months ended September 30, 2025.

The Company maintains an Automatic Share Purchase Plan ("ASPP") with a broker to enable the purchase of common shares under the NCIB during regular trading blackout periods. The volume of the purchases are determined by the broker based on share price and maximum volume parameters established by the Company prior to the commencement of each blackout period. As at September 30, 2025, there was no obligation for the repurchase of shares under the ASPP.

The Company purchased and cancelled 673,000 common shares for \$82.7 million (average cost of \$122.96 per share, including transaction costs) during the nine months ended September 30, 2024. As at September 30, 2024, there was no obligation for the repurchase of shares under the ASPP.

Long-term Incentive Plan ("LTIP")

A total of 30,524 restricted share units ("RSUs") and 78,426 performance share units ("PSUs") were outstanding under the LTIP as at September 30, 2025, including reinvested dividends.

For the third quarter ended September 30, 2025, LTIP expense of \$1.4 million (2024 – \$1.4 million) was included in selling and administrative expenses with a credit to contributed surplus. For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, LTIP expense of \$4.2 million (2024 – \$4.0 million) was included in selling and administrative expenses with a credit to contributed surplus.

Outstanding Share Data

As at the date of this MD&A, the Company had 81,375,745 common shares and 1,339,064 share options outstanding.

Dividends

The Company declared and paid the following dividends to common shareholders during the last eight quarters.

Record Date	Payment Date	Dividend Amount per Share	Dividends Paid in Total (\$ millions)
Dec. 8, 2023	Jan. 4, 2024	\$0.43	\$35.4
Mar. 8, 2024	Apr. 4, 2024	\$0.48	\$39.5
Jun. 7, 2024	Jul. 5, 2024	\$0.48	\$39.3
Sep. 6, 2024	Oct. 2, 2024	\$0.48	\$39.3
Dec. 6, 2024	Jan. 6, 2025	\$0.48	\$39.1
Mar. 7, 2025	Apr. 4, 2025	\$0.52	\$42.3
Jun. 6, 2025	Jul. 3, 2025	\$0.52	\$42.2
Sep. 5, 2025	Oct. 3, 2025	\$0.52	\$42.3

The Board of Directors increased the quarterly dividend by 8.3% or 4 cents per share, to 52 cents per common share on February 11, 2025.

The next dividend will be payable on January 5, 2026 to shareholders of record at the close of business on December 5, 2025.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Sources of Liquidity

Toromont's liquidity requirements can be met through a variety of sources, including cash on hand, cash generated from operations, long and short-term borrowings and the issuance of common shares. Borrowings are obtained through a variety of senior debentures, notes payable and committed credit facilities.

Toromont's debt portfolio is unsecured, unsubordinated and ranks pari passu.

Effective March 21, 2025, the Company amended its existing \$500.0 million committed revolving credit facility and extended the term of the agreement to March 2030, with a syndicate of financial institutions. Debt under

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this facility is unsecured and ranks pari passu with debt outstanding under Toromont's existing debentures. Interest is based on a floating rate, primarily bankers' acceptances and prime, plus applicable margins and fees based on the terms of the credit facility.

No amounts have been drawn on the revolving credit facility as at September 30, 2025, December 31, 2024 and September 30, 2024.

Standby letters of credit issued utilized \$46.5 million of the facility as at September 30, 2025 (December 31, 2024 – \$40.8 million; September 30, 2024 – \$39.0 million).

On March 28, 2025, the Company issued senior unsecured debentures in an aggregate principal amount of \$300.0 million (the "Debentures"). The Debentures mature in 2030 and bear interest at a rate of 3.76% per annum, payable semi-annually. The Debentures are unsecured, unsubordinated and rank pari passu with other unsecured, unsubordinated debt. The net proceeds were used to pay the principal owing on the outstanding 3.71% senior debentures due September 30, 2025 and redeemed on July 11, 2025, and for general corporate purposes.

During the quarter, on July 11, 2025, the Company completed the early redemption of its 10-year, 3.71% senior debentures, which were due on September 30, 2025. The 2025 debentures were redeemed at par, plus accrued and unpaid interest, for a total of approximately \$151.6 million. The redemption of the debentures was completed with cash on hand.

The Company expects that continued cash flows from operations, together with cash and cash equivalents on hand and currently available credit facilities will be more than sufficient to fund requirements for investments in working capital and capital assets. The Company also has a certain degree of flexibility in its operating and investing plans to mitigate fluctuations.

Principal Components of Cash Flow

Cash from operating, investing and financing activities, as reflected in the Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, are summarized in the following table:

(\$ thousands)	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	\$ 1,028,631	\$ 803,832	\$ 890,815	\$ 1,040,757
Cash, provided by (used in):				
Operating activities				
Operations	197,616	180,249	521,711	491,873
Change in non-cash working capital and other	60,906	(161,846)	(41,477)	(375,220)
Net rental fleet additions	(9,630)	(15,920)	(117,464)	(142,178)
	248,892	2,483	362,770	(25,525)
Investing activities	(36,802)	(91,328)	(184,759)	(159,917)
Financing activities	(180,901)	(44,016)	(7,564)	(184,807)
Effect of foreign exchange on cash and cash equivalents balances	536	(244)	(906)	219
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the period	\$ 31,725	\$ (133,105)	\$ 169,541	\$ (370,030)
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 1,060,356	\$ 670,727	\$ 1,060,356	\$ 670,727

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Operating activities provided cash in the third quarter of 2025 and 2024. On a year-to-date basis, operating activities provided cash in 2025 and used cash in 2024.

Cash generated from operations increased in both the quarter (up 10%) and on a year-to-date basis (up 6%) from the comparable periods last year, reflecting the lower net earnings more than offset by higher non-cash items, predominantly depreciation and amortization. Amortization of intangible assets acquired as part of AVL totalled \$26.0 million in the third quarter and \$54.0 million on a year-to-date basis.

Non-cash working capital and other generated cash in the third quarter of 2025, reflecting lower working capital levels on good deliveries against order backlog resulting in lower inventories. Non-cash working capital and other utilized cash in the third quarter of 2024, as working capital levels increased on higher accounts receivable balances reflecting revenue, along with increased inventory levels.

The components and changes in non-cash working capital are discussed in more detail in this MD&A under the heading "Consolidated Financial Condition".

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

During the quarter, the Company sold a property for proceeds of \$14.4 million resulting in a pre-tax capital gain of \$13.7 million or \$11.9 million after-tax, and reported in the Equipment Group. This impacts comparability of results in both the quarter and year-to-date.

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Investments in property, plant and equipment totalled \$49.5 million in the third quarter of 2025 (2024 – \$24.4 million) and related largely to:

- \$31.7 million additions for land, buildings and construction in process for new and upgraded facilities across the business (2024 – \$10.3 million);
- \$10.4 million for normal replacement of service and delivery vehicles (2024 – \$10.2 million);
- \$1.5 million for upgrades and enhancements to information technology infrastructure and office furniture (2024 – \$0.7 million); and
- \$5.9 million for machinery and equipment replacements and upgrades (2024 – \$3.2 million).

For the year-to-date period, investments in property, plant and equipment totalled \$153.8 million (2024 – \$93.6 million), including approximately \$60.0 million invested in the second quarter for expansion of AVL production capacity in the US. Total disposition proceeds for the first nine months of 2025 were \$16.4 million (2024 – \$1.3 million).

Business acquisitions used cash of \$47.5 million, net of cash acquired, in the nine months ended September 30, 2025, primarily related to the acquisition of AVL. In the comparable period of 2024, business acquisitions used cash of \$67.5 million, for the purchase of the assets and operations of Tri-City Equipment Rentals. See note 3 to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements for further information on these transactions.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

During the third quarter of 2025, financing activities used \$180.9 million (2024 – used \$44.0 million) in cash, major uses and sources of cash during the quarter included:

- Dividends paid to common shareholders of \$42.2 million or \$0.52 per share (2024 – \$39.3 million or \$0.48 per share);
- Net cash received on exercise of share options and settlement of RSUs and PSUs of \$14.3 million (2024 – \$5.5 million);
- Repayment of senior debentures used \$150.0 million (2024 – \$nil);
- Purchase of shares under the NCIB program used \$nil (2024 – \$7.8 million); and,
- Lease liability payments of \$3.0 million (2024 – \$2.4 million).

For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, financing activities used \$7.6 million (2024 – used \$184.8 million) in cash, major uses and sources of cash during the period included:

- Dividends paid to common shareholders of \$123.6 million or \$1.52 per share (2024 – \$114.2 million or \$1.39 per share);
- Net cash received on exercise of share options and settlement of RSUs and PSUs of \$17.8 million (2024 – \$19.7 million);
- Issue of senior debentures generated \$300.0 million (2024 – \$nil);
- Debt issuance costs used \$3.0 million (2024 – \$0.1 million);
- Repayment of senior debentures used \$150.0 million (2024 – \$nil);
- Purchase of shares under the NCIB program of \$40.3 million (2024 – \$82.8 million); and,
- Lease liability payments of \$8.5 million (2024 – \$7.4 million).

OUTLOOK

With a long-term focus on growth and returns, we remain dedicated to our operating and financial disciplines to ensure our costs are well managed, while we invest in capacity and capabilities to provide exceptional service to our customers.

We continue to monitor regional, national and global economic factors, in particular, inflationary pressures from price and wage increases, interest rate changes and general economic health of the industries we serve. The recent trade tensions have created additional economic turbulence for every company engaged in cross border trade. Our team is engaged, monitoring and executing an appropriate action plan to navigate the potential impacts over the short and longer term when details become available. Foreign exchange rate volatility, and a weaker Canadian dollar are also being monitored given the majority of our supply of equipment and parts is sourced in US dollars. Hedging and pricing policies should limit bottom line exposure to changing exchange rates, however the impact on the economy as whole could be a factor. The global supply chain has improved gradually.

The Equipment Group's parts and service business provides stability supported by a large and diversified installed base of equipment. The long-term outlook for infrastructure projects and other construction activity is positive across most territories although tied somewhat to the general economic climate. Mine investment and expansion will remain dependent on global economic and financial conditions. We have had several years of significant deliveries to the mining industry which has impacted sales mix, however should support product support activity in the future as the machines are utilized. Power systems, particularly prime and stand-by power generation, continues to be in demand. Our investment in an enclosure manufacturer should support our position and future growth.

Investment continues in broadening product lines and service offerings, expanding and enhancing the branch network, optimizing rental fleets, and using technologies to create efficiency and effectiveness across the organization. Integration and alignment of operating processes and systems, best practices and culture, continues across our territory. Product support technologies, such as remote diagnostics, telematics and digital information models support and expand our strategic platform.

CIMCO's installed base supports current and future operations and growth trends. CIMCO has a wide product offering using natural refrigerants including innovative CO₂ solutions, which remains a differentiator in the markets they serve. In industrial markets, CIMCO's proven track record and strong geographical coverage provides growth opportunities. Current backlog is supportive of future activity.

The diversity of the markets served, expanding product offering and services, strong financial position and disciplined operating culture position the Company well for continued positive results in the long term.

QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following table summarizes quarterly consolidated financial data for the eight most recently completed quarters. This quarterly information is unaudited and has been prepared on the same basis as the 2024 annual audited consolidated financial statements.

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<i>(\$ thousands, except per share amounts)</i>	Q3 2025	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023
REVENUE								
Equipment Group	\$1,160,035	\$1,236,536	\$ 993,300	\$1,185,953	\$1,210,821	\$1,235,649	\$ 928,145	\$1,128,907
CIMCO	154,835	139,927	96,322	121,000	127,171	124,220	88,204	98,030
Total revenue	\$1,314,870	\$1,376,463	\$1,089,622	\$1,306,953	\$1,337,992	\$1,359,869	\$1,016,349	\$1,226,937
NET EARNINGS	\$ 140,618	\$ 124,347	\$ 74,436	\$ 156,296	\$ 130,951	\$ 135,350	\$ 83,919	\$ 154,052
PER SHARE INFORMATION:								
Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.53	\$ 0.92	\$ 1.91	\$ 1.60	\$ 1.65	\$ 1.02	\$ 1.87
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.72	\$ 1.52	\$ 0.91	\$ 1.90	\$ 1.59	\$ 1.64	\$ 1.01	\$ 1.86
Dividends paid per share	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.43
Weighted average common shares outstanding – basic (in thousands)	81,281	81,202	81,312	81,721	81,931	82,090	82,309	82,315

Interim period revenue and earnings historically reflect variability from quarter to quarter due to seasonality. This trend has been impacted in recent years by the pandemic and resulting impact on the economy, including global supply chains. Such factors or others may result in variations to historically experienced trends.

The Equipment Group has historically had a distinct seasonal trend in activity levels. Lower revenue is recorded during the first quarter due to winter shutdowns in the construction industry. The fourth quarter has typically been the strongest due in part to the timing of customers' capital investment decisions, delivery of equipment from suppliers for customer-specific orders and conversions of equipment on rent with a purchase option. This pattern can be impacted by the timing of significant sales to mining and other customers, resulting from the timing of mine site development and access, and construction project schedules. This trend can also be impacted during periods of equipment supply constraints from suppliers.

CIMCO has also had a distinct seasonal trend in results historically, as the timing of construction activity impacts revenue recognition under percentage-of-completion accounting. Revenue is typically lower during the first quarter as winter weather slows down construction schedules. Revenue increases in subsequent quarters as construction schedules ramp up. This trend can be impacted by governmental funding initiatives, supply constraints and the customer's timing of significant industrial projects. Sequential comparisons are also impacted by CIMCO's relatively high fixed cost structure.

Historically, inventories have increased through the year to meet the expected demand for higher deliveries in the third and fourth quarter. This trend can be impacted by equipment and parts availability. These seasonal sales trends also typically lead to accounts receivable to be at their highest level at year-end.

In 2023 and 2024, we saw gradual improvements to supply chain availability across most of our product offerings, which has effectively normalized over time.

Net earnings have generally followed the trend in revenue. Cost reduction and containment strategies continue to be a focus, however, have a delayed effect on net earnings.

Local and global economic factors, and supply chain issues have affected and may continue to impact these trends. There can be no certainty that this historical seasonal pattern will recur in the future.

RISKS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The significant risks and uncertainties affecting the Company and its business are discussed in the Company's MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2024 under "Risks and Risk Management".

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Accounting Policies

The material accounting policies used in the preparation of the accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used in the Company's 2024 audited annual consolidated financial statements, and described in note 2 therein, except as noted below.

Several amendments apply for the first time in 2025, but do not have an impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company. The Company has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires estimates and assumptions that affect the results of operations and financial position. By their nature, these judgments are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty and are based upon historical experience, trends in the industry and information available from outside sources. Management reviews its estimates on an ongoing basis. Different accounting policies, or changes to estimates or assumptions could potentially have a material impact, positive or negative, on Toromont's financial position and results of operations. See note 3 to the Company's 2024 audited annual consolidated financial statements, contained in the Company's 2024 Annual Report for a detailed discussion of significant accounting estimates. There have been no material changes to such significant accounting estimates during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The President and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in National Instrument 52-109 – *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings*, and have designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or have caused it to be designed under their supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that material information with respect to Toromont is made known to them by others and is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The CEO and CFO, together with management, are responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined by National Instrument 52-109 – *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings*, and have designed such internal control over financial reporting, or

caused it to be designed under their supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS.

In accordance with the provisions of National Instrument 52-109 – Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have limited the scope of their design of our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting to exclude the controls, policies, and procedures of AVL, which we acquired on January 31, 2025. The acquired AVL business contributed a relatively insignificant amount of revenue and net income in the the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025. Additionally, as at September 30, 2025, the total assets and total liabilities of the AVL operations represented approximately 5% and 7% of consolidated total assets and total liabilities, respectively. The design of the disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting of the acquired AVL operations will be completed for the fourth quarter of 2025.

There have been no changes in the design of the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, that would materially affect, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Due to its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. Also, a projection of the evaluation of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting to future periods is subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to the financial statement preparation and presentation. Internal controls over financial reporting may not prevent all errors and fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived or operated, can only provide reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met.

ADDITIONAL GAAP MEASURES

IFRS mandates certain minimum line items for financial statements and also requires presentation of additional line items, headings and subtotals when such presentation is relevant to an understanding of the Company's financial position or performance. IFRS also requires the notes to the financial statements to provide information that is not presented elsewhere in the financial statements, but is relevant to understanding them. Such measures outside of the minimum mandated line items are considered additional GAAP measures. The Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto include certain additional GAAP measures where management considers such information to be useful to the understanding of the Company's results.

Gross Profit

Gross Profit is defined as total revenue less cost of goods sold.

Operating Income

Operating income is defined as net earnings from operations before interest expense, interest and investment income and income taxes and is used by management to assess and evaluate the financial performance of its operating segments. Financing and related interest charges cannot be attributed to business segments on a meaningful basis that is comparable to other companies. Business segments do not correspond to income tax jurisdictions and it is believed that the allocation of income taxes distorts the historical comparability of the performance of the business segments.

(\$ thousands)	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30		September 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net earnings	\$ 140,618	\$ 130,951	\$ 339,401	\$ 350,220
<i>plus:</i> Interest expense	9,167	7,202	26,500	21,240
<i>less:</i> Interest and investment income	(9,730)	(11,662)	(30,727)	(43,049)
<i>plus:</i> Income taxes	49,470	48,408	123,582	130,594
Operating income	\$ 189,525	\$ 174,899	\$ 458,756	\$ 459,005
Total revenue	\$ 1,314,870	\$ 1,337,992	\$ 3,780,955	\$ 3,714,210
Operating income margin	14.4%	13.1%	12.1%	12.4%

Net Debt to Total Capitalization/Equity and Net Debt/Equity

Net debt to total capitalization/equity and net debt/equity are calculated as net debt divided by total capitalization and shareholders' equity, respectively, as defined below, and are used by management as measures of the Company's financial leverage.

Net debt is calculated as long-term debt plus current portion of long-term debt less cash and cash equivalents. Total capitalization is calculated as shareholders' equity plus net debt.

The calculations are as follows:

(\$ thousands)	September 30	December 31	September 30
	2025	2024	2024
Long-term debt	\$ 796,179	\$ 498,518	\$ 498,237
Current portion of long-term debt	—	149,910	150,000
<i>less:</i> Cash and cash equivalents	1,060,356	890,815	670,727
Net debt	(264,177)	(242,387)	(22,490)
Shareholders' equity	3,167,907	2,955,393	2,899,540
Total capitalization	\$ 2,903,730	2,713,006	2,877,050
Net debt to total capitalization	(9)%	(9)%	(1)%
Net debt to equity	(0.08):1	(0.08):1	(0.01):1

NON-GAAP MEASURES

Management believes that providing certain non-GAAP measures provides users of the Company's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements with important information regarding the operational

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performance and related trends of the Company's business. By considering these measures in combination with the comparable IFRS measures set out below, management believes that users are provided a better overall understanding of the Company's business and its financial performance during the relevant period than if they simply considered the IFRS measures alone.

The non-GAAP measures used by management do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and are therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. Accordingly, these measures should not be considered as a substitute or alternative for net income or cash flow, in each case as determined in accordance with IFRS.

Working Capital

Working capital is defined as total current assets less total current liabilities. Management views working capital as a measure for assessing overall liquidity.

<i>(\$ thousands)</i>	September 30 2025	December 31 2024	September 30 2024
Total current assets	\$ 2,983,994	\$ 2,890,746	\$ 2,742,611
less: Total current liabilities	965,278	1,219,565	1,125,999
Working capital	\$ 2,018,716	\$ 1,671,181	\$ 1,616,612

Non-Cash Working Capital

Non-cash working capital is defined as total current assets, excluding cash and cash equivalents, less total current liabilities, excluding current portion of long-term debt, if applicable.

<i>(\$ thousands)</i>	September 30 2025	December 31 2024	September 30 2024
Total current assets	\$ 2,983,994	\$ 2,890,746	\$ 2,742,611
less: Cash and cash equivalents	1,060,356	890,815	670,727
	1,923,638	1,999,931	2,071,884
Total current liabilities	965,278	1,219,565	1,125,999
less: Current portion of long-term debt	—	149,910	150,000
	965,278	1,069,655	975,999
Non-cash working capital	\$ 958,360	\$ 930,276	\$ 1,095,885

Market Capitalization & Total Enterprise Value

Market capitalization represents the total market value of the Company's equity. It is calculated by multiplying the closing share price of the Company's common shares by the total number of common shares outstanding.

Total enterprise value represents the total value of the Company and is often used as a more comprehensive alternative to market capitalization. It is calculated by adding debt/net debt (defined above) to market capitalization.

TOROMONT INDUSTRIES LTD.
Management's Discussion and Analysis – 2025 Q3

The calculations are as follows:

<i>(\$ thousands, except for shares and share price)</i>	September 30 2025	December 31 2024	September 30 2024
Outstanding common shares	81,371,745	81,300,574	81,937,472
<i>times: Ending share price</i>	\$ 154.52	\$ 113.64	\$ 132.02
Market capitalization	\$ 12,573,562	\$ 9,238,997	\$ 10,817,385
Long-term debt	\$ 796,179	\$ 498,518	\$ 498,237
Current portion of long-term debt	—	149,910	150,000
<i>less: Cash and cash equivalents</i>	1,060,356	890,815	670,727
Net debt	\$ (264,177)	\$ (242,387)	\$ (22,490)
Total enterprise value	\$ 12,309,385	\$ 8,996,610	\$ 10,794,895

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS ("KPIs")

Management uses key performance indicators to enable consistent measurement of performance across the organization. These KPIs are non-GAAP financial measures, do not have a standardized meaning under IFRS and may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers.

Gross Profit Margin

This measure is defined as gross profit (defined above) divided by total revenue.

Operating Income Margin

This measure is defined as operating income (defined above) divided by total revenue.

Order Bookings and Backlog

Order bookings represent the retail value of firm equipment or project orders received during a period. Backlog is defined as the retail value of equipment units ordered by customers with future delivery, and the remaining retail value of package/project orders remaining to be recognized in revenue under the percentage of completion method. Management uses order backlog as a measure of projecting future equipment and project deliveries. There are no directly comparable IFRS measures for order bookings or backlog.

Return on Capital Employed ("ROCE")

ROCE is utilized to assess both current operating performance and prospective investments. The adjusted earnings numerator used for the calculation is income before income taxes, interest expense and interest income (excluding interest on rental conversions). The denominator in the calculation is the monthly average capital employed, which is defined as net debt plus shareholders' equity, also referred to as total capitalization, adjusted for discontinued operations.

	Trailing twelve months ended		
	September 30 2025	December 31 2024	September 30 2024
<i>(\$ thousands)</i>			
Net earnings	\$ 495,697	\$ 506,516	\$ 504,272
<i>plus:</i> Interest expense	33,915	28,655	28,362
<i>less:</i> Interest and investment income	(41,315)	(53,637)	(56,181)
<i>plus:</i> Interest income – rental conversions	4,467	3,635	3,614
<i>plus:</i> Income taxes	181,626	188,638	187,107
Adjusted net earnings	\$ 674,390	\$ 673,807	\$ 667,174
Average capital employed	\$ 2,898,037	\$ 2,621,627	\$ 2,538,075
Return on capital employed	23.3%	25.7%	26.3%

Return on Equity ("ROE")

ROE is monitored to assess profitability and is calculated by dividing net earnings by opening shareholders' equity (adjusted for shares issued and shares repurchased and cancelled during the period), both calculated on a trailing twelve month period.

	Trailing twelve months ended		
	September 30 2025	December 31 2024	September 30 2024
<i>(\$ thousands)</i>			
Net earnings	\$ 495,697	\$ 506,516	\$ 504,272
Opening shareholder's equity (net of adjustments)	\$ 2,828,415	\$ 2,636,834	\$ 2,596,115
Return on equity	17.5%	19.2%	19.4%

TOROMONT INDUSTRIES LTD.
INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(Unaudited)

(\$ thousands)	Note	September 30 2025	December 31 2024	September 30 2024
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 1,060,356	\$ 890,815	\$ 670,727
Accounts receivable		733,981	628,671	688,029
Inventories		1,128,520	1,321,567	1,334,540
Income taxes recoverable		27,664	8,267	19,926
Derivative financial instruments	7	4,350	19,352	—
Other current assets		29,123	22,074	29,389
Total current assets		2,983,994	2,890,746	2,742,611
Property, plant and equipment	4	734,418	624,552	597,759
Rental equipment	4	801,197	783,080	808,334
Other assets		122,439	99,787	94,264
Deferred tax assets		1,833	1,203	1,384
Goodwill and intangible assets	3	545,318	469,124	469,743
Total assets		\$ 5,189,199	\$ 4,868,492	\$ 4,714,095
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	10	\$ 610,565	\$ 707,034	\$ 665,620
Provisions		33,390	30,675	29,526
Deferred revenue and contract liabilities		312,506	331,946	276,003
Current portion of long-term debt	5, 7	—	149,910	150,000
Derivative financial instruments	7	1,621	—	4,355
Income taxes payable		7,196	—	495
Total current liabilities		965,278	1,219,565	1,125,999
Deferred revenue and contract liabilities		28,173	23,585	24,143
Long-term lease liabilities		46,355	32,487	29,679
Long-term debt	5, 7	796,179	498,518	498,237
Post-employment obligations		29,711	28,774	28,612
Other long-term liabilities	3	39,302	—	—
Deferred tax liabilities		116,294	110,170	107,885
Total liabilities		2,021,292	1,913,099	1,814,555
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	6	632,230	597,976	602,046
Contributed surplus		39,020	34,293	34,443
Retained earnings		2,491,932	2,309,784	2,262,802
Accumulated other comprehensive income		4,725	13,340	249
Total shareholders' equity		3,167,907	2,955,393	2,899,540
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		\$ 5,189,199	\$ 4,868,492	\$ 4,714,095

See accompanying notes

TOROMONT INDUSTRIES LTD.
INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(Unaudited)

(\$ thousands, except share amounts)	Note	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
		2025	2024	2025	2024
			September 30		September 30
Revenue	13	\$ 1,314,870	\$ 1,337,992	\$ 3,780,955	\$ 3,714,210
Cost of goods sold	4	963,405	1,010,202	2,847,087	2,807,347
Gross profit		351,465	327,790	933,868	906,863
Selling and administrative expenses		161,940	152,891	475,112	447,858
Operating income		189,525	174,899	458,756	459,005
Interest expense	8	9,167	7,202	26,500	21,240
Interest and investment income	8	(9,730)	(11,662)	(30,727)	(43,049)
Income before income taxes		190,088	179,359	462,983	480,814
Income taxes		49,470	48,408	123,582	130,594
Net earnings		\$ 140,618	\$ 130,951	\$ 339,401	\$ 350,220
Earnings per share					
Basic	9	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.60	\$ 4.18	\$ 4.27
Diluted	9	\$ 1.72	\$ 1.59	\$ 4.15	\$ 4.23
Weighted average number of shares outstanding					
Basic	9	81,280,506	81,930,534	81,264,687	82,109,395
Diluted	9	81,940,745	82,545,416	81,785,529	82,703,042

See accompanying notes

TOROMONT INDUSTRIES LTD.
INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited)

(\$ thousands)	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net earnings	\$ 140,618	\$ 130,951	\$ 339,401	\$ 350,220
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income taxes:				
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to net earnings:</i>				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	787	(438)	(1,105)	453
Unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges	8,860	(7,158)	(9,809)	11,149
Income tax (expense) recovery	(2,627)	1,861	2,227	(2,899)
Unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of income taxes	6,233	(5,297)	(7,582)	8,250
Realized (gains) losses on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges	(988)	2,184	99	(3,035)
Income tax expense (recovery)	256	(567)	(27)	790
Realized (gains) losses on cash flow hedges, net of income taxes	(732)	1,617	72	(2,245)
<i>Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to net earnings:</i>				
Remeasurement gain (loss) on defined benefit plans	10,641	(2,109)	9,843	23,267
Income tax (expense) recovery	(2,819)	560	(2,608)	(6,165)
Remeasurement gain (loss) on defined benefit plans, net of income taxes	7,822	(1,549)	7,235	17,102
Other comprehensive income (loss)	14,110	(5,667)	(1,380)	23,560
Total comprehensive income	\$ 154,728	\$ 125,284	\$ 338,021	\$ 373,780

See accompanying notes

TOROMONT INDUSTRIES LTD.
INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Unaudited)

(\$ thousands, except share amounts)	Share capital			Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)				Total shareholders' equity
	Number	Amount	Contributed surplus	Retained earnings	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Cash flow hedges	Total	
At January 1, 2025	81,300,574	\$ 597,976	\$ 34,293	\$ 2,309,784	\$ 4,988	\$ 8,352	\$ 13,340	\$ 2,955,393
Net earnings	—	—	—	339,401	—	—	—	339,401
Other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	7,235	(1,105)	(7,510)	(8,615)	(1,380)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	346,636	(1,105)	(7,510)	(8,615)	338,021
Exercise of share options	286,503	23,017	(3,556)	—	—	—	—	19,461
Share-based compensation plans	—	—	10,903	—	—	—	—	10,903
Settlement of RSUs and PSUs	11,721	973	(2,620)	—	—	—	—	(1,647)
Effect of share compensation plans	298,224	23,990	4,727	—	—	—	—	28,717
Business acquisition	110,447	12,800	—	—	—	—	—	12,800
Shares purchased for cancellation	(337,500)	(2,536)	—	(37,735)	—	—	—	(40,271)
Dividends declared	—	—	—	(126,753)	—	—	—	(126,753)
At September 30, 2025	81,371,745	\$ 632,230	\$ 39,020	\$ 2,491,932	\$ 3,883	\$ 842	\$ 4,725	\$ 3,167,907
At January 1, 2024	82,297,341	\$ 582,801	\$ 27,346	\$ 2,079,914	\$ 2,409	\$ (8,618)	\$ (6,209)	\$ 2,683,852
Net earnings	—	—	—	350,220	—	—	—	350,220
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	17,102	453	6,005	6,458	23,560
Total comprehensive income	—	—	—	367,322	453	6,005	6,458	373,780
Exercise of share options	313,131	23,286	(3,600)	—	—	—	—	19,686
Share-based compensation plans	—	—	10,697	—	—	—	—	10,697
Effect of share compensation plans	313,131	23,286	7,097	—	—	—	—	30,383
Shares purchased for cancellation	(673,000)	(4,041)	—	(66,257)	—	—	—	(70,298)
Dividends declared	—	—	—	(118,177)	—	—	—	(118,177)
At September 30, 2024	81,937,472	\$ 602,046	\$ 34,443	\$ 2,262,802	\$ 2,862	\$ (2,613)	\$ 249	\$ 2,899,540

See accompanying notes

TOROMONT INDUSTRIES LTD.
INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

(\$ thousands)	Note	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
		September 30		September 30	
		2025	2024	2025	2024
Operating activities					
Income from operations		\$ 140,618	\$ 130,951	\$ 339,401	\$ 350,220
Items not requiring cash:					
Depreciation and amortization		83,694	52,313	224,582	149,713
Share-based compensation		3,087	2,986	9,277	8,894
Post-employment obligations		963	1,516	2,989	1,570
Deferred income taxes		(13,517)	(2,193)	(27,131)	1,711
Gain on sale of rental equipment and property, plant and equipment		(17,229)	(5,324)	(27,407)	(20,235)
		197,616	180,249	521,711	491,873
Net change in non-cash working capital and other	12	60,906	(161,846)	(41,477)	(375,220)
Additions to rental equipment	4	(22,134)	(28,594)	(157,659)	(188,305)
Proceeds on disposal of rental equipment		12,504	12,674	40,195	46,127
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities		248,892	2,483	362,770	(25,525)
Investing activities					
Additions to property, plant and equipment	4	(49,531)	(24,410)	(153,844)	(93,575)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment		14,594	652	16,436	1,294
Business acquisition, net of cash acquired	3	(2,000)	(67,536)	(47,450)	(67,536)
Decrease in other assets		135	(34)	99	(100)
Cash used in investing activities		(36,802)	(91,328)	(184,759)	(159,917)
Financing activities					
Issuance of long-term senior debentures	5	—	—	300,000	—
Repayment of senior debentures	5	(150,000)	—	(150,000)	—
Financing fees		—	—	(2,996)	(103)
Dividends paid	6	(42,200)	(39,319)	(123,579)	(114,245)
Net cash received on long-term incentive plan exercise/settlements		14,259	5,504	17,814	19,686
Shares purchased for cancellation	6	—	(7,769)	(40,271)	(82,750)
Payment of lease liabilities		(2,960)	(2,432)	(8,532)	(7,395)
Cash used in financing activities		(180,901)	(44,016)	(7,564)	(184,807)
Effect of currency translation on cash balances		536	(244)	(906)	219
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the period		31,725	(133,105)	169,541	(370,030)
Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of the period		1,028,631	803,832	890,815	1,040,757
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of the period		\$ 1,060,356	\$ 670,727	\$ 1,060,356	\$ 670,727

Supplemental cash flow information (note 12)

See accompanying notes

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025

(\$ thousands, except where otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Corporate Information

Toromont Industries Ltd. (the "Company" or "Toromont") is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in Canada whose shares are publicly traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol TIH. The registered office is located at 3131 Highway 7 West, Concord, Ontario, Canada.

The Company operates through two business segments: the Equipment Group and CIMCO. The Equipment Group includes one of the larger Caterpillar dealerships by revenue and geographic territory, spanning the Canadian provinces of Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island, Québec, Ontario and Manitoba, in addition to most of the territory of Nunavut. The Equipment Group includes industry-leading rental operations and a complementary material handling business. CIMCO is one of North America's leading suppliers of thermal management solutions that enable customers to reduce energy consumption and emissions, use natural refrigerants, and monitor and control their operating environments autonomously. Both segments offer comprehensive product support capabilities.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation

a) Statement of Compliance

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 – *Interim Financial Reporting*. Accordingly, these interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all disclosures required for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited annual consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended December 31, 2024.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on October 30, 2025.

b) Basis of Presentation

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared on a historical cost basis, except for derivative instruments that have been measured at fair value. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is Toromont's functional currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousands, except where otherwise indicated.

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

c) Material Accounting Policies

The material accounting policies used in the preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Several amendments apply for the first time in 2025, but do not have an impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company. The Company has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025

(\$ thousands, except where otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

d) Use of Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of interim condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets, liabilities and accompanying disclosures. Significant estimates and judgments used in the preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are described in the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2024. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

3. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

AVL Manufacturing Inc. ("AVL")

On January 31, 2025, the Company acquired 60% of the shares of AVL for consideration of \$67.5 million cash plus the issuance of 110.4 thousand Toromont shares. In addition, the Company has committed to purchase the remaining 40% at various dates through to 2031. The initial purchase price was funded with cash on hand. AVL designs and fabricates power generation and storage enclosures. At the time of acquisition AVL had operations in Hamilton, Ontario, which has subsequently expanded to the US. AVL currently serves the data centre market across eastern North America. The Company has not yet finalized its determination of fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The acquisition, while accretive, is not expected to have an overall material impact on Toromont's combined revenue, earnings or interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position in the near-term.

The acquisition is accounted for as a business combination with Toromont as the acquirer of AVL. The acquisition has been accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. Results from AVL have been included in the interim condensed consolidated statements of income and interim condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income since the date of acquisition and are included in the Equipment Group.

The following table summarizes the fair value of consideration paid on the acquisition date.

Purchase Price

Cash consideration	\$	67,500
Issue of Toromont common shares		12,800
Future purchase commitment consideration (included in other long-term liabilities)		34,509
Total	\$	114,809

The purchase price allocation is preliminary and subject to adjustment on completion of the valuation process. The Company determined the preliminary fair values based on market information, independent valuations and management's estimates.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025
(\$ thousands, except where otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

Cash	\$ 24,050
Accounts receivable	30,921
Inventory	5,159
Other current assets	840
Property, plant and equipment	6,468
Right-of-use asset	17,324
Intangible assets	118,694
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(13,951)
Warranty provision	(500)
Deferred revenue	(35,925)
Right-of-use liability	(17,382)
Other long-term liabilities	(310)
Deferred income taxes	(32,217)
Net identifiable assets	103,171
Residual purchase price allocated to goodwill	11,639
Total	\$ 114,810

Accounts receivable represent gross contractual amounts receivable and reflect the best estimate at the acquisition date of the contractual cash flows expected to be collected.

Goodwill is attributed to the existing AVL business, the assembled workforce and the combined strategic value to the Company's growth plan. The amount assigned to goodwill is not expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Acquisition-related costs were expensed as incurred and are included in selling and administrative expenses.

The consolidated revenues and pre-tax earnings for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2025 as though the acquisition date had been January 1, 2025, would not be significantly different from those reported. These are unaudited pro forma figures and are not necessarily indicative of the combined results that would have been attained had the acquisition taken place at January 1, 2025, nor is it necessarily indicative of future results.

Tri-City Equipment Rentals ("Tri-City")

On September 9, 2024, the Company acquired the rental business and net operating assets of Tri-City, an industry leader in heavy equipment rentals with operations in Southwestern Ontario. The acquisition expands Toromont Cat's heavy rents business to better serve the Company's customer base.

The Company acquired the business and net operating assets of Tri-City in exchange for cash consideration of \$77.6 million, with \$73.6 million paid on closing in 2024, \$2.0 million paid in Q1 2025, and the remaining \$2.0 million was paid during the third quarter of 2025. Toromont funded the transaction with cash on hand.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025

(\$ thousands, except where otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RENTAL EQUIPMENT

	Property, plant and equipment					Rental equipment
	Land	Buildings	Equipment	Power generation	Total	
Cost						
January 1, 2025	\$ 196,768	\$ 426,138	\$ 420,737	\$ 40,460	\$ 1,084,103	\$ 1,423,468
Additions	25,277	86,838	41,729	—	153,844	157,659
Business combination (note 3)	—	2,700	3,768	—	6,468	—
Disposals	(1,275)	(3,665)	(12,001)	—	(16,941)	(72,195)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(6)	(133)	(342)	—	(481)	—
September 30, 2025	\$ 220,764	\$ 511,878	\$ 453,891	\$ 40,460	\$ 1,226,993	\$ 1,508,932
Accumulated depreciation						
January 1, 2025	\$ —	\$ 164,010	\$ 256,096	\$ 39,445	\$ 459,551	\$ 640,388
Depreciation expense	—	14,051	33,713	124	47,888	112,658
Depreciation of disposals	—	(3,017)	(11,585)	—	(14,602)	(45,311)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—	(30)	(232)	—	(262)	—
September 30, 2025	\$ —	\$ 175,014	\$ 277,992	\$ 39,569	\$ 492,575	\$ 707,735
Net book value – September 30, 2025	\$ 220,764	\$ 336,864	\$ 175,899	\$ 891	\$ 734,418	\$ 801,197

	Property, plant and equipment					Rental equipment
	Land	Buildings	Equipment	Power generation	Total	
Cost						
January 1, 2024	\$ 182,938	\$ 370,334	\$ 361,697	\$ 40,138	\$ 955,107	\$ 1,263,079
Additions	10,984	31,750	50,815	26	93,575	188,305
Business combination	2,800	2,800	1,172	—	6,772	62,650
Disposals	(87)	(409)	(11,127)	—	(11,623)	(86,751)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	3	67	175	—	245	—
September 30, 2024	\$ 196,638	\$ 404,542	\$ 402,732	\$ 40,164	\$ 1,044,076	\$ 1,427,283
Accumulated depreciation						
January 1, 2024	\$ —	\$ 148,538	\$ 229,309	\$ 38,341	\$ 416,188	\$ 580,710
Depreciation expense	—	11,662	28,606	826	41,094	98,321
Depreciation of disposals	—	(127)	(10,980)	—	(11,107)	(60,082)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—	16	126	—	142	—
September 30, 2024	\$ —	\$ 160,089	\$ 247,061	\$ 39,167	\$ 446,317	\$ 618,949
Net book value – September 30, 2024	\$ 196,638	\$ 244,453	\$ 155,671	\$ 997	\$ 597,759	\$ 808,334

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, depreciation expense of \$142.6 million was charged to cost of goods sold (2024 – \$125.0 million), and \$18.0 million was charged to selling and administrative expenses (2024 – \$14.4 million).

As at September 30, 2025, the balance of assets under construction or not yet available for use and not subject to depreciation was \$22.6 million (2024 – \$4.5 million).

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025

(\$ thousands, except where otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

	September 30 2025	December 31 2024	September 30 2024
Senior debentures			
3.71%, \$150.0 million, due September 30, 2025 ⁽¹⁾	\$ —	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000
3.84%, \$500.0 million, due October 27, 2027 ⁽¹⁾	500,000	500,000	500,000
3.76%, \$300.0 million, due March 28, 2030 ⁽¹⁾	300,000	—	—
	800,000	650,000	650,000
Debt issuance costs, net of amortization	(3,821)	(1,572)	(1,763)
Total long-term debt	\$ 796,179	\$ 648,428	\$ 648,237
Less: current portion of long-term debt	—	(149,910)	(150,000)
Non-current portion of long-term debt	\$ 796,179	\$ 498,518	\$ 498,237

⁽¹⁾ Interest payable semi-annually, principal due on maturity.

Effective March 21, 2025, the Company amended its existing \$500.0 million committed revolving credit facility and extended the term of the agreement to March 2030, with a syndicate of financial institutions. Debt under this facility is unsecured and ranks pari passu with debt outstanding under Toromont's existing debentures. Interest is based on a floating rate, primarily bankers' acceptances and prime, plus applicable margins and fees based on the terms of the credit facility.

No amounts have been drawn on the revolving credit facility as at September 30, 2025, December 31, 2024 and September 30, 2024.

Standby letters of credit issued utilized \$46.5 million of the facility as at September 30, 2025 (December 31, 2024 – \$40.8 million; September 30, 2024 – \$39.0 million).

On March 28, 2025, the Company issued senior unsecured debentures in an aggregate principal amount of \$300.0 million (the "Debentures"). The Debentures mature in 2030 and bear interest at a rate of 3.76% per annum, payable semi-annually. The Debentures are unsecured, unsubordinated and rank pari passu with other unsecured, unsubordinated debt.

During the quarter, on July 11, 2025, the Company completed the early redemption of its 10-year, 3.71% senior debentures, which were due on September 30, 2025. The 2025 debentures were redeemed at par, plus accrued and unpaid interest, for a total of approximately \$151.6 million. The redemption of the debentures was completed with cash on hand.

6. SHARE CAPITAL

Normal Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB")

The Company's NCIB program was renewed in September 2025. The current issuer bid allows the Company to purchase up to 8.1 million common shares during the 12-month period ending September 22, 2026. All shares purchased under the bid will be cancelled.

The Company purchased and cancelled 337,500 common shares for \$40.3 million (average cost of \$119.32 per share, including transaction costs) during the nine months ended September 30, 2025.

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The Company maintains an Automatic Share Purchase Plan ("ASPP") with a broker to enable the purchase of common shares under the NCIB during regular trading blackout periods. The volume of the purchases are determined by the broker based on share price and maximum volume parameters established by the Company prior to the commencement of each blackout period. As at September 30, 2025, there was no obligation for the repurchase of shares under the ASPP.

The Company purchased and cancelled 673,000 common shares for \$82.7 million (average cost of \$122.96 per share, including transaction costs) during the nine months ended September 30, 2024. As at September 30, 2024 there was no obligation for the repurchase of shares under the ASPP.

Dividends Declared

Dividend	2025				2024			
	Record date	Dividend amount per share	Payment date	Total dividends declared (\$ millions)	Record date	Dividend amount per share	Payment date	Total dividends declared (\$ millions)
Quarter 1	Mar. 7, 2025	\$ 0.52	Apr. 4, 2025	\$ 42.3	Mar. 8, 2024	\$ 0.48	Apr. 4, 2024	\$ 39.5
Quarter 2	Jun. 6, 2025	0.52	Jul. 3, 2025	42.2	Jun. 7, 2024	0.48	Jul. 5, 2024	39.4
Quarter 3	Sep. 6, 2025	0.52	Oct. 4, 2025	42.3	Sep. 6, 2024	0.48	Oct. 4, 2024	39.3
		\$ 1.56		\$ 126.8		\$ 1.44		\$ 118.2

On October 30, 2025, the Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.52 per common share, payable on January 5, 2026, to shareholders on record on December 5, 2025.

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial Assets and Liabilities – Classification and Measurement

The following table highlights the carrying amounts and classifications of certain financial assets and liabilities:

	September 30 2025	December 31 2024	September 30 2024
Other financial liabilities:			
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ —	\$ 149,910	\$ 150,000
Long-term debt	796,179	498,518	498,237
Derivative financial instruments assets (liabilities), net:			
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ 2,729	\$ 19,352	\$ (4,355)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of derivative financial instruments is measured using the discounted value of the difference between the contract's value at maturity based on the contracted foreign exchange rate and the contract's value at maturity based on the comparable foreign exchange rate as at year-end under the same conditions. The financial institution's credit risk is also taken into consideration in determining fair value. The valuation is determined using Level 2 inputs, which are observable inputs or inputs that can be corroborated by observable

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market data for substantially the full term of the asset or liability, most significantly foreign exchange spot and forward rates.

The fair value and carrying value of total long-term debt were as follows:

	September 30 2025	December 31 2024	September 30 2024
Total long-term debt:			
Fair value	\$ 810,333	\$ 653,673	\$ 653,256
Carrying value	\$ 796,179	\$ 648,428	\$ 648,237

The fair value was determined using the discounted cash flow method, a generally accepted valuation technique. The discounted factor is based on market rates for debt with similar terms and remaining maturities, and based on Toromont's credit risk. The Company has no plans to prepay these instruments prior to maturity.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.

Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedge Accounting

Foreign exchange contracts and options are transacted with financial institutions to hedge foreign-currency-denominated obligations related to purchases of inventory and sales of products. As at September 30, 2025, the Company was committed to: (i) US dollar purchase contracts with a notional amount of \$338.8 million at an average exchange rate of \$1.3724, maturing between October 2025 and September 2026; and (ii) US dollar sale contracts with a notional amount of \$159.0 million at an average exchange rate of \$1.3702, maturing between October 2025 and September 2026.

Management estimates that a gain of \$2.7 million (December 31, 2024 – gain of \$19.4 million; September 30, 2024 – loss of \$4.4 million) would be realized if the contracts were terminated on September 30, 2025. Certain of these forward contracts are designated as cash flow hedges and, accordingly, an unrealized gain of \$1.9 million (December 31, 2024 – unrealized gain of \$10.9 million; September 30, 2024 – unrealized loss of \$3.3 million) has been included in other comprehensive income (loss). These gains and losses are not expected to affect net earnings as the amounts will be reclassified to net earnings within the next 12 months and will offset losses recorded on the underlying hedged items, namely foreign-currency-denominated accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Certain of these forward contracts are not designated as cash flow hedges but are entered into for periods consistent with foreign currency exposure of the underlying transactions. A gain of \$0.8 million (December 31, 2024 – gain of \$8.5 million; September 30, 2024 – loss of \$1.1 million) on forward contracts not designated as hedges is included in net earnings, which offsets gains recorded on the foreign-currency-denominated items, namely accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

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8. INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSE

The components of interest expense were as follows:

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Credit facilities	\$ 590	\$ 414	\$ 1,269	\$ 1,235
Senior debentures	7,985	6,363	23,495	18,783
Interest on lease liabilities	592	425	1,736	1,222
	\$ 9,167	\$ 7,202	\$ 26,500	\$ 21,240

The components of interest and investment income were as follows:

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Interest on conversion of rental equipment	\$ 584	\$ 575	\$ 3,384	\$ 2,552
Interest income	9,146	11,087	27,343	40,497
	\$ 9,730	\$ 11,662	\$ 30,727	\$ 43,049

9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net earnings available to common shareholders	\$ 140,618	\$ 130,951	\$ 339,401	\$ 350,220
Weighted average common shares outstanding	81,280,506	81,930,534	81,264,687	82,109,395
Effect of dilutive securities	660,239	614,882	520,842	593,647
Weighted average common shares outstanding – diluted	81,940,745	82,545,416	81,785,529	82,703,042
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.60	\$ 4.18	\$ 4.27
Diluted	\$ 1.72	\$ 1.59	\$ 4.15	\$ 4.23

For both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, there were no outstanding share options which were considered anti-dilutive. For the comparative periods in 2024, 158,089 outstanding share options with an average exercise price of \$125.11 were considered anti-dilutive and were excluded from the calculations.

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10. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Share Option Plan

A reconciliation of the outstanding options for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was as follows:

	2025		2024	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
Options outstanding, January 1	1,458,651	\$ 85.61	1,783,993	\$ 78.50
Granted	192,443	122.02	160,960	125.11
Exercised ⁽¹⁾	(286,503)	67.93	(313,131)	62.87
Forfeited	(21,527)	109.62	(159,080)	92.86
Options outstanding, September 30	1,343,064	\$ 94.21	1,472,742	\$ 85.36
Options exercisable, September 30	850,849	\$ 80.57	930,011	\$ 72.25

⁽¹⁾ The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 was \$133.63 (2024 – \$122.97).

The following table summarizes share options outstanding and exercisable as at September 30, 2025:

Range of exercise prices	Options outstanding		Options exercisable		
	Number	Weighted average remaining life (years)	Weighted average exercise price	Number	Weighted average exercise price
\$36.65 – \$39.79	40,750	0.8	\$ 39.79	40,750	\$ 39.79
\$53.88 – \$65.72	185,115	3.1	61.16	185,115	61.16
\$66.22 – \$72.95	325,662	4.3	71.03	325,662	71.03
\$104.91 – \$125.11	791,537	7.5	114.28	299,322	108.50
	1,343,064	5.9	\$ 94.21	850,849	\$ 80.57

The fair values of the share options granted during 2025 and 2024 were determined at the time of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	2025	2024
Fair value price per option	\$ 24.52	\$ 27.86
Share price	\$ 122.02	\$ 125.11
Expected life of options (years)	5.00	5.00
Expected share price volatility	22.0%	22.0%
Expected dividend yield	1.70%	1.53%
Risk-free interest rate	2.89%	3.70%

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Deferred Share Unit ("DSU") Plans

A reconciliation of the cash-settled DSU plan for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was as follows:

	2025		2024	
	Number of DSUs	Value	Number of DSUs	Value
Outstanding, January 1	177,706	\$ 20,266	191,320	\$ 22,133
Dividend credits	2,332	270	2,060	251
Redemptions	(28,248)	(4,226)	(16,321)	(2,039)
Fair market value adjustments	—	7,027	—	2,888
Outstanding, September 30	151,790	\$ 23,337	177,059	\$ 23,233

The cost of the cash-settled DSU plan is recorded in selling and administrative expenses with the liability recorded in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

A reconciliation of the outstanding units of the equity-settled DSU plan for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was as follows:

	2025	2024
	Number of DSUs	Number of DSUs
Outstanding, January 1	62,674	33,360
Units taken or taken in lieu and dividends	26,827	25,092
Redemptions	(949)	—
Units transferred on settlement of RSUs and PSUs	13,283	—
Outstanding, September 30	101,835	58,452

The cost of the equity-settled DSU plan is recorded in selling and administrative expenses with a credit to contributed surplus.

Long-term Incentive Plan ("LTIP")

A reconciliation of the outstanding units of Restricted share unit ("RSUs") and Performance share unit ("PSUs") for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was as follows:

	2025		2024	
	RSUs	PSUs	RSUs	PSUs
Units outstanding, January 1	27,544	73,420	14,396	56,784
Granted	9,641	30,429	13,575	28,494
Reinvested dividends	343	892	218	774
LTIP settlement	(7,002)	(21,810)	—	—
Forfeited	(2)	(4,505)	(310)	(12,899)
Units outstanding, September 30	30,524	78,426	27,879	73,153

For the third quarter ended September 30, 2025, LTIP expense of \$1.4 million (2024 – \$1.4 million) was included in selling and administrative expenses with a credit to contributed surplus. For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, LTIP expense of \$4.2 million (2024 – \$4.0 million) was included in selling and administrative expenses with a credit to contributed surplus.

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11. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS

Employee future benefits expense includes the following components:

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Defined benefit plans	\$ 1,707	\$ 2,178	\$ 4,864	\$ 5,983
Defined contribution plans	5,141	5,107	15,543	14,962
401(k) matched saving plans	116	102	347	304
	\$ 6,964	\$ 7,387	\$ 20,754	\$ 21,249

12. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net change in non-cash working capital and other:				
Accounts receivable	\$ (24,774)	\$ (16,529)	\$ (74,389)	\$ (55,118)
Inventories	84,988	(34,868)	198,206	(214,525)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	22,122	(52,997)	(105,944)	12,066
Provisions	287	(1,279)	2,215	(743)
Deferred revenue and contract liabilities	(27,015)	(49,534)	(50,777)	(82,476)
Income taxes	10,501	3,183	(16,062)	(26,437)
Derivative financial instruments	(3,850)	2,319	6,913	(1,478)
Other	(1,353)	(12,141)	(1,639)	(6,509)
	\$ 60,906	\$ (161,846)	\$ (41,477)	\$ (375,220)
Cash paid during the period for:				
Interest	\$ 7,195	\$ —	\$ 19,583	\$ 12,388
Income taxes	\$ 57,625	\$ 48,670	\$ 174,609	\$ 156,611
Cash received during the period for:				
Interest	\$ 5,792	\$ 11,360	\$ 24,038	\$ 40,787
Income taxes	\$ 5,118	\$ 1,107	\$ 5,118	\$ 1,107

13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company has two reportable segments: the Equipment Group and CIMCO as described in note 1, each supported by the corporate office. These segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services, and each is managed separately. The corporate office provides finance, treasury, legal, human resources and other administrative support to the segments and does not meet the definition of a reportable operating segment as defined in IFRS 8 – *Operating Segments*, as it does not earn revenue.

The accounting policies of each of the reportable segments are the same as the material accounting policies described in the most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements.

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Segment performance is assessed based on operating income, which is measured differently than income from operations in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Corporate overheads are allocated to the segments based on revenue. Income taxes, interest expense, interest and investment income are managed at a consolidated level and are not allocated to the reportable operating segments. Current income taxes, deferred income taxes and certain financial assets and liabilities are not allocated to the segments as they are also managed on a consolidated level.

The aggregation of the operating segments is based on the economic characteristics of the business units. These business units are considered to have similar economic characteristics including nature of products and services, class of customers and markets served and similar distribution models.

No reportable segment is reliant on any single external customer.

The following tables set forth information by segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

Three months ended September 30	Equipment Group		CIMCO		Consolidated	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Equipment/package sales	\$ 536,029	\$ 611,174	\$ 89,180	\$ 69,486	\$ 625,209	\$ 680,660
Rentals	150,629	142,835	—	—	150,629	142,835
Product support	471,018	454,035	65,655	57,685	536,673	511,720
Power generation	2,359	2,777	—	—	2,359	2,777
Total revenue	\$ 1,160,035	\$ 1,210,821	\$ 154,835	\$ 127,171	\$ 1,314,870	\$ 1,337,992
Operating income	\$ 171,270	\$ 159,528	\$ 18,255	\$ 15,371	\$ 189,525	\$ 174,899
Interest expense					9,167	7,202
Interest and investment income					(9,730)	(11,662)
Income taxes					49,470	48,408
Income from operations					\$ 140,618	\$ 130,951

Nine months ended September 30	Equipment Group		CIMCO		Consolidated	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Equipment/package sales	\$ 1,611,943	\$ 1,652,737	\$ 213,474	\$ 173,304	\$ 1,825,417	\$ 1,826,041
Rentals	384,496	349,210	—	—	384,496	349,210
Product support	1,386,406	1,364,367	177,610	166,291	1,564,016	1,530,658
Power generation	7,026	8,301	—	—	7,026	8,301
Total revenue	\$ 3,389,871	\$ 3,374,615	\$ 391,084	\$ 339,595	\$ 3,780,955	\$ 3,714,210
Operating income	\$ 414,262	\$ 423,526	\$ 44,494	\$ 35,479	\$ 458,756	\$ 459,005
Interest expense					26,500	21,240
Interest and investment income					(30,727)	(43,049)
Income taxes					123,582	130,594
Income from operations					\$ 339,401	\$ 350,220

Operating income from rental operations was \$24.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2025 (2024 – income \$25.0 million) and \$36.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 (2024 – \$41.7 million).

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14. BUSINESS SEASONALITY

Interim period revenue and earnings historically reflect variability from quarter to quarter due to seasonality.

The Equipment Group has historically had a distinct seasonal trend in activity levels. Lower revenue is recorded during the first quarter due to winter shutdowns in the construction industry. The fourth quarter has typically been the strongest due in part to the timing of customers' capital investment decisions, delivery of equipment from suppliers for customer-specific orders and conversions of equipment on rent with a purchase option. This pattern is impacted by the timing of significant sales to mining and other customers, resulting from the timing of mine site development and access, and construction project schedules. This trend can also be impacted during periods of equipment supply constraints from suppliers.

CIMCO has historically also had a distinct seasonal trend in results, as the timing of construction activity impacts revenue recognition under percentage-of-completion accounting. Revenue is typically lower during the first quarter as winter weather slows down construction schedules. Revenue increases in subsequent quarters as construction schedules ramp up. This trend can be impacted by governmental funding initiatives, supply constraints and the customer's timing of significant industrial projects. Sequential comparisons are also impacted by CIMCO's relatively high fixed-cost structure.

Historically, inventories have increased through the year to meet the expected demand for higher deliveries in the third and fourth quarter. This trend can be impacted by equipment and parts availability. These seasonal sales trends also typically lead to accounts receivable to be at their highest level at year-end.

Market and economic factors, local and global economic factors, and supply chain issues have affected and may continue to impact these trends. There can be no certainty that this historical seasonal pattern will recur in the future.

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