



**West Fraser Timber Co. Ltd.**

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in millions of Canadian dollars, except where indicated - unaudited)

	September 30	December 31
	2018	2017
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 282	\$ 258
Receivables	389	352
Inventories (note 6)	704	670
Prepaid expenses	20	11
	<b>1,395</b>	1,291
<b>Property, plant and equipment</b>	<b>2,009</b>	1,892
<b>Timber licences</b>	<b>518</b>	533
<b>Goodwill and other intangibles</b>	<b>747</b>	731
<b>Export duty deposits</b>	<b>70</b>	37
<b>Other assets</b>	<b>34</b>	27
<b>Deferred income tax assets</b>	<b>27</b>	6
	<b>\$ 4,800</b>	\$ 4,517
<b>Liabilities</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Payables and accrued liabilities	\$ 497	\$ 441
Income taxes payable	54	104
Reforestation and decommissioning obligations	38	38
	<b>589</b>	583
<b>Long-term debt</b> (note 7)	<b>657</b>	636
<b>Other liabilities</b> (note 8)	<b>265</b>	347
<b>Deferred income tax liabilities</b>	<b>303</b>	225
	<b>1,814</b>	1,791
<b>Shareholders' Equity</b>		
Share capital	503	549
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings	129	108
Retained earnings	2,354	2,069
	<b>2,986</b>	2,726
	<b>\$ 4,800</b>	\$ 4,517

Number of Common shares and Class B Common shares outstanding at October 19, 2018 was 70,754,104.



**West Fraser Timber Co. Ltd.**

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity  
(in millions of Canadian dollars, except where indicated - unaudited)

	July 1 to September 30		January 1 to September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
<b>Share capital</b>				
Balance - beginning of period	\$ 528	\$ 549	\$ 549	\$ 549
Common share repurchases	(25)	(2)	(46)	(2)
Balance - end of period	\$ 503	\$ 547	\$ 503	\$ 547
<b>Accumulated other comprehensive earnings</b>				
Balance - beginning of period	\$ 145	\$ 129	\$ 108	\$ 150
Translation gain (loss) on foreign operations	(16)	(24)	21	(45)
Balance - end of period	\$ 129	\$ 105	\$ 129	\$ 105
<b>Retained earnings</b>				
Balance - beginning of period	\$ 2,361	\$ 1,767	\$ 2,069	\$ 1,542
Actuarial gain on post-retirement benefits	45	39	52	6
Common share repurchases	(276)	(15)	(511)	(15)
Earnings for the period	238	120	781	389
Dividends	(14)	(9)	(37)	(20)
Balance - end of period	\$ 2,354	\$ 1,902	\$ 2,354	\$ 1,902
<b>Shareholders' Equity</b>	<b>\$ 2,986</b>	<b>\$ 2,554</b>	<b>\$ 2,986</b>	<b>\$ 2,554</b>



**West Fraser Timber Co. Ltd.**

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Earnings  
(in millions of Canadian dollars, except where indicated - unaudited)

	July 1 to September 30		January 1 to September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
<b>Sales</b>	\$ 1,646	\$ 1,247	\$ 4,844	\$ 3,758
<b>Costs and expenses</b>				
Cost of products sold	943	775	2,700	2,313
Freight and other distribution costs	201	149	558	470
Export duties	54	31	165	65
Amortization	64	51	188	151
Selling, general and administration	56	54	168	156
Equity-based compensation	-	10	8	26
	<b>1,318</b>	<b>1,070</b>	<b>3,787</b>	<b>3,181</b>
<b>Operating earnings</b>	<b>328</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>1,057</b>	<b>577</b>
Finance expense	(10)	(8)	(28)	(23)
Other (note 11)	(4)	(2)	15	(3)
<b>Earnings before tax</b>	<b>314</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>1,044</b>	<b>551</b>
Tax provision (note 12)	(76)	(47)	(263)	(162)
<b>Earnings</b>	\$ <b>238</b>	\$ 120	\$ <b>781</b>	\$ 389
<b>Earnings per share (dollars) (note 13)</b>				
Basic	\$ 3.25	\$ 1.53	\$ 10.30	\$ 4.97
Diluted	\$ 2.99	\$ 1.53	\$ 10.16	\$ 4.97
<b>Comprehensive earnings</b>				
Earnings	\$ 238	\$ 120	\$ 781	\$ 389
<b>Other comprehensive earnings</b>				
Translation gain (loss) on foreign operations	(16)	(24)	21	(45)
Actuarial gain on post-retirement benefits	45	39	52	6
<b>Comprehensive earnings</b>	\$ <b>267</b>	\$ 135	\$ <b>854</b>	\$ 350



**West Fraser Timber Co. Ltd.**

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in millions of Canadian dollars, except where indicated - unaudited)

	July 1 to September 30		January 1 to September 30	
	<b>2018</b>	2017	<b>2018</b>	2017
<b>Cash provided by operations</b>				
Earnings	\$ 238	\$ 120	\$ 781	\$ 389
Adjustments				
Amortization	64	51	188	151
Finance expense	10	8	28	23
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on long-term financing	2	(5)	(4)	(10)
Export duty deposits	(13)	-	(32)	-
Post-retirement expense	20	19	60	57
Contributions to post-retirement benefit plans	(28)	(17)	(79)	(48)
Tax provision	76	47	263	162
Income taxes paid	(65)	(7)	(275)	(59)
Other	(12)	(20)	(5)	(12)
Changes in non-cash working capital				
Receivables	89	29	(33)	(56)
Inventories	15	25	(28)	19
Prepaid expenses	10	12	(10)	(6)
Payables and accrued liabilities	(7)	33	43	37
	<b>399</b>	295	<b>897</b>	647
<b>Cash provided by (used for) financing</b>				
Proceeds from long-term debt	-	250	-	250
Financing fees paid	-	(2)	-	(2)
Finance expense paid	(5)	(1)	(20)	(12)
Common share repurchases	(301)	(17)	(557)	(17)
Dividends	-	(9)	(23)	(20)
	<b>(306)</b>	221	<b>(600)</b>	199
<b>Cash used for investing</b>				
Acquisition	-	(525)	-	(525)
Additions to capital assets	(111)	(90)	(284)	(224)
Government assistance	4	1	5	2
Other	(2)	1	1	4
	<b>(109)</b>	(613)	<b>(278)</b>	(743)
<b>Change in cash</b>	<b>(16)</b>	(97)	<b>19</b>	103
<b>Foreign exchange effect on cash</b>	<b>(4)</b>	(2)	<b>5</b>	(6)
<b>Cash - beginning of period</b>	<b>302</b>	231	<b>258</b>	35
<b>Cash - end of period</b>	<b>\$ 282</b>	\$ 132	<b>\$ 282</b>	\$ 132
<b>Cash consists of</b>				
Cash and short-term investments			\$ 282	\$ 132
Cheques issued in excess of funds on deposit			-	-
			<b>\$ 282</b>	<b>\$ 132</b>

**West Fraser Timber Co. Ltd.**

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

*(figures are in millions of dollars, except where indicated - unaudited)*

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**1. Nature of operations**

West Fraser Timber Co. Ltd. (“West Fraser”, “we”, “us” or “our”) is a diversified wood products company producing lumber, LVL, MDF, plywood, pulp, newsprint, wood chips and energy with facilities in western Canada and the southern United States. Our executive office is located at 858 Beatty Street, Suite 501, Vancouver, British Columbia. West Fraser was formed by articles of amalgamation under the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia) and is registered in British Columbia, Canada. Our Common shares are listed for trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol WFT.

**2. Basis of presentation and statement of compliance**

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and using the same accounting policies and methods of their application as the December 31, 2017 annual financial statements. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with our 2017 annual consolidated financial statements.

We have reclassified certain prior-year amounts to conform to current-year’s presentation.

**3. Changes in accounting standards**

*IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments*

We have adopted IFRS 9 effective January 1, 2018 using the full retrospective method. The new standard for financial instruments, IFRS 9, replaces IAS 39 ‘Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement’. It makes changes to the previous guidance on the classification and measurement of financial assets and introduces an ‘expected credit loss’ model for the impairment of financial assets. IFRS 9 also contains new requirements on the application of hedge accounting.

The adoption of this standard had no significant impact on our consolidated financial statements and no retrospective adjustments were necessary.

*IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers*

We have adopted IFRS 15 effective January 1, 2018 using the full retrospective method. The new revenue standard, IFRS 15, replaces IAS 18 - Revenue, IAS 11 - Construction Contracts and the related interpretations. This standard addresses revenue recognition and establishes principles for reporting information about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity’s contracts with customers. IFRS 15 requires that revenue is recognised at the ‘transaction price’ when certain contractual obligations are met but with any ‘variable consideration’ elements of the price recognized when it is ‘highly probable’ that there will be no reversal of that revenue.

The adoption of this standard had no significant impact on our consolidated financial statements and no retrospective adjustments were necessary.

#### 4. Accounting standards issued but not yet applied

##### *IFRS 16 - Leases*

IFRS 16 was issued in January 2016. This standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 with earlier adoption permitted. The new standard replaces IAS 17 – Leases and the related interpretations.

IFRS 16 eliminates the classification of operating leases for a lessee. This standard establishes a single, on-balance sheet accounting model for lessees which will result in the recognition of a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. The nature of expenses related to those leases will change as IFRS 16 replaces the straight-line operating lease expense, currently reported under cost of products sold on our consolidated statements of earnings, with a depreciation charge for the right-of-use asset and a declining balance interest expense on the lease liability.

IFRS 16 allows two exemptions for short-term and low-value leases for which the payments will be recognized as an expense, typically on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

We will apply IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this method, the right-of-use asset is recognized at the date of the initial application at an amount equal to the lease liability, using West Fraser's incremental borrowing rate at January 1, 2019. Comparative figures are not restated.

We completed an initial assessment for the potential impact on our consolidated financial statements and anticipate that IFRS 16 will not have a significant impact our consolidated financial statements.

#### 5. Seasonality of operations

Our operating results are subject to seasonal fluctuations that impact quarter-to-quarter operating results. Log availability has a direct impact on our operations. We build up log inventory in Canada during the winter to sustain our lumber and plywood production during the second quarter when logging is curtailed due to wet land conditions. Wildfires in Western Canada and hurricanes in the U.S. South may periodically affect operations including logging, manufacturing and transportation.

#### 6. Inventories

Inventories at September 30, 2018 were written down by \$14 million (June 30, 2018 - \$1 million; December 31, 2017 - \$9 million; September 30, 2017 - \$4 million) to reflect net realizable value being lower than cost.

	<b>September 30, 2018</b>	<b>December 31, 2017</b>
Manufactured products	\$ 393	\$ 358
Logs and other raw materials	160	167
Processing materials and supplies	151	145
	<b>\$ 704</b>	<b>\$ 670</b>

7. **Long-term debt and operating loans**

**Long-term debt**

	September 30, 2018		December 31, 2017
US\$300 million senior notes due October 2024; interest at 4.35%	\$ 388	\$	376
US\$200 million term loan due August 2022; floating interest rate	259		251
US\$8 million note payable due October 2020; interest at 2%	10		10
Notes payable	4		4
	<b>661</b>		<b>641</b>
Deferred financing costs	(4)		(5)
	<b>\$ 657</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>636</b>

The fair value of the long-term debt at September 30, 2018 was \$651 million (December 31, 2017 - \$634 million) based on rates available to us at the balance sheet date for long-term debt with similar terms and remaining maturities.

**Operating loans**

Our revolving lines of credit consist of a \$500 million committed revolving credit facility which matures August 25, 2022, a \$32 million (US\$25 million) demand line of credit dedicated to our U.S. operations and an \$8 million demand line of credit dedicated to our jointly owned newsprint operation. In addition, we have demand lines of credit totalling \$70 million dedicated to letters of credit, of which US\$15 million is dedicated to our U.S. operations.

At September 30, 2018, there were no amounts outstanding under our revolving credit facility. As a result, the associated deferred financing costs of \$2 million are recorded in other assets. Letters of credit in the amount of \$54 million were also supported by our facilities, leaving \$556 million of credit available for further use. At December 31, 2017, our revolving credit facility was undrawn, deferred financing costs were \$2 million and our outstanding letters of credit were \$47 million.

Interest on the facilities is payable at floating rates based on Prime, Base Rate Advances, Bankers' Acceptances or LIBOR Advances at our option.

All debt is unsecured except the \$8 million joint operation demand line of credit, which is secured by that joint operation's current assets.

8. **Other liabilities**

	September 30, 2018		December 31, 2017
Post-retirement (note 9)	\$ 152	\$	231
Reforestation	66		70
Decommissioning	27		25
Other	20		21
	<b>\$ 265</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>347</b>

9. **Post-retirement benefits**

We maintain defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans covering a majority of our employees. The defined benefit plans generally do not require employee contributions and provide a guaranteed level of pension payable for life based either on length of service or on earnings and length of service, and in most cases do not

increase after commencement of retirement. We also provide group life insurance, medical and extended health benefits to certain employee groups.

In October 2018, we entered into an annuity purchase agreement to settle approximately \$335 million of our defined benefit obligations by purchasing annuities using our plan assets. This agreement will transfer the pension obligations of retired employees under certain pension plans to an insurance carrier. As part of the annuity purchase, we will contribute an additional \$5 million to these plans in the fourth quarter. This is in addition to the first quarter of 2018 settlement of approximately \$145 million of our defined benefit obligations by also purchasing annuities using our plan assets.

The status of the defined benefit pension plans and other retirement benefit plans, in aggregate, is as follows:

	September 30, 2018		December 31, 2017	
Projected benefit obligations	\$	(1,703)	\$	(1,864)
Fair value of plan assets		1,567		1,658
Impact of minimum funding requirement		-		(12)
	\$	(136)	\$	(218)
<b>Represented by</b>				
Post-retirement assets	\$	16	\$	13
Post-retirement liabilities (note 8)		(152)		(231)
	\$	(136)	\$	(218)

The significant actuarial assumptions used to determine our balance sheet date post-retirement assets and liabilities are as follows:

	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Discount rate	3.75%	3.50%	3.50%
Future compensation rate increase	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%

The change in the discount rate on obligations and the difference between the actual rate of return and the discount rate on plan assets generated an actuarial gain on post-retirement benefits, included in other comprehensive earnings, as follows:

	July 1 to September 30		January 1 to September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Actuarial gain	\$ 62	\$ 53	\$ 72	\$ 8
Tax provision	(17)	(14)	(20)	(2)
	\$ 45	\$ 39	\$ 52	\$ 6

## 10. Share Capital

On September 17, 2018 our Board of Directors authorized the renewal of our normal course issuer bid ("NCIB") program to repurchase for cancellation up to 5,524,048 Common shares representing approximately 10% of the public float as at September 11, 2018. On September 11, 2018, the Company had a total of 70,219,385 Common shares outstanding. The NCIB will expire on September 18, 2019. Our previous NCIB expired on September 18, 2018.

During 2018 we repurchased 6,385,360 Common shares under both of our NCIB programs at an average price of \$87.30 per share for a cost of \$557 million.

11. **Other**

	July 1 to September 30		January 1 to September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on working capital	\$ (6)	\$ (7)	\$ 5	\$ (12)
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on intercompany financing <sup>1</sup>	(13)	(10)	24	(19)
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on long-term debt	11	15	(20)	29
Other	4	-	6	(1)
	\$ (4)	\$ (2)	\$ 15	\$ (3)

1. Relates to US\$600 million (first half of 2017 the balance was US\$200 million) of financing provided to our U.S. operations. IAS 21 requires that the exchange gain or loss be recognized through earnings as the financing is not considered part of our permanent investment in our U.S. subsidiaries. The balance sheet amounts and related financing expense are eliminated in these consolidated financial statements.

12. **Tax provision**

The tax provision differs from the amount that would have resulted from applying the British Columbia statutory income tax rate to earnings before tax as follows:

	July 1 to September 30		January 1 to September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Income tax expense at statutory rate of 27% (2017 – 26%)	\$ (85)	\$ (43)	\$ (282)	\$ (143)
Non-taxable amounts	4	(2)	-	(7)
Rate differentials between jurisdictions and on specified activities	6	(2)	18	(13)
Unrecognized capital losses	-	-	1	1
Other	(1)	-	-	-
Tax provision	\$ (76)	\$ (47)	\$ (263)	\$ (162)

13. **Earnings per share**

Basic earnings per share is calculated based on earnings available to Common shareholders, as set out below, using the weighted average number of Common shares and Class B Common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is calculated based on earnings available to Common shareholders adjusted to remove the actual share option expense (recovery) charged to earnings and after deducting a notional charge for share option expense assuming the use of the equity-settled method, as set out below. The diluted weighted average number of shares is calculated using the treasury stock method. When earnings available to Common shareholders for diluted earnings per share are greater than earnings available to Common shareholders for basic earnings per share, the calculation is anti-dilutive and diluted earnings per share are deemed to be the same as basic earnings per share.

	July 1 to September 30		January 1 to September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
<b>Earnings</b>				
Basic	\$ 238	\$ 120	\$ 781	\$ 389
Share option expense (recovery)	(17)	17	-	43
Equity-settled share option adjustment	-	-	(3)	(3)
Diluted	\$ 221	\$ 137	\$ 778	\$ 429
<b>Weighted average number of shares</b> (thousands)				
Basic	73,080	78,128	75,820	78,153
Share options	653	869	723	860
Diluted	73,733	78,997	76,543	79,013
<b>Earnings per share (dollars)</b>				
Basic	\$ 3.25	\$ 1.53	\$ 10.30	\$ 4.97
Diluted	\$ 2.99	\$ 1.53	\$ 10.16	\$ 4.97

14. **Segmented information**

	Lumber	Panels	Pulp & paper	Corporate & other	Total
<b>July 1, 2018 to September 30, 2018</b>					
Sales					
To external customers	\$ 1,167	\$ 167	\$ 312	\$ -	\$ 1,646
To other segments	44	3	-	-	-
	\$ 1,211	\$ 170	\$ 312	\$ -	
Operating earnings before amortization	\$ 281	\$ 34	\$ 77	\$ -	\$ 392
Amortization	(48)	(3)	(12)	(1)	(64)
Operating earnings	233	31	65	(1)	328
Finance expense	(7)	(1)	(3)	1	(10)
Other	2	-	(1)	(5)	(4)
Earnings before tax	\$ 228	\$ 30	\$ 61	\$ (5)	\$ 314
<b>July 1, 2017 to September 30, 2017</b>					
Sales					
To external customers	\$ 860	\$ 166	\$ 221	\$ -	\$ 1,247
To other segments	29	2	-	-	-
	\$ 889	\$ 168	\$ 221	\$ -	
Operating earnings before amortization	\$ 164	\$ 48	\$ 30	\$ (14)	\$ 228
Amortization	(38)	(3)	(9)	(1)	(51)
Operating earnings	126	45	21	(15)	177
Finance expense	(5)	(1)	(2)	-	(8)
Other	(3)	-	(3)	4	(2)
Earnings before tax	\$ 118	\$ 44	\$ 16	\$ (11)	\$ 167

	Lumber	Panels	Pulp & paper	Corporate & other	Total
<b>January 1, 2018 to September 30, 2018</b>					
Sales					
To external customers	\$ 3,433	\$ 516	\$ 895	\$ -	\$ 4,844
To other segments	125	9	-	-	
	\$ 3,558	\$ 525	\$ 895	\$ -	
Operating earnings before amortization	\$ 923	\$ 118	\$ 211	\$ (7)	\$ 1,245
Amortization	(143)	(10)	(33)	(2)	(188)
Operating earnings	780	108	178	(9)	1,057
Finance expense	(19)	(2)	(7)	-	(28)
Other	10	-	4	1	15
Earnings before tax	\$ 771	\$ 106	\$ 175	\$ (8)	\$ 1,044
<b>January 1, 2017 to September 30, 2017</b>					
Sales					
To external customers	\$ 2,584	\$ 439	\$ 735	\$ -	\$ 3,758
To other segments	87	6	-	-	
	\$ 2,671	\$ 445	\$ 735	\$ -	
Operating earnings before amortization	\$ 561	\$ 89	\$ 112	\$ (34)	\$ 728
Amortization	(112)	(9)	(28)	(2)	(151)
Operating earnings	449	80	84	(36)	577
Finance expense	(14)	(3)	(6)	-	(23)
Other	(3)	-	(5)	5	(3)
Earnings before tax	\$ 432	\$ 77	\$ 73	\$ (31)	\$ 551

The geographic distribution of external sales is as follows:

	July 1 to September 30		January 1 to September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Canada	\$ 305	\$ 312	\$ 970	\$ 860
United States	1,005	701	2,938	2,126
China	204	148	542	464
Other Asia	121	73	360	270
Other	11	13	34	38
	\$ 1,646	\$ 1,247	\$ 4,844	\$ 3,758

1. Sales distribution is based on the location of product delivery.

#### 15. Countervailing (“CVD”) and antidumping (“ADD”) duty dispute

In November 2016, a coalition of U.S. lumber producers filed a CVD/ADD petition against Canadian softwood lumber producers who import lumber into the United States. The petition alleged that Canadian lumber producers are subsidized. CVD and ADD duties have been imposed against Canadian softwood lumber imports beginning in 2017. See Note 26 “Softwood lumber dispute” of our 2017 annual consolidated financial statements included in the Company’s 2017 Annual Report for additional information.

We were chosen by the U.S. Department of Commerce (“USDOC”) as a “mandatory respondent” to both the countervailing and antidumping investigations and as a result have received unique company specific rates.

For the lumber segment, during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 we posted cash deposits for CVD at a 17.99% rate and cash deposits for ADD at a 5.57% rate. We continue to recalculate the ADD rate for the current period of review using our reported results and the same calculation methodology as the USDOC. Based on our current data, we determined that the expected ADD rate will be lower than the current ADD deposit rate and as such, we have recorded a long-term duty deposit receivable related to ADD for the difference. Our estimated ADD rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was 1.38%.

In September 2018, the U.S. International Trade Commission reversed the U.S. Department of Commerce decision to charge Canadian newsprint producers CVD and ADD on the basis that U.S. producers were not materially injured or threatened with material injury. It is expected that the full amount of duty deposits collected will be refunded. As a result, in the quarter we have reversed \$4 million of previously expensed export duties and recorded a \$5 million long-term duty deposit receivable for our jointly owned newsprint mill.

	July 1 to September 30		January 1 to September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Export duties recognized as expense in Consolidated Statement of Earnings	\$ 58	\$ 31	\$ 165	\$ 65
Export duties recovery recognized in Consolidated Statement of Earnings	(4)	-	-	-
Export duties recognized as long-term duty deposits receivable in Consolidated Balance Sheets	15	-	33	-
Foreign exchange on long-term duty deposits receivable	1	-	(1)	-
Total export duties charged in the period	\$ 70	\$ 31	\$ 197	\$ 65

For the nine months ended September 30, 2018 we incurred duty deposits of \$147 million related to CVD and \$51 million related to ADD. As at September 30, 2018 the total amount of duties paid and payable that are on deposit with the USDOC is US\$221 million.

The duty rates are subject to change based on administrative reviews and appeals available to us. In addition, we will update our ADD rate at each reporting date considering our actual results for each period of review. Changes to estimated rates may be material and any changes will be reflected through current results in the period of the change. Notwithstanding the deposit rates assigned under the investigations, our final liability for the assessment of CVD and ADD will not be determined until each annual administrative review process is complete and related appeal processes are concluded.