



Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2023

Contents

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS	2
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	3
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION	4
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	5
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW	6
NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7
1. Description of business and nature of operations	7
2. Basis of preparation and significant accounting policies	7
3. Expenses	8
4. Trade and other receivables	10
5. Investments	10
6. Trade and other payables	10
7. Inventories	11
8. Mining interests	12
9. Long-term debt	14
10. Non-current derivative financial liabilities	16
11. Leases	18
12. Derivative instruments	19
13. Reclamation and closure cost obligations	21
14. Share capital	22
15. Income and mining taxes	24
16. Supplemental cash flow information	25
17. Segmented information	26
18. Fair value measurement	28
19. Commitments	30

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

		Three months ended March 31	
<i>(Unaudited - in millions of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts)</i>	Note	2023	2022
Revenues		201.6	174.7
Operating expenses	3	117.2	95.2
Depreciation and depletion		55.1	48.8
Revenue less cost of goods sold		29.3	30.7
Corporate administration		5.6	5.5
Share-based payment expenses	14	0.4	1.6
Exploration and business development		2.3	5.2
Income from operations		21.0	18.4
Finance income	3	1.8	0.2
Finance costs	3	(4.3)	(7.6)
Other losses	3	(50.0)	(18.3)
Loss before taxes		(31.5)	(7.3)
Income tax expense	15	(0.3)	(0.5)
Net loss		(31.8)	(7.8)
Net loss per share			
Basic	14	(0.05)	(0.01)
Diluted	14	(0.05)	(0.01)
<i>Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions)</i>			
Basic	14	682.7	681.3
Diluted	14	682.7	681.3

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Three months ended March 31	
<i>(Unaudited - in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Note	2023	2022
Net loss		(31.8)	(7.8)
<i>Other comprehensive income (loss)</i>			
Loss on revaluation of non-current derivative financial liabilities	10	(50.4)	(15.3)
Total comprehensive loss		(82.2)	(23.1)

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

<i>(Unaudited - in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Note	As at March 31 2023	As at December 31 2022
ASSETS			
<i>Current assets</i>			
Cash and cash equivalents		197.3	200.8
Trade and other receivables	4	14.4	14.1
Inventories	7	125.1	115.7
Investments	5	11.2	35.6
Prepaid expenses and other		10.6	11.3
Total current assets		358.6	377.5
Mining interests	8	1,868.2	1,863.9
Other assets		2.0	2.1
Total assets		2,228.8	2,243.5
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
<i>Current liabilities</i>			
Trade and other payables	6	156.8	170.9
Current income tax payable		0.7	0.3
Total current liabilities		157.5	171.2
Reclamation and closure cost obligations	13	117.1	119.5
Non-current derivative financial liabilities	10	612.5	525.5
Long-term debt	9	395.2	394.9
Deferred tax liabilities		66.6	66.8
Lease obligations	11	0.2	1.3
Other liabilities		1.9	4.8
Total liabilities		1,351.0	1,284.0
<i>Equity</i>			
Common shares	14	3,157.6	3,157.1
Contributed surplus		107.8	107.8
Other reserves		(75.0)	(24.6)
Deficit		(2,312.6)	(2,280.8)
Total equity		877.8	959.5
Total liabilities and equity		2,228.8	2,243.5

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

<i>(Unaudited - in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Note	Three months ended March 31	
		2023	2022
COMMON SHARES			
<i>Balance, beginning of period</i>		3,157.1	3,155.4
Exercise of options and vested performance share units		0.5	0.2
<i>Balance, end of period</i>		3,157.6	3,155.7
CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS			
<i>Balance, beginning of period</i>		107.8	107.5
Exercise of options and vested performance share units	14	(0.5)	(0.1)
Equity settled share-based payments		0.5	0.4
<i>Balance, end of period</i>		107.8	107.8
OTHER RESERVES			
<i>Balance, beginning of period</i>		(24.6)	(93.0)
Loss on revaluation of non-current derivative financial liabilities	10	(50.4)	(15.3)
<i>Balance, end of period</i>		(75.0)	(108.3)
DEFICIT			
<i>Balance, beginning of period</i>		(2,280.8)	(2,214.0)
Net loss		(31.8)	(7.8)
<i>Balance, end of period</i>		(2,312.6)	(2,221.8)
Total equity		877.8	933.4

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW

		Three months ended March 31	
<i>(Unaudited - in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Note	2023	2022
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net loss		(31.8)	(7.8)
<i>Adjustments for:</i>			
Foreign exchange loss		0.1	1.9
Depreciation and depletion		55.2	48.9
Other non-cash adjustments	16	50.0	17.7
Income tax expense	15	0.3	0.5
Finance income	3	(1.8)	(0.2)
Finance costs	3	4.3	7.6
Reclamation and closure costs paid	13	(0.6)	(1.6)
		75.7	67.0
Change in non-cash operating working capital	16	(15.1)	1.4
Income taxes paid		—	(0.6)
Cash generated from operations		60.6	67.8
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Mining interests		(63.1)	(75.6)
Blackwater stream transaction costs paid		—	(2.6)
Proceeds from sale of Investment in Artemis Gold Inc.	5	23.4	—
Proceeds from sale of other assets		—	0.1
Investment and other financial instrument acquisitions		—	(3.6)
Interest received		1.8	0.2
Cash used by investing activities		(37.9)	(81.5)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds received from issuance of shares	14	—	0.2
Lease payments		(2.4)	(2.5)
Cash settlement of non-current derivative financial liabilities	10	(7.7)	(18.6)
Interest paid		(15.8)	(15.9)
Cash used by financing activities		(25.9)	(36.8)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(0.3)	0.5
Change in cash and cash equivalents		(3.5)	(50.0)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		200.8	481.5
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		197.3	431.5
<i>Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of:</i>			
Cash		142.5	297.5
Short-term money market instruments		54.8	134.0
		197.3	431.5

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2023

(Amounts expressed in millions of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts and unless otherwise noted)

1. Description of business and nature of operations

New Gold Inc. (“New Gold” or the “Company”) is an intermediate gold mining company engaged in the development and operation of mineral properties. The assets of the Company, directly or through its subsidiaries, are comprised of the Rainy River Mine in Canada (“Rainy River”), the New Afton Mine in Canada (“New Afton”), and the Cerro San Pedro Mine in Mexico (in reclamation) (“Cerro San Pedro” or “CSP”). The Company also holds Canadian-focused investments.

The Company is a corporation governed by the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia). The Company’s shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange and the NYSE American under the symbol NGD. The Company’s registered office is located at 925 West Georgia Street, Suite 1600, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 3L2, Canada.

2. Basis of preparation and material accounting policy information

(a) Statement of compliance

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 34, Interim Financial Reporting, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board on a basis consistent with the accounting policies disclosed in the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 which includes information necessary or useful to understanding the Company’s business and financial statement presentation.

In particular, the Company’s significant accounting policies are presented as Note 2 in the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2023 amendments to IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements helps companies provide useful accounting policy disclosures. The key amendments to IAS 1 require companies to disclose material accounting policies rather than significant policies and clarifies that accounting policies relating to immaterial transactions need not to be disclosed and not all accounting policies that relate to material transactions are material to a company’s financial statements. As result of the adoption of the IAS 1 amendments, there were no adjustments to the presentation or amounts recognized in the interim financial statements.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on April 26, 2023.

3. Expenses

(a) Operating expenses by nature

	Three months ended March 31	
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	2023	2022
OPERATING EXPENSES BY NATURE		
Raw materials and consumables	48.6	43.8
Salaries and employee benefits	35.2	38.1
Contractors	25.1	14.3
Repairs and maintenance	14.8	13.4
General and administrative	7.9	9.8
Leases	0.9	0.9
Royalties	2.3	2.1
Drilling and analytical	0.9	1.7
Other	7.0	0.5
Total production expenses	142.7	124.6
Less: Production expenses capitalized	(21.3)	(36.6)
Add: Change in inventories	(4.2)	7.2
Total operating expenses	117.2	95.2

(b) Finance costs and income

	Three months ended March 31	
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	2023	2022
FINANCE COSTS		
Interest on senior unsecured notes	7.4	9.0
Accretion	1.2	1.1
Other finance costs	1.7	1.6
Total finance costs	10.3	11.7
Less: amounts included in cost of qualifying assets	(6.0)	(4.1)
Total finance costs	4.3	7.6
FINANCE INCOME		
Interest income	1.8	0.2

(c) Other gains and (losses)

	Three months ended March 31	
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	2023	2022
OTHER (LOSSES) AND GAINS		
Gain (loss) on foreign exchange	0.6	(2.2)
Loss on disposal of assets	(0.6)	(2.0)
(Loss) gain on revaluation of investments	(1.2)	0.1
Unrealized loss on revaluation of non-current derivative financial liabilities	(47.5)	(14.0)
Loss on foreign exchange derivative	(0.5)	—
Loss on fuel hedge swap contracts	(0.7)	—
Revaluation of CSP's reclamation and closure cost obligation	(0.1)	(0.5)
Other	—	0.3
Total other losses	(50.0)	(18.3)

4. Trade and other receivables

	As at March 31	As at December 31
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	2023	2022
TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
Trade receivables	4.4	4.4
Sales tax receivable	9.0	11.0
Unsettled provisionally priced concentrate derivatives and swap contracts (Note 12)	0.5	(1.8)
Other	0.5	0.5
Total trade and other receivables	14.4	14.1

5. Investments

	As at March 31	As at December 31
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	2023	2022
MARKETABLE EQUITY SECURITIES		
Artemis Gold Inc. ⁽¹⁾	—	24.0
Talisker Resources Ltd.	4.2	5.1
Other marketable securities	6.9	6.4
Total marketable equity securities	11.1	35.5
Other investments	0.1	0.1
Total investments	11.2	35.6

1. The Company sold its investment in Artemis Gold Inc. for net proceeds of \$23.4 million (C\$31.5 million).

6. Trade and other payables

	As at March 31	As at December 31
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	2023	2022
TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Trade payables	53.9	61.8
Interest payable	6.5	14.1
Accruals	62.3	65.2
Current portion of reclamation and closure cost obligations (Note 13)	2.1	1.7
Current portion of gold stream obligation (Note 10)	31.4	28.1
Current portion of derivative liabilities (Note 12)	0.6	—
Total trade and other payables	156.8	170.9

7. Inventories

	As at March 31	As at December 31
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	2023	2022
INVENTORIES		
Stockpile ore	34.1	21.2
Work-in-process	14.6	12.0
Finished goods ⁽¹⁾	10.0	17.5
Supplies	66.4	65.0
Total current inventories	125.1	115.7

1. The amount of inventories recognized in operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2023 was \$113.5 million (2022 - \$92.2 million).

8. Mining interests

	Mining Properties				Total
	Depletable	Non- depletable	Plant & equipment	Construction in progress	
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>					
COST					
As at December 31, 2021	1,745.9	261.0	1,362.3	118.1	3,487.3
Additions	81.7	109.3	44.1	48.4	283.5
Disposals	(0.2)	—	(7.0)	—	(7.2)
Transfers ⁽¹⁾	78.9	(132.4)	130.9	(77.4)	—
As at December 31, 2022	1,906.3	237.9	1,530.3	89.1	3,763.6
Additions	0.7	39.3	0.7	24.6	65.3
Disposals	—	—	(3.8)	—	(3.8)
Transfers	29.1	—	8.2	(37.3)	—
As at March 31, 2023	1,936.1	277.2	1,535.4	76.4	3,825.1
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION					
As at December 31, 2021	1,005.7	—	693.7	—	1,699.4
Depreciation for the year	103.3	—	101.3	—	204.6
Disposals	(0.1)	—	(4.2)	—	(4.3)
As at December 31, 2022	1,108.9	—	790.8	—	1,899.7
Depreciation for the period	33.0	—	27.4	—	60.4
Disposals	—	—	(3.2)	—	(3.2)
As at March 31, 2023	1,141.9	—	815.0	—	1,956.9
CARRYING AMOUNT					
As at December 31, 2022	797.4	237.9	739.5	89.1	1,863.9
As at March 31, 2023	794.2	277.2	720.4	76.4	1,868.2

1. In 2022, Non-depletable transfers of \$132.4 million were made up of \$84.8 million from the New Afton thickened and amended tailings facility and \$47.6 million from the Rainy River Intrepid zone.

Carrying amount by property as at March 31, 2023

	Depletable	Non- depletable	Plant & equipment	Construction in progress	Total
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>					
MINING INTEREST BY SITE					
New Afton	395.4	264.0	263.6	23.8	946.8
Rainy River	398.8	12.1	455.9	52.6	919.4
Other ⁽¹⁾	—	1.1	0.9	—	2.0
Carrying amount	794.2	277.2	720.4	76.4	1,868.2

1. Other includes corporate balances.

Carrying amount by property as at December 31, 2022:

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Depletable	Non-depletable	Plant & equipment	Construction in progress	Total
MINING INTEREST BY SITE					
New Afton	402.8	230.9	271.5	17.2	922.4
Rainy River	394.6	5.9	466.9	71.9	939.3
Other ⁽¹⁾	—	1.1	1.1	—	2.2
Carrying amount	797.4	237.9	739.5	89.1	1,863.9

1. *Other includes corporate balances.*

9. Long-term debt

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	As at March 31	As at December 31
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	2023	2022
LONG-TERM DEBT		
Senior unsecured notes - due July 15, 2027 (a)	395.2	394.9
Credit Facility (b)	—	—
Total long-term debt	395.2	394.9

(a) Senior Unsecured Notes - due July 15, 2027

As at March 31, 2023, the Company has \$400.0 million of senior unsecured notes outstanding that mature and become due and payable on July 15, 2027 (the "2027 Unsecured Notes"). The 2027 Unsecured Notes are denominated in U.S. dollars and bear interest at the rate of 7.50% per annum. Interest is payable in arrears in equal semi-annual installments on January 15 and July 15 of each year.

The 2027 Unsecured Notes are subject to a minimum interest coverage incurrence covenant of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, impairment, and other non-cash adjustments to interest of 2:1. The test is applied on a pro-forma basis prior to the Company incurring additional debt, entering into business combinations or acquiring significant assets, and certain corporate actions. There are no maintenance covenants.

The 2027 Unsecured Notes are redeemable by the Company in whole or in part:

- At any time prior to July 15, 2023 at a redemption price of 100% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2027 Unsecured Notes, plus a make-whole premium (consisting of the redemption price as described below, and future interest that would have been paid up to the first call date of July 15, 2023), plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date.
- During the 12-month period beginning on July 15 of the years indicated at the redemption prices below, expressed as a percentage of the principal amount of the 2027 Unsecured Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date:

Date	Redemption prices (%)
2023	103.75
2024	101.88
2025 and thereafter	100.00

(b) Credit Facility

On April 26, 2023, the Company entered into a fourth amended and restated credit agreement in respect of its revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility") with a syndicate of financial institutions which extended the maturity date from December 2025 to December 2026, maintaining the existing borrowing limit of \$400.0 million.

The Credit Facility contains various covenants customary for a loan facility of this nature, including limits on indebtedness, asset sales, and liens. The Credit Facility contains three covenant tests all, of which are measured on a rolling four-quarter basis at the end of every quarter:

- The minimum interest coverage ratio, being earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, exploration, impairment, and other non-cash adjustments (“Adjusted EBITDA”) to interest;
- The maximum net debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio (“Leverage Ratio”); and
- The maximum gross secured debt to Adjusted EBITDA (“Secured Leverage Ratio”).

Significant financial covenants are as follows:

		Twelve months ended March 31	Twelve months ended December 31
	Financial Covenant	2023	2022
FINANCIAL COVENANTS			
Minimum interest coverage ratio (Adjusted EBITDA to interest)	>3.0:1.0	5.1 : 1	4.5 : 1
Maximum leverage ratio (net debt to Adjusted EBITDA)	<4.5:1.0	2.0 : 1	2.1 : 1
Maximum secured leverage ratio (secured debt to Adjusted EBITDA)	<2.0:1.0	0.2 : 1	0.2 : 1

The interest margin on drawings under the Credit Facility ranges from 1.25% to 3.75% over LIBOR, the Prime Rate or the Base Rate based on the Company’s Leverage Ratio, and the currency and type of credit selected by the Company. Based on the Company’s Leverage Ratio, the rate is 2.75% over LIBOR as at March 31, 2023 (December 31, 2022 – 2.75%). The standby fees on undrawn amounts under the Credit Facility range from 0.51% to 0.84%, depending on the Company’s Leverage Ratio. Based on the Company’s Leverage Ratio, the rate is 0.62% as at March 31, 2023 (December 31, 2022 – 0.62%).

For the three months ended March 31, 2023, \$nil has been drawn under the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility has been used to issue letters of credit amounting to \$27.5 million (December 31, 2022 - \$27.5 million). Letters of credit relate to reclamation bonds and other financial assurances required with various government agencies.

10. Non-current derivative financial liabilities

The following is a summary of the change in non-current derivative financial liabilities:

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Rainy River	New Afton	Total
CHANGE IN NON-CURRENT DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES			
Balance, December 31, 2021	194.0	467.4	661.4
Settlements during the period	(24.0)	(12.4)	(36.4)
Fair value adjustments related to changes in the Company's own credit risk ⁽¹⁾	(20.3)	(48.1)	(68.4)
Other fair value adjustments ⁽²⁾	25.0	(28.0)	(3.0)
Balance, December 31, 2022	174.7	378.9	553.6
Less: current portion	(28.1)	—	(28.1)
Non-current portion of derivative financial liabilities	146.6	378.9	525.5
Balance, December 31, 2022	174.7	378.9	553.6
Settlements during the period ⁽³⁾	(7.6)	—	(7.6)
Fair value adjustments related to changes in the Company's own credit risk ⁽¹⁾	10.8	39.6	50.4
Other fair value adjustments ⁽²⁾	9.1	38.4	47.5
Balance, March 31, 2023	187.0	456.9	643.9
Less: current portion ⁽⁴⁾	(31.4)	—	(31.4)
Non-current portion of derivative financial liabilities	155.6	456.9	612.5

1. Fair value adjustments related to changes in the Company's own credit risk are included in other comprehensive income.
2. Other fair value adjustments are included in the consolidated income statements.
3. Settlements during the period are on an accrual basis.
4. The current portion of the derivative financial liabilities is included in trade and other payables on the statement of financial position.

Rainy River Gold Stream Obligation

In 2015, the Company entered into a \$175 million streaming transaction with RGLD Gold AG, a wholly owned subsidiary of Royal Gold Inc. ("Royal Gold"). Under the terms of the agreement, the Company will deliver to Royal Gold 6.5% of gold production from Rainy River up to a total of 230,000 ounces of gold and then 3.25% of the mine's gold production thereafter. The Company will also deliver to Royal Gold 60% of the mine's silver production to a maximum of 3.1 million ounces and then 30% of silver production thereafter.

In addition to the upfront \$175.0 million deposit, Royal Gold will pay 25% of the average spot gold or silver price at the time each ounce of gold or silver is delivered under the stream. The difference between the spot price of metal and the cash received from Royal Gold will reduce the \$175.0 million deposit over the life of the mine. Upon expiry of the 40 year term of the agreement (which may be extended in certain circumstances), any balance of the \$175.0 million upfront deposit remaining unpaid will be refunded to Royal Gold.

The Company has designated the gold stream obligation as a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") under the scope of IFRS 9. Accordingly, the Company values the liability at the present value of its expected future cash flows at each reporting period with changes in fair value reflected in the consolidated income statements and consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Fair value adjustments represent the net effect on the gold stream obligation of changes in the variables included in the Company's valuation model between the date of receipt of deposit and the reporting date.

New Afton Free Cash Flow Interest Obligation

In 2020, New Gold entered into a strategic partnership with Ontario Teachers' Pension Plan ("Ontario Teachers"). Under the terms of the strategic partnership, Ontario Teachers' acquired a 46% free cash flow interest in the New Afton mine for upfront cash proceeds of \$300 million. Ontario Teachers' has an option to convert the free cash flow interest into a 46% joint venture interest in New Afton in the fourth year, or have their free cash flow interest remain as a free cash flow interest at a reduced rate of 42.5%. The agreement includes a minimum cash guarantee at the end of four years and a buyback option for New Gold.

The Company has designated the free cash flow interest obligation as an FVTPL under the scope of IFRS 9. Fair value of the free cash flow interest obligation on initial recognition was determined by the amount of the cash advance received. Subsequent fair value is calculated on each reporting date with gains and losses recorded in net earnings. Fair value adjustments as a result of the Company's own credit risk are recorded in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, as required by IFRS 9 for financial liabilities designated as at FVTPL.

Components of the adjustment to fair value for the non-current derivative financial liabilities at each reporting date include:

Financial instrument	Components of the adjustment to fair value
Rainy River gold stream obligation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accretion expense due to passage of time • Change in the risk-free interest rate • Change in the Company specific credit spread • Change in any expected ounces to be delivered • Change in future metal prices
New Afton free cash flow interest obligation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accretion expense due to passage of time • Change in the risk-free interest rate • Change in the Company specific credit spread • Change in any expected ounces to be delivered • Change in future metal prices • Change in production profile, operating and capital costs at New Afton, including considerations to the minimum cash guarantee over the first four years of the instrument

11. Leases

(a) Right-of-use assets

The Company leases assets such as buildings, mobile equipment, and machinery. These assets are included in Mining Interests on the statement of financial position and are classified as plant & equipment as per Note 8 of the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

	As at March 31	As at December 31
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	2023	2022
RIGHT-OF-USE- ASSETS		
Opening balance	21.4	32.0
Depreciation	(1.8)	(6.8)
Disposals	—	(3.8)
Total right-of-use-assets	19.6	21.4

(b) Lease liabilities

Please see below for a maturity analysis of the Company's lease payments:

	As at March 31	As at December 31
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	2023	2022
MATURITY ANALYSIS FOR LEASES		
Less than 1 year	6.2	7.5
Between 1 and 3 years	1.6	2.4
Between 3 and 5 years	—	0.1
Total undiscounted lease payments ⁽¹⁾	7.8	10.0
Carrying value of lease liabilities	7.6	9.9
Less: current portion of lease liabilities ⁽²⁾	(7.4)	(8.6)
Non-current portion of lease liabilities	0.2	1.3

1. Total undiscounted lease payments excludes leases that are classified as short term and leases for low value assets, which are not recognized as lease liabilities.

2. The current portion of the lease liabilities is included in trade and other payables on the statement of financial position.

For the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company recognized \$0.1 million in interest expense on lease liabilities (2022 - \$0.2 million).

For the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company expensed \$0.5 million related to leases that are classified as short term (2022 - \$0.6 million).

12. Derivative instruments

	As at March 31	As at December 31
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	2023	2022
DERIVATIVE ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		
Foreign exchange forward contracts ⁽¹⁾	(0.2)	0.4
Fuel hedge swap contracts ⁽²⁾	(0.4)	0.3
Unsettled provisionally priced concentrate derivatives, and swap contracts ⁽³⁾	0.5	(1.8)
Total derivative (liabilities) assets	(0.1)	(1.1)

1. Foreign exchange forward contracts are included within trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.
2. Fuel hedge swap contracts are included within trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.
3. Unsettled provisionally priced concentrate derivatives are included within trade and other receivables in the statement of financial position.

(a) Provisionally priced contracts

The Company had provisionally priced sales for which price finalization is outstanding at March 31, 2023. Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on the provisional pricing of concentrate sales are classified as revenue, with the unsettled provisionally priced concentrate derivatives included in trade and other receivables. The Company enters into gold and copper swap contracts to reduce exposure to gold and copper prices. Realized and unrealized gains (losses) are recorded in revenue, with the unsettled gold and copper swaps included in trade and other receivables.

The following tables summarize the realized and unrealized gains on provisionally priced sales:

	Three months ended March 31, 2023		
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Gold	Copper	Total
GAIN (LOSS) ON THE PROVISIONAL PRICING OF CONCENTRATE SALES			
Realized	0.9	3.3	4.2
Unrealized	0.7	1.0	1.7
Total gain	1.6	4.3	5.9

	Three months ended March 31, 2022		
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Gold	Copper	Total
GAIN (LOSS) ON THE PROVISIONAL PRICING OF CONCENTRATE SALES			
Realized	0.2	3.9	4.1
Unrealized	0.1	2.9	3.0
Total gain	0.3	6.8	7.1

The following tables summarize the realized and unrealized losses on gold and copper swap contracts:

	Three months ended March 31, 2023		
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Gold	Copper	Total
GAIN (LOSS) ON SWAP CONTRACTS			
Realized	(0.7)	(3.2)	(3.9)
Unrealized	(1.0)	(0.2)	(1.2)
Total loss	(1.7)	(3.4)	(5.1)

Three months ended March 31, 2022			
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Gold	Copper	Total
GAIN (LOSS) ON SWAP CONTRACTS			
Realized	(0.5)	(5.9)	(6.4)
Unrealized	(0.5)	(3.7)	(4.2)
Total loss	(1.0)	(9.6)	(10.6)

The following table summarizes the net exposure to the impact of movements in market commodity prices for provisionally priced sales:

	As at March 31	As at December 31
	2023	2022
VOLUMES SUBJECT TO FINAL PRICING NET OF OUTSTANDING SWAPS		
Gold ounces (000s)	0.8	0.5
Copper pounds (millions)	0.5	1.4

(b) Foreign exchange forward contracts

The Company entered into foreign exchange forward contracts in order to hedge operating costs at the New Afton and Rainy River mines. These contracts are treated as derivative financial instruments and marked-to-market at each reporting period on the consolidated statement of financial position with changes in fair value recognized in other gains and losses. Realized gains and losses are recorded within operating expenses.

In 2023, the Company entered into forward exchange forward contracts hedging C\$44.0 million per month for the second quarter of 2023, and C\$20.0 million per month for third quarter of 2023. As at March 31, 2023, the fair value of the unrealized foreign exchange forward contracts liabilities were \$0.2 million.

(c) Diesel fuel hedge swap contracts

The Company entered into diesel fuel hedge swap contracts for the Rainy River Mine in order to reduce exposure to volatile fuel prices. These contracts are treated as derivative financial instruments and marked to market at each reporting period on the consolidated statement of financial position with changes in fair value recognized in other gains and losses. Realized gains and losses are recorded within operating expenses.

In 2023, the Company hedged an average of 0.7 million gallons per month for the first two quarters of 2023. As at March 31, 2023, the fair value of the unrealized fuel hedge swap contract liabilities were \$0.4 million.

13. Reclamation and closure cost obligations

Changes to the reclamation and closure cost obligations are as follows:

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Rainy River	New Afton	Cerro San Pedro	Total
CHANGES TO RECLAMATION AND CLOSURE COST OBLIGATIONS				
<i>Balance – December 31, 2021</i>	109.4	49.3	1.5	160.2
Reclamation expenditures	(1.7)	—	(2.3)	(4.0)
Unwinding of discount	2.3	0.9	—	3.2
Revisions to expected cash flows	(16.6)	(15.6)	2.1	(30.1)
Foreign exchange movement	(5.8)	(2.3)	—	(8.1)
<i>Balance – December 31, 2022</i>	87.6	32.3	1.3	121.2
Less: current portion of closure costs (Note 6)	(0.4)	—	(1.3)	(1.7)
Non-current portion of closure costs	87.2	32.3	—	119.5
<i>Balance – December 31, 2022</i>	87.6	32.3	1.3	121.2
Reclamation expenditures	(0.1)	—	(0.5)	(0.6)
Unwinding of discount	0.7	0.3	—	1.0
Revisions to expected cash flows	(1.9)	(0.7)	0.1	(2.5)
Foreign exchange movement	0.1	—	0.1	0.2
<i>Balance – March 31, 2023</i>	86.4	31.9	1.0	119.3
Less: current portion of closure costs (Note 6)	(0.4)	(0.7)	(1.0)	(2.1)
Non-current portion of closure costs	86.0	31.2	—	117.1

14. Share capital

At March 31, 2023, the Company had an unlimited number of authorized common shares, of which 682.8 million common shares were issued and outstanding.

(a) No par value common shares issued

	Number of shares	Value of shares
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars, except where noted)</i>	(000s)	\$
NO PAR VALUE COMMON SHARES ISSUED		
<i>Balance at December 31, 2021</i>	681,146	3,155.4
Issuance of common shares	375	0.5
Exercise of options and vested performance share units	756	1.2
<i>Balance at December 31, 2022</i>	682,277	3,157.1
Exercise of options and vested performance share units	524	0.5
<i>Balance at March 31, 2023</i>	682,801	3,157.6

(b) Share-based payment expenses

The following table summarizes share-based payment expenses:

	Three months ended March 31	
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	2023	2022
SHARE-BASED PAYMENT EXPENSES		
Stock option expense	0.2	0.3
Performance share unit expense	0.3	0.3
Restricted share unit expense	0.3	1.6
Deferred share unit expense	—	0.1
Total share-based payment expenses	0.8	2.3

1. For the three months ended March 31, 2023, \$0.4 million of share-based expenses were recognized in operating expenses (2022 – \$0.7 million).

(i) *Stock options*

The following table presents changes in the Company's stock option plan:

	Number of options (000s)	Weighted average exercise price C\$/share
CHANGES TO THE COMPANY'S STOCK OPTION PLAN		
<i>Balance at December 31, 2021</i>	5,756	1.58
Granted	1,291	2.18
Exercised	(755)	1.17
Forfeited	(1,213)	1.98
Expired	(228)	3.89
<i>Balance at December 31, 2022</i>	4,851	1.59
Exercised	(19)	1.20
Forfeited	(30)	1.60
<i>Balance at March 31, 2023</i>	4,802	1.60

(c) Loss per share

The following table sets out the calculation of earnings (loss) per share:

	Three months ended March 31	
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars, except where noted)</i>	2023	2022
CALCULATION OF LOSS PER SHARE		
Net loss	(31.8)	(7.8)
Basic weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions)	682.7	681.3
<i>Dilution of securities:</i>		
Stock options	—	—
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions)	682.7	681.3
<i>Net loss per share:</i>		
Basic	(0.05)	(0.01)
Diluted	(0.05)	(0.01)

The following table lists the equity securities excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per share. All stock options are excluded from the calculation when the Company is in a net loss position.

	Three months ended March 31	
<i>(in millions of units)</i>	2023	2022
EQUITY SECURITIES EXCLUDED FROM THE CALCULATION OF DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE		
Stock options	4.8	6.8

15. Income and mining taxes

The following table outlines the composition of income tax expense between current tax and deferred tax:

	Three months ended March 31	
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	2023	2022
CURRENT INCOME AND MINING TAX EXPENSE		
Canada	0.5	0.2
DEFERRED INCOME AND MINING TAX EXPENSE		
Canada	(0.2)	0.3
Total income tax expense	0.3	0.5

16. Supplemental cash flow information

Supplemental cash flow information (included within operating activities) is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31	
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	2023	2022
CHANGE IN NON-CASH OPERATING WORKING CAPITAL		
Trade and other receivables	(0.6)	(5.8)
Inventories	(4.9)	4.5
Prepaid expenses and other	(0.3)	(0.3)
Trade and other payables	(9.3)	3.0
Total change in non-cash operating working capital	(15.1)	1.4

	Three months ended March 31	
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	2023	2022
OTHER NON-CASH ADJUSTMENTS		
Loss on revaluation of foreign exchange forward contracts and fuel hedge swap contracts	1.3	0.3
Unrealized (gain) loss on concentrate contracts	(0.5)	1.1
Equity settled share-based payment expense	0.3	0.4
Loss on disposal of assets	0.6	2.0
Unrealized loss on revaluation of non-current derivative financial instruments	47.5	14.0
Loss on revaluation of CSP's reclamation and closure cost obligation	0.1	0.6
Inventory reversal of write-down	(0.6)	(0.6)
Loss (gain) on revaluation of investments	1.2	(0.1)
Total other non-cash adjustments	50.0	17.7

17. Segmented information

(a) Segment revenues and results

The Company manages its reportable segments by operating mines. Income (loss) from operations of reportable operating segments are reviewed by the Company's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segments and to assess their performance. The results from operations for these reportable operating segments are summarized in the following tables:

	Three months ended March 31, 2023			
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Rainy River	New Afton	Corporate	Total
OPERATING SEGMENT RESULTS				
Gold revenues	135.3	27.3	—	162.6
Copper revenues	—	35.8	—	35.8
Silver revenues	2.7	0.5	—	3.2
Total revenues ⁽¹⁾	138.0	63.6	—	201.6
Operating expenses	74.4	42.8	—	117.2
Depreciation and depletion	39.6	15.5	—	55.1
Revenue less cost of goods sold	24.0	5.3	—	29.3
Corporate administration	—	—	5.6	5.6
Share-based payment expenses	—	—	0.4	0.4
Exploration and business development	0.1	2.1	0.1	2.3
Income (loss) from operations	23.9	3.2	(6.1)	21.0

1. Segmented revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales in the three months ended March 31, 2023.

	Three months ended March 31, 2022			
(in millions of U.S. dollars)	Rainy River	New Afton	Corporate	Total
OPERATING SEGMENT RESULTS				
Gold revenues	114.7	18.1	—	132.8
Copper revenues	—	39.2	—	39.2
Silver revenues	1.9	0.8	—	2.7
Total revenues ⁽¹⁾	116.6	58.1	—	174.7
Operating expenses	58.4	36.8	—	95.2
Depreciation and depletion	38.8	10.0	—	48.8
Revenue less cost of goods sold	19.4	11.3	—	30.7
Corporate administration	—	—	5.5	5.5
Share-based payment expenses	—	—	1.6	1.6
Exploration and business development	1.3	3.6	0.3	5.2
Income (loss) from operations	18.1	7.7	(7.4)	18.4

1. Segmented revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales in the three months ended March 31, 2022.

(b) Segmented assets and liabilities

The following table presents the segmented assets and liabilities:

	Total assets		Total liabilities		Capital expenditures ⁽¹⁾	
(in millions of U.S. dollars)	As at March 31 2023	As at December 31 2022	As at March 31 2023	As at December 31 2022	Three months ended March 31 2023	2022
SEGMENTED ASSETS AND LIABILITIES						
Rainy River	1,036.2	1,067.4	336.4	340.1	28.0	39.8
New Afton	1,017.1	979.9	600.0	518.4	35.0	35.7
Other ⁽²⁾	175.5	196.2	414.6	425.5	0.1	0.1
Total segmented assets, liabilities and capital expenditures	2,228.8	2,243.5	1,351.0	1,284.0	63.1	75.6

1. Capital expenditures per consolidated statement of cash flows.

2. Other includes corporate balances and Cerro San Pedro.

18. Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received when selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In assessing the fair value of a particular contract, the market participant would consider the credit risk of the counterparty to the contract. Consequently, when it is appropriate to do so, the Company adjusts the valuation models to incorporate a measure of credit risk. Fair value represents management's estimates of the current market value at a given point in time.

The Company has certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value. The fair value hierarchy establishes three levels to classify the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are quoted prices in markets that are not active, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (for example, interest rate and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, forward pricing curves used to value currency and commodity contracts), or inputs that are derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data or other means. Level 3 inputs are unobservable (supported by little or no market activity). The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. There were no transfers among Levels 1, 2, and 3 during the three months ended March 31, 2023 or the year ended December 31, 2022. The Company's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

Valuation methodology for Level 1 financial assets and liabilities:

Investments

The fair value of the investments are measured based on the closing share price on the reporting date.

Valuation methodologies for Level 2 and 3 financial assets and liabilities:

Provisionally priced contracts and gold and copper swap contracts

The fair value of the provisionally priced contracts and the gold and copper swap contracts is calculated using the mark-to-market forward prices of London Metals Exchange gold and copper based on the applicable settlement dates of the outstanding provisionally priced contracts and copper swap contracts.

Foreign exchange forward contracts

The fair value of foreign exchange forward contracts is calculated using the mark-to-market method based on the difference between the forward Canadian dollar to U.S dollar foreign exchange rate and the foreign exchange rates of the contracts.

Fuel hedge swap contracts

The fair value of the fuel hedge swap contracts is calculated using the mark-to-market forward prices of diesel, based on the applicable settlement dates of the outstanding swap contracts.

Gold stream obligation

The fair value of the gold stream obligation is calculated using the risk-free interest rate derived from the U.S. Treasury rate, forward and consensus metal prices, company specific credit spread based on the yield on the Company's 2027 Unsecured Notes, and expected gold and silver ounces to be delivered from Rainy River's life of mine projections.

Free cash flow interest obligation

The fair value of the free cash flow interest obligation is calculated using the risk-free interest rate derived from the U.S. Treasury rate, forward and consensus metal prices, company specific credit spread based on the yield on the Company's 2027 Unsecured Notes, and expected production, operating and capital costs from New Afton's life of mine projections, including considerations to the minimum cash guarantee over the first four years of the instrument.

The following table summarizes the Company's financial assets and liabilities by category and information about financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis in the statement of financial position categorized by level of significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

		As at March 31, 2023		As at December 31, 2022	
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Category	Level		Level	
FINANCIAL ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	Financial assets at amortized cost		197.3		200.8
Trade and other receivables ⁽¹⁾	Financial assets at amortized cost		13.9		15.9
Provisionally priced contracts	Financial instruments at FVTPL	2	1.7	2	2.3
Gold and copper swap contracts	Financial instruments at FVTPL	2	(1.2)	2	(4.1)
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Financial instruments at FVTPL	2	—	2	0.4
Investments	Financial instruments at FVTPL	1	11.2	1	35.6
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES					
Trade and other payables ⁽²⁾	Financial liabilities at amortized cost		122.7		141.1
Long-term debt	Financial liabilities at amortized cost		395.2		394.9
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Financial instruments at FVTPL	2	0.2	2	—
Fuel hedge swap contracts	Financial instruments at FVTPL	2	0.4	2	—
Gold stream obligation	Financial instruments at FVTPL	3	187.0	3	174.7
Free cash flow interest obligation	Financial instruments at FVTPL	3	456.9	3	378.9

1. Trade and other receivables exclude provisionally priced contracts, and gold and copper swap contracts.

2. Trade and other payables exclude the short-term portions of reclamation and closure cost obligations, the gold stream obligation, and current derivative liabilities.

The carrying values and fair values of the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	As at March 31, 2023		As at December 31, 2022	
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	197.3	197.3	200.8	200.8
Trade and other receivables ⁽¹⁾	13.9	13.9	15.9	15.9
Provisionally priced contracts	1.7	1.7	2.3	2.3
Gold and copper swap contracts	(1.2)	(1.2)	(4.1)	(4.1)
Foreign exchange forward contracts	—	—	0.4	0.4
Investments	11.2	11.2	35.6	35.6
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES				
Trade and other payables ⁽²⁾	122.7	122.7	141.1	141.1
Long-term debt	395.2	387.5	394.9	355.0
Gold stream obligation	187.0	187.0	174.7	174.7
Free cash flow interest obligation	456.9	456.9	378.9	378.9
Foreign exchange forward contracts	0.2	0.2	—	—
Fuel hedge swap contracts	0.4	0.4	—	—

1. Trade and other receivables exclude provisionally priced contracts, and gold and copper swap contracts.

2. Trade and other payables exclude the short-term portions of reclamation and closure cost obligations, the gold stream obligation, and current derivative liabilities.

19. Commitments

The Company has entered into a number of contractual commitments for capital items relating to operations and development. At March 31, 2023, these commitments totaled \$120.8 million, which are expected to become due over the next 12 months. This compares to commitments of \$64.0 million as at December 31, 2022. Certain contractual commitments may contain cancellation clauses; however, the Company discloses its commitments based on management's intent to fulfill the contracts.