

**BAROLO VENTURES CORP. (formerly North American Potash Developments Inc.)
INTERIM MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
AS AT AND FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2019**

Dated: April 18, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

This interim management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") reports on the operating results and financial condition of Barolo Ventures Corp. (formerly North American Potash Developments Inc.) for the nine months ended February 28, 2019 is prepared as at April 18, 2019. Throughout this MD&A, unless otherwise specified, "Barolo", "Company", "we", "us" and "our" refer to Barolo Ventures Corp. and its subsidiaries. This interim MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2018 and the notes thereto which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standard Board ("IASB"), together with the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the nine months ended February 28, 2019 and 2018, which were prepared in accordance with IFRS and in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting (collectively referred to as the "Financial Statements"). Other information contained in these documents has also been prepared by management and is consistent with the data contained in the Financial Statements. All dollar amounts referred to in this MD&A are expressed in Canadian dollars except where indicated otherwise.

The Company's certifying officers, based on their knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, are responsible to ensure that this MD&A does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the periods covered. The consolidated financial statements together with the other financial information included in this MD&A fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company, as of the date hereof and for the periods presented herein. The Board of Directors' approves the Financial Statements and MD&A and ensures that management has discharged its financial responsibilities. The Board's review is accomplished principally through the Audit Committee, which meets periodically to review all financial reports, prior to filing.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This MD&A includes "forward-looking statements", within the meaning of applicable securities legislation, which are based on the opinions and estimates of Management and are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. While these forward-looking statements, and any assumptions upon which they are based, are made in good faith and reflect our current judgment regarding the direction of our business, actual results will almost always vary, sometimes materially, from any estimates, predictions, projections, assumptions, or other future performance suggested herein. Forward-looking statements are often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "seek", "anticipate", "budget", "plan", "continue", "estimate", "expect", "forecast", "may", "will", "project", "predict", "potential", "targeting", "intend", "could", "might", "should", "believe" and similar words suggesting future outcomes or statements regarding an outlook. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results or events to differ materially

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from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include but are not limited to statements concerning:

- The Company's strategies and objectives
- General business and economic conditions
- Foreign political policies and objectives
- The Company's ability to successfully negotiate mining licenses
- The Company's success at completing future financings
- The continued financial support of its debtors and shareholders

Readers are cautioned that the preceding list of risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors are not exhaustive. Events or circumstances could cause actual results to differ materially from those estimated or projected and expressed in or implied by these forward-looking statements. Due to the risks, uncertainties and assumptions inherent in forward-looking statements, prospective investors in securities of the Company should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this document are made as of the date hereof. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

Barolo was incorporated on June 13, 2006 and is an exploration stage public company whose shares trade on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol "BVC.H". The Company's stock had been cease-traded since October 4, 2016 for failure to file certain financial statements. The Company brought its financial reporting obligations up-to-date, and on August 3, 2018 the British Columbia Securities Commission issued a full revocation of the cease trade order. The Company was previously engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties in Canada and the United States, but currently does not have an active business, and is investigating new business opportunities. The registered and records office of the Company is 2200 - 885 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6C 3E8 and the principle place of business is 1600 - 609 Granville Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V7Y 1C3.

On September 20, 2018, the Company changed its name from North American Potash Developments Inc. to Barolo Ventures Corp. and consolidated its common shares on a 1.75 old for 1 new basis (all share and per share amounts in the consolidated financial statements and this MD&A reflect the share consolidation).

MINERAL PROPERTIES

Hornby Basin Property - Northwest Territories, Canada

Pursuant to an option agreement dated July 1, 2006 and an amended agreement dated June 30, 2007, the Company acquired an undivided 100% right, title and interest in four mineral claims consisting of 10,330 acres located in the Great Bear Lake area of the Northwest Territories known as the Hornby Basin

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Property (“HB Claims”). The HB Claims are subject to a 2% Net Smelter Return royalty which the Company can buy down to 1% at a cost of \$1 million.

As at May 31, 2011, the Company had spent the required expenditure up to October 2014 and continued to evaluate the timing of further exploration work on the HB claims. The Company has not conducted any work on the property in the past four years and during the year ended May 31, 2012, the property was written down to a nominal value of \$1. As the Company has not spent the minimum required amounts to maintain its claims on this property and has no plans to do so, the claims have lapsed, and the property has been written off during the period ending February 28, 2019.

SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION¹

	For the year ended May 31, 2018	For the year ended May 31, 2017	For the year ended May 31, 2016
Revenue	\$-	\$-	\$-
Loss for the period	\$(69,451)	\$(36,989)	\$(215,111)
Basic/diluted loss per share ²	\$(0.03)	\$(0.02)	\$(0.06)
Total assets	\$6,834	\$10,636	\$21,222
Current liabilities	\$392,815	\$327,166	\$300,763
Long-term liabilities	\$-	\$-	\$-

¹ Financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS.

² On September 20, 2018, the Company consolidated its share capital on a 1.75 old shares for one new share basis. All share and per share values in the consolidated financial statements and this MD&A have been adjusted to reflect this consolidation.

Since the end of the 2015 fiscal year, the Company has had no revenue and has incurred sustaining overhead expenses as it continues to investigate new business opportunities. The main expenditures for the 2016, 2017 and 2018 fiscal years were for administrative and legal costs.

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SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS¹

	3rd Quarter Ended February 28, 2019	2nd Quarter Ended November 30, 2018	1st Quarter Ended August 31, 2018	4th Quarter Ended May 31, 2018
(a) Revenue	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
(b) Loss for the period	(\$325,369)	(\$1,374,479)	(\$25,580)	(\$53,392)
(c) Basic/diluted loss per share ²	(\$0.02)	(\$0.14)	(\$0.01)	(\$0.03)
	3rd Quarter Ended February 28, 2018	2nd Quarter Ended November 30, 2017	1st Quarter Ended August 31, 2017	4th Quarter Ended May 31, 2017
(a) Revenue	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
(b) Income (loss) for the period	(\$14,057)	(\$1,468)	(\$534)	\$124,089
(c) Basic/diluted income (loss) per share ²	(\$0.01)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)	\$0.06

¹ Financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS.

² On September 20, 2018, the Company consolidated its share capital on a 1.75 old shares for one new share basis. All share and per share values in the consolidated financial statements and this MD&A have been adjusted to reflect this consolidation.

The operating results for period detailed in the table above largely reflect the on-going costs of maintaining a public company. The significant loss in the second quarter of 2018 related to the fair value of the 12,000,000 warrants issued with the October 2, 2018 non-brokered private placement. The fair value was determined to be \$1,306,881 using the Black-Scholes pricing model under the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate - .75%; expected life - 1 year; expected volatility – 135% and expected dividends – nil. The income in the fourth quarter of 2017 related to gains on the write-off of certain accounts payable.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2019

The following is an analysis of the Company's operating results for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 and includes a comparison against the three and nine months ended February 28, 2018.

Comprehensive loss for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 amounted to a (\$325,369) and (\$1,725,428) loss or a (\$0.02) and (\$0.20) per share loss (basic and diluted), respectively (2018 – (\$14,057) and (\$14,473) or (\$0.01) and (\$0.01) loss per share (basic and diluted), respectively) based on a

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weighted average number of shares outstanding of 14,004,287 and 8,577,816 common shares, respectively (2018 – 2,004,287 common shares).

Audit and accounting expenses for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 were \$15,000 and \$38,150, respectively compared to \$25,140 and \$25,140, respectively for the same periods in the previous year. The fees relate to accounting services utilized by the Company to maintain its books and records and to file required financial reports with the Exchange.

Bank charges for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 were \$32 and \$118, respectively compared to \$18 and \$54 for the same periods in the previous year. These charges were incurred for the maintenance of the Company's bank accounts.

Consulting fees for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 were \$nil and \$nil, respectively compared to \$nil and \$1,000, respectively for the same periods in the previous year. The charges were incurred as part of the Company's ongoing efforts to investigate new business opportunities.

Interest and penalties for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 were \$nil and \$15,000, respectively compared to \$nil and \$nil, respectively for the same periods in the previous year. These charges are accrued late-filing penalties on the Company's tax returns.

Legal fees for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 were \$nil and \$13,007 compared to \$nil and \$nil, respectively for the same periods in the previous year. The Company incurred legal services in the current year as part of its efforts to bring its reporting up to date, communicate with the previous and current Board of Directors, complete the name change, consolidate the Company's existing common shares and close a non-brokered private placement.

Office and administration expenses for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 were \$nil and \$675, respectively compared to \$nil and \$nil, respectively for the same periods in the previous year. This expense relates to miscellaneous office and administrative expenditures incurred during the period.

Rent expense for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 was \$3,000 and \$7,000, respectively compared to \$nil and \$nil, respectively for the same periods in the previous year. The rent charge is part of a new rental agreement that began in August 2018 and is for the administrative head office of the Company.

Share-based payments for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 were \$304,931 and \$1,611,812, respectively compared to \$nil and \$nil, respectively for the same periods in the previous year. The share-based payments related to the fair value of the 12,000,000 warrants issued with the October 2, 2018 non-brokered private placement and the 1,400,000 incentive stock options granted on December 3, 2018. The combined fair value for both transactions was determined to be \$1,611,812 using the Black-Scholes pricing model.

Transfer agent and filing fees for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 were \$3,218 and \$35,218, respectively compared to \$nil and \$380, respectively for the same periods in the previous year. The expenditures in the current periods were significantly higher than the previous periods as the

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Company's cease-trade order was lifted and it now requires the services of a transfer agent. There were also additional costs and fees required by the Exchange and the BCSC associated with the revocation of the cease trade order, share consolidation and name change.

Travel expenses for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 were \$nil and \$2,201, respectively compared to \$nil and \$nil for the same periods in the previous year. These charges were incurred for purposes of investigating new business.

Write-off of mineral property expense for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 were \$nil and \$1, respectively compared to \$nil and \$nil for the same periods in the previous year. The Company has not spent the minimum required amounts to maintain its four claims on the Hornby Basin Property and has no intention of ever doing so. Thus, the Company has decided to completely write-off any claims to this property and use its existing working capital to fund new business opportunities elsewhere.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 were \$812 and (\$1,246), respectively compared to \$5,545 and \$5,545, respectively for the same periods in the previous year. This figure will fluctuate with any change in the exchange rate of the US dollar.

Recovery of accounts payable for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 was \$nil and \$nil compared to \$5,556 and \$5,556 for the same periods in the previous year. In 2018, the Company eliminated \$5,556 of aged trade payables through debt forgiveness during the period.

SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized:

Unlimited common shares without par value

Issued and outstanding:

On September 20, 2018, the Company consolidated its common shares on a 1.75 old for 1 new basis (all share and per share amounts in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements reflect the share consolidation).

On October 2, 2018, the non-brokered private placement proceeds of \$600,000 from the August 13, 2018 financing of 12,000,000 subscription receipts (the "Subscription Receipts") of the Company at a price of \$0.05 per Subscription Receipt were released to the Company, and each Subscription Receipt automatically converted into one unit of the Company (each, a "Unit") for no additional consideration. Each Unit consists of one post-consolidated common share and one share purchase warrant, with each share purchase warrant entitling the holder to acquire one additional post-consolidated common share at a price of \$0.07 per share until October 2, 2019.

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company has 14,004,287 common shares issued and outstanding.

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Stock Options:

The Company has established a stock option plan whereby the board of directors may, from time to time, grant options to directors, officers, employees or consultants to a maximum of 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding common shares. These options may be granted for a maximum term of ten years from the date of grant and vest as determined by the board of directors.

On December 3, 2018 the Company granted 1,400,000 incentive stock options to directors, officers and a consultant of the Company which vested immediately; they have an exercise price of \$0.25 and expire on December 3, 2023. The fair value of the options so granted was determined to be \$304,930 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model under the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate - 0.75%; expected life - 5 years; expected volatility – 135% and expected dividends - nil.

A summary of the Company's stock option activity is as follows:

	Number of Options	Weighted average Exercise Price
Balance, as at May 31, 2018	-	\$ -
Granted	1,400,000	\$0.25
Balance, as at February 28, 2019 and the date of this MD&A	1,400,000	\$0.25

As at February 28, 2019 and the date of this MD&A, stock options outstanding and exercisable are as follows:

Grant Date	Number of options Outstanding and Exercisable	Exercise Price	Expiry date	Remaining contractual life (years)
December 3, 2018	1,400,000	\$0.25	December 3, 2023	4.76
Total	1,400,000	\$0.25		4.76

Warrants:

On October 2, 2018, as part of a non-brokered private placement the Company issued 12,000,000 share purchase warrants, with each warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share at a price of \$0.07 per share until October 2, 2019.

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A summary of the Company's warrant activity is as follow:

	Number of warrants	Weighted Average Exercise price	Expiry Date
Balance, as at May 31, 2018	-	\$ -	
Warrants issued	12,000,000	0.07	October 2, 2019
Balance, as at February 28, 2019 and the date of this MD&A	12,000,000	\$0.07	October 2, 2019

The fair value of the warrants issued was determined to be \$1,306,881 using the Black-Scholes pricing model under the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate - .75%; expected life - 1 year; expected volatility – 135% and expected dividends – nil.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company had working capital of \$100,403 at February 28, 2019 as compared to a net working capital deficiency of \$385,982 as at May 31, 2018. At February 28, 2019, the Company had cash in the amount of \$183,156, as compared to \$117 at May 31, 2018.

To date, the Company has financed its activities by selling its common shares through private placements, advances from shareholders, and option payments received on property it has optioned to a third party.

On August 13, 2018, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement for proceeds of \$600,000 through the issuance of 12,000,000 subscription receipts (the "Subscription Receipts") of the Company at a price of \$0.05 per Subscription Receipt (the "Offering"). On October 2, 2018 the \$600,000 in proceeds from the Offering were released to the Company, and each Subscription Receipt automatically converted into one unit of the Company (each, a "Unit") for no additional consideration. Each Unit consists of one post-consolidated common share and one share purchase warrant, with each share purchase warrant entitling the holder to acquire one additional post-consolidated common share at a price of \$0.07 per share until October 2, 2019.

The Company has no operating revenues and finances its operations principally through equity financing. Although the Company has been successful in raising the above funds, there can be no assurance that equity funding will be accessible to the Company at the times and in the amounts required to fund the Company's activities. In these uncertain times, the Company carefully monitors its expenditure and cash flows. The Company anticipates that it will continue to rely on the equity market to raise additional funds when needed. Debt financing has not been used to fund property acquisitions and exploration and the Company has no current plans to use debt financing.

The Company currently has no established credit lines with chartered banks or other financial institutions.

As at the date of this MD&A, there were no capital lease obligations or purchase obligations.

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A summary of the Company's cash flows during the nine months ended February 28, 2019 and the comparative period ended February 28, 2018 is as follows:

	2019	2018
Cash flows used in operating activities	\$ (416,961)	\$ (5,190)
Cash flows used by investing activities	-	-
Cash flows provided by financing activity	600,000	-
Change in cash for the period	183,039	(5,190)
Cash, beginning of the period	117	5,375
Cash, end of the period	\$ 183,156	\$ 185

Cash flows used in operating activities were \$416,961 for the period ended February 28, 2019 compared to \$5,190 during the period ended February 28, 2018. The \$411,771 increase in cash used in 2019 as compared to the 2018 period was primarily the result of paying off accounts payable using funds raised by the recent financing.

Cash flows provided by a financing activity were \$600,000 for the period ended February 28, 2019 compared to \$nil during the period ended February 28, 2018. The \$600,000 was provided by the Company's recent non-brokered private placement of 12,000,000 units. See Share Capital section for details of the non-brokered private placement.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. The following discussion summarizes certain risk factors that apply to the Company's business. These risks and uncertainties are not the only ones facing the Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to the Company, or that the Company currently considers immaterial, may also materially adversely affect the business, financial condition and results of operations, or the trading price of the Company's common shares if any such risks actually occur.

An investment in the Company's common shares should be considered highly speculative due to the nature of the Company's existing business and operations.

The Company requires financing in order to maintain and continue its operations.

The Company's ability to continue will largely be reliant on its continued attractiveness to equity investors and its ability to obtain additional financing to maintain and grow operations. Failure to obtain sufficient financing may result in delaying, scaling back, elimination of, or indefinite postponement of, the development schedule and its current or future programs. Additionally, should the Company require additional capital to continue, failure to raise such capital could result in the Company going out of business. There can be no assurance that additional capital or other types of financing will be available if needed or that, if available, the terms of such financing will be favourable to the Company.

From time to time, the Company may issue new shares, seek debt financing, dispose of assets, or enter into transactions to acquire assets or the shares of other corporations. These transactions may be

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financed wholly or partially with debt, which may temporarily increase the Company's debt levels above industry standards.

The Company depends on the business and technical expertise of its management team.

The Company is dependent on the business and technical expertise of its management team. If it is unable to rely on this business and technical expertise, or if any of the expertise is inadequately performed, the business, financial condition and results of operations of the Company could be materially adversely affected until such time as the expertise could be replaced.

The Company's share price is expected to be volatile.

Securities of micro- and small-cap companies have experienced substantial volatility in the past, often based on factors unrelated to the companies involved. These factors include macroeconomic development globally and market perceptions of the attractiveness of particular industries and location of the assets. The Company's share price is expected to be volatile and will be affected by the Company's financial conditions or results of operations as reflected in its liquidity position and earnings reports.

Other factors unrelated to the Company's operations and performance that may have an effect on the price of the Company's shares include: the lessening in trading volume and general market interest in the Company's securities may affect an investor's ability to trade significant numbers of shares; the size of the Company's public float may limit the ability of some institutions to invest in the Company's securities; and a substantial decline in the price of the Common Shares that persists for a significant period of time could cause the Company's securities to be delisted further reducing market liquidity.

As a result of any of these factors, the market price of the Common Shares at any given point in time may not accurately reflect the Company's long-term value. Securities class action litigation often has been brought against companies following periods of volatility in the market price of their securities. The Company may in the future be the target of similar litigation. Securities litigation could result in substantial costs and damages and divert management's attention and resources.

The Company is subject to risks presented by fluctuations in exchange rates.

The Company publishes its financial statements in Canadian dollars. Substantially all of its expenses are denominated in Canadian dollars and the US Dollar. Any significant fluctuation in the exchange rates between the Canadian dollar, and the US Dollar may have an adverse impact on its results of operations and may adversely affect the value of its revenue and net income.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair Value

The Company's financial instruments include cash, receivables, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

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Cash and receivables are classified as amortized cost. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified as amortized cost. The fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying values because of their short-term nature and/or the existence of market related interest rates on the instruments.

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks, including currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and commodity price risk. The Board approves and monitors the risk management processes.

Financial Risks Factors

The Company's risk exposure and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

I. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in obtaining funds to meet its obligations. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient funds to meet liabilities when due. As at February 29, 2019, the Company had a cash balance of \$183,156, (May 31, 2018 - \$117) to settle liabilities of \$95,991 (May 31, 2018 - \$392,815). During the period the Company closed a non-brokered private placement for proceeds of \$600,000 through the issuance of 12,000,000 subscription receipts. The financing proceeds were released to the Company on October 2, 2018. With the proceeds from this private placement, management believes that the Company has sufficient liquidity to meet its operational requirements for the next fiscal year, mitigating the Company's liquidity risk for the near term. All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of 30 days or due on demand and are subject to normal trade terms.

II. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will not fulfill some or all of its obligations, thereby causing the Company to sustain a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash position and receivables. The Company's cash is held in a major Canadian financial institution which is considered to have high creditability. The Company's receivable is from a government agency thus the collection is considered assured. The Company believes it has no significant credit risk.

III. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk, and other price risk, which are discussed further below:

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a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The Company has cash balances and no interest-bearing debt. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in short-term deposit certificates issued by its banking institution. Due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments, fluctuations in interest rates do not have a significant impact on their fair values as at February 28, 2019 and 2018.

b) Currency risk

The Company believes it is not subject to significant currency risk.

c) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. The Company closely monitors individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel include persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors and corporate officers.

As of February 28, 2019, and the date of this MD&A, \$Nil was due to related parties.

During the nine-month period ended February 28, 2019 and 2018 \$Nil was recorded as compensation costs for key management personnel and companies related to them.

ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The accounting policies applied in the preparation of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those applied and disclosed in the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2018, except for the adoption, on June 1, 2018, of **IFRS 9, Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement** ("IFRS 9"), and **IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers** ("IFRS 15"), both of which have an initial application as at this date .

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IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* (new; to replace IAS 39)

IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* ("IAS 39"). The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward in IFRS 9 and, therefore, the accounting policy with respect to financial liabilities is unchanged.

The following is the new accounting policy for financial assets under IFRS 9:

Financial assets

Financial assets will be classified in the following categories: at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or at amortized cost. The determination of the classification of financial assets is made at initial recognition. Equity instruments that are held for trading (including all equity derivative instruments) are classified as FVTPL; for other equity instruments, on the day of acquisition the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate them as at FVTOCI.

The Company's current accounting policy for each of the categories is as follows:

Financial assets at FVTPL: Financial assets carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the statement of (loss) income. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets held at FVTPL are included in the statement of (loss) income in the period.

Financial assets at FVTOCI: Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently they are measured at fair value, with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive (loss) income in which they arise.

Financial assets at amortized cost: A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if the objective of the business model is to hold the financial asset for the collection of contractual cash flows, and the asset's contractual cash flows are comprised solely of payments of principal and interest. They are classified as current assets or non-current assets based on their maturity date and are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently carried at amortized cost less any impairment.

Impairment of financial assets at amortized cost: The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost.

The following table shows the classification of the Company's financial assets when IFRS 9 is implemented:

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Financial asset	IFRS 9 Classification
Cash	Amortized cost
GST receivable	Amortized cost
Trade payables	Amortized cost
Accrued liabilities	Amortized cost

As the accounting reflected by the adoption of IFRS 9 under the above classifications and election is similar to that of IAS 39, there will be no impact on the Company's financial statements and no restating of prior periods will be required.

IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 specifies how and when an IFRS reporter will recognize revenue as well as requiring such entities to provide users of financial statements with more informative and relevant disclosures. The standard provides a single, principles based five-step model to be applied to all contracts with customers.

The adoption of IFRS 15 will have no impact on the Company's financial statements.

New Standards Not Yet Adopted

IFRS 16, Leases

The new standard requires the recognition of almost all lease contracts on a lessee's statement of financial position as a lease liability reflecting future lease payments and a "right-of-use" asset with exceptions for certain short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The new standard is likely to result in increases to both the asset and liability positions of lessees as well as reported depreciation expense and finance costs of these entities in the statement of profit or loss. The Company is currently evaluating the financial impact the new standard will have on its financial results.

IFRS 16 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early adoption permitted.

The Company has initially assessed that there will be no material reporting changes as a result of adopting the above new standards; however, enhanced disclosure requirements are expected.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has not entered into off-balance sheet arrangements. The Company does not have any outstanding derivative financial instruments, forward contracts, foreign exchange contracts or off-balance sheet guarantees.

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CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected. Uncertainty about these estimates, assumptions and judgments could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities in future years. Information about critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgments are detailed in Note 2 (d) of the May 31, 2018 audited consolidated financial statements.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to the Company can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.