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China Gold International Resources Corp. Ltd.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Six months ended June 30, 2020 (Stated in U.S. dollars, except as otherwise noted)

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020.
(Stated in U.S. dollars, except as otherwise noted)*

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The following Management Discussion and Analysis of financial condition and results of operations (“MD&A”) is prepared as of August 14, 2020. It should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of China Gold International Resources Corp. Ltd. (referred to herein as “China Gold International”, the “Company”, “we” or “our” as the context may require) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively. Unless the context otherwise provides, references in this MD&A to China Gold International or the Company refer to China Gold International and each of its subsidiaries collectively on a consolidated basis.

The following discussion contains certain forward-looking statements relating to the Company’s plans, objectives, expectations and intentions, which are based on the Company’s current expectations and are subject to risks, uncertainties and changes in circumstances. Readers should carefully consider all of the information set out in this MD&A, including the risks and uncertainties outlined further in the Company’s Annual Information Form (“Annual Information Form” or “AIF”) dated March 30, 2020 on SEDAR at www.sedar.com, www.chinagoldintl.com and www.hkex.com.hk. For further information on risks and other factors that could affect the accuracy of forward-looking statements and the result of operations of the Company, please refer to the sections titled “Forward-Looking Statements” and “Risk Factors” and to discussions elsewhere within this MD&A. China Gold International’s business, financial condition or results of operations could be materially and adversely affected by any of these risks.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements made herein, other than statements of historical fact relating to the Company, represent forward-looking information. In some cases, this forward-looking information can be identified by words or phrases such as “may”, “will”, “expect”, “anticipate”, “contemplates”, “aim”, “estimate”, “intend”, “plan”, “believe”, “potential”, “continue”, “is/are likely to”, “should” or the negative of these terms, or other similar expressions intended to identify forward-looking information. This forward-looking information includes, among other things; China Gold International’s production estimates, business strategies and capital expenditure plans; the development and expansion plans and schedules for the CSH Mine and the Jiama Mine; China Gold International’s financial condition; the regulatory environment as well as the general industry outlook; general economic trends in China; and statements respecting anticipated business activities, planned expenditures, corporate strategies, participation in projects and financing, and other statements that are not historical facts.

By their nature, forward-looking information involves numerous assumptions, both general and specific, which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of China Gold International and/or its subsidiaries to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking information. Some of the key assumptions include, among others, the absence of any material change in China Gold International’s operations or in foreign exchange rates, the prevailing price of gold, copper and other non-ferrous metal products; the absence of lower-than-anticipated mineral recovery or other production problems; effective income and other tax rates and other assumptions underlying China Gold International’s financial performance as stated in the Company’s technical reports for its CSH Mine and Jiama Mine; China Gold International’s ability to obtain regulatory confirmations and approvals on a timely basis; continuing positive labor relations; the absence of any material adverse effects as a result of political instability, terrorism, natural disasters, pandemics such as COVID-19, litigation or arbitration and adverse changes in government regulation; the availability and accessibility of financing to China Gold International; and the performance by counterparties of the terms and conditions of all contracts to which China Gold International and its subsidiaries are a party. The forward-looking information is also based on the assumption that none of the risk factors identified in this MD&A or in the AIF that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking information actually occurs.

Forward-looking information contained herein as of the date of this MD&A is based on the opinions, estimates and assumptions of management. There are a number of important risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described as forward-looking information. China Gold International disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, estimates, opinions or assumptions, future events or results, or otherwise except to the extent required by law. There can be no assurance that forward-looking information will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. The forward-looking information in this MD&A is expressly qualified by this cautionary statement. The reader is cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking information.

THE COMPANY

Overview

China Gold International is a gold and base metal mining company registered in British Columbia Canada. The Company's main business involves the operation, acquisition, development and exploration of gold and base metal properties.

The Company's principal mining operations are the Chang Shan Hao Gold Mine ("CSH Mine" or "CSH"), located in Inner Mongolia, China and the Jiama Copper-Gold Polymetallic Mine ("Jiama Mine" or "Jiama"), located in Tibet, China. China Gold International holds a 96.5% interest in the CSH Mine, while its Chinese joint venture ("CJV") partner holds the remaining 3.5% interest. The Company owns a 100% interest in the Jiama Mine, which hosts a large scale copper-gold polymetallic deposit containing copper, gold, molybdenum, silver, lead and zinc metals.

China Gold International's common shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("HKSE") under the symbol CGG and the stock code 2099, respectively. Additional information about the Company, including the Company's Annual Information Form, is available on SEDAR at sedar.com as well as Hong Kong Exchange News at hkexnews.hk.

Performance Highlights

Three months ended June 30, 2020

- Revenue increased to US\$209.2 million compared to US\$163.2 million for the same period in 2019.
- Mine operating earnings increased by 386% to US\$35.5 million from US\$7.3 million for the same period in 2019.
- Net income of US\$18.5 million increased by US\$41.5 million from a net loss of US\$23.0 million for the same period in 2019.
- Cash flow from operation decreased by 4% to US\$54.5 million from US\$56.6 million for the same period in 2019.
- Total gold production increased by 14% to 63,043 ounces from 55,503 ounces for the same period in 2019.
- Total copper production increased by 31% to 46.5 million pounds (approximately 21,103 tonnes) from 35.6 million pounds (approximately 16,126 tonnes) for the same period in 2019.

Six months ended June 30, 2020

- Revenue increased to US\$357.8 million compared to US\$308.8 million for the same period in 2019.
- Mine operating earnings increased by 138% to US\$53.7 million from US\$22.6 million for the same period in 2019.
- Net income of US\$9.9 million increased by US\$37.4 million from a net loss of US\$27.5 million for the same period in 2019.
- Cash flow from operation increased by 11% to US\$70.5 million from US\$63.5 million for the same period in 2019.
- Total gold production increased by 15% to 114,872 ounces from 99,527 ounces for the same period in 2019.
- Total copper production increased by 20% to 82.2 million pounds (approximately 37,288 tonnes) from 68.3 million pounds (approximately 30,959 tonnes) for the same period in 2019.

OUTLOOK

- Projected gold production of 212,000 ounces in 2020.
- Projected copper production of 145 million pounds in 2020.
- The Company continues to focus its efforts on optimizing the operation at both mines, improving the Jiama Mine's production and extending the mine life of CSH Mine.

- To fulfill its growth strategy, the Company is continually working with CNG and other interested parties to identify potential international mining acquisition opportunities, namely projects outside of China.
- The Company has not experienced any significant impact on its operations from the COVID-19 pandemic. Both of the Company's mines have been able to operate and sell production without significant interruption during the three and six months ended June 30, 2020. The Company continues to closely monitor the health of its employees and supply chains to be able to respond to any potential disruptions, should any arise. The Company is also managing its cash reserves to be able to withstand any financial ramifications of potential disruptions.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Selected Quarterly Financial Data

	Quarter ended							
	2020		2019				2018	
(US\$ in thousands except per share)	30-Jun	31-Mar	31-Dec	30-Sep	30-Jun	31-Mar	31-Dec	30-Sep
Revenue	209,188	148,583	162,326	186,375	163,166	145,592	162,957	158,841
Cost of sales	173,701	130,414	146,952	160,094	155,876	130,324	129,693	123,743
Mine operating earnings	35,487	18,169	15,374	26,281	7,290	15,268	33,264	35,098
General and administrative expenses	5,793	9,186	15,280	11,762	9,532	13,495	16,701	12,666
Exploration and evaluation expenses	165	61	(156)	368	175	115	(4)	134
Research and development expenses	2,264	1,966	3,200	4,308	4,541	4,856	7,374	3,068
Income (loss) from operations	27,265	6,956	(2,950)	9,843	(6,958)	(3,198)	9,193	19,230
Gain on recognition of other assets	-	-	14,067	11,245	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange (loss) gain	(2,331)	(5,438)	4,074	(9,616)	(7,414)	5,288	(1,677)	(11,024)
Finance costs	11,525	10,516	10,398	10,560	11,482	10,088	11,224	10,909
Profit (loss) before income tax	17,597	(7,793)	4,732	2,380	(24,817)	(7,137)	(3,346)	(998)
Income tax (credit) expense	(926)	876	9,037	2,701	(1,866)	(2,563)	(1,351)	3,591
Net profit (loss)	18,523	(8,669)	(4,305)	(321)	(22,951)	(4,574)	(1,995)	(4,589)
Basic earnings (loss) per share (cents)	4.52	(2.25)	(1.19)	(0.17)	(5.79)	(1.13)	(0.49)	(1.23)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share (cents)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Selected Quarterly Production Data and Analysis

CSH Mine	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Gold sales (US\$ million)	65.06	52.17	120.56	89.85
Realized average price (US\$) of gold per ounce	1,673	1,303	1,625	1,305
Gold produced (ounces)	38,850	39,875	74,147	68,502
Gold sold (ounces)	38,887	40,028	74,182	68,859
Total production cost (US\$ per ounce)	1,358	1,329	1,359	1,347
Cash production cost ⁽¹⁾ (US\$ per ounce)	889	805	841	849

(1) Non-IFRS measure. See 'Non-IFRS measures' section of this MD&A

Gold production at the CSH Mine slightly decreased by 3% to 38,850 ounces for the three months ended June 30, 2020 compared to 39,875 ounces for the three months ended June 30, 2019. The total production cost of gold for the three months ended June 30, 2020 increased to US\$1,358 per ounce compared to US\$1,329 for the three months ended June 30, 2019. The cash production cost of gold for the three months ended June 30, 2020 increased to US\$889 per ounce from US\$805 for the same period in 2019. Changes in total production cost and cash cost are mainly due to higher stripping ratio and waste removal costs.

Jiama Mine	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Copper sales (US\$ in millions)	63.99	76.63	118.65	145.99
Realized average price ¹ (US\$) of copper per pound after smelting fee discount	1.35	1.85	1.49	1.87
Copper produced (tonnes)	21,103	16,126	37,288	30,959
Copper produced (pounds)	46,523,860	35,551,640	82,205,981	68,253,000
Copper sold (tonnes)	21,686	16,300	36,098	31,425
Copper sold (pounds)	47,810,580	35,936,014	79,582,880	69,281,182
Gold produced (ounces)	24,193	15,628	40,725	31,025
Gold sold (ounces)	24,872	16,817	39,718	32,398
Silver produced (ounces)	1,824,767	844,748	3,088,602	1,820,751
Silver sold (ounces)	1,895,570	936,765	2,941,611	1,932,544
Lead produced (tonnes)	20,263	2,752	29,538	2,752
Lead produced (pounds)	44,672,072	6,067,209	65,120,727	6,067,29
Lead sold (tonnes)	22,074	2,752	28,073	2,752
Lead sold (pounds)	48,664,678	6,067,209	61,891,245	6,067,209
Zinc produced (tonnes)	9,885	-	15,083	-
Zinc produced (pounds)	21,791,970	-	33,251,468	-
Zinc sold (tonnes)	10,733	-	14,370	-
Zinc sold (pounds)	23,661,754	-	31,681,205	-
Total production cost ² (US\$) of copper per pound	2.69	3.18	2.76	3.13
Total production cost ² (US\$) of copper per pound after by-products credits ⁴	1.00	2.39	1.27	2.34
Cash production cost ⁴ (US\$) per pound of copper	2.08	2.49	2.03	2.43
Cash production cost ³ (US\$) of copper per pound after by-products credits ⁴	0.41	1.70	0.54	1.64

¹ A discount factor of 18.6% to 29.6% is applied to the copper benchmark price to compensate the refinery costs incurred by the buyers. The discount factor is higher if the grade of copper in copper concentrate is below 18%. The industry standard of copper in copper concentrate is between 18-20%.

² Production costs include expenditures incurred at the mine sites for the activities related to production including mining, processing, mine site G&A and royalties etc.

³ Non-IFRS measure. See 'Non-IFRS measures' section of this MD&A

⁴ By-products credit refers to the sales of gold and silver during the corresponding period.

During the three months ended June 30, 2020, the Jiama Mine produced 21,103 tonnes (approximately 46.5 million pounds) of copper, an increase of 31% compared with the three months ended June 30, 2019 (16,126 tonnes, or 35.6 million pounds).

Both total production cost of copper per pound after by-products and cash production cost of copper per pound after by-product decreased greatly as compared to the same period in 2019 due to higher mined tonnes, higher head grade, higher recovery rates, and more by-products recovered of lead and zinc.

Review of Quarterly Data

Three months ended June 30, 2020 compared to three months ended June 30, 2019

Revenue of US\$209.2 million for the second quarter of 2020 increased by US\$46.0 million from US\$163.2 million for the same period in 2019.

Revenue from the CSH Mine was US\$65.1 million, an increase of US\$12.9 million, compared to US\$52.2 million for the same period in 2019. Realized average gold price increased by 28% from US\$1,303/oz in Q2 2019 to US\$1,673/oz in Q2 2020. Gold sold by the CSH Mine was 38,887 ounces (gold produced: 38,850 ounces), compared to 40,028 ounces (gold produced: 39,875 ounces) for the same period in 2019.

Revenue from the Jiama Mine was US\$144.1 million, an increase of US\$33.1 million, compared to US\$111.0 million for the same period in 2019. Total copper sold was 21,687 tonnes (47.8 million pounds) for the three months ended June 30, 2020, an increase of 33% from 16,300 tonnes (35.9 million pounds) for the same period in 2019.

Cost of sales of US\$173.7 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2020, an increase of US\$17.8 million from US\$155.9 million for the same period in 2019. Cost of sales as a percentage of revenue for the Company decreased from 96% to 83% for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively. Cost of sales was impacted by many operation factors such as grade of ore, recovery rates and stripping ratio. Refer to the sections below for details of production factors for each individual mine.

Mine operating earnings of US\$35.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020, an increase of 386%, or US\$28.2 million, from US\$7.3 million for the same period in 2019. Mine operating earnings as a percentage of revenue increased from 4% to 17% for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively.

General and administrative expenses decreased by US\$3.7 million, from US\$9.5 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 to US\$5.8 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2020. The decrease was due to the Company's implementation of an overall cost reduction program.

Research and development expenses of US\$2.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020, decreased from US\$4.5 million for the comparative 2019 period. The decrease in the second quarter of 2020 was mainly due to the completion of several research projects in 2019.

Income from operations of US\$27.3 million for the second quarter of 2020, increased by US\$34.3 million, compared to a loss of US\$7.0 million for the same period in 2019.

Finance costs of US\$11.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020, decreased by US\$0.1 million compared to US\$11.5 million for the same period in 2019.

Foreign exchange loss of US\$2.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020, decreased from US\$7.4 million for the same period in 2019. The loss was attributed to changes in the RMB/USD exchange rates and the revaluation of monetary items held in Chinese RMB.

Interest and other income of US\$4.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020 increased from US\$1.0 million for the same period in 2019. The increase in the second quarter of 2020 was primarily attributed to the sales of lead-zinc concentrate at the Jiama Mine.

Income tax credit of US\$0.9 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2020, decreased by US\$1.0 million from US\$1.9 million for the comparative period in 2019. During the current quarter, the Company had US\$1.9 million of deferred tax credit compared to US\$1.1 million for the same period in 2019.

Net income of US\$18.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020, increased by US\$41.5 million from a net loss of US\$23.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019.

Six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to six months ended June 30, 2019

Revenue of US\$357.8 million for the first half of 2020 increased by US\$49.0 million from US\$308.8 million for the same period in 2019.

Revenue from the CSH Mine was US\$120.6 million, an increase of US\$30.8 million, compared to US\$89.8 million for the same period in 2019. Realized average gold price increased by 25% from US\$1,305/oz in the first six months of 2019 to US\$1,625/oz in 2020. Gold sold by the CSH Mine was 74,182 ounces (gold produced: 74,147 ounces), compared to 68,859 ounces (gold produced: 68,502 ounces) for the same period in 2019.

Revenue from the Jiama Mine was US\$237.2 million, an increase of US\$18.3 million, compared to US\$218.9 million for the same period in 2019. Total copper sold was 36,098 tonnes (79.6 million pounds) for the six months ended June 30, 2020, an increase of 15% from 31,425 tonnes (69.3 million pounds) for the same period in 2019.

Cost of sales of US\$304.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, an increase of US\$17.9 million from US\$286.2 million for the same period in 2019. Cost of sales as a percentage of revenue for the Company decreased from 93% to 85% for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively. Cost of sales was impacted by many operation factors such as grade of ore, recovery rates and stripping ratio. Refer to the sections below for details of production factors for each individual mine.

Mine operating earnings of US\$53.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, an increase of 138%, or US\$31.1 million, from US\$22.6 million for the same period in 2019. Mine operating earnings as a percentage of revenue increased from 7% to 15% for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively.

General and administrative expenses decreased by US\$8.0 million, from US\$23.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 to US\$15.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The decrease was due to the Company's implementation of an overall cost reduction program.

Research and development expenses of US\$4.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, decreased from US\$9.4 million for the comparative 2019 period. The decrease in 2020 was mainly due to the completion of several research projects in 2019.

Income from operations of US\$34.2 million for the six months ended 2020, increased by US\$44.4 million, compared to a loss of US\$10.2 million for the same period in 2019.

Finance costs of US\$22.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, increased by US\$0.4 million compared to US\$21.6 million for the same period in 2019.

Foreign exchange loss of US\$7.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, increased from US\$2.1 million for the same period in 2019. The loss was attributed to changes in the RMB/USD exchange rates and the revaluation of monetary items held in Chinese RMB.

Interest and other income of US\$5.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 increased from US\$1.9 million for the same period in 2019. The increase in 2020 was primarily attributed to the sales of lead-zinc concentrate at the Jiama Mine.

Income tax credit of US\$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, decreased by US\$4.3 million from US\$4.4 million for the comparative period in 2019. During the current six months period, the Company had US\$1.9 million of deferred tax credit compared to S\$4.3 million for the same period in 2019.

Net income of US\$9.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, increased by US\$37.4 million from a net loss of US\$27.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019.

NON-IFRS MEASURES

The cash cost of production is a measure that is not in accordance with IFRS.

The Company has included cash production cost per ounce gold data to supplement its consolidated financial statements, which are presented in accordance with IFRS. Non-IFRS measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed under IFRS, and therefore they may not be comparable to similar measures employed by other companies. The data is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance, operating results or financial condition prepared in accordance with IFRS. The Company has included cash production cost per ounce data because it understands that certain investors use this information to determine the Company's ability to generate earnings and cash flow. The measure is not necessarily indicative of operating results, cash flow from operations, or financial condition as determined under IFRS. Cash production costs are determined in accordance with the Gold Institute's Production Cost Standard. Although the Gold Institute ceased operations in 2002, the Company believes that the Gold Institute's Production Cost Standard continues to represent the market accepted standard for reporting cash cost of production. However, different issuers may apply slight deviations to the standard so the cash production costs disclosed by the Company may not be directly comparable to other issuers.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of cost of sales to the cash costs of production in total dollars and in dollars per gold ounce for the CSH Mine or per copper pound for the Jiama Mine:

CSH Mine (Gold)

	Three months ended June 30,				Six months ended June 30,			
	2020		2019		2020		2019	
	US\$	US\$ Per ounce	US\$	US\$ Per ounce	US\$	US\$ Per ounce	US\$	US\$ Per ounce
Total Cost of sales ¹	52,798,614	1,358	53,200,398	1,329	100,835,749	1,359	92,782,049 ¹	1,347
Adjustment – Depreciation & depletion	(17,853,204)	(459)	(20,010,035)	(500)	(37,223,738)	(502)	(33,328,270)	(483)
Adjustment – Amortization of intangible assets	(389,364)	(10)	(955,668)	(24)	(1,248,123)	(17)	(1,008,645)	(15)
Total cash production costs	34,556,046	889	32,234,695	805	62,363,888	841	58,445,134	849

¹ In 2019, Inventory write down of US\$4.3 million was provided in total cost of sales for the three months ended 2019, of which been excluded from this figure.

Jiama Mine (Copper with by-products credits)

	Three months ended June 30,				Six months ended June 30,			
	2020		2019		2020		2019	
	US\$	US\$ Per Pound	US\$	US\$ Per Pound	US\$	US\$ Per Pound	US\$	US\$ Per Pound
Total Cost of sales	120,902,333	2.53	102,674,711	2.86	203,279,379	2.55	189,225,117	2.73
General and administrative expenses	5,219,804	0.11	7,122,665	0.20	12,099,942	0.15	18,418,434	0.27
Research and development expenses	2,263,506	0.05	4,540,867	0.13	4,229,777	0.06	9,396,910	0.14
Total production cost	128,385,643	2.69	114,338,243	3.18	219,609,098	2.76	217,040,461	3.13
Adjustment – Depreciation & depletion	(19,853,021)	(0.42)	(17,248,041)	(0.48)	(40,192,446)	(0.50)	(34,979,620)	(0.50)
Adjustment – Amortization of intangible assets	(8,855,858)	(0.19)	(7,370,901)	(0.21)	(17,978,957)	(0.23)	(13,478,297)	(0.19)
Total cash production costs	99,676,764	2.08	89,719,301	2.49	161,437,695	2.03	168,582,544	2.44
By-products credits	(80,067,168)	(1.67)	(28,419,971)	(0.79)	(118,452,832)	(1.49)	(55,110,600)	(0.80)
Total cash production costs after by-products credits	19,609,596	0.41	61,299,330	1.70	42,984,863	0.54	113,471,944	1.64

The adjustments above include depreciation and depletion, amortization of intangible assets, and selling expenses included in total production costs.

MINERAL PROPERTIES

The CSH Mine

The CSH Mine is located in Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region of China (Inner Mongolia). The property hosts two low-grade, near surface gold deposits, along with other mineralized prospects. The main deposit is called the Northeast Zone (the “Northeast Zone”), while the second, smaller deposit is called the Southwest Zone (the “Southwest Zone”).

The CSH Mine is owned and operated by Inner Mongolia Pacific Mining Co. Limited, a Chinese Joint Venture in which the Company holds a 96.5% interest and Ningxia Nuclear Industry Geological Exploration Institution holds the remaining 3.5%.

The CSH Mine has two open-pit mining operations with a combined mining and processing capacity of 60,000 tpd. The run-of-mine ore is heap leached with cyanide solution to extract gold and electro-wonned to produce a gold dore which is sold to refiners.

The major new contracts entered into during the six months ended June 30, 2020:

Item No.	Contract Name	Counterpart	Subject amount (US \$ millions)	Contract period (effective day and expiration date)	Date of Contract
1	Contract for supply of on-site mixed emulsion explosives	Bayannur Sheng'an Chemical Co., Ltd. Urad Middle Banner Branch	Estimated: 12.1	2020.1.1 – 2020.12.31	2020.1.1
2	Supply Agreement of Liquid Sodium Cyanide	Inner Mongolia Chengxin Yong'an Chemicals Co., Ltd.	Estimated: 18.5	2020.1.1 – 2020.12.31	2020.1.1
3	Purchase and sale contract of gold bearing materials	Hunan Zhongxing Environmental Protection Technology Co., Ltd	Estimated: 10.6	2020.6.23 – 2020.7.22	2020.6.23

Production Update

CSH Mine	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Ore mined and placed on pad (tonnes)	3,773,262	4,014,071	5,499,662	6,891,913
Average ore grade (g/t)	0.59	0.55	0.59	0.51
Recoverable gold (ounces)	42,623	44,211	63,270	69,785
Ending gold in process (ounces)	170,695	170,466	170,695	170,466
Waste rock mined (tonnes)	21,460,794	19,647,091	26,577,866	29,457,476

For the three months ended June 30, 2020, the total amount of ore placed on the leach pad was 3.8 million tonnes, with total contained gold of 42,623 ounces (1,326 kilograms). The overall accumulative project-to-date gold recovery rate has slightly decreased to approximately 54.49% at the end of June 2020 from 54.51% at the end of March 2020. Of which, gold recovery from the phase I heap was 59.77% and; gold recovery from the Phase II heap was 48.76% at June 30, 2020.

Exploration

At the beginning of 2020, an exploration program for the south-west pit depth was projected, with six surface diamond drill holes totaling 3,300+/-m to identify and upgrade additional deep Mineral Resources, which may extend the life of mine. Three surface drill holes are underway, given 1,125 +/-m completed accounting for 31% of the annual projection.

In addition, the geological exploration research project initiated in 2019 is continued to proceed with interpretation of geophysical and geochemical surveys, establishment of 3D-quantitative geological model, and selection of targets for further exploration.

Mineral Resource Update

CSH Mine Resources by category, Northeast and Southwest Zones combined at December 31, 2019 under NI 43-101:

Type	Quantity Mt	Au g/t	Metal	
			Au t	Au Moz
Measured	9.00	0.60	5.44	0.17
Indicated	115.70	0.62	71.93	2.31
M+I	124.70	0.62	77.37	2.49
Inferred	78.86	0.52	40.90	1.32

Mineral Reserves Update

CSH Mine Reserves by category, Northeast and Southwest Zones combined at December 31, 2019 under NI 43-101:

Type	Quantity Mt	Au g/t	Metal	
			Au t	Au Moz
Proven	7.40	0.63	4.64	0.15
Probable	58.65	0.66	38.85	1.25
Total	66.05	0.66	43.48	1.40

The Jiama Mine

The Company acquired the Jiama Mine on December 1, 2010. Jiama is a large copper-gold polymetallic deposit containing copper, gold, silver, molybdenum, lead, zinc and other metals located in the Gandise metallogenic belt in Tibet Autonomous Region of China.

The Jiama Mine has both underground mining and open-pit mining operations. Phase I of the Jiama Mine commenced mining operations in the latter half of 2010 and reached its design capacity of 6,000 tpd in early 2011. Phase II of the Jiama Mine commenced mining operations in 2018 with 44,000 tpd design capacity.

The major new contracts entered into during the six months ended June 30, 2020:

Item No.	Contract Name	Counterpart	Subject amount (US \$ millions)	Contract period (effective day and expiration date)	Date of Contract
1	Steel ball purchase contract	Tongling Nonferrous Jinshen wear resistant materials Co., Ltd.	Estimated: 2.9	2020.4.28– 2020.10.27	2020.4.28
2	Steel ball purchase contract	Chinalco Industrial Services Co., Ltd	Estimated: 3.0	2020.4.28– 2020.10.27	2020.4.28
3	Steel ball purchase contract	Chinalco Industrial Services Co., Ltd	Estimated: 3.0	2020.6.6– 2021.6.5	2020.6.6
4	Production Technical Service Contract	China Gold Group Inner Mongolia Mining Co., Ltd	Estimated: 4.2	2020.4.5– 2021.4.4	2020.4.5
5	Contract of pressure filtration production and operation project of No.1 processing plant	Tibet Tianchu LiuYe Construction Industry Co., Ltd	Estimated: 2.8	2020.6.30– 2021.6.29	2020.6.30
6	Blasting service contract	Tibet Zhongjin Xinlian Blasting Engineering Co., Ltd.	Estimated: 9.9	2020.1.1– 2020.12.31	2020.1.1
7	Blasting service contract	Tibet Gaozheng Blasting Engineering Co., Ltd	Estimated: 9.9	2020.1.1– 2020.12.31	2020.1.1
8	Mixed ore sales contract	Tibet Hongshang Trade Co., Ltd.	Estimated: 42.4	2020.1.1– 2020.12.31	2020.1.1
9	Raw ore sales contract	Tibet Hongshang Trade Co., Ltd.	Estimated: 4.2	2020.6.15- 2023.6.14	2020.6.15
10	Mixed ore sales contract	Tibet Hongshang Trade Co., Ltd.	Estimated: 32.5	2020.5.1-2020.6.1	2020.5.1
11	Mixed ore sales contract	Tibet Mingchuan Trade Co., Ltd	Estimated: 381.4	2020.6.12-2023.6.11	2020.6.12

In 2019, Tibet Huatailong Mining Development Co. Ltd. ("Huatailong"), the company holds the Jiama mine, entered into a cooperation agreement (the "Cooperation Agreement") with an independent third party property developer, Zhongxinfang Tibet Construction Investment Co., Ltd. ("Zhongxinfang") in relation to the development of a composite project in Lhasa, Tibet, China. Pursuant to the Cooperation Agreement, the Huatailong agreed to transfer the land use right for the development and the Zhongxinfang agreed to compensate the Huatailong by transferring a block of the buildings and twenty car parks within two years from the date of the Cooperation Agreement and all related tax exposures including but not limited to land appreciation tax, enterprises income tax and other related tax. The land use right was transferred to the Zhongxinfang in 2019.

During the second quarter of 2020, there was a construction contract dispute between independent third parties, the constructor, Huaxin Construction Group Co., Ltd. (formerly named as "Nantong Huaxin Construction Group Co., Ltd.") ("Huaxin") and the developer, Zhongxinfang Tibet Construction Investment Co., Ltd. ("Zhongxinfang"), and the Group's subsidiary, Huatailong, who are the signatories of the construction contract for the property development project on the land previously owned by Huatailong. Such land was transferred to Zhongxinfang during 2019 pursuant to the cooperation agreement signed between Zhongxinfang and Huatailong in 2019 in relation to the Land Exchange. Huaxin proceeded a lawsuit against the parties to the construction contract, Zhongxinfang and Huatailong, for the recoverability of the construction costs of RMB149 million (equivalents to US\$21,196,000) and applied for pre-litigation preservation of assets from Huatailong. The Intermediate People's Court of Lhasa City, Tibet, adjudicated that the bank deposit of RMB140 million (equivalents to US\$19,775,000) of Huatailong to be frozen for one year (the "1st Adjudication"). Accordingly, the frozen bank deposit of US\$19,775,000 was included in restricted bank balances as at June 30, 2020.

Based on the first instance adjudication dated on August 5, 2020 (the "First Instance Adjudication"), the litigation ruling adjudicated that Zhongxinfang and Huatailong shall have the jointly obligation for the construction costs of RMB140 million (equivalents to US\$19,954,000) to Huaxin. Pursuant to the cooperation agreement signed between Zhongxinfang and Huatailong in 2019, Huatailong does not involve in the construction process which and the related costs are the sole responsibilities of Zhongxinfang. Based on the legal opinion, Huatailong will proceed an appeal against the First Instance Adjudication, and the lawsuit is currently under proceeding and the results is not ascertain as at the date of issuance of these condensed consolidated financial statements. The directors of the Company have been closing monitoring the proceedings in relation to the First Instance Adjudication.

Regarding the 1st Adjudication, Huatailong applied for pre-litigation preservation of assets from Zhongxinfang, the Intermediate People's Court of Lhasa City, Tibet, adjudicated that the value of properties limited to RMB151 million (equivalents to US\$21,473,000) from Zhongxinfang was frozen for one year.

Huatailong has paid the tax and other surcharges related to the Land Exchange during the six months ended June 30, 2020, and expects to recover such payments from Zhongxinfang in accordance with the cooperation agreement between Huatailong and Zhongxinfang signed in 2019. On July 8, 2020, Huatailong applied for pre-litigation preservation of assets from Zhongxinfang, the Intermediate People's Court of Lhasa City, Tibet, adjudicated that the value of properties limited to RMB46 million (equivalents to US\$6,571,000) from Zhongxinfang was frozen for one year. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, no significant expected credit loss is recognised on other receivables based on the credit risk assessment.

Production Update

Jiama Mine	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Ore processed (tonnes)	3,775,553	3,224,395	7,184,761	6,236,988
Average copper ore grade (%)	0.68	0.62	0.65	0.65
Copper recovery rate (%)	82	81	80	77
Average gold grade (g/t)	0.29	0.28	0.26	0.29
Gold recovery rate (%)	70	54	67	54
Average silver grade (g/t)	24.77	15.13	22.95	16.93
Silver recovery rate (%)	61	54	58	54
Average lead grade (%)	0.71	-	0.63	-
Lead recovery rate (%)	76	-	66	-
Average zinc grade (%)	0.38	-	0.34	-
Zinc recovery rate (%)	68	-	61	-

During the second quarter of 2020, the metals recovery rates were increased significantly, with increases of 1% for copper, 16% for gold, and 7% for silver, based on the continued optimization of operating parameters regime of agent, and the amelioration of steady flowsheet, as well as recoveries of 76% for lead and 68% for zinc.

Exploration

In the second quarter of 2020, the company continued diamond drilling program, focusing on the well mineralized zones based on the drilling program in 2019. Six surface drill holes are underway, totaling 1,060 +/-m of drilling completed. The mineralization interceptions and sample assaying of 2020 drilling will be analyzed together with 2019 exploration results to upgrade Mineral and a positive result is expected.

Mineral Resources Estimate

An NI 43-101 compliant mineral resource estimate was independently completed by Mining One Pty Ltd. in November 2013. The drilling programs subsequent to November 2012, including an extensive drill program conducted in 2013, will be included in future updates of the Mineral Resources and Reserves.

Mining One Pty Ltd. noted that gold and silver mineralization within the ore body had a significantly higher spatial variability than the other elements. This classification takes into account the proposed large scale mining techniques where Au and Ag will only be credits to the overall products from the operations. Mining One Pty Ltd has assumed that Au and Ag will not be assigned a single cut-off grade for a selected mining block and will be mined in conjunction with the other elements.

**Jiama Project - Cu, Mo, Pb, Zn ,Au, and Ag Mineral Resources under NI 43-101
Reported at a 0.3% Cu Equivalent Cut off grade*, as of December 31, 2019**

Class	Quantity Mt	Cu %	Mo %	Pb %	Zn %	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Cu Metal (kt)	Mo Metal (kt)	Pb Metal (kt)	Zn Metal (kt)	Au Moz	Ag Moz
Measured	95.02	0.39	0.04	0.04	0.02	0.08	5.41	370.6	34.3	41.8	22.4	0.25	16.63
Indicated	1,359.51	0.40	0.03	0.05	0.03	0.11	5.79	5,502.9	460.3	732	460	4.63	254.82
M+I	1,454.53	0.40	0.03	0.05	0.03	0.10	5.76	5,873.5	494.6	773.7	482.4	4.88	271.45
Inferred	406.1	0.30	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.10	5.1	1,247	123	311	175	1.32	66.93

Note: Figures reported are rounded which may result in small tabulation errors.

The Copper Equivalent basis for the reporting of resources has been compiled on the following basis:

CuEq Grade: = (Ag Grade * Ag Price + Au Grade * Au Price + Cu Grade * Cu Price + Pb Grade * Pb Price + Zn Grade * Zn Price + Mo Grade * Mo Price) / Copper Price

Mineral Reserves Estimate

A Mineral Reserve estimate, dated November 20, 2013, has been independently prepared by Mining One Pty Ltd. in accordance with the CIM Definitions Standards under NI 43-101.

Jiama Project Statement of NI 43-101 Mineral Reserve Estimate as of December 31, 2019

Class	Quantity Mt	Cu %	Mo %	Pb %	Zn %	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Cu Metal (kt)	Mo Metal (kt)	Pb Metal (kt)	Zn Metal (kt)	Au Moz	Ag Moz
Proven	20.00	0.60	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.20	8.60	120.9	9.4	9.9	6.7	0.130	5.53
Probable	385.73	0.60	0.03	0.14	0.08	0.17	10.99	2,326.6	127.0	540.5	313.5	2.17	136.30
P+P	405.73	0.60	0.03	0.14	0.08	0.18	10.87	2,447.4	136.4	550.4	320.2	2.30	141.83

Notes:

- All Mineral Reserves have been estimated in accordance with the JORC code and have been reconciled to CIM standards as prescribed by the NI 43-101.
- Mineral Reserves were estimated using the following mining and economic factors:

Open Pits:

- 5% dilution factor and 95% recovery were applied to the mining method;
- an overall slope angles of 43 degrees;
- a copper price of US\$ 2.9/lbs;
- an overall processing recovery of 88 - 90% for copper

Underground:

- 10% dilution added to all Sub-Level Open Stopping;
- Stope recovery is 87% for Sub-Level Open Stopping;
- An overall processing recovery of 88 – 90% for copper.

- The cut-off grade for Mineral Reserves has been estimated at copper equivalent grades of 0.3% Cu (NSR) for the open pits and 0.45% Cu (NSR) for the underground mine.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company operates in a capital intensive industry. The Company's liquidity requirements arise principally from the need for financing its mining and mineral processing operations, exploration activities and acquisition of exploration and mining rights. The Company's principal sources of funds have been proceeds from borrowing from commercial banks in China, corporate bond financing, equity financings, and cash generated from operations. The Company's liquidity primarily depends on its ability to generate cash flow from its operations and to obtain external financing to meet its debt obligations as they become due, as well as the Company's future operating and capital expenditure requirements.

At June 30, 2020, the Company had an accumulated surplus of US\$206.3 million, working capital of US\$175.2 million and borrowings of US\$1,759 million. The Company's cash balance at June 30, 2020 was US\$723.2 million.

Management believes that its forecast operating cash flows are sufficient to cover the next twelve months of the Company's operations including its planned capital expenditures and current debt repayments. The Company's borrowings are comprised of

US\$507.6 million of 3.25% coupon rate unsecured bonds maturing on July 6, 2020, which are included in the current portion of borrowings, US\$295.9 million of 2.8% coupon rate unsecured bonds maturing on June 23, 2023, and US\$99.9 million of short term debt facilities with interest rates ranging from 2.65% to 4.51% per annum arranged through various banks in China. In addition, on November 3, 2015, the Company entered into a Loan Facility agreement with a syndicate of banks, led by Bank of China. The lenders agreed to lend an aggregate principle amount of RMB 3.98 billion, approximately US\$613 million with the interest rate of 2.83% per annum. The People's Bank of China Lhasa Center Branch's interest rate serves as a local benchmark for the interest on the drawdowns. The bank's interest rate is then discounted by 7 basis points (or 0.07%) to calculate the interest on the drawdowns. The loan interest rate was adjusted from benchmark interest rate minus 7 basis points to 5 year loan prime rate ("LPR") less 2% (LPR-2%) in second quarter of 2020. The interest rate of 2.65% shall be applied for the current year after converting. The proceeds from the Loan Facility are to be used for the development of the Jiama Mine. The loan is secured by the mining rights for the Jiama Mine. As of June 30, 2020 the Company has drawn down RMB3.640 billion, approximately US\$505.7 million under the Loan Facility. On April 29, 2020, the Company entered into a Loan Facility agreement with a syndicate of banks. The lenders agreed to lend an aggregate principle amount of RMB 1.4 billion, approximately US\$197.8 million with the interest rate of 2.65% per annum currently, maturing on April 28, 2034. The company obtained a loan in the aggregate principal amount of RMB400 million with China Development Bank bearing interest at the People's Bank of China Loan Market Quote Rate (1 year) minus 2.65% on April 30, 2020. The current interest rate of the loan is 1.2% per annum. On July 6, 2020, the Company repaid the unsecured bonds with an aggregate principal amount of US\$500 million and interest expense of US\$8.125 million. The Company believes that the availability of debt financing in China at favorable rates will continue for the foreseeable future.

The Company continues to review and assess its assets for impairment as part of its financial reporting processes. To date, the assessment carried out by the Company support the carrying values of the Company's assets and no impairment has been required. However, the management of the Company continues to evaluate key assumptions on estimates and management judgements in order to determine the recoverable amount of the CSH Mine and the Jiama Mine.

Cash flows

The following table sets out selected cash flow data from the Company's consolidated cash flow statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Net cash from operating activities	54,467	56,554	70,487	63,538
Net cash (used in) investing activities	(26,254)	(8,919)	(57,785)	(46,608)
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	530,122	27,319	529,744	19,722
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	558,335	74,954	542,446	36,652
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	1,180	(1,327)	(1,528)	597
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	163,693	101,618	182,290	137,996
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	723,208	175,245	723,208	175,245

Operating cash flow

For the three months ended June 30, 2020, net cash inflow from operating activities was US\$54.5 million which is primarily attributable to (i) profit before income tax of US\$17.6 million (ii) depreciation of property, plant and equipment of US\$41.0 million and (iii) finance cost of US\$11.5 million, partially offset by (i) placement of restricted cash of US\$19.8 million (ii) decrease in accounts payable of US\$9.6 million and (iii) interest paid of US\$6.4 million.

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, net cash inflow from operating activities was US\$70.5 million which is primarily attributable to (i) profit before income tax of US\$9.8 million (ii) depreciation of property, plant and equipment of US\$74.2 million (iii) finance cost of US\$22.0 million and (iv) amortization of mining rights of US\$19.1 million, partially offset by (i) decrease in accounts payable of US\$35.3 million (ii) placement of restricted cash of US\$19.8 million, and (iii) interest paid of US\$12.0 million.

Investing cash flow

For the three months ended June 30, 2020, the net cash outflow from investing activities was US\$26.3 million which is primarily attributable to (i) payment of restricted bank balance of US\$35.8 million for bank notes and (ii) payment for acquisition of property, plant and equipment of US\$26.7 million, partially offset by release of restricted bank balance of US\$35.7 million for bank notes.

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the net cash outflow from investing activities was US\$57.8 million which is primarily attributable to (i) payment of restricted bank balance of US\$74.3 million for bank notes and (ii) payment for acquisition of property, plant and equipment of US\$61.7 million, partially offset by release of restricted bank balance of US\$76.8 million for bank notes.

Financing cash flow

For the three months ended June 30, 2020, the net cash inflow mainly from financing activities was US\$530.1 million which is primarily attributable to proceeds from borrowings of US\$583.6 million which included the US\$300 million bond issuance on June 24, 2020 offset by repayment of borrowings of US\$53.5 million.

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the net cash inflow mainly from financing activities was US\$529.7 million which is primarily attributable to proceeds from borrowings of US\$583.6 million which included the US\$300 million bond issuance on June 24, 2020 offset by repayment of borrowings of US\$53.5 million and dividend paid to a minority shareholder of Jiama Industry and Trade of US\$356,000.

Expenditures Incurred

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company incurred mining costs of US\$52.9 million, mineral processing costs of US\$72.0 million and transportation costs of US\$3.4 million.

Gearing ratio

Gearing ratio is defined as the ratio of consolidated total debt to consolidated total equity. As at June 30, 2020, the Company's total debt was US\$1,759 million and the total equity was US\$1,453 million. The Company's gearing ratio was therefore 1.21 as at June 30, 2020 and 0.84 as at June 30, 2019.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS, ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES, AND FUTURE PLAN FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OF CAPITAL ASSETS

Other than as disclosed elsewhere in this MD&A or in the condensed consolidated financial statements for six months ended June 30, 2020, there were no significant investments held by the Company, nor were there any material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the three months ended June 30, 2020. Other than as disclosed in this MD&A, there was no plan authorized by the Board for other material investments or additions of capital assets at the date of this MD&A.

CHARGE ON ASSETS

Other than as disclosed elsewhere in this MD&A and annual consolidated financial statements, none of the Company's assets were pledged as at June 30, 2020.

EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATES AND RELATED HEDGES

The Company is exposed to the financial risk related to the fluctuation of foreign exchange rates for the monetary assets and liabilities denominated in the currencies other than the functional currencies to which they relate. The Company has not hedged its exposure to currency fluctuation. However, the Management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise. Refer to Note 34, Financial Instruments, in the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

COMMITMENTS

Commitments include principal payments on the Company's bank loans and syndicated loan facility, corporate bond, and capital commitments in respect of the future acquisition of property, plant and equipment and construction for both the CSH Mine and the Jiama Mine.

The Company's capital commitments relate primarily to the payments for purchase of equipment and machinery for both mines and payments to third-party contractors for the provision of mining and exploration engineering work and mine construction work for both mines. The Company has entered into contracts that prescribe such capital commitments; however, liabilities relating to them have not yet been incurred. Refer to Note 35, Commitments, in the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

On July 7, 2017, the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary Skyland Mining (BVI) Limited, issued bonds denominated in U.S. dollar, with an aggregate principal amount of US\$500 million. The Bonds were issued at a price of 99.663%, bearing a coupon of 3.25% per annum with a maturity date of July 6, 2020. Interest is payable in semi-annual installments on January 6 and July 6 of each year. The bonds were listed on HKSE and were repaid in their entirety on maturity.

On June 24, 2020, the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary Skyland Mining (BVI) Limited, issued bonds denominated in U.S. dollar, with an aggregate principal amount of US\$300 million. The Bonds were issued at a price of 99.886%, bearing a coupon of 2.8% per annum with a maturity date of June 23, 2023. Interest is payable in semi-annual installments on December 23 and June 23 of each year. The bonds are listed on HKSE and Chongwa (Macao) Financial Asset Exchange ("MOX").

The following table outlines payments for commitments for the periods indicated:

	Total	Within	Within	
	US\$'000	One year	Two to five years	Over five years
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Principal repayment of bank loans	891,871	99,866	366,127	425,878
Repayment of bonds including interest	803,501	515,810	287,691	-
Repayment of entrusted loan payable	28,251	-	28,251	-
Repayment of loans payable to a CNG subsidiary	35,313	-	35,313	-
Total	1,758,936	615,676	717,382	425,878

In addition to the table set forth above, the Company has entered into service agreements with third-party contractors such as China Railway for the provision of mining and exploration engineering work and mine construction work for the CSH Mine. The fees for such work performed and to be performed each year varies depending on the amount of work performed. The Company has similar agreements with third party contractors for the Jiama Mine.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

China National Gold Group Co., Ltd. (formerly known as China National Gold Group Corporation) ("CNG") owned 39.3 percent of the outstanding common shares of the Company as at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

The Company had major related party transactions with the following companies related by way of shareholders or shareholder in common:

The Company's subsidiary, Inner Mongolia Pacific is a party to a non-exclusive contract for the purchase and sale of doré with CNG (the "Dore Sales Contract") pursuant to which Inner Mongolia Pacific sells gold doré bars to CNG. The pricing is based on the monthly average price of gold ingot as quoted on the Shanghai Gold Exchange and the daily average price of silver as quoted on the Shanghai Huatong Platinum & Silver Exchange prevailing at the time of each relevant purchase order during the contract period. The Dore Sales Contract has been in effect since October 24, 2008 and has been renewed for a current term that commenced on January 1, 2018 and expires on December 31, 2020, which renewal was approved by the Company's shareholders on June 28, 2017. On June 16, 2020, the third Supplemental Contract for Purchase and Sale of Dore was approved by the Company's Shareholders, commencing on January 1, 2021 and expiring on December 31, 2023.

Revenue from sales of gold doré bars to CNG was US\$120.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 which increased from US\$89.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019.

The Company is also a party to a Product and Service Framework Agreement with CNG, pursuant to which CNG provides construction, procurement and equipment financing services to the Company and also purchases the copper concentrates produced at the Jiama Mine. The quantity of copper concentrates, pricing terms and payment terms may be established from time to time by the parties with reference to the pricing principles for connected transactions set out under the Product and Service Framework Agreement. On June 28, 2017, the Supplemental Product and Service Framework Agreement was approved and extended to expire on December 31, 2020. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, revenue from sales of copper concentrate and other products to CNG was US\$13.9 million, compared to US\$54.2 million for the same period in 2019. On June 16, 2020, the third Supplemental Product and Service Framework Agreement was approved by the Company's Shareholders, commencing on January 1, 2021 and expiring on December 31, 2023.

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, construction services of US\$4.1 million were provided to the Company by subsidiaries of CNG (US\$5.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019).

In addition to the aforementioned major related party transactions, the Company also obtains additional services from related parties in its normal course of business, including a Loan Agreement and a Deposit Services Agreement entered into on March 25, 2019 and December 31, 2019 among the Company and China Gold Finance.

Refer to Note 14 of the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

The Board of Directors has given the Company approval to conduct reviews of a number of projects that may qualify as acquisition targets through joint venture, merger and/or outright acquisitions. The Company did not have any material acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries and associated companies for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The Company continues to review possible acquisition targets.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, the Directors of the Company have identified accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant effect on the amounts recognized in the audited annual consolidated financial statements.

Key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of each reporting period that have a risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next twelve months are described in Note 4 of the audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of new and revised IFRS standards and interpretations are outlined in Note 2 of the audited annual consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2019.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS

The Company holds a number of financial instruments, the most significant of which are equity securities, accounts receivables, accounts payables, cash and loans. The financial instruments are recorded at either fair values or amortized amount on the balance sheet.

The Company did not have any financial derivatives or outstanding hedging contracts as at June 30, 2020.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

As at June 30, 2020, the Company had not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements.

DIVIDEND AND DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has not paid any dividends since incorporation and does not currently have a fixed dividend policy. The Board of Directors will determine any future dividend policy on the basis of, among other things, the results of operations, cash flows and financial conditions, operating and capital requirements, the rules promulgated by the regulators affecting dividends in both Canada and Hong Kong, China and at both the TSX and HKSE, and the amount of distributable profits and other relevant factors.

Subject to the British Columbia Business Corporations Act, the Directors may from time to time declare and authorize payment of such dividends as they may deem advisable, including the amount thereof and the time and method of payment provided that the record date for the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to receive payment of the dividend must not precede the date on which the dividend is to be paid by more than two months.

A dividend may be paid wholly or partly by the distribution of cash, specific assets or of fully paid shares or of bonds, debentures or other securities of the Company, or in any one or more of those ways. No dividend may be declared or paid in money or assets if there are reasonable grounds for believing that the Company is insolvent or the payment of the dividend would render the Company insolvent.

OUTSTANDING SHARES

As of June 30, 2020 the Company had 396,413,753 common shares issued and outstanding.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management is responsible for the design of disclosure controls and procedures (“DC&P”) and the design of internal control over financial reporting (“ICFR”) to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to the Company’s certifying officers. The Company’s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have each evaluated the Company’s DC&P and ICFR as of June 30, 2020 and, in accordance with the requirements established under Canadian National Instrument 52-109 – Certification of Disclosure in Issuer’s Annual and Interim Filings, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that these controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2020, and provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the Company is made known to them by others within the Company and that the information required to be disclosed in reports that are filed or submitted under Canadian securities legislation are recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified in those rules.

The Company’s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have used the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) 2013 framework to evaluate the Company’s ICFR as of June 30, 2020 and have concluded that these controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2020 and provide reasonable assurance that financial information is recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner. Management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. The result of the inherent limitations in all control systems means design of controls cannot provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud will be detected. During the six months ended June 30, 2020, there were no changes in the Company’s DC&P or ICFR that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company’s internal control over financial reporting.

RISK FACTORS

There are certain risks involved in the Company’s operations, some of which are beyond the Company’s control. Aside from risks relating to business and industry, the Company’s principal operations are located within the People’s Republic of China and are governed by a legal and regulatory environment that in some respects differs from that which prevails in other countries. Readers of this MD&A should give careful consideration to the information included in this document and the Company’s audited annual consolidated financial statements and related notes. Significant risk factors for the Company are metal prices, government regulations, foreign operations, environmental compliance, the ability to obtain additional financing, risk relating to recent acquisitions, dependence on management, title to the Company’s mineral properties, natural disasters, pandemics such as COVID-19 and litigation. China Gold International’s business, financial condition or results of operations could be materially and adversely affected by any of these risks. For details of risk factors, please refer to the Company’s annual audited consolidated financial statements, and Annual Information Form filed from time to time on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and www.hkex.com.hk.

QUALIFIED PERSON

Disclosure of scientific or technical information in this MD&A was reviewed and approved by Mr. Zhongxin Guo, P.Eng. the Company’s Chief Engineer and a Qualified Person (“QP”) for the purposes of NI 43-101.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information as required by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange in the half-year interim report and not shown elsewhere in this report is as follows:

A1. PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY’S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company’s listed securities during the six months ended June 30, 2020.

A2. SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

Save as disclosed below, as of June 30, 2020, the Company’s directors were not aware of any other person (other than a director or chief executive of the Company who had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register kept pursuant to Section 336 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (“SFO”):

Name	Nature of interest	Number of Shares held	Approximate percentage of outstanding shares
China National Gold Group Co., Ltd. ⁽¹⁾	Indirect	155,794,830 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	39.3%
China National Gold Group Hong Kong Limited	Registered Owner	155,794,830 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	39.3%

Note:

1. China National Gold Group Co., Ltd. directly and wholly owns the entire issued share capital of China National Gold Group Hong Kong Limited. Therefore, the interest attributable to China National Gold Group Co., Ltd. represents its indirect interest in the Company's shares through its equity interest in China National Gold Group Hong Kong Limited
2. Information relating to registered and indirect ownership of the Company's shares is provided by China National Gold Group Co., Ltd.

A3. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND STOCK OPTIONS

As of June 30, 2020, the interests of the directors and chief executive of the Company in the share capital, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuer, were as follows:

SHARES	Position		Number of shares held	Nature of interest	Approximate percentage of interest in the Company
Name		Company			
Ian He	Director	China Gold International Resources Corp. Ltd.	150,000	Personal	0.0378%

Other than as disclosed above, none of the directors, chief executive or their associates had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations as of June 30, 2020.

A4. STOCK OPTION PLAN

The Company adopted an incentive stock option plan with approval from its shareholders and pursuant to the policies of the Toronto Stock Exchange dated May 9, 2007. All options expired on June 1, 2015 and the 2007 Stock Option Plan has ceased to be in effect.

A5. EMOLUMENT POLICY

The Company's executive emolument policy and compensation program is administered by the Compensation and Benefits Committee which consists solely of independent directors. The Compensation and Benefits Committee reviews levels of cash compensation as needed and at least annually, and makes recommendations to the Board to adjust cash compensation in light of merit, qualifications and competence. The Compensation and Benefits Committee also reviews the corporate goals and objectives relevant to the compensation of the senior executive officers as needed and at least annually and based on recommendations from the Chief Executive Officer and other members of the management team. The Compensation and Benefits Committee makes its determinations as to overall compensation levels on the basis of both available third party data regarding comparable compensation at similar size companies as well as their own industry experience and the Company's hiring and retention needs. Decisions relating to executive compensation are reported by the Compensation and Benefits Committee to the Board for approval.

The Company's director emolument policy is administered by the Compensation and Benefits Committee with regard to comparable market statistics. Decisions relating to the compensation of directors are reported by the Compensation and Benefits Committee to the Board for approval.

As of June 30, 2020, the Company had 2,050 employees working at various locations. The emolument policy for the Company's employees is determined on a department by department basis with the Chief Executive Officer determining the emoluments for employees and managers based on merit, qualifications and the Company's hiring and retention needs.

A6. COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company has, throughout the six months ended June 30, 2020, applied the principles and complied with the requirements of its corporate governance practices as defined by the Board and all applicable statutory, regulatory and stock exchange listings standards, in particular, the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing Securities of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Hong Kong Listing Rules”).

A7. COMPLIANCE WITH MODEL CODE ON DIRECTORS’ SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted policies regarding directors’ securities transactions in its Corporate Disclosure, Confidentiality and Securities Trading Policy that has terms which are no less exacting than those set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix 10 to the Hong Kong Listing Rules.

After specific enquiry with all members of the Board, the Board confirms that all of the directors of the Company have complied with the required policies in the Company’s Corporate Disclosure, Confidentiality and Securities Trading Policy throughout the six months ended June 30, 2020.

A8. INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board did not recommend the payment of interim dividends in respect of the six months ended June 30, 2020.

A9. AUDIT COMMITTEE

Pursuant to the requirements under the Hong Kong Listing Rules, the Company has established an audit committee (the “Audit Committee”) comprising all the existing Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Ian He (chairman of the Audit Committee), Wei Shao, Bielin Shi and Ruixia Han. The Audit Committee has reviewed and discussed with the Company’s auditors the unaudited interim results of the Group for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020.

August 14, 2020