
Element Fleet Management Corp.

Management Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019



The following management discussion and analysis ("MD&A") provides information management believes is relevant to an assessment and understanding of the consolidated financial condition and consolidated results of operations of Element Fleet Management Corp. (the "Company", "we" or "Element") as at and for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019 and should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements as at and for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019 and the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the year ended December 31, 2018. All dollar amounts in this MD&A are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise specified and all numbers are in thousands, unless otherwise specified or for per share amounts or ratios. References to "Q2 2019", "this quarter", or "the quarter" are to the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2019 and references to "Q1 2019" and "Q2 2018" are to the fiscal quarters ended March 31, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively. Additional information relating to the Company is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and on the Company's website at www.elementfleet.com.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

THIS ANALYSIS HAS BEEN PREPARED TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO JULY 31, 2019. CERTAIN STATEMENTS IN THIS MD&A, OTHER THAN STATEMENTS OF HISTORICAL FACT, ARE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS WITHIN THE MEANING OF APPLICABLE SECURITIES LAWS AND MAY CONTAIN FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION. SUCH STATEMENTS ARE BASED UPON ELEMENT'S AND ITS MANAGEMENT'S CURRENT INTERNAL EXPECTATIONS, ESTIMATES, PROJECTIONS, ASSUMPTIONS AND BELIEFS. THESE STATEMENTS MAY INCLUDE, WITHOUT LIMITATION, STATEMENTS REGARDING THE OPERATIONS, BUSINESS, FINANCIAL CONDITION, EXPECTED FINANCIAL RESULTS, PERFORMANCE, PROSPECTS, OPPORTUNITIES, PRIORITIES, TARGETS, GOALS, ONGOING OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES AND OUTLOOK OF ELEMENT. FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS INCLUDE STATEMENTS THAT ARE PREDICTIVE IN NATURE, DEPEND UPON OR REFER TO FUTURE EVENTS OR CONDITIONS. IN SOME CASES, WORDS SUCH AS "PLAN", "EXPECT", "INTEND", "BELIEVE", "ANTICIPATE", "ESTIMATE", "TARGET", "PROJECT", "FORECAST", "MAY", "IMPROVE", "WILL", "POTENTIAL", "PROPOSED" AND OTHER SIMILAR WORDS, OR STATEMENTS THAT CERTAIN EVENTS OR CONDITIONS "MAY" OR "WILL" OCCUR ARE INTENDED TO IDENTIFY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION. FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS (INCLUDING THOSE REGARDING FINANCIAL OUTLOOK) ARE PROVIDED FOR THE PURPOSES OF ASSISTING THE READER IN UNDERSTANDING ELEMENT AND ITS BUSINESS, OPERATIONS, RISKS, FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE, FINANCIAL POSITION AND CASH FLOWS AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED ON CERTAIN DATES AND TO PRESENT INFORMATION ABOUT MANAGEMENT'S CURRENT EXPECTATIONS AND PLANS RELATING TO THE FUTURE AND THE READER IS CAUTIONED THAT SUCH STATEMENTS MAY NOT BE APPROPRIATE FOR OTHER PURPOSES. THESE STATEMENTS ARE NOT GUARANTEES OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE AND INVOLVE KNOWN AND UNKNOWN RISKS, UNCERTAINTIES AND OTHER FACTORS THAT MAY CAUSE ACTUAL RESULTS OR EVENTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE ANTICIPATED IN THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS OR INFORMATION. UNDUE RELIANCE SHOULD NOT BE PLACED ON THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, AS THERE CAN BE NO ASSURANCE THAT THE PLANS, INTENTIONS OR EXPECTATIONS UPON WHICH THEY ARE BASED WILL OCCUR. BY ITS NATURE, FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION INVOLVES NUMEROUS ASSUMPTIONS, KNOWN AND UNKNOWN RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES, BOTH GENERAL AND SPECIFIC, THAT CONTRIBUTE TO THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE EXPECTATIONS, PREDICTIONS, FORECASTS, PROJECTIONS, CONCLUSIONS OR OTHER FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS WILL NOT OCCUR OR PROVE ACCURATE, THAT ASSUMPTIONS MAY NOT BE CORRECT AND THAT OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIC GOALS AND PRIORITIES WILL NOT BE ACHIEVED. SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND INFORMATION IN THIS MD&A SPEAK ONLY AS OF THE DATE OF THIS MD&A. THE FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION AND STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THIS MD&A REFLECT SEVERAL MATERIAL FACTORS, EXPECTATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS OF ELEMENT INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION: THAT ELEMENT WILL CONDUCT ITS OPERATIONS IN A MANNER CONSISTENT WITH ITS EXPECTATIONS AND, WHERE APPLICABLE, CONSISTENT WITH PAST PRACTICE; ACCEPTABLE NEGOTIATIONS WITH THIRD PARTIES; THE GENERAL CONTINUANCE OF CURRENT OR, WHERE APPLICABLE, ASSUMED INDUSTRY CONDITIONS; THE CONTINUANCE OF EXISTING (AND IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, THE IMPLEMENTATION OF PROPOSED) TAX AND REGULATORY REGIMES; CERTAIN COST ASSUMPTIONS; THE CONTINUED AVAILABILITY OF ADEQUATE DEBT AND/OR EQUITY FINANCING AND CASH FLOW TO FUND ITS CAPITAL AND OPERATING REQUIREMENTS AS NEEDED; THE EXTENT OF ITS ASSETS AND LIABILITIES; THE COMPANY'S NET INTEREST MARGIN; GROWTH IN LEASE RECEIVABLES AND SERVICE INCOME; RATE OF COST INFLATION; APPLICABLE FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES AND APPLICABLE INCOME TAX RATES; THE

COMPANY'S FUNDING MIX; THE TERMS OF ANY NEW INSTRUMENTS ISSUED TO REFINANCE THE COMPANY'S 2020 CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES; THE RESET RATES FOR THE COMPANY'S OUTSTANDING PREFERRED SHARES; THE PROCEEDS FROM NON-CORE ASSET SALES; THE OPERATING PERFORMANCE OF 19TH CAPITAL, INCLUDING THE TERMS UPON WHICH IDLE ASSETS CAN BE SOLD OR LEASED, AND TIMING OF SAME; AND IN THE CASE OF THE FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS REGARDING FINANCIAL OUTLOOK, THAT THE COMPANY WILL ACHIEVE THE EXPECTED BENEFITS, COSTS AND TIMING OF ELEMENT'S TRANSFORMATION PLAN. ELEMENT BELIEVES THE MATERIAL FACTORS, EXPECTATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS REFLECTED IN THE FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION AND STATEMENTS ARE REASONABLE BUT NO ASSURANCE CAN BE GIVEN THAT THESE FACTORS, EXPECTATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS WILL PROVE TO BE CORRECT.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND INFORMATION IN THIS MD&A INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, STATEMENTS WITH RESPECT TO: ELEMENT'S EXPECTATIONS REGARDING ITS REVENUES, EXPENSES, EXPENSE STRUCTURE, RUN-RATE AND OPERATIONS, AND REGARDING FUTURE CASH FLOWS, FINANCIAL CONDITION, OPERATING PERFORMANCE, FINANCIAL RATIOS, PROJECTED ASSET BASE, CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND EXPENDITURES; ELEMENT'S ABILITY TO RENEW OR REFINANCE CREDIT AND SECURITIZATION FACILITIES; ELEMENT'S TRANSFORMATION PLAN AND THE ANTICIPATED IMPACT AND BENEFITS THEREFROM (INCLUDING ANTICIPATED IMPACT ON CREDIT RATINGS); ELEMENT'S STRATEGY TO IMPROVE AND OPTIMIZE THE CLIENT EXPERIENCE AND CLIENT ACQUISITION AND RETENTION; ELEMENT'S EXPECTATIONS REGARDING SYNDICATION; ELEMENT'S ANTICIPATED CASH NEEDS, CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS AND ITS NEEDS FOR ADDITIONAL FINANCING AND THE POTENTIAL IMPACT UNDER EXISTING CREDIT AND SECURITIZATION FACILITIES OF THE TRANSFORMATION PLAN IN WHOLE OR IN PART; ELEMENT'S INTEGRATION OF ITS PAST AND FUTURE ACQUISITIONS AND SYSTEMS AND ABILITY TO DELIVER RETURNS AND BENEFITS FROM ITS INITIATIVES; ELEMENT'S FUTURE GROWTH PLANS; ELEMENT'S EXPECTATIONS REGARDING ITS ORIGINATION VOLUMES; ELEMENT'S ANTICIPATED DELINQUENCY RATES AND CREDIT LOSSES; ELEMENT'S ABILITY TO ATTRACT AND RETAIN PERSONNEL; ELEMENT'S PRESENT INTENTION TO PAY REGULAR DIVIDENDS ON ITS COMMON SHARES AND PREFERRED SHARES; ELEMENT'S TECHNOLOGY AND DATA, AND EXPECTED USES AND BENEFITS; ELEMENT'S COMPETITIVE POSITION AND ITS EXPECTATIONS REGARDING COMPETITION; ANTICIPATED TRENDS AND CHALLENGES IN ELEMENT'S BUSINESS AND THE MARKETS IN WHICH IT OPERATES; THE EVOLUTION OF ELEMENT'S BUSINESS AND THE FLEET MANAGEMENT INDUSTRY; ELEMENT'S GROWTH PROSPECTS AND THE OBJECTIVES, VISION AND STRATEGIES OF ELEMENT; ELEMENT'S OPERATIONS AND ABILITY TO DRIVE OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCIES; ELEMENT'S EXPECTATIONS REGARDING ITS ASSETS; ELEMENT'S BUSINESS STRATEGY; ELEMENT'S EXPECTATION REGARDING THE AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS, CASH FLOW GENERATION AND CAPITAL ALLOCATION; ELEMENT'S STRATEGIC ASSESSMENT OF CURRENT AND FUTURE ASSETS; ELEMENT'S STRATEGY FOR ITS NON-CORE ASSETS; ELEMENT'S BUSINESS OUTLOOK AND OTHER EXPECTATIONS REGARDING FINANCING OR OPERATING PERFORMANCE METRICS; THE EVOLUTION OF OPERATIONS AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF PERFORMANCE INDICATORS, AND OTHER FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE METRICS; THE FUTURE FINANCIAL REPORTING OF ELEMENT; ELEMENT'S FUTURE ASSETS AND THE DEMAND FOR ELEMENT'S SERVICES; ELEMENT'S BORROWING BASE; THE EXTENT, NATURE AND IMPACT OF ANY VALUE DRIVER TO CREATE, AND THE ABILITY TO GENERATE, PRE-TAX RUN-RATE OPERATING INCOME; ELEMENT'S ABILITY TO INCREASE TOTAL SHAREHOLDER RETURN; AND ELEMENT'S ABILITY TO PRE-FUND REDEMPTION OF ITS OUTSTANDING CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES UPON THEIR MATURITY, INCLUDING REALIZING ON ITS PLANS FOR SELLING CERTAIN NON-CORE ASSETS. THE READER IS CAUTIONED TO CONSIDER THESE AND OTHER FACTORS, UNCERTAINTIES AND POTENTIAL EVENTS CAREFULLY AND NOT TO PUT UNDUE RELIANCE ON FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. INFORMATION CONTAINED IN FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS IS BASED UPON CERTAIN MATERIAL ASSUMPTIONS THAT WERE APPLIED IN DRAWING A CONCLUSION OR MAKING A FORECAST OR PROJECTION, INCLUDING MANAGEMENT'S PERCEPTIONS OF HISTORICAL TRENDS, CURRENT CONDITIONS AND EXPECTED FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS, AS WELL AS OTHER CONSIDERATIONS THAT ARE BELIEVED TO BE APPROPRIATE IN THE CIRCUMSTANCES. ALTHOUGH ELEMENT BELIEVES THAT THE EXPECTATIONS REFLECTED IN THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE REASONABLE, THERE CAN BE NO ASSURANCE THAT SUCH EXPECTATIONS WILL PROVE TO BE CORRECT. ELEMENT CANNOT GUARANTEE FUTURE RESULTS, LEVELS OF ACTIVITY, PERFORMANCE OR ACHIEVEMENTS. MOREOVER, NEITHER ELEMENT NOR ANY OTHER PERSON ASSUMES RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND INFORMATION.

SOME OF THE RISKS AND OTHER FACTORS, SOME OF WHICH ARE BEYOND ELEMENT'S CONTROL, WHICH COULD CAUSE RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE EXPRESSED IN THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS MD&A, INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, THOSE SET FORTH UNDER "*RISK MANAGEMENT*" IN ELEMENT'S ANNUAL MD&A FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND UNDER THE HEADING "*RISK FACTORS*" IN ELEMENT'S ANNUAL INFORMATION FORM DATED MARCH 7, 2019. READERS ARE CAUTIONED THAT SUCH RISK FACTORS ARE NOT EXHAUSTIVE. THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THIS MD&A ARE EXPRESSLY QUALIFIED BY THIS CAUTIONARY STATEMENT. OTHER THAN AS SPECIFICALLY REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE CANADIAN LAW, ELEMENT UNDERTAKES NO OBLIGATION TO UPDATE ANY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENT TO REFLECT EVENTS OR CIRCUMSTANCES AFTER THE DATE ON WHICH SUCH STATEMENT IS MADE, OR TO REFLECT THE OCCURRENCE OF UNANTICIPATED EVENTS, WHETHER AS A RESULT OF NEW INFORMATION, FUTURE EVENTS OR RESULTS, OR OTHERWISE.

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Overview

Element Fleet Management Corp. is a leading global fleet management company, providing best-in-class services and financing solutions for commercial vehicle fleets. With approximately \$17.8 billion in assets, we are North America's largest publicly-traded fleet management company. Our mission is to ensure that our clients' fleets and their drivers are safer, smarter and more productive. Through a suite of services that spans the total fleet lifecycle, from acquisition and financing to program management and remarketing, we help our clients optimize the productivity and performance of their fleet assets, while lowering their total cost of ownership.

Element is executing a client-centric transformation to create lasting value for shareholders and position the company for growth.

The transformation program involves a series of concrete actions to improve the client experience and generate an estimated \$150 million of run-rate pre-tax operating income improvements to our fleet management business by the end of 2020.

Financial Highlights

Select Q2 2019 Results

After-tax adjusted operating income / share	Core net revenue	Core fleet assets under management	Core servicing income, net / core net revenue
\$ 0.21	\$ 248M	\$ 15.5B	50%
Profitability improvements actioned to date	Consolidated free cash flow / share	Consolidated tangible leverage ratio	Consolidated return on equity
\$ 85M	\$ 0.25	6.92x	11.0%

Fleet Management Income Summary

For the three-month period ended
June 30, 2019

(in \$000's for stated values, except per share amounts)

Net financing revenue	102,454
Servicing income, net	124,236
Syndication revenue, net	21,743
Net revenue	248,433
Adjusted operating expenses	121,747
Adjusted operating income	126,686
After-tax adjusted operating income per share [basic]	0.21

Adjusted operating income from Element's core Fleet Management business increased 27% from Q2 2018 to \$127 million - or \$0.21 per common share - reflecting the impact of transformation initiatives, syndication revenue and a growing client base.

Balanced Scorecard

Element has implemented a balanced scorecard performance management system, which forges tighter alignment and provides greater focus throughout the Company, resulting in the rapid advancement of our strategic objectives. The balanced scorecard distills our strategy into a single page, and its broad dissemination throughout the Company allows all of our employees to see our progress through clearly defined metrics. The balanced scorecard frames the business in four dimensions: Element's clients, operations, people, and investors.

Dimension & Strategic Pillar	Strategic Objective	Metric	YTD Results to June 30, 2019
Our Clients <i>Consistently deliver a superior experience and exceptional value for our clients</i>	Consistently meet service commitments	Operational effectiveness index	110% achievement of target
	Earn our clients' business	Client retention	102% achievement of target
	Create meaningful value for clients	Cost savings identified for our clients	\$644 million
	Earn our clients' loyalty	Net promoter score	Work-in-Progress
Our Business <i>Improve the productivity of our business</i>	Transform our business	Annual pre-tax run-rate profit improvement actioned	\$85 million
	Invest to effect meaningful change	Investments from \$150M transformation fund	\$67 million
	Continuously optimize the way we work	Operational efficiency index	106% achievement of target
	Focus on the core fleet business	Value realized on disposition of non-core assets	100% achievement of target
Our People <i>Build a more engaged and accountable workforce</i>	Increase employee engagement	Employee engagement index	75%
	Attract the right talent	Recruitment win rates	94%
	Retain the right talent	Regrettable attrition	3%
Our Investors <i>Generate an appropriate risk-adjusted return for our investors</i>	Grow profitably	Adjusted Core EPS	\$0.42
	Ready access to cost-efficient capital	Tangible leverage ratio	6.92x
	Earn a fair rate of return on capital	Return on equity	11.0%
	Prudently manage our risks	Enterprise risk composite index	Work-in-Progress

Element's balanced scorecard results are disclosed in greater detail in our Supplementary Information document, available on the Company's website.

Achievements and Initiatives in the Period

Our Clients

Element's transformational path forward is founded on renewing our focus on our clients, and ensuring that client needs are at the center of everything we do and every decision we make. Key aspects of the transformation program include:

- Simplifying how we work, and the organizational structure we work in, by reducing nine layers of management to five, bringing leadership closer to our clients and the front-line employees who serve them; and
- Simplifying operations and client touch points to provide a better, more consistent client experience, through initiatives such as automating manual processes to reduce errors and improve cycle times.

In the most recent quarter,

- we improved our operational effectiveness by focusing on doing the basics better;
- we continued our rapid progression to historic norms in client retention through a sophisticated approach to identifying and remediating clients at risk;
- we identified an additional \$260 million of cost saving opportunities for our clients; and
- we conducted the first of the baseline surveys we will use to track our net promoter score.

Our Business

Element's transformation under management's strategic plan continued ahead of schedule this quarter.

Throughout 2019, we will execute the second wave of our transformation program: dozens of initiatives within 25+ projects that are collectively anticipated to take the Company to a cumulative \$100 million of run-rate pre-tax profit improvement actioned by the end of this year. These "back to basics" projects focus on improving client service delivery, optimizing our go-to-market strategy and pricing model, improving client acquisition and retention, better managing rebates and procurement, and advancing automation and organizational simplification.

As of June 30, 2019, we had actioned a cumulative \$85 million of the \$100 million target for 2019. These initiatives alone will improve Element's adjusted operating income by approximately \$65 million this year, approximately \$16 million of which was delivered this quarter. And the one-time investments to achieve these improvements are running better than plan at \$67 million.

Further, we realized \$117 million in cash proceeds in the quarter through the sale of non-core assets including our interest in ECAF I Holdings, Ltd. (\$97 million) and idle assets in 19th Capital (\$20 million).

Our People

Earlier this year, Element began the rollout of its balanced scorecard and accompanying pay-for-performance program to Company employees, beginning with leadership and management teams. In doing so, we intend to

- provide strategic clarity and focus,
- create tight alignment of the organization's resources on a narrow set of strategic objectives, and
- promote a culture of performance, accountability, and transparency.

And the recent results of our employee engagement survey would signal that these messages are being heard and embraced: 86% of our employees participated in the survey and gave us a 75% engagement rating which, going through a period of great transformation, is quite remarkable.

Lastly, Element's Board of Directors will use balanced scorecard results to determine the annual short-term incentive compensation of each named executive officer with a minimum determinative weighting of 50% on balanced scorecard metrics measuring Element's financial performance. The Company believes that this compensation plan will ensure alignment between performance against strategic objectives and executive pay outcomes. Full details of the impact on incentive compensation are available in Element's Management Information Circular dated April 9, 2019 which has been filed on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Our Investors

The continuing success of Element's transformation program and the strengthening of our balance sheet, including the expansion of our syndication efforts, is creating significant improvement in the Company's financial results, including a 27% increase in year-over-year adjusted operating income and an 11% consolidated return on equity.

Management's strategic plan also involves strengthening the Company's investment-grade balance sheet and reducing leverage ratios. To that end,

- On June 30, 2019, the Company redeemed the \$345 million of 5.125% convertible debentures maturing on that date.
- The Company continued its broadened use of syndication as a funding tool this quarter - as announced and explained in Q1 2019's MD&A and contemporaneous disclosure documents - syndicating \$752 million in assets, lowering the tangible leverage ratio from 7.79 at December 31, 2018 to 6.92 times, and generating \$21.7 million in syndication revenues. Management believes that by deleveraging Element's balance sheet through a greater degree of syndication, the Company can more quickly mature its capital structure, all-the-while enhancing return on equity. Accordingly, while Element will continue to fund assets on its strong, investment-grade balance sheet, it will also utilize syndication to systematically manage leverage as well as client concentration limits - particularly with respect to one large, rapidly-growing client.

Alongside last quarter's results, Element announced an increase in guidance for 2020.

Given

- a stabilized and growing fleet management business;
- confidence in realizing the full \$150 million of profitability improvements to be actioned by the end of 2020; and
- the positive and sustainable earnings impact to be derived from syndication as the Company manages client concentration and accelerates deleveraging,

Element increased its 2020 guidance on after-tax adjusted operating income per share from \$0.90-0.95 to \$1.00-1.05.

The Company is targeting return on equity of 13.0-13.5% and a tangible leverage ratio below 6.0x exiting 2020.

Changes in Presentation

On January 1, 2019 the Company adopted IFRS 16, *Leases*, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). As permitted by the new standard, the Company elected to not restate comparative periods and has recognized the classification and measurement adjustment on January 1, 2019 through opening retained earnings. Set out below are the new accounting policies of the Company upon adoption of IFRS 16:

Right-of-use assets

The Company recognizes right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made.

Changes in the presentation of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statements of operations and geographic location

During the first quarter of 2019, the Company modified the presentation and classification of the Net revenue section within the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statements of operations with the overarching principle of disaggregating revenue into three distinct revenue streams: 1) financing revenue, 2) syndication revenue, and 3) servicing revenue. The primary reclassifications are as follows:

- Reclassification of gain on sale of disposition of equipment under operating leases from Service revenue and other to Rental revenue and other,
- Reclassification of syndication revenue from Service revenue and other to its own line item,
- Reclassification of certain US financing leases to Equipment under operating leases, and
- Reclassification of certain contract costs from Interest income, net to Servicing income, net.

Additionally, the Company modified its geographic locations from the US, Canada, and Other to the US and Canada, Australia and New Zealand, and Mexico to distinguish between the Company's primary locations.

The changes in presentation have been applied retrospectively to the 2018 comparative amounts in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statements of financial position, operations, and cash flows and the geographic locations disclosed in the notes to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

The following tables illustrate the reclassifications of the Company's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the periods noted below.

Interim condensed consolidated statement of operations

	Three months ended June 30, 2018		
	As previously reported	Adjustments	As reclassified
	\$	\$	\$
Interest income, net	169,303	511	169,814
Rental revenue and other	129,810	16,708	146,518
Depreciation of equipment under operating leases	(98,309)	(2,099)	(100,408)
	200,804	15,120	215,924
Interest expense	111,644	—	111,644
Net financing revenue	89,160	15,120	104,280
Fleet service revenue	142,097	(17,317)	124,780
Direct costs of fixed rate service contracts	(11,817)	—	(11,817)
Servicing income, net	130,280	(17,317)	112,963
Syndication revenue, net	—	2,197	2,197
Net revenue	219,440	—	219,440

	Six months ended June 30, 2018		
	As previously reported	Adjustments	As reclassified
	\$	\$	\$
Interest income, net	322,471	699	323,170
Rental revenue and other	255,669	31,489	287,158
Depreciation of equipment under operating leases	(193,612)	(3,649)	(197,261)
	384,528	28,539	413,067
Interest expense	213,157	—	213,157
Net financing revenue	171,371	28,539	199,910
Fleet service revenue	282,293	(31,750)	250,543
Direct costs of fixed rate service contracts	(22,881)	—	(22,881)
Servicing income, net	259,412	(31,750)	227,662
Syndication revenue, net	—	3,211	3,211
Net revenue	430,783	—	430,783

Interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position

	As at December 31, 2018		
	As previously reported	Adjustments	As reclassified
	\$	\$	\$
Finance receivables	13,231,146	(27,558)	13,203,588
Equipment under operating leases	2,134,105	27,558	2,161,663

Selected Quarterly Consolidated Financial Information and Financial Ratios

The table below sets out key financial metrics that show operating results together with related per share figures:

(in \$000's for stated values, except ratios and per share amounts)	As at and for the three-month periods ended			As at and for the six-month periods ended	
	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net revenue	249,570	242,227	219,440	491,797	430,783
Net income	64,061	80,473	79,096	144,534	100,855
Total assets	17,772,477	18,476,935	18,477,584	17,772,477	18,477,584
Total debt	12,912,122	13,624,200	13,899,399	12,912,122	13,899,399
Before tax adjusted operating income (1)	125,976	121,954	102,564	247,930	192,522
After tax adjusted operating income (1)	101,411	100,612	84,103	202,023	160,333
Earnings per share					
Basic	0.12	0.16	0.18	0.28	0.21
Diluted	0.12	0.16	0.18	0.28	0.21
After tax adjusted operating income per share (1)					
Basic	0.21	0.21	0.19	0.41	0.36
Pro forma Diluted	0.22	0.20	0.19	0.43	0.36
Dividends declared, per share					
Common share	0.045000	0.045000	0.075000	0.090000	0.150000
Preferred Shares, Series A	0.433313	0.433313	0.412500	0.866620	0.825000
Preferred Shares, Series C	0.406250	0.406250	0.406250	0.812500	0.812500
Preferred Shares, Series E	0.400000	0.400000	0.400000	0.800000	0.800000
Preferred Shares, Series G	0.406250	0.406250	0.406250	0.812500	0.812500
Preferred Shares, Series I	0.359375	0.359375	0.359375	0.718750	0.718750

(1) For additional information, see "Description of Non-IFRS Measures" section.

Consolidated Quarterly Results of Operations

The following table sets forth a summary of the Company's consolidated results of operations:

(in \$000's for stated values, except per share amounts)	For the three-month periods ended			For the six-month periods ended	
	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net revenue					
Net interest income and rental revenue (1)	232,282	236,016	215,924	468,298	413,067
Interest expense	128,737	129,129	111,644	257,866	213,157
Net financing revenue	103,545	106,887	104,280	210,432	199,910
Servicing income, net (2)	124,282	118,128	112,963	242,410	227,662
Syndication revenue, net (3)	21,743	17,212	2,197	38,955	3,211
Net revenue	249,570	242,227	219,440	491,797	430,783
Operating expenses					
Salaries, wages and benefits	84,532	80,115	82,071	164,647	164,336
General and administrative expenses	28,592	29,798	28,833	58,390	62,673
Depreciation and amortization	10,470	10,360	5,972	20,830	11,252
Adjusted operating expenses (4)	123,594	120,273	116,876	243,867	238,261
Amortization of convertible debenture discount	4,492	3,655	3,480	8,147	6,904
Share-based compensation	5,410	5,170	5,191	10,580	9,738
Total operating expenses	133,496	129,098	125,547	262,594	254,903
Business acquisition and other costs					
Amortization of intangibles from acquisition	9,112	9,176	11,936	18,288	23,807
Restructuring and transformation costs	21,949	6,738	1,306	28,687	42,117
Total business acquisition and other costs	31,061	15,914	13,242	46,975	65,924
Share of (income) loss from and provision in investments	(238)	1,330	4,601	1,092	14,905
Net income before taxes	85,251	95,885	76,050	181,136	95,051
Income tax expense (recovery)	21,190	15,412	(3,046)	36,602	(5,804)
Net income for the period	64,061	80,473	79,096	144,534	100,855
Earnings per share [basic]	0.12	0.16	0.18	0.28	0.21
Adjusted operating results (4)					
Net revenue	249,570	242,227	219,440	491,797	430,783
Adjusted operating expenses (4)	123,594	120,273	116,876	243,867	238,261
Adjusted operating income (4)	125,976	121,954	102,564	247,930	192,522
Provision for taxes applicable to adjusted operating income	24,565	21,342	18,461	45,907	32,189
After-tax adjusted operating income (4) (5)	101,411	100,612	84,103	202,023	160,333
Weighted average number of shares outstanding [basic]	434,687	433,607	380,458	434,150	380,410
Before-tax adjusted operating income per share [basic] (5)	0.26	0.26	0.24	0.52	0.45
After-tax adjusted operating income per share [basic] (5)	0.21	0.21	0.19	0.41	0.36

(1) Net interest income and rental revenue is equal to interest income, less provision for credit losses and rental income earned on equipment under operating leases, including the gain on sale of the disposition of equipment under operating leases, less depreciation on equipment under operating leases.

(2) Servicing income, net, is shown net of direct costs of fixed rate service contracts.

(3) Syndication revenue, net includes fees and other income, net of expenses, in the recognition of the syndication of the related assets.

(4) For additional information, see "Description of Non-IFRS Measures" section.

(5) For reconciliation of Net Income to After-tax adjusted operating income, see "IFRS to Non-IFRS Reconciliation" section.

Consolidated adjusted operating income for Q2 2019 was \$126.0 million compared to \$102.6 million in Q2 2018 and \$122.0 million in Q1 2019. The increase in adjusted operating income from Q2 2018 was driven by an increase in net servicing income and syndication revenue partially offset by an increase in adjusted operating expenses as a result of higher pay-for-performance compensation accruals, merit increases and

amortization expenses on IT-related projects as well as a weaker Canadian dollar environment in the current period compared to the comparable period in the prior year. The increase in adjusted operating income from Q1 2019 was driven by an increase in net servicing income and syndication revenue partially offset by an increase in adjusted operating expenses as a result of higher pay-for-performance compensation accruals and merit increases.

During Q2 2019 the Company recorded \$21.9 million in transformation costs which consisted primarily of professional fees as well as additional severance accruals as the Company continues to make progress on its transformation initiatives. To date, we have incurred approximately \$62 million of the total planned \$150 million of expenditures related to the transformation initiatives.

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2019, consolidated adjusted operating income was \$247.9 million compared to \$192.5 million for the same period in the prior year. Net revenue increased \$61.0 million and was driven by increases in syndication revenue, net service revenue, and net financing revenue. Adjusted operating expenses were \$243.9 million compared to \$238.3 million and were impacted by a weaker Canadian dollar during the six-month period ended June 30, 2019 and an increase in higher pay-for-performance compensation accruals, merit increases and amortization expenses on IT-related projects.

Quarterly Results of Operations - Fleet Management

The following table sets forth a summary of the Company's results of Core Fleet Management operations:

(in \$000's for stated values, except per share amounts)	For the three-month periods ended			For the six-month periods ended	
	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net revenue					
Net interest income and rental revenue	216,663	216,643	201,840	433,306	386,118
Interest expense	114,209	114,112	100,423	228,321	191,314
Net financing revenue	102,454	102,531	101,417	204,985	194,804
Servicing income, net	124,236	117,959	112,179	242,195	226,226
Syndication revenue, net	21,743	17,212	2,197	38,955	3,211
Net revenue	248,433	237,702	215,793	486,135	424,241
Adjusted operating expenses					
Salaries, wages and benefits	82,797	78,221	81,338	161,018	162,873
General and administrative expenses	29,148	27,748	28,343	56,896	61,697
Depreciation and amortization	9,802	9,740	5,972	19,542	11,252
Adjusted operating expenses	121,747	115,709	115,653	237,456	235,822
Adjusted operating income	126,686	121,993	100,140	248,679	188,419
Provision for taxes applicable to adjusted operating income	24,703	21,349	18,025	46,052	33,915
After-tax adjusted operating income	101,983	100,644	82,115	202,627	154,504
Less: Cumulative preferred share dividends	11,164	11,164	11,068	22,328	22,136
After-tax adjusted operating income attributable to common shareholders	90,819	89,480	71,047	180,299	132,368
Weighted average number of shares outstanding [basic]	434,687	433,607	380,458	434,150	380,410
Before-tax adjusted operating income per share [basic]	0.27	0.26	0.23	0.52	0.44
After-tax adjusted operating income per share [basic]	0.21	0.21	0.19	0.42	0.35

After-tax adjusted operating income for Q2 2019 was \$102.0 million, an increase of \$1.3 million over Q1 2019 and \$19.9 million over Q2 2018 resulting in an after-tax adjusted operating income per share of \$0.21,

flat to Q1 2019 and an increase of \$0.02 over Q2 2018 including the dilution impact of the October 2018 equity issuance.

Net revenue was \$248.4 million for Q2 2019, an increase of \$10.7 million and \$32.6 million over Q1 2019 and Q2 2018, respectively. For both comparative periods, net financing revenue changes were mainly driven by lower net earning assets of approximately \$400 million due to higher syndication, partially offset by higher interest rates, with additional benefits compared to Q2 2018 from the weakening Canadian dollar.

Net servicing income for Q2 2019 was \$124.2 million, representing an increase of \$6.3 million over Q1 2019, mainly driven by higher maintenance and fuel commissions. Growth was also seen against Q2 2018 of \$12.1 million with maintenance and fuel driving the positive change.

Syndication revenue, net, of \$21.7 million in Q2 2019 was an increase of \$4.5 million and \$19.5 million over Q1 2019 and Q2 2018, respectively, resulting from higher volumes syndicated as we continue to manage client concentration risk and lower our leverage. Syndication volume was \$752 million for Q2 2019, an increase of \$264 million from Q1 2019 and \$622 million from Q2 2018.

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2019, net revenue was \$486.1 million compared to \$424.2 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018. On a constant currency basis, net revenue increased 21% and was driven by increases in syndication volume, servicing income, and net financing revenue.

The following table sets out the Net interest and rental revenue margin ("NIM") calculation for Fleet Management operations, together with references to key benchmarks and metrics:

(in \$000's for stated values)	For the three-month periods ended			For the six-month periods ended	
	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Net interest income and rental revenue	6.85%	6.67%	5.91%	6.76%	5.73%
Interest expense	3.61%	3.51%	3.18%	3.56%	3.07%
Net interest and rental revenue margin or NIM (1)	3.24%	3.16%	2.73%	3.20%	2.66%
Average cost of debt (Interest expense / average debt) (1)	3.64%	3.55%	3.12%	3.60%	3.04%
Average 1-Month LIBOR rates	2.47%	2.49%	1.56%	2.48%	1.66%
Total average net earning assets (1)	\$ 12,643,224	\$ 12,988,903	\$ 12,645,556	\$ 12,816,063	\$ 12,476,129
Total earning assets at period end (1)	\$ 12,303,546	\$ 12,718,944	\$ 12,860,886	\$ 12,303,546	\$ 12,860,886
Average debt outstanding (1)	\$ 12,533,624	\$ 12,862,541	\$ 12,855,796	\$ 12,698,083	\$ 12,571,683
New originations	\$ 1,806,515	\$ 1,712,849	\$ 1,714,100	\$ 3,516,364	\$ 3,185,600

(1) For additional information, see "Description of Non-IFRS Measures" section.

Total average net earning assets as at Q2 2019 were \$12,643.2 million compared to \$12,988.9 million as at Q1 2019 and \$12,645.6 million as at Q2 2018. Total earning assets at period end decreased \$415.4 million from Q1 2019 reflecting \$752 million in syndications during the current quarter.

Adjusted operating expenses of \$121.7 million increased \$6.0 million from \$115.7 million in Q1 2019 and increased \$6.1 million from \$115.7 million in Q2 2018.

- Salaries, wages and benefits increased \$4.6 million from Q1 2019 and increased \$1.5 million from Q2 2018. The increase from Q1 2019 was primarily the result of higher pay-for-performance compensation accruals, merit increases and a weakening Canadian dollar.
- General and administrative expenses of \$29.1 million increased \$1.4 million and increased \$0.8 million when compared to Q1 2019 and Q2 2018, respectively, due to an increase in non-transformation related consulting expenses and a weakening Canadian dollar when compared to Q2 2018 partially offset by lower rent expense of approximately \$2.6 million as a result of the

implementation of IFRS 16.

- Depreciation and amortization increased \$0.1 million and \$3.8 million when compared to Q1 2019 and Q2 2018, respectively, due largely to the \$3.3 million of amortization on leased assets as a result of the implementation of IFRS 16 in addition to depreciation and amortization associated with IT projects that were completed in the first half of 2018.

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2019, adjusted operating expenses were \$237.5 million compared to \$235.8 million in the prior year comparable period.

- Salaries, wages and benefits of \$161.0 million decreased \$1.9 million as a result of lower employee salaries due to Transformation initiatives and lower benefits expenses when compared to the six-month period ended June 30, 2018 partially offset by an increase in pay-for-performance compensation accruals, merit increases and a weakening Canadian dollar.
- General and administrative expenses of \$56.9 million decreased \$4.8 million as a result of lower rent expense of approximately \$6.3 million as a result of the implementation of IFRS 16 partially offset by increase in certain non-transformation related consulting expenses when compared to the six-month period ended June 30, 2018 as well as a weakening Canadian dollar.
- Depreciation and amortization of \$19.5 million increased \$8.3 million primarily as a result of the \$6.3 million of amortization on leased assets as a result of the implementation of IFRS 16 in addition to depreciation and amortization associated with IT projects that were completed in the first half of 2018.

Quarterly Results of Operations - Non-Core

The following table sets forth a summary of the Company's results from Non-Core operations:

(in \$000's for stated values, except per share amounts)	For the three-month periods ended			For the six-month periods ended	
	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net revenue					
Net interest income and rental revenue	15,619	19,373	14,084	34,992	26,949
Interest expense	14,528	15,017	11,221	29,545	21,843
Net financing revenue	1,091	4,356	2,863	5,447	5,106
Servicing income, net	46	169	784	215	1,436
Net revenue	1,137	4,525	3,647	5,662	6,542
Adjusted operating expenses					
Salaries, wages and benefits	1,735	1,894	733	3,629	1,463
General and administrative expenses	(556)	2,050	490	1,494	976
Depreciation and amortization	668	620	—	1,288	—
Adjusted operating expenses	1,847	4,564	1,223	6,411	2,439
Adjusted operating (loss) income	(710)	(39)	2,424	(749)	4,103
(Recovery of) provision for taxes applicable to adjusted operating income	(138)	(7)	436	(145)	(1,726)
After-tax adjusted operating (loss) income	(572)	(32)	1,988	(604)	5,829
Weighted average number of shares outstanding [basic]	434,687	433,607	380,458	434,150	380,410
Before-tax adjusted operating income per share [basic]	—	—	0.01	—	—
After-tax adjusted operating income per share [basic]	—	—	0.01	—	0.01

After-tax adjusted operating loss for Q2 2019 was \$0.6 million compared to break even in Q1 2019 and income of \$2.0 million in Q2 2018.

19th Capital's management team has been advancing a two-prong plan to wind-down the business, comprised of (i) selling down the idle asset portfolio, and (ii) improving operations of the business through operational improvements and improving the quality of the lease book. This has included the elimination of poor- and non-performing client accounts with a resulting reduction in Net financing revenue. These initiatives have yielded \$50 million in cash returned to Element since we assumed full control of 19th Capital.

The following table sets out the NIM calculation, together with references to key benchmarks and metrics:

(in \$000's for stated values)	For the three-month periods ended			For the six-month periods ended	
	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Net interest income and rental revenue	14.84%	18.33%	6.54%	16.58%	6.27%
Interest expense	13.80%	14.21%	5.21%	14.00%	5.08%
Net interest and rental revenue margin or NIM (1)	1.04%	4.12%	1.33%	2.58%	1.19%
Average cost of debt (Interest expense / average debt) (1)	9.24%	8.62%	4.70%	8.91%	4.61%
Total average net earning assets (1)	\$ 421,246	\$ 422,769	\$ 862,292	\$ 422,008	\$ 860,088
Total earning assets at period end (1)	\$ 411,397	\$ 422,329	\$ 873,954	\$ 411,397	\$ 873,954
Average debt outstanding (1)	\$ 628,618	\$ 697,216	\$ 954,276	\$ 662,917	\$ 947,154

(1) For additional information, see "Description of Non-IFRS Measures" section.

Average cost of debt remained relatively flat during the three-month period ended June 30, 2019, compared to Q1 2019 and increased from 4.7% in Q2 2018. The change compared to Q2 2018 was primarily due to lower asset levels without a corresponding reduction in borrowing levels. An increase in the underlying reference rates during the year also contributed to the increase.

Impact of Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Changes

We are exposed to fluctuations in certain foreign currencies from operations we conduct in Australia, New Zealand, Mexico and, predominantly, the United States where, as at June 30, 2019, 8.5%, 3.8%, 5.5% and 71.4% of the net finance receivables and equipment under operating leases were located, respectively. While Element hedges for currencies, our assets and liabilities do fluctuate as a result of fluctuations in these currencies against the reporting currency, being the Canadian dollar. Fluctuations in these currencies also affect the reported income when foreign operating results are then converted back to the Canadian dollar.

During the second quarter of 2019, the weighted average changes in average exchange rates of the Company's operating currencies against the Canadian dollar affected adjusted operating income positively by approximately 0.1% over the immediately preceding quarter and positively by 0.6% over the second quarter in 2018, respectively.

The following table sets forth a summary of the Company's results from both Fleet Management and Non-Core operations on a **constant currency** basis:

(in \$000's for stated values)	For the three-month periods ended			For the six-month periods ended	
	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Fleet Management net financing revenue	102,454	102,828	103,359	205,282	199,323
Non-core service net financing revenue	1,091	4,442	3,133	5,532	5,872
Consolidated net financing revenue	103,545	107,270	106,492	210,814	205,195
Fleet Management servicing income, net	124,236	118,652	115,039	242,889	233,685
Non-core servicing income, net	46	169	774	215	1,440
Consolidated servicing income, net	124,282	118,821	115,813	242,889	235,125
Fleet Management syndication revenue, net	21,743	17,320	2,276	39,062	3,348
Non-core syndication revenue, net	—	—	—	—	—
Consolidated syndication revenue, net	21,743	17,320	2,276	39,062	3,348
Fleet Management net revenue	248,433	238,800	220,674	487,233	436,356
Non-Core net revenue	1,137	4,610	3,907	5,747	7,312
Consolidated net revenue	249,570	243,410	224,581	492,980	443,668
Fleet Management adjusted operating expenses	121,747	116,097	118,063	237,843	242,473
Non-core adjusted operating expenses	1,847	4,591	1,265	6,438	2,550
Consolidated adjusted operating expenses	123,594	120,688	119,328	244,281	245,023
Fleet Management adjusted operating income	126,686	122,456	102,611	249,143	193,941
Non-Core adjusted operating (loss) income	(710)	19	2,642	(691)	4,762
Consolidated adjusted operating income	125,976	122,475	105,253	248,452	198,703
Fleet Management after-tax adjusted operating income	101,983	101,026	84,141	203,009	159,032
Non-Core after-tax adjusted operating (loss) income	(572)	15	2,166	(556)	7,018
Consolidated after-tax adjusted operating income	101,411	101,041	86,307	202,453	166,050
Fleet Management net earning assets	12,303,546	12,759,994	13,167,505	12,531,765	12,963,002
Non-core net earning assets	411,397	424,872	904,759	418,134	903,004
Consolidated net earning assets	12,714,943	13,184,866	14,072,264	12,949,899	13,866,006
Fleet Management average net earning assets	12,643,224	13,040,127	12,952,767	12,837,489	12,741,233
Non-core average net earning assets	421,246	425,302	892,575	423,274	889,384
Consolidated average net earning assets	13,064,470	13,465,429	13,845,342	13,260,763	13,630,617

Consolidated Financial Position

The following table presents a summary of the comparative consolidated financial position, as at:

(in \$000's for stated values)	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
	\$	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Cash	91,226	43,860	21,999
Restricted funds	476,747	568,524	504,454
Finance receivables	12,104,501	12,606,855	13,203,588
Equipment under operating leases	2,219,003	2,200,786	2,161,663
Accounts receivable and other current assets	219,528	259,964	270,997
Notes receivable	10,081	12,566	13,698
Derivative financial instruments	49,439	33,253	34,752
Property, equipment and leasehold improvements	109,921	117,483	60,969
Equity investments (1)	23,166	119,759	124,353
Intangible assets	812,502	832,447	854,433
Deferred tax assets	398,361	404,727	410,864
Goodwill	1,258,002	1,276,711	1,302,236
	17,772,477	18,476,935	18,964,006
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	796,911	783,777	706,720
Derivative financial instruments	55,159	59,450	68,467
Secured borrowings	12,200,817	12,721,176	13,270,780
Convertible debentures	711,305	903,024	897,435
Deferred tax liabilities	70,931	53,956	45,119
	13,835,123	14,521,383	14,988,521
Shareholders' equity	3,937,354	3,955,552	3,975,485
	17,772,477	18,476,935	18,964,006

(1) Investments in the comparable period included the 32.5% interest in ECAF I Holdings Ltd., ("ECAF") which was accounted for using the effective interest rate method and considered an earning asset. Upon adoption of IFRS 9 on January 1, 2018 by the Company, the investment is accounted for using fair value through profit and loss and no longer considered an earning asset. The ECAF investment was sold on April 12, 2019.

Total assets and liabilities decreased by \$704.5 million and \$686.3 million, respectively over Q1 2019, mainly as a result of our syndication activity, and a strengthening Canadian dollar at the end of the period. The Company was also exposed to other currencies that appreciated against the Canadian dollar during the period. The net impact of these currency variations flows through to Shareholders' Equity as Other Comprehensive Income.

Fleet Management Portfolio Finance Asset Details

Finance Receivables

The following table sets forth a breakdown of the Company's Fleet Management finance receivables, as at:

(in \$000's for stated values, except ratios)	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
	\$	\$	\$
Net investment in finance receivables	10,455,597	10,892,018	11,444,909
Impaired receivables - at net realizable value	54,314	74,736	32,170
	10,509,911	10,966,754	11,477,079
Unamortized origination costs and subsidies	(90,932)	(105,860)	(106,178)
Net finance receivables	10,418,979	10,860,894	11,370,901
Prepaid lease payments and Security deposits	(48,237)	(52,089)	(68,402)
Interim funding	712,939	863,175	870,808
Fleet management service receivables	719,099	663,397	765,718
Other	270,229	233,571	217,452
	12,073,009	12,568,948	13,156,477
Allowance for credit losses	7,389	9,277	8,506
Total finance receivables	12,065,620	12,559,671	13,147,971
Ratios			
Allowance for credit losses as a percentage of finance receivables	0.06%	0.07%	0.06%

Fleet Management finance receivables as at June 30, 2019 decreased by \$1,082.4 million compared to December 31, 2018, primarily due to the syndication of assets.

Allowance for credit losses

Management maintains an allowance for credit losses, which it establishes to provide for the impairment of individual or groups of assets. Individual impairment is assessed by examining contractual delinquency, and the individual borrower's financial condition, such as the identification of a borrower entering bankruptcy, or the company being in the process of legal or collateral repossession proceedings with a debtor. Accounts over 120 days past due are automatically considered to be impaired and are fully provisioned net of any anticipated recoveries and are presented at their net realizable value. Accounts that are contractually delinquent less than 120 days are provisioned by applying probability-weighted assumptions consistent with industry standards and the Company's own experience with respect to the probability of an identified account resulting in a borrower default. The amount of allowance for credit losses is measured as the difference between the carrying amounts of the assets on the consolidated statements of financial position and the present value of the estimated future cash flows on the financial receivables, discounted at the finance receivables' original effective interest rate.

The Company's policy is to assess credit risk related to specific client defaults by performing detailed assessments on the value of the underlying security, the client's financial condition and ability to service the debt, both at loan inception and throughout the term of the loan.

The Company's consolidated allowance for credit losses was \$8.2 million as at June 30, 2019 (Fleet Management - \$7.4 million, Non-Core - \$0.8 million), a decrease of \$1.9 million over the \$10.1 million reported at March 31, 2019. The allowance for credit losses as a percentage of finance receivables as at June 30, 2019 was 0.06%, a slight decrease from 0.07% as at March 31, 2019. The Company believes that its allowance for credit losses is appropriate as of June 30, 2019. As at June 30, 2019, total impaired receivables was \$54.3 million compared to \$74.7 million as at March 31, 2019. The Company believes the impaired

receivables appropriately reflects the net realizable value of the finance receivables before the allowance for credit losses.

Please refer to sections titled "Fleet Management Geographic Portfolio Segmentation", "Fleet Management Asset Class Portfolio Distribution" and "Fleet Management Delinquencies" of this MD&A for additional information.

Fleet Management delinquencies

The contractual delinquency of the Fleet Management net finance receivables as at each reporting period is as follows:

(in \$000's for stated values)	June 30, 2019		March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018	
	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%
Current	10,357,865	99.41	10,774,391	99.20	11,328,464	99.63
31 to 60 days	6,274	0.06	10,852	0.10	3,707	0.03
61 to 90 days	244	—	650	0.01	3,434	0.03
91 to 120 days	282	—	265	—	3,126	0.03
Impaired receivables	54,314	0.53	74,736	0.69	32,170	0.28
Total	10,418,979	100.00	10,860,894	100.00	11,370,901	100.00

The \$54.3 million in impaired receivables at June 30, 2019 represents 0.53% of net finance receivables.

Fleet Management credit losses and provisions, as at and for each of the respective periods are as follows:

(in \$000's for stated values, except ratios)	Six-month period ended June 30, 2019	Year ended December 31, 2018
	\$	\$
Allowance for credit losses, beginning of period	8,506	4,304
IFRS 9 Adjustment	—	3,028
Provision for credit losses	1,452	1,913
Charge-offs, net of recoveries	(2,099)	(1,401)
Impact of foreign exchange rates	(470)	662
Allowance for credit losses, end of period	7,389	8,506
Allowance for credit losses as a percentage of finance receivables	0.06%	0.06%

Fleet Management Equipment Under Operating Leases

The following table sets forth the Company's Fleet Management equipment under operating leases:

(in \$000's for stated values)	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
	\$	\$	\$
Equipment under operating leases, net			
Vehicles	1,791,827	1,797,879	1,778,868
Others	56,111	29,036	—
	1,847,938	1,826,915	1,778,868

Fleet Management Portfolio Distribution

Fleet Management Geographic Portfolio Segmentation

The table below sets forth the geographical distribution of the Company's portfolio of Fleet Management net finance receivables and equipment under operating leases, as at:

(in \$000's for stated values)	June 30, 2019		March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018	
	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%
United States and Canada	10,021,778	81.7	10,485,983	82.6	10,981,968	83.5
Australia and New Zealand	1,553,822	12.6	1,593,792	12.6	1,620,340	12.4
Mexico	691,317	5.7	608,034	4.8	547,461	4.1
Total	12,266,917	100.0	12,687,809	100.0	13,149,769	100.0
Allocated as:						
Net finance receivables	10,418,979	84.9	10,860,894	85.6	11,370,901	86.5
Equipment under operating leases, net	1,847,938	15.1	1,826,915	14.4	1,778,868	13.5
Total	12,266,917	100.0	12,687,809	100.0	13,149,769	100.0

As noted in the table and chart above, approximately 82% of the Company's Fleet Management net finance receivables and equipment under operating leases are in the United States and Canada.

Fleet Management Asset Class Portfolio Distribution

The distribution of the Fleet Management net finance receivables and equipment under operating leases by asset classes was as follows:

(in \$000's for stated values)	June 30, 2019		March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018	
	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%
Vehicles	11,429,776	93.2	12,078,001	95.2	12,535,148	95.3
Highway Tractors and Trailers	429,261	3.5	310,005	2.4	315,939	2.4
Others	407,880	3.3	299,803	2.4	298,682	2.3
Total	12,266,917	100.0	12,687,809	100.0	13,149,769	100.0

Non-Core Portfolio Finance Asset Details

Non-Core Finance Receivables

The following table sets forth a breakdown of the Company's Non-Core finance receivables, as at:

(in \$000's for stated values)	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
	\$	\$	\$
Net investment in finance receivables	40,343	48,469	56,249
Impaired receivables - at net realizable value	922	717	1,157
Net finance receivables	41,265	49,186	57,406
Prepaid lease payments and Security deposits	(1,565)	(1,158)	(937)
Other	(25)	(25)	(26)
	39,675	48,003	56,443
Allowance for credit losses	794	819	826
Total finance receivables	38,881	47,184	55,617

Total Non-Core finance receivables have decreased \$8.3 million compared to March 31, 2019. The decrease is predominately related to the run-off of 19th Capital's portfolio of finance receivables.

Please refer to sections titled "Non-Core Geographic Portfolio Segmentation", "Non-Core Asset Class Portfolio Distribution" and "Non-Core Delinquencies and Losses" of this MD&A for additional information.

Non-core delinquencies

The contractual delinquency of the net finance receivables as at each reporting period was as follows:

(in \$000's for stated values)	June 30, 2019		March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018	
	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%
Current	37,481	90.83	45,530	92.57	50,801	88.49
31 to 60 days	1,252	3.03	1,185	2.41	1,642	2.86
61 to 90 days	856	2.07	983	2.00	2,646	4.61
91 to 120 days	754	1.83	771	1.57	1,160	2.02
Impaired receivables	922	2.24	717	1.45	1,157	2.02
Total	41,265	100.00	49,186	100.00	57,406	100.00

Non-core credit losses and provisions, as at and for each of the respective periods are as follows:

(in \$000's for stated values, except ratios)	Six-month period ended June 30, 2019	Year ended December 31, 2018
	\$	\$
Allowance for credit losses, beginning of period	826	—
IFRS 9 Adjustment	—	65,826
Provision for credit losses	—	480,000
Charge-offs, net of recoveries ⁽¹⁾	—	(552,500)
Impact of foreign exchange rates	(32)	7,500
Allowance for credit losses, end of period	794	826
Allowance for credit losses as a percentage of finance receivables	2.00%	1.46%

(1) On October 19, 2018, the Company purchased the equity interest held by its joint venture partner thereby obtaining 100% ownership and control over 19th Capital [for further information, see note 7 to the Company's audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2018]. At the time of acquisition, the loans receivable from 19th Capital were derecognized and the assets and liabilities of 19th Capital were recorded on Company's balance sheet at the acquisition-date fair value.

Non-Core Equipment Under Operating Leases

The following table sets forth the Company's Non-Core equipment under operating leases which are comprised of the acquired 19th Capital assets:

(in \$000's for stated values)	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
	\$	\$	\$
Equipment under operating leases, net			
Highway Tractors and Trailers	371,065	373,871	382,795
	371,065	373,871	382,795

Non-Core Portfolio Distribution

Non-Core Geographic Portfolio Segmentation

The table below sets forth the geographical distribution of the Company's Non-Core portfolio of net finance receivables and equipment under operating leases, as at:

(in \$000's for stated values)	June 30, 2019		March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018	
	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%
United States	409,112	99.2	419,199	99.1	434,908	98.8
New Zealand	3,218	0.8	3,858	0.9	5,293	1.2
Total	412,330	100.0	423,057	100.0	440,201	100.0

Non-Core Asset Class Portfolio Distribution

The distribution of the net finance receivables and equipment under operating leases by asset classes was as follows:

(in \$000's for stated values)	June 30, 2019		March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018	
	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%
Vehicles	1,837	0.4	2,216	0.5	2,689	0.6
Highway Tractors and Trailers	409,377	99.3	419,468	99.2	435,368	98.9
Others	1,116	0.3	1,373	0.3	2,144	0.5
	412,330	100.0	423,057	100.0	440,201	100.0

Liquidity & Capital Resources

An important liquidity measure for the Company is its ability to maintain diversified funding sources to support its operations. The Company's primary sources of liquidity are (i) cash flows from operating activities, (ii) the secured borrowing facilities, and (iii) equity. The Company's primary use of cash is the funding of finance receivables and working capital. The Company manages its capital resources by utilizing the financial leverage available under its term and revolving funding facilities and, when additional capital is required, the Company has access to capital through the issuance of convertible debt and preferred or common shares.

Management believes that the liquidity available to the Company of \$7,346.8 million at June 30, 2019, coupled with the cash flow generated from the repayment of leases and loans, is sufficient to fund the Company's operations throughout 2019, as well as to pay dividends to all preferred and common shareholders.

The Company views both financial and tangible leverage as key indicators of the strength of the Company's Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. As at June 30, 2019, the Company's financial leverage ratio was 3.28:1 and the Company's tangible leverage was 6.92:1.

The Company's capitalization is calculated as follows:

As at		June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
<i>(in \$000's, except ratios)</i>		\$	\$
Secured borrowings		12,200,817	13,270,780
Convertible debentures		711,305	897,435
Total debt	(a)	12,912,122	14,168,215
Total shareholders' equity	(b)	3,937,354	3,975,485
		16,849,476	18,143,700
Goodwill and intangible assets	(c)	2,070,504	2,156,669
Financial leverage	(a)/(b)	3.28	3.56
Tangible leverage	(a)/[(b)-(c)]	6.92	7.79

Cash flow and liquidity

Overall, corporate cash increased from \$22.0 million at December 31, 2018 to \$91.2 million at June 30, 2019.

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2019, cash provided by operating activities was \$652.3 million, an increase of \$811.4 million over the \$159.1 million used in operating activities in 2018 as we made greater investments in equipment under operating leases in support of our growth in Mexico as well as cash inflow and outflow from investment in and repayments of finance receivables and an increase in syndication of assets during the period.

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2019, cash provided by investing activities was \$102.0 million from the sale of both our Eden Prairie, MN office building and the investment in ECAF I Holdings Ltd. whereas during the six-month period ended June 30, 2018 we made a \$12.6 million investment in Amerit Fleet Holdings, LLC.

Cash used in financing activities for the six-month period ended June 30, 2019 was \$683.3 million, compared to \$241.2 million provided by financing activities in 2018, a decrease of \$924.5 million. The decrease over the comparative year is due primarily to the maturity and payoff of the 2014 convertible debentures and net payments under secured borrowings offset by the issuance of the 2019 convertible debenture in Q2 2019 compared to a net increase in borrowings in Q2 2018.

Debt and contractual repayment obligations

With nearly \$7.3 billion in available sources of financing, we have significant resources available to continue funding projected growth. Finance receivables are securitized on a regular basis to ensure cash is always available to fund new transactions. In addition, the Company adheres to a strict policy of matching the maturities and the related debt as closely as possible in order to manage its liquidity position. The funding capacity is supplemented by the expanded use of syndication.

The Company's available sources of financing were as follows:

As at	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
<i>(in \$000's for stated values)</i>	\$	\$	\$
Cash	91,226	43,860	21,999
Term Senior Facility			
Facility amount	3,936,600	4,001,100	4,088,400
Utilized against facility	2,372,370	2,153,786	2,406,195
	1,564,230	1,847,314	1,682,205
Vehicle Management Asset-Backed Debt			
Facilities	15,561,325	15,204,084	14,818,806
Utilized against available facilities	9,869,976	10,624,383	10,924,763
	5,691,349	4,579,701	3,894,043
Total available sources of capital for continuing operations	7,346,805	6,470,875	5,598,247

The Company was in compliance with all of the terms of its credit facilities and loan agreements throughout the period and as at June 30, 2019.

Summary of Consolidated Quarterly Information

The following table sets out selected financial information for each of the eight most recent quarters, the latest of which ended June 30, 2019. This information has been prepared on the same basis as the Company's audited consolidated financial statements, and all necessary adjustments have been included in the amounts stated below to present fairly the unaudited quarterly results when read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and the related notes to those statements.

(in \$ 000's for stated values, except per share amounts and ratios)	Q2 2019	Q1 2019	Q4 2018	Q3 2018	Q2 2018	Q1 2018	Q4 2017	Q3 2017
Net revenue	249,570	242,227	221,480	221,255	219,440	211,343	229,814	236,284
Adjusted operating income ⁽¹⁾	125,976	121,954	96,529	98,091	102,564	89,958	102,676	116,462
After-tax adjusted operating income ⁽¹⁾	101,411	100,612	79,154	80,433	84,103	76,230	82,051	91,737
Net income (loss)	64,061	80,473	41,145	(341,105)	79,096	21,759	(1,463)	67,175
Earnings (loss) per share, basic	0.12	0.16	0.07	(0.93)	0.18	0.03	(0.03)	0.15
Earnings (loss) per share, diluted	0.12	0.16	0.07	(0.93)	0.18	0.03	(0.03)	0.15
Adjusted operating income per share, basic ⁽¹⁾	0.26	0.26	0.20	0.23	0.24	0.21	0.24	0.27
After-tax adjusted operating income per share, basic ⁽¹⁾	0.21	0.21	0.16	0.18	0.19	0.17	0.19	0.21
After-tax pro forma diluted adjusted operating income per share ⁽¹⁾	0.22	0.20	0.16	0.18	0.19	0.17	0.18	0.20
Total earning assets	12,714,943	13,141,273	13,662,821	13,180,374	13,734,850	13,395,434	13,203,189	13,105,362
Loan and lease originations	1,806,515	1,712,849	1,819,476	1,486,700	1,714,100	1,471,500	1,461,257	1,441,839
Allowance for credit losses	8,183	10,096	9,332	549,798	76,362	75,306	4,304	5,833
As a % of finance receivables	0.07	0.08	0.07	4.20	0.57	0.57	0.03	0.05
Senior revolving credit facility	2,372,370	2,153,786	2,406,195	2,617,114	2,611,108	3,435,650	3,168,087	3,163,214
Secured borrowings	9,828,447	10,567,390	10,864,585	9,784,284	10,401,781	9,288,195	9,139,786	9,183,920
Convertible debentures	711,305	903,024	897,435	891,929	886,510	881,173	875,918	870,743

(1) For additional information, see "Description of Non-IFRS Measures" section.

Other Disclosures

Related Party Transactions

The Company's related parties include the following persons and/or entities: (a) associates, or entities which are controlled or significantly influenced by the Company; (b) key management personnel, which are comprised of directors and/or officers of the Company and those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company; and (c) entities controlled by key management personnel.

The Company has issued notes receivables that are loans to certain employees and directors of the Company granted in order to help finance the purchase of the Company's common shares. Such loans have been issued at market conditions, bear interest at 3% and are evidenced by individual promissory notes secured by the shares purchased under the loan arrangements. On March 3, 2017 the Board of Directors approved a plan to discontinue this program on a prospective basis.

Risk Management

The Company has risk management processes in place to monitor, evaluate and manage the principal risks it assumes in conducting its business activities. These risks include credit, liquidity, foreign exchange, interest rate, and various sources of operational risk. The Company's approach to the management of risk has not changed materially from that described in the "Risk Management" section of the Company's 2018 Annual MD&A other than as noted below.

Ability to Reduce Concentration Risk Through Syndication

One way that Element seeks to manage its exposures to large clients is by transferring leases and loans to third party investors, including through bulk transfers, securitization, syndication and similar risk transference arrangements. There can be no assurance that Element will continue to be able to reduce client concentration risks in this way if Element is unable to enter into such risk transference arrangements with third party investors on favorable terms, or at all. Element's reliance on syndication through risk transference arrangements may increase as Element funds the asset growth of its largest clients. There can be no assurance that Element will be able to expand its existing network of syndication market investors or increase the capacities of its existing syndication arrangements in order to manage this concentration risk. An inability to manage such risk could lead Element to curtail new originations with its largest clients in certain circumstances, which could have an adverse impact on Element's ability to maximize its new origination opportunities with such clients.

Outlook and Economic Conditions

Element is a market leader in its sector and benefits from significant scale, industry expertise and the financial strength to support the achievement of its business objectives. The Company operates in the fleet management industry which is further characterized by strong barriers to entry, high-quality, credit-worthy clients, and has demonstrated resilience across the business cycle.

As previously indicated in the second and third quarters of 2018 we completed a comprehensive, end-to-end business assessment resulting in a strategic plan expected to enhance Element's operating performance, client relationships, corporate structure and balance sheet. This transformational reset is well underway, effecting hundreds of changes to our organization which we anticipate will result in a superior client experience, greater efficiency, and generate meaningfully improved profitability going forward. Accordingly, management and the Board of Directors believe that Element is well positioned to execute on its strategy and deliver strong value creation for its shareholders over time. For the 2020 fiscal year, Element is expected to generate after-tax adjusted operating income per share in the range of \$1.00 to \$1.05.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operation are made with reference to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019. A summary of the Company's significant accounting policies is presented in note 2 to the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. Some of the Company's accounting policies, as required by IFRS, require management to make subjective, complex judgments and estimates to matters that are inherently uncertain. Accounting policies that require management's judgment and estimates are described in the "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" section of the December 31, 2018 MD&A.

Syndication

The Company periodically syndicates certain finance receivables to third party financial institutions. At the time the finance receivables are syndicated, the net book value of the asset is removed from the statement of financial position and the associated revenue and expenses are recognized immediately in the statement of operations within the Syndication revenue, net line item.

Right-of-use assets

The Company recognizes right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made.

Fair Value Hedges

The Company designates fair value hedges as part of interest rate risk management strategies that use derivatives to hedge changes in the fair value of financial instruments with fixed interest rates. Changes in fair value attributed to the hedged interest rate risk are accounted for as basis adjustments to the hedged financial instruments and are included in net income. Changes in fair value from the hedging derivatives are also included in net income. Any differences between the two represent hedge ineffectiveness that is included in other income. If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or where the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the hedge relationship is terminated and the basis adjustment applied to the hedged item is amortized over the remaining term of the hedged item. If the hedged item is derecognized, the unamortized basis adjustment is recognized immediately in the consolidated statement of operations.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

IFRS 16, Leases ("IFRS 16")

Effective January 1, 2019, the Company adopted IFRS 16, issued by the IASB, using the modified retrospective method with the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard recognized as an adjustment to opening retained earnings. This adoption methodology does not require restatement of prior periods. In addition, the Company elected the practical expedients permitted under the transition guidance within the new standard, which, among other things, allowed the Company to carry forward the historical lease classification and allowed the use of hindsight to determine the lease term for existing leases. In the application of hindsight, the Company evaluated its current real estate strategies, which resulted in the determination that certain renewal terms would likely be exercised and were therefore included in the expected lease term when calculating the lease liability and right of use asset. As a result, the recorded lease liability at adoption was higher than the lease commitments disclosed in the Company's December 31, 2018 audited annual financial statements.

Upon adoption of IFRS 16, the Company applied a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases that it is the lessee, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognizes right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets and lease liabilities to make lease payments. This resulted in the recording of additional lease assets and lease liabilities of

approximately \$79,700 as of January 1, 2019. Lessor accounting under the new standard was mostly left unchanged and did not impact the Company's vehicle leases with its clients. The adoption of this standard did not materially impact the Company's condensed consolidated operations and had no impact on cash flows.

Future Accounting Changes

All accounting standards effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 have been adopted by the Company.

Internal Control over Disclosure and Financial Reporting

The Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") are responsible for designing disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information is being recorded, processed, summarized, and reported to senior management, including the certifying officers and other members of the Board of Directors, on a timely basis, so that appropriate decisions can be made regarding public disclosure. In addition, the CEO and CFO are responsible to design, or cause to be designed under their supervision, internal controls over financial reporting to a standard that provide reasonable assurance of the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS.

Limitations on the effectiveness of disclosure controls and internal controls over financial reporting

It should be noted that while the Company's CEO and CFO believe that the Company's internal control system and disclosure controls and procedures provide a reasonable level of assurance that the objectives of the control systems are met, they do not expect that the Company's control systems will prevent all errors and fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived or operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurances that any designs will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential conditions.

The Company has an established process in place which includes the continuous testing and reporting of the results to senior management and the Board of Directors on the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and internal controls over financial reporting.

IFRS to Non-IFRS Reconciliations

The following table provides a reconciliation of IFRS to non-IFRS measures related to the consolidated operations of the Company:

(in \$000's for stated values)		As at and for the three-month periods ended			As at and for the six-month periods ended	
		June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Reported and adjusted income measures						
Net income	A	64,061	80,473	79,096	144,534	100,855
Adjustments:						
Amortization of debenture discount		4,492	3,655	3,480	8,147	6,904
Share-based compensation		5,410	5,170	5,191	10,580	9,738
Amortization of intangible assets from acquisitions		9,112	9,176	11,936	18,288	23,807
Restructuring and transformation costs		21,949	6,738	1,306	28,687	42,117
Provision (recovery) of income taxes		21,190	15,412	(3,046)	36,602	(5,804)
Share of (income) loss from investments		(238)	1,330	4,601	1,092	14,905
Before-tax adjusted operating income	B	125,976	121,954	102,564	247,930	192,522
Provision for taxes applicable to adjusted operating income	C	24,565	21,342	18,461	45,907	32,189
After-tax adjusted operating income	D=B-C	101,411	100,612	84,103	202,023	160,333
Cumulative preferred share dividends during the period	Y	11,164	11,164	11,068	22,328	22,136
After-tax adjusted operating income attributable to common shareholders	D1=D-Y	90,247	89,448	73,035	179,695	138,197
Selected statement of financial position amounts						
Finance receivables, before allowance for credit losses	E	12,112,684	12,616,951	13,458,337	12,112,684	13,458,337
Allowance for credit losses	F	8,183	10,096	76,362	8,183	76,362
Earning assets						
Net investment in finance receivable	G	10,495,940	10,940,487	12,045,905	10,495,940	12,045,905
Equipment under operating leases	H	2,219,003	2,200,786	1,688,945	2,219,003	1,688,945
Total earning assets	I=G+H	12,714,943	13,141,273	13,734,850	12,714,943	13,734,850
Average earning assets, net	J	13,064,470	13,411,672	13,515,352	13,238,071	13,339,754
Goodwill and intangible assets	K	2,070,504	2,109,158	2,100,529	2,070,504	2,100,529
Average goodwill and intangible assets	L	2,105,140	2,094,041	2,077,205	2,099,590	2,055,855
Secured borrowings	M	12,200,817	12,721,176	13,012,889	12,200,817	13,012,889
Unsecured convertible debentures	N	711,305	903,024	886,510	711,305	886,510
Total debt	O=M+N	12,912,122	13,624,200	13,899,399	12,912,122	13,899,399
Average debt	P	13,162,242	13,559,757	13,696,839	13,360,999	13,506,720
Total shareholders' equity	Q	3,937,354	3,955,552	3,877,569	3,937,354	3,877,569
Preferred shares	R	680,412	680,412	680,412	680,412	680,412
Common shareholders' equity	S=Q-R	3,256,942	3,275,140	3,197,157	3,256,942	3,197,157
Average common shareholders' equity	T	3,315,944	3,217,035	3,128,845	3,266,489	3,083,880
Average total shareholders' equity	U	3,996,356	3,897,446	3,809,256	3,946,901	3,764,292

Non-IFRS and IFRS key annualized consolidated operating ratios and per share information of the operations of the Company:

(in \$000's for stated values, except ratios and per share amounts)		As at and for the three-month periods ended			As at and for the six-month periods ended	
		June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Key annualized operating ratios						
Leverage ratios						
Financial leverage ratio	O/Q	3.28	3.44	3.58	3.28	3.58
Tangible leverage ratio	O/ (Q-K)	6.92	7.38	7.82	6.92	7.82
Average financial leverage ratio	P/U	3.29	3.48	3.60	3.39	3.59
Average tangible leverage ratio	P/(U-L)	6.96	7.52	7.91	7.23	7.91
Other key operating ratios						
Allowance for credit losses as a percentage of finance receivables	F/E	0.07%	0.08%	0.57%	0.07%	0.57%
Adjusted operating income on average earning assets	B/J	3.86%	3.64%	3.04%	3.75%	2.89%
After-tax adjusted operating income on average tangible total equity of Element	D/(U-L)	21.45%	22.32%	19.42%	21.87%	18.77%
Per share information						
Number of shares outstanding	V	434,854	434,322	380,356	434,854	380,356
Weighted average number of shares outstanding [basic]	W	434,687	433,607	380,458	434,150	380,410
Pro forma diluted average number of shares outstanding	X	449,560	493,312	438,754	449,269	438,706
Cumulative preferred share dividends during the period	Y	11,164	11,164	11,068	22,328	22,136
Other effects of dilution on an adjusted operating income basis	Z	\$ 6,984	\$ 9,152	\$ 9,095	\$ 12,407	\$ 18,172
Net income per share [basic]	(A-Y)/W	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.21
Net income per share [diluted]		\$ 0.12	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.21
Book value per share	S/V	\$ 7.49	\$ 7.54	\$ 8.41	\$ 7.49	\$ 8.41
Before tax adjusted operating income per share [basic]	(B-Y)/W	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.45
After-tax adjusted operating income per share [basic]	(D1)/W	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.36
After-tax pro forma diluted adjusted operating income per share	(D1+Z)/X	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.36

The following table provides a reconciliation of the consolidated after-tax adjusted operating income per share and the after-tax pro forma diluted adjusted operating income per share of the operations of the Company for the three-month period ended June 30, 2019:

(in \$000's for stated values, except per share amounts)	Amount \$	Weighted average number of shares outstanding applicable	Amount per share \$
Adjusted operating income before taxes	125,976		0.29
Less:			
Income taxes related to adjusted operating income	(24,565)		(0.06)
Preferred share dividends	(11,164)		(0.03)
After-tax adjusted operating income attributable to common shareholders	90,247	434,687	0.21
Dilution items:			
Employee stock option plan	—	471	—
Convertible debentures (after-tax net interest expense)	6,984	14,382	0.01
After-tax pro forma diluted adjusted operating income	97,231	449,560	0.22

Description of Non-IFRS Measures

Our unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB and the accounting policies we adopted in accordance with IFRS. These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary to present fairly our financial position as at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the results of operations, comprehensive income and cash flows for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Management uses both IFRS and Non-IFRS Measures to monitor and assess the operating performance of the Company's operations. Throughout this MD&A, management uses the following terms and ratios which do not have a standardized meaning under IFRS and are unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other organizations:

Adjusted operating expenses

Adjusted operating expenses are equal to salaries, wages and benefits, general and administrative expenses, and depreciation and amortization.

Adjusted operating income or Before-tax adjusted operating income

Adjusted operating income reflects income before income taxes, business acquisition costs and related amortization, amortization of convertible debenture discount, and share-based compensation.

Adjusted operating income on average earning assets

Adjusted operating income on average earning assets is the adjusted operating income for the period divided by the average earning assets outstanding throughout the period, presented on an annualized basis.

After-tax adjusted operating income

After-tax adjusted operating income reflects the adjusted operating income after the application of the Company's effective tax rates.

After-tax adjusted operating income attributable to common shareholders

After-tax adjusted operating income attributable to common shareholders is computed as after-tax adjusted operating income less the cumulative preferred share dividends for the period.

After-tax adjusted operating income per share

After-tax adjusted operating income per share is computed as the after-tax adjusted operating income attributable to common shareholders for the period, divided by the basic weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

After-tax adjusted operating income on average tangible total equity of Element

After-tax adjusted operating income on average tangible equity of Element is the after-tax adjusted operating income for the period, divided by the net of the average total shareholders' equity outstanding throughout the period, less average goodwill and intangible assets.

After-tax pro forma diluted adjusted operating income per share

After-tax pro forma diluted adjusted operating income per share computes the diluted after-tax adjusted operating income per share for the period on the assumption that all outstanding options at the end of the period that have an exercise price less than the closing market value on that day, are fully vested on that day and are fully exercised at their exercise price, and a corresponding number of shares are repurchased at the closing market value on that day using the cash proceeds from these option exercises. Convertible debentures are assumed to be converted at the beginning of the period (or at issuance if issued during the period on a time weighted basis) with the other effects of dilution adjusted operating income basis added to the adjusted operating income, if they are dilutive.

Allowance for credit losses as a percentage of finance receivables

Allowance for credit losses as a percentage of finance receivables is the allowance for credit losses at the end of the period divided by the finance receivables (gross of the allowance for credit losses) at the end of the period.

Average cost of borrowing or average cost of debt

Average cost of borrowing or average cost of debt is equal to interest expense divided by the average debt outstanding during the period and is presented on an annualized basis.

Average debt outstanding

Average debt outstanding is calculated as the sum of monthly average borrowings outstanding under all of the Company's secured borrowings facilities and the convertible debentures outstanding throughout the period.

Average common shareholders' equity

Average common shareholders' equity is calculated as the monthly average common shareholders' equity during the period.

Average financial leverage or average financial leverage ratio

Average financial leverage or average financial leverage ratio is calculated as average debt outstanding during the period, divided by average total shareholders' equity outstanding during the period. Financial leverage refers to the use of debt to acquire/finance additional finance receivables and provides an indication of future potential ability to increase the level of debt when compared to specific industry-standard and or existing debt covenants.

Average outstanding earning assets or average net earning assets

Average outstanding earning assets or average net earning assets is the sum of the average outstanding finance receivable, average equipment under operating leases and average other earning assets. Average outstanding finance receivables or average finance receivables is the sum of [i] the average finance receivables net investment balance [gross investment less unearned income] outstanding during the period and [ii] the average investment in managed fund during the period. Average equipment under operating leases is the monthly average equipment under operating leases outstanding during the period and is calculated net of accumulated depreciation. Average other earning assets is the monthly average of other earning assets outstanding during the period.

Average goodwill and intangible assets

Average goodwill and intangible assets is the monthly average balances of goodwill and intangible assets during the period.

Average shareholders' equity

Average shareholders' equity is calculated as the monthly average balance of shareholders' equity during the period.

Average tangible leverage ratio

The average tangible leverage ratio has been computed as the sum of the average secured borrowings and average convertible debentures, divided by the net of total average shareholders' equity less average goodwill and intangible assets during the period.

Common shareholders' equity

Common shareholders' equity is total shareholders' equity less principal face value of the preferred shares outstanding.

Consolidated return on equity

Consolidated return on equity is the current period end consolidated after-tax adjusted operating income less preferred share dividends, annualized, divided by the average of the current and prior period ending consolidated total shareholders' equity less preferred share equity.

Core fleet assets under management

Core fleet assets under management are the sum of fleet management earning assets, fleet management interim funding, and the value of core fleet assets syndicated by Element net of depreciation.

Consolidated free cash flow per share

Consolidated free cash flow per share is calculated by adjusting before-tax adjusted operating income for certain non-cash and cash revenue and expenses to get total cash from operations. Cash expenses of common and preferred share dividends and sustaining capital investments are subtracted from cash from operations to arrive at consolidated free cash flow. Consolidated free cash flow is then divided by the weighted average number of outstanding common shares for the period noted. Sustaining capital investments are defined by the Company as expenditures management considers necessary to supporting long-term growth.

Earning assets or total earning assets or finance earning assets

Earning assets are the sum of the total net investment in finance receivables, total carrying value of the equipment under operating leases and carrying value of other earning assets.

Finance assets or total finance assets

Finance assets are the sum of the total finance receivables and total carrying value of the equipment under operating leases.

Financial leverage or financial leverage ratio

Financial leverage or financial leverage ratio is calculated as total debt (the sum of secured borrowings and convertible debentures) outstanding at the end of the period, divided by total shareholders' equity outstanding at the end of the period. Financial leverage refers to the use of debt to acquire/finance additional finance receivables and provides an indication of future potential ability to increase the level of debt when compared to specific industry-standard and/or existing debt covenants.

Net interest and rental revenue

Net interest and rental revenue is calculated as the sum of net interest income, rental revenue net of depreciation, less interest expense. Net interest and rental revenue refers to net financing income earned from finance receivables, equipment under operating leases, and other earning assets, after considering financing costs and provision for credit losses.

Net interest and rental revenue margin or NIM

Net interest and rental revenue yield to average earning assets or NIM is calculated as net interest and rental revenue divided by average earning assets outstanding throughout the period on an annualized basis.

Other earning assets

Other earning assets are other yield generating assets that are not finance receivables or equipment under operating leases.

Other effects of dilution adjusted operating income basis

Other effects of dilution adjusted operating income basis represents, if dilutive, the add back of the after-tax convertible debt interest and the amortization of deferred financing costs related to the convertible debt, and excludes the add back of the after-tax amortization of the discount of the convertible debt (which is included on an IFRS basis).

Pro forma diluted average number of shares outstanding

Pro forma diluted average number of shares outstanding is the basic weighted average number of shares outstanding, plus the assumption that all outstanding options at the end of the period that have an exercise price less than the closing market value on that day, are fully vested on that day and are fully exercised at their exercise price, and a corresponding number of shares are repurchased at the closing market value on that day using the cash proceeds from these option exercises.

Tangible leverage ratio

The tangible leverage ratio has been computed as the sum of secured borrowings and convertible debentures divided by the net of total shareholders' equity less goodwill and intangible assets at the period end.

Updated Share Information

The Company is currently authorized to issue (i) an unlimited number of common shares without nominal or par value and (ii) an unlimited number of preferred shares, issuable in series.

As at July 31, 2019, the Company had 435,148,880 common shares issued and outstanding. In addition, 18,791,664 options were issued and outstanding under the Company's stock option plan as at July 31, 2019. These convertible securities are convertible into, or exercisable for common shares of the Company of which 17,501,463 are exercisable at June 30, 2019 for proceeds to the Company upon exercise of \$197.9 million. In addition, the Company had convertible debentures outstanding that are convertible into an aggregate of 47,556,036 common shares.

As at July 31, 2019, the Company had 4,600,000 Preferred Shares, Series A, 5,126,400 Preferred Shares, Series C, 5,321,900 Preferred Shares, Series E, 6,900,000 Preferred Shares, Series G and 6,000,000 Preferred Shares, Series I issued and outstanding.

This Management's Discussion and Analysis is dated as of the close of business on July 31, 2019.