

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company.

These condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and, where appropriate, reflect management's best estimates and judgements. Management is responsible for the accuracy, integrity and objectivity of the condensed consolidated financial statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition within reasonable limits of materiality.

To assist management in the discharge of these responsibilities, the Company has developed, documented and maintained a system of internal controls in order to provide reasonable assurance that its assets are safeguarded; that only valid and authorized transactions are executed; and that accurate, timely and comprehensive financial information is prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. In addition, the Company has developed and maintained a system of disclosure controls in order to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is relevant, reliable and accurate.

The Company's Audit Committee is appointed annually by the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee, which is composed entirely of outside directors, meets with management to satisfy itself that management is properly discharging its financial reporting responsibilities and to review the condensed consolidated financial statements and the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition. The Audit Committee reports its findings to the Board of Directors for consideration in approving the condensed consolidated financial statements and the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition for presentation to the shareholders.

November 7, 2018

(signed) J. G. Reid
President and
Chief Executive Officer

(signed) M. E. Britton
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (UNAUDITED)

<i>(in millions of Canadian dollars, except per share data)</i>	Quarters ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues	\$ 1,140.1	\$ 850.9	\$ 3,049.6	\$ 2,470.9
Cost of materials (Note 6)	899.2	681.0	2,375.2	1,970.5
Employee expenses (Note 15)	89.5	69.6	255.0	207.4
Other operating expenses (Note 15)	49.8	42.8	156.6	133.5
Asset impairment (Note 7)	-	-	3.3	-
Earnings before interest, finance expense and provision for income taxes	101.6	57.5	259.5	159.5
Interest expense (Note 16)	8.6	6.4	23.2	17.0
Other finance expense (Note 16)	-	2.0	1.2	3.0
Earnings before provision for income taxes	93.0	49.1	235.1	139.5
Provision for income taxes (Note 17)	24.8	15.4	62.3	43.7
Net earnings for the period	\$ 68.2	\$ 33.7	\$ 172.8	\$ 95.8
Basic earnings per common share (Note 14)	\$ 1.10	\$ 0.55	\$ 2.79	\$ 1.55
Diluted earnings per common share (Note 14)	\$ 1.09	\$ 0.55	\$ 2.78	\$ 1.55

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

<i>(in millions of Canadian dollars)</i>	Quarters ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net earnings for the period	\$ 68.2	\$ 33.7	\$ 172.8	\$ 95.8
Other comprehensive income (loss)				
Items that may be reclassified to earnings				
Unrealized foreign exchange (losses) gains on translation of foreign operations	(9.3)	(17.8)	15.1	(33.8)
Items that may not be reclassified to earnings				
Actuarial gains on pension and similar obligations net of taxes (Note 22)	4.3	7.4	9.5	1.4
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(5.0)	(10.4)	24.6	(32.4)
Total comprehensive income	\$ 63.2	\$ 23.3	\$ 197.4	\$ 63.4

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION *(UNAUDITED)*

<i>(in millions of Canadian dollars)</i>	September 30 2018	December 31 2017
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 73.3	\$ 125.8
Accounts receivable	660.9	446.2
Inventories (Note 6)	1,029.5	819.9
Prepaid and other	13.3	17.2
Income taxes receivable	1.8	4.5
	1,778.8	1,413.6
Property, Plant and Equipment (Note 7)	264.4	246.8
Pension and Benefits (Note 11)	2.1	-
Deferred Income Tax Assets	4.3	4.7
Financial and Other Assets	4.4	3.5
Goodwill and Intangibles (Note 8)	86.9	90.5
	\$ 2,140.9	\$ 1,759.1
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current		
Bank indebtedness (Note 9)	\$ 167.0	\$ 207.7
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	524.2	365.7
Income taxes payable	16.9	21.6
Current portion long-term debt (Note 10)	-	0.1
	708.1	595.1
Long-Term Debt (Note 10)	443.3	296.5
Pensions and Benefits (Note 11)	-	12.0
Deferred Income Tax Liabilities	20.8	17.7
Provisions and Other Non-Current Liabilities (Note 18)	10.4	11.0
	1,182.6	932.3
Shareholders' Equity (Note 12)		
Common shares	541.8	536.6
Retained earnings	302.1	190.5
Contributed surplus	15.6	16.0
Accumulated other comprehensive income	98.8	83.7
Total Shareholders' Equity	958.3	826.8
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$ 2,140.9	\$ 1,759.1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD,

(signed) J. Clark
Director

(signed) A. Benedetti
Director

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW (UNAUDITED)

<i>(in millions of Canadian dollars)</i>	Quarters ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Operating activities				
Net earnings for the period	\$ 68.2	\$ 33.7	\$ 172.8	\$ 95.8
Depreciation and amortization	9.0	8.5	26.1	25.5
Provision for income taxes	24.8	15.4	62.3	43.7
Interest expense	8.6	6.4	23.2	17.0
Loss (gain) on sale of property, plant and equipment	(0.1)	(0.7)	2.9	(0.9)
Share-based compensation	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.5
Difference between pension expense and amount funded	(0.5)	-	(1.3)	-
Debt accretion, amortization and other	0.3	0.2	0.8	0.5
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	-	2.0	1.2	3.0
Interest paid	(6.3)	(1.8)	(17.7)	(12.2)
Cash from operating activities before non-cash working capital	104.2	63.9	270.7	172.9
Changes in non-cash working capital items				
Accounts receivable	(106.8)	(69.7)	(200.5)	(152.1)
Inventories	(25.1)	(58.9)	(187.1)	(164.7)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4.0	63.2	153.7	125.1
Other	0.9	(3.9)	4.0	(8.2)
Change in non-cash working capital	(127.0)	(69.3)	(229.9)	(199.9)
Income tax paid	(18.1)	(7.7)	(64.2)	(29.1)
Cash used in operating activities	(40.9)	(13.1)	(23.4)	(56.1)
Financing activities				
Increase (decrease) in bank indebtedness	34.6	58.0	(40.7)	149.7
Issue of common shares	0.2	-	4.4	1.1
Dividends on common shares	(23.6)	(23.4)	(70.7)	(70.4)
Issuance of long-term debt	-	-	146.0	-
Deferred financing costs	-	(0.1)	(1.1)	(0.1)
Cash from financing activities	11.2	34.5	37.9	80.3
Investing activities				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(11.7)	(7.9)	(31.2)	(22.2)
Proceeds on sale of property, plant and equipment	0.5	1.1	1.4	1.7
Payment of contingent consideration	-	-	(4.5)	-
Purchase of business	-	(25.6)	(36.8)	(25.6)
Cash used in investing activities	(11.2)	(32.4)	(71.1)	(46.1)
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	(3.0)	(7.5)	4.1	(14.1)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(43.9)	(18.5)	(52.5)	(36.0)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period	117.2	164.3	125.8	181.8
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period	\$ 73.3	\$ 145.8	\$ 73.3	\$ 145.8

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY *(UNAUDITED)*

<i>(in millions of Canadian dollars)</i>	Common Shares	Retained Earnings	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total
Balance, January 1, 2018	\$ 536.6	\$ 190.5	\$ 16.0	\$ 83.7	\$ 826.8
Payment of dividends	-	(70.7)	-	-	(70.7)
Net earnings for the period	-	172.8	-	-	172.8
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	24.6	24.6
Recognition of share-based compensation	-	-	0.4	-	0.4
Share options exercised	5.2	-	(0.8)	-	4.4
Transfer of net actuarial gains on defined benefit plans	-	9.5	-	(9.5)	-
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$ 541.8	\$ 302.1	\$ 15.6	\$ 98.8	\$ 958.3

<i>(in millions of Canadian dollars)</i>	Common Shares	Retained Earnings	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total
Balance, January 1, 2017	\$ 532.4	\$ 161.9	\$ 15.9	\$ 115.1	\$ 825.3
Payment of dividends	-	(70.4)	-	-	(70.4)
Net earnings for the period	-	95.8	-	-	95.8
Other comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	(32.4)	(32.4)
Recognition of share-based compensation	-	-	0.5	-	0.5
Share options exercised	1.2	-	(0.1)	-	1.1
Transfer of net actuarial gains on defined benefit plans	-	1.4	-	(1.4)	-
Balance, September 30, 2017	\$ 533.6	\$ 188.7	\$ 16.3	\$ 81.3	\$ 819.9

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 1 GENERAL BUSINESS DESCRIPTION

Russel Metals Inc. (the "Company"), a Canadian corporation with common shares listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange, is a metals distribution company operating in various locations within North America.

The Company's registered office is located at 6600 Financial Drive, Mississauga, Ontario, L5N 7J6.

These condensed consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on November 7, 2018.

NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These condensed consolidated financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared using the same accounting policies and methods as those used in the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 except for the change in accounting policies as explained in Note 3. These condensed consolidated financial statements are in compliance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("*IAS 34*"). Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosure normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("*IFRS*"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("*IASB*"), have been omitted or condensed. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with *IAS 34* requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements have been set out in the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through the condensed consolidated statement of earnings. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets at the time of the transaction.

These condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

NOTE 3 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Company adopted *IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("*IFRS 15*"), with a date of initial application of January 1, 2018, using the modified retrospective approach. *IFRS 15* establishes principles for reporting the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers. The Company applied the new standard to all new contracts initiated after January 1, 2018. The Company does not have any obligations remaining for contracts entered into prior to January 1, 2018. The adoption of *IFRS 15* did not have a material effect on the financial statements as the Company does not have long-term service contracts, multiple element arrangements or complex revenue transactions.

The Company has certain arrangements with its customers with elements of variable consideration included, which were not material in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018. Implementation of the standard resulted in increased disclosure on sources of revenues by product. (Note 19c)

New Accounting Policy - Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Revenue is recognized at an amount that reflects the expected consideration receivable in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer applying the following steps:

1. Identify the contract with a customer
2. Identify the performance obligation
3. Determine the transaction price
4. Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligation in the contract
5. Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

The Company generates revenue primarily from the delivery of metal and metal products to customers. The primary contracts to provide goods and services to customers are purchase orders which provide the Company's performance obligations and transaction price. The primary performance obligation in the Company's contracts is to provide metal products to customers in accordance with their specifications. These specifications could require the Company to cut, bend and provide other metal processing prior to delivery. The Company's performance obligation is satisfied upon transfer of control of product to the customers, which occurs when it has been packed and loaded for delivery. Credit terms for customers are short-term in nature.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The Company adopted *IFRS 9* which replaces *IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement ("IAS 39")* on January 1, 2018. This standard establishes principles for the financial reporting of financial assets and financial liabilities that presents relevant and useful information to users of financial statements for the assessment of the amounts, timing and uncertainty of an entity's future cash flows. The adoption of this standard has changed the Company's estimation for allowance for doubtful accounts but does not have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

NOTE 4 FUTURE ACCOUNTING CHANGES

IFRS 16 Leases

In January 2016, the IASB issued *IFRS 16, Leases ("IFRS 16")*, which sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract, i.e. the lessee and the lessor. Effective January 1, 2019, the Company will adopt *IFRS 16* using the modified retrospective approach under which the cumulative effect of initial application will be recognized in retained earnings at January 1, 2019. The expected impact of this change in accounting policy is noted below.

For contracts entered into before January 1, 2019, the Company determined whether the arrangement contained a lease under *IAS 17* and *IFRIC 4*. Prior to the adoption of *IFRS 16*, these leases were classified as operating or finance leases based on an assessment of whether the lease transferred significantly all the risks and rewards of ownership of the underlying asset. The Company leases warehouse locations, field stores, office space, land, equipment, trucks and other vehicles.

At transition to the new standard, lease liabilities will be measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments discounted by the Company's incremental borrowing rate as at January 1, 2019. Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities will be recognized on the statement of financial position with the cumulative difference recognized in retained earnings.

For contracts entered into subsequent to January 1, 2019, at inception of the contract, the Company will assess whether a contract is, or contains, a lease by evaluating if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset. For contracts that contain a lease, the Company will recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset will be initially measured at cost, which will comprise the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted by any initial direct costs, costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset less any lease incentives. The right-of-use asset will be subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the useful life of the underlying asset or the end of the lease term.

The lease liability will initially be measured at the present value of lease payments to be paid subsequent to the commencement date of the lease, discounted either at the interest rate implicit in the lease or the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The lease payments measured in the initial lease liability will include payments for an optional renewal period, if any, if the Company is reasonably certain that it will exercise a renewal extension option. The liability will be measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method and will be remeasured when there is a change in either the future lease payments or assessment of whether an extension or other option will be exercised.

The Company will elect not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases with a lease term of less than 12 months and low value assets. The Company will continue to recognize the lease payments associated with these exceptions as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company's implementation team is approaching completion of its implementation plan. The lease database has been compiled and populated in the selected lease management system. The Company has significant leased assets and continues its analysis but expects that the implementation of *IFRS 16* will have a significant effect on its statement of financial position.

NOTE 5 BUSINESS ACQUISITION

The Company accounts for its acquisitions using the acquisition method whereby the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recorded at their estimated fair values with the surplus of the aggregate consideration relative to the fair value for the identifiable net assets recorded as goodwill.

On April 16, 2018, the Company completed its acquisition of certain operating assets and facilities of DuBose Steel, a general line service center operation with value-added processing capabilities located in Roseboro and Fayetteville, North Carolina. The following summarizes the preliminary allocation of the consideration for this acquisition:

<i>(millions)</i>	
Inventory	\$ 15.4
Accounts receivable	10.1
Prepaid and other	0.9
Property, plant and equipment	10.2
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(0.1)
Net identifiable assets acquired	\$ 36.5
Consideration:	
Cash	\$ 36.5

The preliminary allocation is subject to change following the final settlement of the holdbacks which may result in an adjustment to working capital. Accounts receivable of \$10.1 million, represented gross contractual accounts receivable of which none is considered uncollectible at the time of acquisition. Any accounts receivable which are not collected will result in a reduction of the consideration.

This acquisition adds another geographic region and value-added processing capabilities to the Company's existing U.S. metals service centers segment.

The condensed consolidated statements of earnings for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 includes supplementary revenues of \$44.6 million and earnings before interest, finance expense and provision for income taxes of \$2.6 million attributable to the business acquired. If the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of the 2018 fiscal year, management estimates that the acquired business would have provided revenues of \$70.4 million and earnings before interest, finance expense and provision for income taxes of \$3.1 million.

NOTE 6 INVENTORIES

<i>(millions)</i>	Quarters ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Inventory expensed in cost of materials	\$ 899.2	\$ 681.0	\$ 2,375.2	\$ 1,970.5
Inventory impairment charge, net of reversals	\$ 1.3	\$ (0.3)	\$ 8.0	\$ 3.5

NOTE 7 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

<i>Cost (millions)</i>	Land and Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Total
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 243.4	\$ 361.8	\$ 27.4	\$ 632.6
Additions	2.5	28.7	-	31.2
Business acquisition (Note 5)	8.5	1.7	-	10.2
Disposals	-	(9.2)	(0.3)	(9.5)
Asset impairment	-	(3.3)	-	(3.3)
Foreign exchange	1.6	9.6	-	11.2
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$ 256.0	\$ 389.3	\$ 27.1	\$ 672.4

<i>Accumulated depreciation and amortization (millions)</i>	Land and Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Total
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 107.9	\$ 256.0	\$ 21.9	\$ 385.8
Depreciation and amortization	5.9	15.1	0.4	21.4
Disposals	-	(8.2)	(0.3)	(8.5)
Foreign exchange	0.9	7.9	0.5	9.3
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$ 114.7	\$ 270.8	\$ 22.5	\$ 408.0

Net Book Value (millions)

December 31, 2017	\$ 246.8
September 30, 2018	\$ 264.4

All items of property, plant and equipment are recorded and held at cost.

Land, included in land and buildings, was \$44.2 million (December 31, 2017: \$43.4 million).

<i>(millions)</i>	Quarters ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Depreciation - cost of materials	\$ 1.9	\$ 2.0	\$ 5.5	\$ 5.9
Depreciation - other operating expense	5.6	4.9	15.9	14.9
	\$ 7.5	\$ 6.9	\$ 21.4	\$ 20.8

During the first quarter of 2018, the Company recorded an asset impairment charge of \$3.3 million relating to the costs associated with its ERP modernization project, as the Company has decided to move in another direction to meet the needs of the business.

NOTE 8 GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLES

<i>(millions)</i>	September 30 2018	December 31 2017
Goodwill	\$ 36.7	\$ 36.3
Intangibles	50.2	54.2
	\$ 86.9	\$ 90.5

a) *Goodwill*

Goodwill (millions)	Total
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 36.3
Foreign exchange	0.4
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$ 36.7

The entire goodwill balance relates to the metals service centers segment.

b) *Intangibles*

The continuity of intangibles, which are comprised of customer relationships and non-competition agreements acquired through business combinations within the metals service centers and energy products segments, is as follows:

Cost (millions)	Metals Service Centers	Energy Products	Total
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 19.5	\$ 70.7	\$ 90.2
Additions	0.3	-	0.3
Foreign exchange	0.1	-	0.1
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$ 19.9	\$ 70.7	\$ 90.6

Accumulated amortization (millions)	Metals Service Centers	Energy Products	Total
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ (10.7)	\$ (25.3)	\$ (36.0)
Amortization	(0.9)	(3.5)	(4.4)
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$ (11.6)	\$ (28.8)	\$ (40.4)

Net book value

December 31, 2017	\$ 54.2
September 30, 2018	\$ 50.2

The remaining amortization period for customer relationships is 6 to 14 years.

NOTE 9 REVOLVING CREDIT FACILITIES

On February 6, 2018, the Company increased and extended its credit agreement to provide \$450 million for borrowings and letters of credit with an expiry of September 21, 2021. The syndicated facility consists of availability of \$400 million under Tranche I to be utilized for borrowings and letters of credit and \$50 million under Tranche II to be utilized only for letters of credit. Letters of credit are issued under Tranche II first and additional needs are issued under Tranche I.

On August 31, 2018, the Company increased its credit available for borrowings and letters of credit by \$100 million under the same terms as the credit agreement. The additional credit availability will expire on August 30, 2019 at which time the availability will revert to \$450 million. The borrowings and letters of credit are available on a revolving basis, up to an amount equal to the sum of specified percentages of the Company's eligible accounts receivable and inventories, to a maximum of \$550 million. The obligations of the Company under this agreement are secured by a pledge of trade accounts receivable and inventories.

At September 30, 2018, the Company had borrowings of \$198.0 million (December 31, 2017: \$223.0 million) and letters of credit of \$126.6 million (December 31, 2017: \$33.7 million) under this facility.

The Company was in compliance with the financial covenants at September 30, 2018.

NOTE 10 LONG-TERM DEBT

<i>(millions)</i>	September 30 2018	December 31 2017
6% \$300 million Senior Notes due April 19, 2022	\$ 297.0	\$ 296.5
6% \$150 million Senior Notes due March 16, 2026	146.3	-
Finance lease obligations	-	0.1
Less: current portion	-	(0.1)
	\$ 443.3	\$ 296.5

Fees associated with the debt are included in the carrying amount of debt and are amortized using the effective interest method.

a) On March 16, 2018, the Company issued through a private placement \$150 million 6% Unsecured Senior Notes due March 16, 2026 for net proceeds of \$146.0 million. Interest is due semi-annually on March 16 and September 16 of each year.

The Company may redeem up to 40% of these notes prior to March 16, 2021 with the net proceeds of certain equity offerings at the redemption price of 106% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest. Prior to March 16, 2021 the Company may redeem these notes in whole or in part at an amount equal to 100% of the principal amount plus the applicable premium which is the greater of the called principal of these notes and the excess of (i) the discounted value of the remaining scheduled payments over (ii) the called principal of these notes. The Company may also redeem the notes in whole or in part at any time after March 16, 2021 at 104.5% of the principal amount declining rateably to 100% of the principal amount on or after March 16, 2024.

The \$150 million Senior Notes contain certain covenants that limit the Company's ability to incur additional indebtedness. These notes also contain certain restrictions on the payment of common share dividends in excess of \$0.38 per share per quarter. The Company was in compliance with these financial covenants at September 30, 2018.

b) On April 19, 2012, the Company issued, through a private placement, \$300 million 6% Unsecured Senior Notes due April 19, 2022. Interest is due on April 19 and October 19 of each year.

The Company may redeem these notes in whole or in part at any time at 103% of the principal amount declining rateably to 100% of the principal amount on or after April 19, 2020.

These notes contain certain restrictions on the payment of common share dividends in excess of \$0.35 per share per quarter. These notes also contain certain covenants that limit the Company's ability to incur additional indebtedness. The Company was in compliance with these covenants at September 30, 2018.

NOTE 11 PENSIONS AND BENEFITS

As at September 30, 2018, the Company determined its accrued benefit obligations related to the employee future benefit plans using a discount rate of 3.75% (December 31, 2017: 3.25%) and also determined the fair value of the defined benefit pension plan assets as at the statement of financial position date. The net change in the accrued benefit obligations less the fair value of the defined benefit plan assets resulted in an actuarial gain on employee future benefit plans of \$5.9 million for the three month period ended September 30, 2018 (2017: gain of \$10.2 million) and an actuarial gain of \$12.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 (2017: gain of \$2.0 million) which was recorded net of tax through other comprehensive income.

The benefit obligations and plan assets for the Company's pension and other post retirement benefit obligations are as follows:

<i>(millions)</i>	September 30 2018	December 31 2017
Present value of defined benefit pension obligations	\$ 136.6	\$ 146.4
Fair value of plan assets	142.2	138.3
	(5.6)	8.1
Other post retirement benefit obligations	3.5	3.9
Defined benefit (assets) obligations, net	\$ (2.1)	\$ 12.0

The following table provides the defined benefit obligation for partially funded plans and unfunded plans.

<i>(millions)</i>	Pension Plans		Other Benefit Plans	
	September 30 2018	December 31 2017	September 30 2018	December 31 2017
Defined benefit (assets) obligations, net				
Plans with surplus	\$ (10.4)	\$ (1.5)	\$ -	\$ -
Partially funded plans	4.8	9.6	-	-
Unfunded plans	-	-	3.5	3.9
Defined benefit (assets) obligations	\$ (5.6)	\$ 8.1	\$ 3.5	\$ 3.9

NOTE 12 SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

- a) At September 30, 2018 and 2017, the authorized share capital of the Company consisted of:
- (i) an unlimited number of common shares without nominal or par value;
 - (ii) an unlimited number of Class I preferred shares without nominal or par value, issuable in series; and
 - (iii) an unlimited number of Class II preferred shares without nominal or par value, issuable in series.

The Directors have the authority to issue the Class I and Class II preferred shares in series and fix the designation, rights, privileges and conditions to be attached to each series, except that the Class I shares shall be entitled to preference over the Class II shares with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets in the event of liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the Company.

- b) The number of common shares issued and outstanding is as follows:

	Number of Shares	Amount <i>(millions)</i>
Balance, December 31, 2017	61,890,197	\$ 536.6
Share options exercised	199,848	5.2
Balance, September 30, 2018	62,090,045	\$ 541.8

The continuity of contributed surplus is as follows:

<i>(millions)</i>	
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 16.0
Share-based compensation expense	0.4
Options exercised	(0.8)
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$ 15.6

Dividends paid and declared are as follows:

	Quarters ended September 30	
	2018	2017
Dividends paid (<i>millions</i>)	\$ 23.6	\$ 23.4
Dividends paid per share	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.38
Quarterly dividend per share declared on November 7, 2018 (November 8, 2017)	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.38

NOTE 13 SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Share Options

The Company has a shareholder approved share option plan, the purpose of which is to provide certain employees of the Company and its subsidiaries with the opportunity to participate in the growth and development of the Company. The following is a continuity of options outstanding:

	Number of Options		Weighted Average Exercise Price	
	September 30 2018	December 31 2017	September 30 2018	December 31 2017
Balance, beginning of period	1,941,719	2,383,203	\$ 25.13	\$ 26.25
Granted	64,815	141,773	31.46	28.99
Exercised	(199,848)	(154,712)	21.84	23.27
Expired or forfeited	(98,250)	(428,545)	26.72	33.32
Balance, end of period	1,708,436	1,941,719	\$ 25.66	\$ 25.13
Exercisable	1,273,949	1,329,718	\$ 26.22	\$ 26.04

The outstanding options had exercise price ranges as follows:

(<i>number of options</i>)	September 30 2018	December 31 2017
\$ 29.00 - \$ 31.46	213,987	149,172
\$ 25.37 - \$ 28.99	851,785	1,037,262
\$ 16.58 - \$ 25.36	642,664	755,285
Options outstanding	1,708,436	1,941,719

The Black-Scholes option-pricing model assumptions used to compute compensation expense are as follows:

	September 30 2018	December 31 2017
Dividend yield	5%	5%
Expected volatility	29%	26%
Expected life	5 yrs	5 yrs
Risk free rate of return	2.28%	2.25%
Weighted average fair value of options granted	\$ 5.04	\$ 4.14

Expected volatility is based on historical volatility over the last five years.

Share Appreciation Rights (SAR)

The following is a continuity of SARs outstanding:

	Number of SARs		Weighted Average Exercise Price	
	September 30 2018	December 31 2017	September 30 2018	December 31 2017
Balance, beginning of period	63,291	-	\$ 28.99	\$ -
Granted	67,856	63,291	31.17	28.99
Balance, end of period	131,147	63,291	\$ 30.12	\$ 28.99

Deferred Share Units (DSU)

The Company has a DSU Plan for non executive directors. Continuity of DSUs outstanding is as follows:

<i>(number of units)</i>	September 30 2018	December 31 2017
Balance, beginning of the period	250,021	207,650
Granted	34,077	42,371
Paid out	(34,070)	-
Balance, end of the period	250,028	250,021

The liability and fair value of DSUs was \$6.7 million at September 30, 2018 (December 31, 2017: \$7.3 million). Dividends declared on common shares accrue to units in the DSU plan in the form of additional DSUs.

Restricted Share Units (RSU)

The Company has a RSU Plan for eligible employees as designated by the Board of Directors. Continuity of RSUs outstanding is as follows:

<i>(number of units)</i>	September 30 2018	December 31 2017
Balance, beginning of the period	74,145	216,402
Granted	175,873	77,601
Paid out	(69,676)	(219,858)
Balance, end of the period	180,342	74,145

The RSU liability at September 30, 2018 was \$2.7 million (December 31, 2017: \$1.3 million). The fair value of RSUs was \$4.8 million at September 30, 2018 (December 31, 2017: \$2.2 million). Dividends declared on common shares accrue to units in the RSU plan in the form of additional RSUs.

NOTE 14 EARNINGS PER SHARE

The net income used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended September 30, 2018 was \$68.2 million (2017: \$33.7 million) and for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was \$172.8 million (2017: \$95.8 million).

<i>(number of shares)</i>	2018	Quarters ended September 30 2017	2018	Nine months ended September 30 2017
Weighted average shares outstanding	62,081,187	61,792,194	62,005,764	61,779,875
Dilution impact of share options	183,696	222,862	216,149	221,587
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	62,264,883	62,015,056	62,221,913	62,001,462

NOTE 15 EXPENSES

<i>(millions)</i>	Quarters ended		Nine months ended	
	2018	September 30 2017	2018	September 30 2017
Employee Expenses				
Wages and salaries	\$ 78.4	\$ 60.8	\$ 221.3	\$ 178.6
Other employee related costs	11.1	8.8	33.7	28.8
	\$ 89.5	\$ 69.6	\$ 255.0	\$ 207.4
Other Operating Expenses				
Plant and other expenses	\$ 29.0	\$ 23.4	\$ 93.0	\$ 78.4
Delivery expenses	14.1	12.4	41.7	36.6
Repairs and maintenance	3.2	2.9	10.0	8.3
Selling expenses	3.3	4.2	9.2	8.6
Professional fees	1.2	0.1	3.3	2.4
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	(0.1)	(0.5)	(0.4)	(0.9)
Foreign exchange (gains) losses	(0.9)	0.3	(0.2)	0.1
	\$ 49.8	\$ 42.8	\$ 156.6	\$ 133.5

NOTE 16 INTEREST AND FINANCE EXPENSE

<i>(millions)</i>	Quarters ended		Nine months ended	
	2018	September 30 2017	2018	September 30 2017
Interest on 6% \$300 million Unsecured Senior Notes	\$ 4.7	\$ 4.7	\$ 14.0	\$ 14.0
Interest on 6% \$150 million Unsecured Senior Notes	2.4	-	5.1	-
Other interest expense	1.5	1.7	4.1	3.0
Interest expense	\$ 8.6	\$ 6.4	\$ 23.2	\$ 17.0
Other finance expense	\$ -	\$ 2.0	\$ 1.2	\$ 3.0

Interest expense on long-term debt is comprised of the interest calculated on the face value of long-term debt, issue costs and accretion of the carrying value of the long-term debt. Interest expense on long-term debt is charged to earnings using the effective interest method. Debt accretion and issue cost amortization for the quarter ended September 30, 2018 was \$0.3 million (2017: \$0.2 million) and for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was \$0.8 million (2017: \$0.5 million).

NOTE 17 INCOME TAXES

The consolidated effective tax rates for the quarters ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017 were 26.7% and 31.4% respectively and for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 were 26.5% and 31.3% respectively. The rate for 2018 was lower due to the impact of U.S. tax reform.

NOTE 18 PROVISIONS AND OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

<i>(millions)</i>	September 30 2018	December 31 2017
Provision for decommissioning liabilities	\$ 2.0	\$ 2.4
Deferred compensation and employee incentives	9.4	8.6
Contingent consideration	-	3.3
	11.4	14.3
Less: current portion	(1.0)	(3.3)
	\$ 10.4	\$ 11.0

Deferred compensation includes the RSU and DSU liabilities. The RSU and DSU liabilities that will be paid within the current year amounting to \$1.0 million have been reclassified to current accrued liabilities.

NOTE 19 SEGMENTED INFORMATION

For the purpose of segment reporting, operating segments are identified as a component of an entity:

- ◆ that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses;
- ◆ whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Company's Chief Executive Officer to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance; and
- ◆ for which discrete financial information is available.

Accordingly, the Company conducts business in Canada and the U.S. in three reportable segments.

i) Metals service centers

The Company's network of metals service centers provides processing and distribution services on a broad line of metal products in a wide range of sizes, shapes and specifications, including carbon hot rolled and cold finished steel, pipe and tubular products, stainless steel and aluminium. The Company services all major geographic regions of Canada and certain regions in the Southeastern and Midwestern United States.

ii) Energy products

The Company's energy products operations distribute oil country tubular products, line pipe, tubes, valves, flanges and fittings, primarily to the energy industry in Western Canada and the United States.

iii) Steel distributors

The Company's steel distributors act as master distributors selling steel to customers in large volumes, mainly on an "as is" basis. Steel distributors source their steel domestically and off shore.

The Company has segmented its operations on the basis of how it manages the business, allocates resources, internal reporting and geographic segments in which it operates. For the quarter ended September 30, 2018 the inter-segment revenues from steel distributors to metals service centers were \$23.5 million (2017: \$16.2 million) and for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 were \$40.3 million (2017: \$34.8 million). These revenues, which are at market rates, are eliminated in the following table.

a) *Results by business segment:*

<i>(millions)</i>	Quarters ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Segment Revenues				
Metals service centers	\$ 559.3	\$ 414.9	\$ 1,576.5	\$ 1,216.8
Energy products	463.4	335.2	1,165.8	970.3
Steel distributors	114.0	97.2	299.7	275.7
	1,136.7	847.3	3,042.0	2,462.8
Other	3.4	3.6	7.6	8.1
	\$ 1,140.1	\$ 850.9	\$ 3,049.6	\$ 2,470.9
Segment Operating Profits				
Metals service centers	\$ 54.9	\$ 18.1	\$ 141.1	\$ 64.3
Energy products	40.4	34.0	101.1	79.2
Steel distributors	10.4	8.1	36.4	26.7
	105.7	60.2	278.6	170.2
Corporate expenses	(6.0)	(4.4)	(18.8)	(14.4)
Asset impairment	-	-	(3.3)	-
Other income	1.9	1.7	3.0	3.7
Earnings before finance expense and provision for income taxes	101.6	57.5	259.5	159.5
Finance expense, net	(8.6)	(8.4)	(24.4)	(20.0)
Provision for income taxes	(24.8)	(15.4)	(62.3)	(43.7)
Net earnings	\$ 68.2	\$ 33.7	\$ 172.8	\$ 95.8
Capital Expenditures				
Metals service centers	\$ 9.3	\$ 6.2	\$ 25.7	\$ 18.3
Energy products	2.1	1.2	4.4	3.1
Steel distributors	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.8
Other	0.1	-	0.6	-
	\$ 11.7	\$ 7.9	\$ 31.2	\$ 22.2
Depreciation Expense				
Metals service centers	\$ 6.1	\$ 5.7	\$ 17.3	\$ 17.0
Energy products	1.1	1.0	3.3	3.0
Steel distributors	0.3	0.2	0.8	0.8
	\$ 7.5	\$ 6.9	\$ 21.4	\$ 20.8

<i>(millions)</i>	September 30 2018	December 31 2017
Current Identifiable Assets		
Metals service centers	\$ 686.3	\$ 503.3
Energy products	800.7	632.4
Steel distributors	216.4	152.5
	1,703.4	1,288.2
Non-Current Identifiable Assets		
Metals service centers	276.0	259.4
Energy products	67.0	70.1
Steel distributors	6.6	6.7
Total identifiable assets included in segments	2,053.0	1,624.4
Assets not included in segments		
Cash and cash equivalents	73.3	125.8
Income taxes receivable and deferred income tax assets	6.1	9.2
Pension and benefits	2.1	-
Financial and other assets	4.4	3.5
Corporate and other operating assets	2.0	(3.8)
Total assets	\$ 2,140.9	\$ 1,759.1
Liabilities		
Metals service centers	\$ 265.7	\$ 181.3
Energy products	197.1	142.5
Steel distributors	34.4	23.6
Liabilities by segments	497.2	347.4
Liabilities not included in segments		
Bank indebtedness	167.0	207.7
Income taxes payable and deferred income tax liabilities	37.7	39.3
Long-term debt	443.3	296.6
Pension and benefits	-	12.0
Corporate and other liabilities	37.4	29.3
Total liabilities	\$ 1,182.6	\$ 932.3

b) *Results by geographic segment:*

<i>(millions)</i>	Quarters ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Segment Revenues				
Canada	\$ 707.6	\$ 610.0	\$ 1,999.0	\$ 1,709.0
United States	429.1	237.3	1,043.0	753.8
	\$ 1,136.7	\$ 847.3	\$ 3,042.0	\$ 2,462.8
Segment Operating Profits				
Canada	\$ 74.6	\$ 45.6	\$ 187.6	\$ 121.3
United States	31.1	14.6	91.0	48.9
	\$ 105.7	\$ 60.2	\$ 278.6	\$ 170.2

<i>(millions)</i>	September 30 2018	December 31 2017
Identifiable Assets		
Canada	\$ 1,411.7	\$ 1,201.3
United States	641.3	423.1
	\$ 2,053.0	\$ 1,624.4

c) *Revenues by product:*

<i>(millions)</i>	Quarters ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Carbon				
Tubing/Pipe (Standard, Oil Country Tubular Goods)	\$ 293.6	\$ 196.3	\$ 676.0	\$ 580.6
Structurals (WF & I Beams, Angles, Channels, Hollow Tubes)	245.6	179.8	647.1	526.8
Flanges, Valves, Fittings and other Energy Products	165.6	144.4	509.3	411.4
Plate (Discrete & Plate in Coil)	204.1	158.1	569.1	447.6
Flat Rolled (Sheet & Coil)	77.2	56.0	244.1	169.8
Bars (Hot Rolled and Cold Finished)	53.9	40.0	147.8	121.4
Grating/ Expanded/Rails	9.3	7.4	25.9	21.4
Total Carbon	\$ 1,049.3	\$ 782.0	\$ 2,819.3	\$ 2,279.0
Total Non-Ferrous (Sheet, Extrusion, Tubes, etc.)	34.1	26.9	100.1	84.5
Other	56.7	42.0	130.2	107.4
	\$ 1,140.1	\$ 850.9	\$ 3,049.6	\$ 2,470.9

NOTE 20 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED RISK MANAGEMENT

a) *Financial assets and liabilities*

Financial assets and liabilities are as follows:

<i>September 30, 2018 (millions)</i>	Loans and Receivables	Other Financial Liabilities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 73.3	\$ -	\$ 73.3
Accounts receivable	660.9	-	660.9
Financial assets	1.2	-	1.2
Bank indebtedness	-	(167.0)	(167.0)
Accounts payables and accrued liabilities	-	(524.2)	(524.2)
Long-term debt	-	(443.3)	(443.3)
Total	\$ 735.4	\$ (1,134.5)	\$ (399.1)

<i>December 31, 2017 (millions)</i>	Loans and Receivables	Other Financial Liabilities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 125.8	\$ -	\$ 125.8
Accounts receivable	446.2	-	446.2
Financial assets	0.5	-	0.5
Bank indebtedness	-	(207.7)	(207.7)
Accounts payables and accrued liabilities	-	(365.7)	(365.7)
Current portion of long-term debt	-	(0.1)	(0.1)
Long-term debt	-	(296.5)	(296.5)
Total	\$ 572.5	\$ (870.0)	\$ (297.5)

The impact of fair value gains and losses from derivative financial instruments on the condensed consolidated statements of earnings was as follows:

<i>(millions)</i>	Quarters ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Embedded derivatives	\$ (2.0)	\$ 1.2	\$ 0.7	\$ (1.1)
Forward contracts	0.2	0.1	(1.6)	1.6

b) Fair Value

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, bank indebtedness, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying amounts because of the short-term maturity of these instruments.

The fair values of long-term debt are set forth below.

Carrying Amounts

Amounts recorded in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position are referred to as "carrying amounts". The carrying amounts of primary debt are reflected in "Long-term debt" and "Current portion long-term debt".

Fair Value

The Company records its debt at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The fair value of long-term debt as at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was estimated based on the last quoted trade price, where it exists, or based on current rates available to the Company for similar debt with the same period to maturity.

The following summary reflects the fair value of the long-term debt:

	Primary Debt Instrument	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value Level 2
<i>September 30, 2018 (millions)</i>		
6% \$300 million Unsecured Senior Notes due April 19, 2022	\$ 297.0	\$ 303.8
6% \$150 million Unsecured Senior Notes due March 16, 2026	146.3	150.4
Total	\$ 443.3	\$ 454.2
Current portion	\$ -	
Long-term portion	\$ 443.3	

	Primary Debt Instrument	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value Level 2
<i>December 31, 2017 (millions)</i>		
6% \$300 million Unsecured Senior Notes due April 19, 2022	\$ 296.5	\$ 308.6
Finance lease obligations	0.1	0.1
Total	\$ 296.6	\$ 308.7
Current portion	\$ 0.1	
Long-term portion	\$ 296.5	

c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if the counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligation. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and derivative financial instruments, as well as credit exposure to customers including accounts receivable.

The Company attempts to minimize credit exposure as follows:

- ◆ Cash investments are placed with high-quality financial institutions with limited exposure to any one institution. At September 30, 2018, nearly all cash and cash equivalents were held in institutions that were R1 High by DBRS;
- ◆ Counterparties to derivative contracts are members of the syndicated banking facility (Note 9);
- ◆ Credit limits minimize exposure to any one customer; and
- ◆ The customer base is geographically diverse and in different industries.

No allowance for credit losses on financial assets was required as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, other than the allowance for doubtful accounts. As at September 30, 2018, trade accounts receivable greater than 90 days represented less than 3% of trade accounts receivable (December 31, 2017: 3%).

d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market rates of interest. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk. The Company's long-term debt is at fixed rates. The Company's bank borrowings, net of cash and cash equivalents used to finance working capital which is short-term in nature, is at floating interest rates.

e) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value of the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company uses foreign exchange contracts with maturities of less than a year to manage foreign exchange risk on certain future committed cash outflows. As at September 30, 2018, the Company had outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts in the amount of US\$66.8 million maturing in 2018 and 2019 (2017: US\$46.7 million). A 1% change in foreign exchange rates would not result in a significant increase or decrease in accounts payable or net earnings.

f) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not meet its financial obligations when due. Liquidity adequacy is assessed in view of seasonal needs, growth requirements, capital expenditures, and the maturity profile of indebtedness. Cash is managed by the centralized treasury function and is invested in money market instruments or bank deposits, with durations ranging up to sixty days. A centralized treasury function ensures that the Company maintains funding flexibility by assessing future cash flow expectations and by maintaining its committed borrowing facilities.

As at September 30, 2018, the Company was contractually obligated to make payments under its financial liabilities that come due during the following periods:

<i>(millions)</i>	Accounts Payable	Long-Term Debt Maturities	Long-Term Debt Interest	Operating Lease Obligations	Total
2018	\$ 524.2	\$ -	\$ 7.5	\$ 5.8	\$ 537.5
2019	-	-	27.0	18.9	45.9
2020	-	-	27.0	16.0	43.0
2021	-	-	27.0	13.4	40.4
2022	-	300.0	18.9	8.8	327.7
2023 and beyond	-	150.0	31.9	21.8	203.7
Total	\$ 524.2	\$ 450.0	\$ 139.3	\$ 84.7	\$ 1,198.2

At September 30, 2018, the Company was contractually obligated to repay its borrowings and letters of credit under its bank facilities (Note 9).

g) Capital management

The Company manages capital in order to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, provide returns to shareholders through its dividend policy and provide the ability to finance future growth. Capital includes shareholders' equity, bank indebtedness and long-term debt, net of cash. The Company manages its capital structure and may make adjustments to the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, purchase shares for cancellation pursuant to issuer bids, issue new shares, issue new debt, repurchase existing debt and extend or amend its banking facilities.

NOTE 21 CONTINGENCIES, COMMITMENTS AND GUARANTEES

a) *Lawsuits and legal claims*

The Company recognizes contingent loss provisions for losses that are probable when management is able to reasonably estimate the loss. When the estimated loss lies within a range, the Company records a contingent loss provision based on its best estimate of the probable loss. If no particular amount within that range is a better estimate than any other amount, the minimum amount is recorded. Estimates of losses may be developed before the ultimate loss is known, and are revalued each accounting period as additional information becomes known. In instances where the Company is unable to develop a reasonable loss estimate, no contingent loss provision is recorded at that time. A contingent loss provision is recorded when a reasonable estimate can be made. Estimates are reviewed quarterly and revised when expectations change.

An outcome that deviates from the Company's estimate may result in an additional expense or income in a future accounting period.

The Company and certain of its subsidiaries have been named defendants in a number of legal actions. Although the outcome of these legal actions cannot be determined, management intends to defend all such legal actions and has recorded provisions, as required, based on its best estimate of the potential losses. In the opinion of management, the resolution of these legal actions is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, cash flows or operations.

The Company has also entered into other agreements that provide indemnifications to counterparties in certain transactions including underwriting agreements. These indemnifications generally require the Company to indemnify the counterparties for costs incurred as a result of losses from litigation that may be suffered by counterparties arising from those transactions except in the case of gross negligence by the counterparties.

b) *Decommissioning liability*

The Company is incurring site cleanup and restoration costs related to properties not utilized in current operations. Remedial actions are currently underway at two sites. Decommissioning liabilities have been estimated using discounted cash flow valuation techniques for cleanup costs based on management's best estimates of the amount required to settle the liability.

The Company has asset retirement obligations relating to the land lease for its Thunder Bay Terminal operation whose lease term expires in 2031. The landlord has the option to retain the equipment or to require the Company to remove it. In addition, the Company has end-of-lease obligations in certain service center operations.

c) *Business combinations and investments*

The Company has a contractual obligation to pay additional consideration for its acquisition of Apex Monarch, based upon the achievement of performance measures during the first five years of ownership which expires December 31, 2018.

NOTE 22 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Income taxes on other comprehensive income are as follows:

<i>(millions)</i>	Quarters ended		Nine months ended	
	2018	September 30 2017	2018	September 30 2017
Tax on items that may not be reclassified to earnings				
Income tax expense on actuarial losses/gains on pension and similar obligations	\$ (1.6)	\$ (2.8)	\$ (3.4)	\$ (0.6)